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AGENDA DOCUMENT NO. 24-15-A **AGENDA ITEM** 

For meeting of Apr. 18, 2024

April 11, 2024

### **MEMORANDUM**

TO: The Commission

Lisa J. Stevenson NFS for LyS'
Acting General Counsel FROM:

Acting General Counsel

Neven F. Stipanovic NFS Associate General Counsel

Robert Knop RMK

Assistant General Counsel

Luis Lipchak \( \sum\_{\textstyle L} \)

Attorney

SUBJECT: REG 2015-03 (Contributions from Corporations and Other Organizations) - Draft NOD

Attached is draft Notice of Disposition for REG 2015-03 (Contributions from Corporations and Other Organizations). One or more Commissioners have asked for this draft to be made public and placed on the agenda for the Commission's April 18, 2024, Open Meeting.

Attachment

DRAFT BILLING CODE: 6715-01-P

### 1 FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

- 2 11 CFR Parts 102, 104, 110
- **3** [NOTICE 2024-XX]
- 4 Contributions from Corporations and Other Organizations to Political Committees
- 5 **AGENCY:** Federal Election Commission.
- 6 ACTION: Notification of Disposition of Petition for Rulemaking.
- 7 **SUMMARY:** The Commission announces its disposition of a Petition for Rulemaking
- 8 filed on May 14, 2015. The Petition asks the Commission to revise existing rules
- 9 concerning the reporting of contributions to political committees from corporations and
- other organizations. For the reasons described below, the Commission is not initiating a
- 11 rulemaking at this time.
- 12 **DATES:** [INSERT DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER].
- 13 **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Mr. Robert M. Knop, Assistant
- 14 General Counsel, or Mr. Luis M. Lipchak, Attorney, 1050 First Street, NE., Washington,
- 15 D.C. 20463, (202) 694-1650 or (800) 424-9530.
- 16 **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The Federal Election Campaign Act, 52
- 17 U.S.C. 30101-45 (the "Act"), and Commission regulations require all political
- committees to abide by certain organizational, record-keeping, and reporting
- 19 requirements. This includes maintaining records of contribution receipts and
- disbursements, reporting independent expenditures, and filing periodic disclosure reports
- 21 that identify the source of each contribution exceeding \$200.<sup>2</sup> Commission regulations

See 52 U.S.C. 30102, 30103, 30104; 11 CFR 102.1, 102.2, 102.7, 104.3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See 11 CFR 104.3(a)(4)(i), 104.4, 104.5(c).

1	also require every person who makes electioneering communications aggregating in
2	excess of \$10,000 in a calendar year and every person (other than a political committee)
3	that makes independent expenditures in excess of \$250 with respect to a given election in
4	a calendar year to report certain information to the Commission. <sup>3</sup>
5	On May 14, 2015, the Federal Election Commission received a Petition for
6	Rulemaking from Make Your Laws PAC, Inc. and Make Your Laws Advocacy, Inc.
7	("Petition"). The Petition asked the Commission to modify its regulations requiring
8	disclosure of contributions from corporations and other organizations to political
9	committees. The Petition requested that the Commission establish a new rule requiring
10	that "any person, other than a natural person, contributing an aggregate of more than
11	\$1,000 in any calendar year to any political committee, whether directly or indirectly"
12	(emphasis omitted), must do so from an account subject to certain reporting requirements
13	Specifically, the Petition asked the Commission to require that these accounts disclose
14	"the original source of all election-related contributions and expenditures, traceable
15	through all intermediary entities to a natural person, regardless of the amounts or entities
16	involved" (emphasis omitted). The Petition also asked the Commission to apply to these
17	accounts the identification requirements of 11 CFR 100.12; the Act's prohibition on
18	foreign national contributions, 52 U.S.C. 30121; allocation rules for administrative
19	expenses; and, in some circumstances, the Act's limitations on contributions to political
20	committees.
21	The Petition argued that for disclosure requirements to be effective, disclosure
22	must be required for "the original source of all election-related contributions and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 11 CFR 104.20(b)-(c), 109.10(b), (e); 52 U.S.C. 30104(c)(1)-(2), (f).

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expenditures, traceable through all intermediary entities to a natural person, regardless of 2 the amounts or entities involved" (footnote omitted).<sup>4</sup> The Petition asserted that under 3 existing regulations independent expenditure only political committees can hide the 4 "original source" of contributions because they are permitted to receive contributions 5 from corporations, including 501(c)(4) corporations, that are not subject to reporting obligations under the Act.<sup>5</sup> The Petition argued that these sources can make political 6 7 contributions while hiding the "true source" of contributions because "the FEC only 8 requires political committees to report the identity of the *proximate* source of a contribution, rather than the *original* source." Furthermore, the Petition asserted that 9 10 foreign nationals could circumvent the prohibition on indirect political contributions by foreign nationals by making contributions to 501(c)(4) corporations knowing that their funds will be used to make contributions to political committees.<sup>7</sup> 12 13 The Commission published a Notice of Availability ("NOA") on July 29, 2015, asking for public comment on the Petition.<sup>8</sup> The Commission received 13 substantive 14 15 comments on the Petition and one non-substantive comment (from an individual 16 commenting on a tangential matter). Of the 13 substantive comments, three were from 17 individuals supporting the Petition and 10 were from commenters who opposed the 18 Petition. The three comments supporting the Petition included a broad statement of

<sup>4</sup> Petition at 4.

<sup>5</sup> Petition at 2.

Id.

See id.

See Notice of Availability, 80 Fed. Reg. 45115 (July 29, 2015).

1	support for the Petition, and two of those individual commenters expressed general
2	concern about the influence of corporate contributions on the political process.
3	The 10 comments opposed to initiating a rulemaking were received from four
4	individuals and six organizations/professionals. Of the four comments from individuals
5	opposing the Petition, one was from an individual who broadly opposed the proposed
6	rulemaking, two were from individuals who contended that the proposed rules were
7	beyond the Commission's statutory authority, and one was from an individual who
8	believed the proposed rules did not address the issue raised by the Petition of identifying
9	the original source of funds contributed to independent expenditure-only political
10	committees. The primary and common themes of the organizational/professional
11	comments were that the Petition sought to address a problem that does not exist, that
12	promulgating new regulations would lead to confusion and burdens that would
13	unnecessarily implicate the First Amendment, and that the Commission lacked the
14	statutory authority to promulgate the proposed regulations.
15	In deciding whether to initiate a rulemaking in response to a petition, the
16	Commission generally considers five factors: (1) the Commission's statutory authority;
17	(2) policy considerations; (3) the desirability of proceeding on a case-by-case basis; (4)
18	the necessity or desirability of statutory revision; and (5) available agency resources. <sup>9</sup>
19	After considering these factors and reviewing the comments received on the petition, the
20	Commission has decided not to initiate a rulemaking at this time.
21	First, and most significantly, the Commission lacks the statutory authority to
22	promulgate a rule sought by the Petition. The Act empowers the Commission to "make,

9 11 CFR 200.5.

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1	amend, or repeal such rules as are necessary to carry out the provisions of [the]
2	Act."10 And as the Petition acknowledges, the Act does not require corporations and
3	other organizations (except for political committees) to make contributions from a
4	separate account subject to the prohibitions and reporting requirements of the Act. 11 Nor
5	does the Act require such entities to disclose, as the Petition proposes, "the original
6	source of all election-related contributions and expenditures, traceable through all
7	intermediary entities to a natural person." The Commission may not impose such
8	requirements without a statutory mandate to do so.
9	Second, the vast majority of the commenters, across the political spectrum,
10	opposed the Petition. Given the public opposition to the Petition, and the fact that the
11	Commission lacks statutory authority to implement the Petition's proposal, there is no
12	policy interest in pursuing a rulemaking, nor would it be a good use of Commission
13	resources.
14	Furthermore, declining to pursue the proposed rulemaking will not require the
15	Commission to proceed on a case-by-case-basis because political committees are already
16	subject to the reporting requirements, amount limitations, and source prohibitions

10 52 U.S.C. 30107(a)(8).

imposed by the Act and Commission regulations. 12

Corporations and labor organizations are prohibited from making contributions to candidates and party committees. 52 U.S.C. 30118(a), (b)(2); 11 CFR 114.2(b). Corporations may, however, make contributions to nonconnected political committees that make only independent expenditures and to noncontribution accounts of hybrid political committees. See, e.g., Citizens United v. FEC, 558 U.S. 310 (2010); SpeechNow.org v. FEC, 599 F.3d 686 (D.C. Cir. 2010) (en banc); Advisory Opinion 2011-11 (Colbert).

<sup>52</sup> U.S.C. 30104, 30116, 30118, 30119, 30121, 30122; see also 11 CFR 104, 110.1, 110.4, 110.20, 114.2, 115.2.

1	Lastly, the "necessity or desirability of statutory revision" weighs against
2	pursuing the proposed rulemaking because the changes sought by Petitioners would
3	require a statutory revision given that the Commission lacks the statutory authority to
4	promulgate the rules proposed by Petitioners. 13 Accordingly, after considering the
5	comments received regarding the Petition and in consideration of each of the factors
6	discussed, the Commission declines to initiate a rulemaking in response to the Petition
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<sup>11</sup> CFR 200.5.

1	Copies of the comments and the Petition for Rulemaking are available on the
2	Commission's website, <a href="http://www.fec.gov/fosers/">http://www.fec.gov/fosers/</a> (REG 2015-03 Contributions from
3	Corporations and Other Organizations to Political Committees (2015)) and at the
4	Commission's Public Records Office, 1050 First Street NE., Washington, D.C. 20463,
5	Monday through Friday between the hours of 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.
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7	DATED:
8 9	On behalf of the Commission,
10 11	
12	Sean J. Cooksey,
13	Chairman,
14	Federal Election Commission.
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