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For meeting of Dec. 14, 2023

December 7, 2023

### **MEMORANDUM**

TO: The Commission

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SUBJECT: Draft Final Rules and E&J for REG 2013-01 (Technological Modernization)

Attached is a draft Final Rules and E&J for REG 2013-01 (Technological Modernization). We request that this draft be placed on the agenda for December 14, 2023.

Attachment

1 2 FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION 3 11 CFR Parts 1, 4, 5, 6, 100, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 114, 116, 200, 4 201, 300, 9003, 9004, 9007, 9032, 9033, 9034, 9035, 9036, 9038, and 9039 5 [Notice 2023-XX] 6 **Technological Modernization** 7 **AGENCY:** Federal Election Commission. 8 **ACTION:** Final Rule. 9 **SUMMARY:** These final rules modernize Federal Election Commission regulations in light of 10 technological advances in communications, recordkeeping, and financial transactions, such as 11 the making of contributions and expenditures through internet-based payment processors or text 12 messaging. These final rules also eliminate and update references to outdated technologies and 13 address similar technological issues. 14 **DATES:** The effective date is . 15 FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Amy Rothstein, Assistant General 16 Counsel, or Ms. Joanna S. Waldstreicher or Mr. Tony Buckley, Attorneys, 1050 First Street NE, 17 Washington, DC 20463, (202) 694-1650 or (800) 424-9530. 18 **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The Federal Election Commission is revising its 19 regulations at 11 CFR chapter I to address electronic communications and transactions, such as 20 contributions made using credit cards, by text messages, or through internet-based payment 21 processors. The Commission is also making regulatory revisions to facilitate electronic 22 accounting, recordkeeping, reporting, and redesignation by political committees. Additionally,

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- 1 as a retrospective assessment of Commission regulations, the revisions eliminate or update
- 2 references to outmoded technologies.

### **Transmitting Final Rules to Congress**

- 4 Before promulgating rules or regulations to carry out the provisions of the Federal
- 5 Election Campaign Act, the Commission transmits the rules or regulations to the Speaker of the
- 6 House of Representatives and the President of the Senate for a thirty-legislative-day review
- 7 period. 52 U.S.C. § 30111(d). These final rules were transmitted to Congress on \_\_\_\_\_.

### **Explanation and Justification**

9 A. Rulemaking History

On May 2, 2013, the Commission published in the *Federal Register* an Advance Notice of Proposed Rulemaking ("ANPRM") soliciting comment on whether and how it should revise its regulations to reflect technological advances.<sup>2</sup> The Commission then published a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking ("NPRM") in the *Federal Register* on November 2, 2016.<sup>3</sup> The NPRM comment period ended on December 2, 2016. The Commission received three substantive comments in response to the ANPRM and three substantive comments in response to the NPRM; these are discussed in relevant part below.<sup>4</sup> The Commission published a Request for Additional

Comment in the Federal Register on Sept. 8, 2022, seeking updated information on specific

technological questions, and received four comments.<sup>5</sup> The Commission also published a

See generally, Jeffrey S. Lubbers, <u>A Guide to Federal Agency Rulemaking</u> 404-411 (6th ed. 2018) (summarizing "lookback" efforts designed to update or remove outdated or ineffective regulations); Adoption of Recommendations, 79 FR 75114, 75114-17 (Dec. 17, 2014) (Administrative Conference of the United States framework for agencies' retrospective reviews of their regulations); Special Committee to Review the Government in the Sunshine Act, 60 FR 43108, 43109-10 (Aug. 18, 1995) (recognizing agencies' "need to review regulations already adopted to ensure that they remain current, effective and appropriate").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Technological Modernization, 78 FR 25635 (May 2, 2013).

Technological Modernization, 81 FR 76416 (Nov. 2, 2016).

The Internal Revenue Service also commented that it sees no conflict between this rulemaking and the Internal Revenue Code or Treasury regulations. *See* 52 U.S.C. 30111(f).

Technological Modernization, 87 FR 54915 (Sept. 8, 2022) ("Request for Additional Comment").

1 Supplemental Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in the Federal Register on December 9, 2022, and

- 2 received six substantive comments in response.<sup>6</sup>
- B. The Growing Use of Electronic Transactions, Records, and Communications
- 4 Electronic financial transactions are increasingly commonplace. According to a recent
- 5 triennial study conducted by the Federal Reserve System, data collected in recent years "largely
- 6 show a continuation of past payment trends, with card and ACH both gaining share at the
- 7 expense of checks," and increases in the use of newer ways to make payments, such as digital
- 8 wallets and P2P payments.<sup>7</sup>
- 9 Coinciding with the increased use of electronic payments is the regular use of electronic
- 10 records, including transactional records, and electronic communications. A 2020 U.S.
- Government Accountability Office report on the U.S. Postal Service found that "[a]s online
- 12 communication and payments have expanded, USPS continues to face decreases in mail volume,
- 13 its primary revenue source. First-Class Mail volume has declined 44 percent since fiscal year
- 14 2006," and "USPS Marketing Mail—which comprises most other mail volume—declined 27
- 15 percent from fiscal year 2007 to fiscal year 2019, in part due to electronic advertising
- alternatives." Indeed, in a section of the USPS website devoted to political mailing, one page

Technological Modernization, 87 FR 75518 (Dec. 9, 2022) ("SNPRM").

Fed. Reserve Sys., Developments in Noncash Payments for 2019 and 2020: Findings from the Federal Reserve Payments Study at 2, 11-14, (Dec. 2021), https://www.federalreserve.gov/publications/files/developments-in-noncash-payments-for-2019-and-2020-20211222.pdf ("Developments in Noncash Payments"); see also Fed. Reserve Sys., The Federal Reserve Payments Study: 2022 Triennial Initial Data Release (Apr. 21, 2023), https://www.federalreserve.gov/paymentsystems/fr-payments-study.htm; Fed. Reserve Sys., The Federal Reserve Payments Study 2016 at 2 (2016), https://www.federalreserve.gov/paymentsystems/files/2016-payments-study-20161222.pdf ("2016 Study").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> U.S. Gen. Accounting Office, GAO-20-385 USPS: Congressional Action Is Essential to Enable a Sustainable Business Model 8-9 (2020).

addresses "aligning your digital communications with direct mail delivery is a powerful way to integrate your channels to help voters feel more connected to your campaign."<sup>9</sup>

At the same time, the federal government also has been transitioning to electronic records management and communication. In 2014, the Federal Records Act was amended to require the National Archive and Records Administration to establish "standards for the reproduction of records by photographic, microphotographic, or digital processes with a view to the disposal of the original records." In 2022, the Office of Management and Budget issued a memorandum stating that "[t]ransitioning Federal agencies to an electronic — or 'paperless' — environment is a priority to enable and increase the ability of the public to engage with Government in new and more efficient and effective ways. It is critical that Federal agencies move beyond paper-based processes and embrace the opportunities afforded to improve Government by transitioning fully to an electronic environment."

The Commission has recognized this trend towards electronic records management and communication by establishing procedures for the public to electronically submit Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA") requests, comments on rulemakings, and comments on draft advisory opinions. <sup>12</sup> In addition, certain political committees are required to file their reports electronically with the Commission, <sup>13</sup> while the Commission encourages committees that are not

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> See U.S. Postal Service, *Informed Visibility Feature for Political Campaigns*, https://www.deliverthewin.com/content-library/informed-visibility-for-informed-political-campaigns/ (last visited Nov. 9, 2023).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> 44 U.S.C. § 3302(3).

OMB, Memorandum for the Heads of Executive Departments and Agencies (Dec. 23, 2022), https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2022/12/M\_23\_07-M-Memo-Electronic-Records\_final.pdf.

See, e.g., FEC, Freedom of Information Act, https://www.fec.gov/freedom-information-act/ (last visited Nov. 9, 2023); FEC, Procedures Regarding Draft Advisory Opinions, www.fec.gov/law/draftaos.shtml (last visited Nov. 9, 2023); FEC, Submit Comments on Ongoing Rulemakings, sers.fec.gov/fosers (last visited Nov. 9, 2023).

See 11 CFR 104.18(a).

1	required to file electronically to do so regardless. <sup>14</sup> During the COVID-19 pandemic, the
2	Commission adopted further procedures utilizing electronic communications and records,
3	including encouraging email submission of advisory opinion requests, financial disclosures for

presidential and vice-presidential candidates, and inspector general complaints; electronic

signatures and notarizations on enforcement complaints; and email transmittal of enforcement

6 and litigation documents.

The statutes that the Commission is charged with implementing — the Presidential Election Campaign Fund Act, 26 U.S.C. 9001-13, and the Presidential Primary Matching Payment Account Act, 26 U.S.C. 9031-42 (collectively, the "Funding Acts"), and the Federal Election Campaign Act, 52 U.S.C. 30101-45 ("FECA") — largely predate this technological evolution, as do many of the Commission's regulations. For example, these statutes and regulations generally contemplate contributions and disbursements being made by cash, check, or "draft," without addressing electronic transactions, records, or communications. Thus, to implement FECA and the Funding Acts in a manner that accounts for the increased use of and reliance on newer technologies, the Commission is updating its regulations, as described below.

### C. General Definitions

Many of the Commission's current regulations do not account for technological developments in how electronic documents are created, maintained, and submitted, particularly in the context of electronic transactions. The Commission is therefore revising its regulations to encompass electronic documents and transactions. Specifically, the Commission is adding new general definitions to 11 CFR part 100 — for the terms "record," "written, writing, and a writing," and "signature and signed" — and revising the existing definition of "file, filed, and

See FEC, *Electronic Filing Overview*, https://www.fec.gov/help-candidates-and-committees/filing-reports/electronic-filing/ (last visited Nov. 9, 2023).

- 1 filing" at 11 CFR 100.19. Each of these definitions will apply to all regulations implementing
- 2 FECA and the Funding Acts in 11 CFR chapter 1, subchapters A-F (parts 100 through 300 and
- 3 9000 through 9042). 15 These new and revised definitions are designed to be broad enough to
- 4 encompass both traditional (paper) and electronic documents and flexible enough to remain
- 5 relevant as new forms of electronic documentation emerge in the future.
- 6 1. New Definition of "Record" 11 CFR 100.34
- FECA requires each political committee to "keep an account of" its contributions and
- 8 disbursements and to maintain and preserve certain records. 16 The Funding Acts similarly
- 9 require that certain records be kept, and furnished to the Commission on request. <sup>17</sup> The
- 10 Commission's regulations implementing these requirements refer to "record(s)" almost 150
- times, but few such references that include definitions or specific examples refer to electronic
- documentation. 18 The Commission has therefore received numerous requests for guidance
- 13 regarding how its recordkeeping provisions apply to electronic records. 19

See 11 CFR 9001.1, 9031.1 (applying definitions in part 100 to public finance regulations unless expressly stated otherwise). Unless expressly incorporated, the new part 100 definitions will not apply to the administrative regulations in parts 1-8 (such as those implementing the Privacy Act or FOIA), which generally have their own definition sections because they implement different statutes than the regulations in the remainder of 11 CFR chapter 1.

See 52 U.S.C. 30102(c), (d), (h)(2), (i); see also 52 U.S.C. 30104(i)(8)(A)(ii) (including in definition of "bundled contribution" contributions received and credited through "records," among other methods).

See 26 U.S.C. 9003(a)(2), 9012(d)(1)(B), 9033(a)(2), 9042(c)(1)(B); see also 26 U.S.C. 9009(b), 9039(b).

See, e.g., 11 CFR 102.9(b)(2) (requiring records such as canceled checks, receipts, and carbon copies for disbursements over \$200), 102.9(d) (addressing best efforts to obtain "receipts, invoices, and cancelled checks"). But see 11 CFR 102.9(a)(4) (requiring photocopy of each check or written instrument or digital image of each check or written instrument), 104.22(a)(6)(ii)(A) (defining "record" for lobbyist bundling purposes to include electronic records).

See, e.g., Advisory Opinion 1995-09 (NewtWatch PAC) (approving proposal to maintain records supporting electronic fund transfers); Advisory Opinion 1993-04 (Christopher Cox Congressional Committee); Advisory Opinion 1994-40 (Alliance for American Leadership); see also FEC, Campaign Guide: Congressional Candidates and Committees 87 (2021), www.fec.gov/pdf/candgui.pdf (describing recordkeeping for credit card disbursements).

1	As proposed in the NPRM, the Commission now adds a general definition of "record" at
2	11 CFR 100.34 that expressly includes both paper and electronic records. New 11 CFR 100.34
3	has two components.
4	First, § 100.34(a) defines "record" broadly, as "information that is inscribed on a tangible
5	medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium from which the information can be
6	retrieved and reviewed in visual or aural form." The definition draws on several sources that
7	describe a variety of paper and electronic records. These sources include Black's Law
8	Dictionary, <sup>20</sup> the Federal Rules of Evidence, <sup>21</sup> Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, <sup>22</sup> the Electronic
9	Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act (also known as the E-Sign Act), <sup>23</sup> and the
10	Uniform Electronic Transactions Act ("UETA"). 24 The new definition uses the term
11	"information" (as do the Black's Law Dictionary, E-Sign Act, and UETA definitions of
12	"record") rather than more specific examples of the forms in which information may be

See Record, Black's Law Dictionary (10th ed. 2014) ("record" is "[i]nformation that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that, having been stored in an electronic or other medium, is retrievable in perceivable form" (citing UCC 1-201(b)(31)).

See Fed. R. Evid. 101(b)(4) ("record" includes "a memorandum, report, or data compilation"), 1001(b) ("'recording' consists of letters, words, numbers, or their equivalent recorded in any manner"), 1001(d) ("original" recording is "recording itself or any counterpart intended to have the same effect by the person who executed or issued it. For electronically stored information, 'original' means any printout — or other output readable by sight if it accurately reflects the information.").

See Fed. R. Civ. P. 34(a)(1)(A) (party may serve discovery of "any designated documents or electronically stored information — including writings, drawings, graphics, charts, photographs, sound recordings, images, and other data or data compilation — stored in any medium from which information can be obtained directly or, if necessary, after translation by the responding party into a reasonably usable form").

See 15 U.S.C. 7006(9) ("record" is "information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form"), 7006(4) ("electronic record" is record "created, generated, sent, communicated, received, or stored by electronic means").

See Unif. Elec. Transactions Act 2(7) (Nat'l Conference of Comm'rs on Unif. State Laws 1999), https://www.uniformlaws.org/committees/community-home/librarydocuments?communitykev=2c04b76c-2b7d-4399-977e-d5876ba7e034&LibraryFolderKey=&DefaultView= ("electronic record" is "record created, generated, sent, communicated, received, or stored by electronic means"), 2(13) ("record" is "information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form"); see also id. at 2(5) ("Electronic' means relating to technology having electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities"). The UETA is a model law developed by the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws. It has been adopted in 49 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

1	presented (such as memoranda, reports, and other examples used in the Federal Rules of
2	Evidence and Federal Rules of Civil Procedure definitions of "record"). By using this broader
3	term, the Commission intends the definition to be flexible enough to encompass any new forms
4	of memorializing information that may arise as new documentation technologies emerge.
5	Similarly, the Commission intends the definition of "record" to be flexible with respect to
6	the media in which information may be memorialized. Thus, the Commission is including in the
7	definition information that is "inscribed on a tangible medium" or "stored in an electronic or
8	other medium." Similar language is used in the Black's Law Dictionary, E-Sign Act, UETA,
9	and Federal Rules of Civil Procedure definitions of "record." By including information stored in
10	electronic "or other" media, the Commission intends the definition of "record" to be broad and
11	flexible enough to address any new forms of media on which information may be stored as
12	technology develops.
13	The new definition requires any information stored on "electronic or other" (non-
14	tangible) media to be retrievable and reviewable in visual or aural form. Most of the source
15	definitions noted above similarly require information to be both retrievable and perceivable. The
16	new definition requires information to be retrievable in "visual or aural" form so that the
17	Commission can review the record and, when appropriate, make it available to the public. In
18	essence, therefore, the definition will enable any person to comply with the Commission's
19	recordkeeping regulations through the use of tangible or intangible media, so long as the
20	information stored in such records can be retrieved and reviewed.
21	Second, new 11 CFR 100.34(b) requires any person who provides an electronic (or
22	otherwise non-tangible) record to the Commission to provide the equipment and software needed
23	to retrieve and review the information in the record, upon request by, and at no cost to, the

- 1 Commission. The new regulation specifies that the Commission may request such equipment
- 2 and software when the Commission is unable to review the record using the Commission's
- 3 existing equipment and software. A comparable requirement appears in 11 CFR 102.9(a)(4)(ii)
- 4 for political committees that maintain digital images of checks or written instruments for
- 5 contributions exceeding \$50 and in 11 CFR 9036.2(b)(1)(vi) for publicly funded candidates
- 6 submitting certain digital images. Because the Commission is adopting new § 100.34(b), it is
- 7 removing the separate requirements in 11 CFR 102.9(a)(4)(ii) and 9036.2(b)(1)(vi).
- 8 In conjunction with the new definition, the Commission is making conforming
- 9 amendments to a number of regulations.
- First, the Commission is making conforming changes by replacing references to "copy,"
- "journal," "document," or "documentation" with references to "record" in the following
- 12 provisions: 11 CFR 100.82(e)(1)(i), 100.82(e)(2)(ii), 100.93(j)(1) through (3), 100.142(e)(1)(i),
- 13 100.142(e)(2)(ii), 102.9(b)(2)(i)(B) and (b)(2)(ii), 102.9(f), 102.11, 104.10(a)(4), 104.10(b)(5),
- 14 104.14(b)(4)(iv) and (v), 104.17(a)(4), 104.17(b)(4), 106.2(a)(1), 106.2(b)(2)(ii), 106.2(b)(2)(v),
- 15 110.1(1)(1), 110.1(1)(4)(i), 110.1(1)(6), 111.4(d)(4), 111.12(a) and (b), (b), (c), (d), (d
- 16 111.36(b) through (e), 114.8(d)(2) and (3), 9003.1(b)(2) through (5), 9003.5, 9003.5(b),
- 17 (b)(1)(ii)(A) and (B), (b)(1)(iii) and (iv), (b)(4), and (c), 9003.6(c), 9004.7(b)(5)(iv) and (v),
- 18 9004.9(d)(1)(i) and (e), 9007.1(b)(1)(iv) and (c)(2), 9033.1(b)(2) through (6), 9033.2(c),
- 19 9033.11, 9033.11(b), (b)(1)(ii)(A) and (B), (b)(1)(iii) and (iv), (b)(4), and (c), 9033.12(c),
- 20 9034.2(c)(1)(iii), 9034.5(c)(1) and (d), 9034.7(b)(5)(iv) and (v), 9034.8(b)(4), 9035.1(c)(3),
- 21 9036.1(b)(3), (4), and (7), 9036.2(b)(1)(vi) and (vii), 9036.3(b), (b)(4), and (d), 9036.4(b)(4),

The revisions to 11 CFR 111.12(a) and 111.15(c) render these provisions consistent with the equivalent provisions of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, which were amended in 2006 to explicitly include "electronically stored information" within the scope of material subject to document requests and subpoenas. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 34(a)(1)(A), 45(a)(1)(A)(iii).

9036.5(c)(1), 9038.1(b)(1)(iv) and (c)(2), 9038.2(b)(3), 9039.2(a)(3) and (b), and 1 2 9039.3(b)(2)(vi). The Commission's regulations will now use the defined term "record" in these 3 provisions to increase consistency in the regulatory terminology. Moreover, by changing these 4 provisions' references from "copy," "document," and "journal" to "record," the Commission 5 intends to avoid the implication that these provisions refer only to paper materials or to mean 6 something other than what is meant by "record."<sup>26</sup> 7 Second, the Commission is replacing the regulatory requirements that a committee 8 receiving a check or other written instrument designated for a specific election must retain "a 9 full-size photocopy of the check or written instrument."<sup>27</sup> Recognizing that such records may 10 reasonably be retained in forms other than "a full-size photocopy," the Commission is amending 11 11 CFR 110.1(1)(1) and (1)(4)(ii) and 9036.1(b)(5) and (6) to require maintenance or submission, 12 as appropriate, of a "record" that contains a complete image of that instrument. The Commission 13 is not revising the references to "full-size photocopies" in 11 CFR 9036.1(b)(3) because that 14 section already provides two procedures for submission of records: one for paper records and 15 another for digital records. 16 Finally, the Commission is making conforming revisions to two provisions that describe 17 the administrative record in public finance matters. The Commission is adding "records" to the 18 lists of materials that comprise the administrative record for final determinations in §§ 9007.7(a) 19

and 9038.7(a).

The Commission is also replacing the term "document" in certain regulations with "writing," as discussed below. The Commission is not revising the terms "copy," "documentation," and "document" when they are used as terms of art or as verbs or when they intentionally refer to paper. See, e.g., 11 CFR 100.134(e)(1)-(3) ("organizational documents" of membership organizations), 102.9(b)(2) (specifying how disbursements "shall be documented"), 4.1(j) (including "paper copy" in definition of "duplication" under FOIA).

<sup>11</sup> CFR 110.1(l)(1), (l)(4)(ii); see also 11 CFR 9036.1(b)(5), (6) (referring to records that include "full-size photocopy" of contribution checks).

1	The Commission has decided not to change the standalone definition of "records" in the
2	lobbyist bundling rule at 11 CFR 104.22(a)(6)(ii)(A), as that provision is already relatively
3	expansive and is consistent with the new general definition the Commission is adopting.
4	2. New Definitions of "Writing" and "Written" — 11 CFR 100.35
5	FECA requires certain reports, statements, and other materials to be "written" or "in
6	writing."28 The Funding Acts have similar "writing" and "written" requirements.29 In the
7	Commission's regulations, the terms "written" and "writing" (or forms of these words) appear
8	more than 200 times, usually without definition or example. <sup>30</sup> The Commission has, however,
9	interpreted at least one of these regulations to encompass certain categories of electronic
10	documents. <sup>31</sup>
11	To clarify that "written" material or material "in writing" can be either tangible or
12	electronic, the Commission is adding a new general definition at 11 CFR 100.35. <sup>32</sup> The new
13	definition essentially replicates Rule 1001(a) of the Federal Rules of Evidence by defining the
14	terms "written," "in writing," and "a writing" to mean "consisting of letters, words, numbers, or
15	their equivalent set down in any medium or form, including paper, email or other electronic
16	message, computer file, or digital storage device."33 In this definition, the Commission intends
17	"writing" and "written" to be broad enough to encompass not only letters and words, but also

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See, e.g., 52 U.S.C. 30101(8)(B)(vii)(II), 30101(9)(A)(ii), 30102(e)(1), 30103(d)(1), 30104(a)(6)(A), 30108(a), 30109(a)(1), 30109(a)(12)(A), 30118(b)(4)(B); see also 52 U.S.C. 30107(a)(1), 30124(a).

See, e.g., 26 U.S.C. 9002(1), 9003(a), 9032(1), 9032(9), 9033(a), 9034(a); see also 26 U.S.C. 9009(b), 9039(b).

See, e.g., 11 CFR 102.7(c), 109.33(a), 110.1(b), 9003.3(a)(1)(i)(C), 9007.2(c).

See, e.g., Electronic Contributor Redesignations, 76 FR 16233 (Mar. 23, 2011) (noting internet-based redesignation method that Commission found to be "in writing and be signed by the contributor" as required by 11 CFR 110.1(b)(5) and 110.2(b)(5)).

Some Commission regulations that require a document to be "in writing" or "written" also require the document to be signed. The Commission is adopting a new definition of "signed," discussed below.

See Fed. R. Evid. 1001(a) ("writing' consists of letters, words, numbers, or their equivalent set down in any form"). The Federal Rules of Evidence separately clarify that "a reference to any kind of written material or any other medium includes electronically stored information." Fed. R. Evid. 101(b)(6).

- their equivalent such as images or graphics (*e.g.*, emojis or GIFs) used in lieu of text that
  may arise as new forms of electronic writing emerge in the future. As in the definition of
  "record," the regulation will now provide that "writing" may be set down in any medium or
  form, including electronic. The examples in the definition are drawn from examples in the
  Black's Law Dictionary definition of "writing" and include those media that the Commission
- believes are most likely to be used by political committees. However, the examples are intended
   to be illustrative and not an exhaustive list.

In conjunction with the new definition, the Commission is making conforming changes to a number of regulations, as described below.

First, the Commission is amending three regulations that refer to "electronic mail" as a "written method" of notification by which a political committee may notify a contributor that the committee has redesignated or reattributed a contribution.<sup>34</sup> These references to "electronic mail" are redundant with the new definition of "written." Furthermore, the continued inclusion of these references might cause confusion regarding whether other Commission regulations that address "written" material without specifically mentioning "electronic mail" implicitly exclude email. To avoid such redundancy and confusion, the Commission is removing these three references to electronic mail.

Second, the Commission is making conforming changes regarding notifications, reports, and other communications that, under existing regulations, must be made by "letter." In light of the new broad definition of "writing," and to avoid implying that the communications described in those provisions must be on paper, the Commission is replacing each reference to "letter" with "writing" in the following provisions: 11 CFR 100.3(a)(3), 110.6(c)(1)(v), 111.9(a) and (b),

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> See 11 CFR 110.1(b)(5)(ii)(B)(6), (C)(7), 110.1(k)(3)(ii)(B)(3).

111.17(a) and (b), 111.18(d), 111.37(a) and (b), 111.40(a), 116.8(b), 9003.1(a)(1), 9032.2(d), 1 2 9033.1(b)(8), and 9033.5(a)(2). 3 Similarly, the Commission is revising several references to "letters" or "mailings" by 4 replacing them with references to the type of information contained therein, such as 5 "certification," "report," "notice," or "agreement." For example, 11 CFR 9003.2(d) currently 6 states: "Major party candidates shall submit the certifications required under 11 CFR 9003.2 in a 7 letter which shall be signed and submitted within 14 days after receiving the party's nomination 8 for election," and the provision makes several additional references to "such letter." The 9 Commission is now revising 11 CFR 9003.2(d) to read: "Major party candidates shall sign and 10 submit the certifications required under 11 CFR 9003.2 within 14 days after receiving the party's 11 nomination for election," and to replace further references to "such letter" with the phrase "such 12 certification." The Commission is similarly replacing each reference to "letter" or "mailing" in 13 the following provisions: 11 CFR 110.6(c)(1)(ii), 111.6(a), 111.23(a) and (b), 114.8, 116.8(b), 14 200.3(a)(2), 200.3(a)(3), 200.4(b), 201.3(b)(1), 201.3(b)(2)(i), 9003.1(a)(2), 9033.1(a)(1), and 15 9033.2(a)(1). 16 The Commission is also revising some uses of "letter" in administrative regulations to which the new definition of "writing" would not apply. Specifically, the Commission is making 17 18 the following revisions to its public disclosure and Rehabilitation Act regulations: (1) replace 19 "Letter requests" with "Requests" in 11 CFR 5.4(a)(5); (2) replace the reference to "a letter 20 containing" certain Rehabilitation Act notifications with a requirement for the notifications to be 21 "in writing," 11 CFR 6.170(g); and (3) conform § 6.170(h) to the foregoing change by replacing 22 that section's reference to "the letter" required by § 6.170(g) with "the notification."

1	Third, the Commission is replacing the terms "written document" and "written
2	documentation" with "writing" in 11 CFR 100.29(b)(6)(ii)(A) and 9034.2(c)(1)(i).
3	Finally, the Commission is making conforming changes to account for the fact that the
4	new general definition of "written" may create confusion when applied to the use of that term in
5	11 CFR 300.64(c)(3). Section 300.64(c)(3) had provided that certain "written" material must
6	satisfy the disclaimer requirements of 11 CFR 110.11(c)(2). Section 110.11, however, sets forth
7	requirements such as font size and display type — requirements that, both on their face and
8	under the explicit terms of the regulation, apply only to "printed" material. <sup>35</sup> Thus, to avoid
9	suggesting that the new definition of "written" alters the substantive application of § 300.64, the
10	Commission is conforming that section to § 110.11 by replacing the word "written" with
11	"printed" in § 300.64(c)(3)(ii) and (iii) and removing the word "written" from § 300.64(c)(3)(v).
12	The Commission has decided not to exclude the term "written instrument" from the new
13	definition. <sup>36</sup> The Commission judges that "written instrument" is generally understood to be a
14	term of art referring to a check, money order, or negotiable instrument; as a term of art, it will
15	not be affected by the new definition of "written."
16	3. New Definition of "Signature" and "Electronic Signature" — 11 CFR 100.36
17	FECA and the Funding Acts require certain documents to be signed, <sup>37</sup> sworn, notarized,
18	submitted under oath, or certified under penalty of perjury. <sup>38</sup> In Commission regulations, the
19	terms "sign," "signed," and "signature" (and variants thereof) appear more than 50 times. Only

See 11 CFR 110.11(c)(2).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> See 11 CFR 102.9(a)(4)(i)-(ii), 104.8(d)(1), 110.1(k)(3)(ii)(B)(1), 110.1(l)(1), 110.1(l)(4)(ii), 110.6(c)(1)(v), 110.20(a)(5)(iii), 9034.2(a)(1), 9034.2(a)(4), 9034.2(b), 9034.2(c), 9034.3(c), 9034.9(c)(7)(iv), 9036.1(b)(3), 9036.2(b)(1)(vi), 9036.3(b)(1)-(3), 9036.3(c)(3), 9036.5(c)(1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> See 52 U.S.C. 30109(a)(1), 30109(a)(4)(B)(ii); see also 52 U.S.C. 30104(a)(1), 30104(a)(11)(C), 30104(d)(3).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> See 52 U.S.C. 30104(b)(6)(B)(iii), 30104(c)(2)(B), 30104(f)(2), 30107(a)(1), 30109(a)(1), 26 U.S.C. 9003(b)-(c), 9004(d); see also 52 U.S.C. 30104(a)(11)(C), 30104(d)(3).

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- some of these references provide for electronic signatures, <sup>39</sup> although the Commission has
- 2 interpreted at least one of the regulations that does not so provide to nonetheless allow certain
- 3 electronic signatures. 40 Similarly, only some of the Commission regulations requiring
- 4 certification under penalty of perjury provide for electronic certifications.<sup>41</sup>
- 5 To clarify that the regulatory signature requirements may generally be met electronically,
- 6 the Commission is adding a general definition of "signature" at 11 CFR 100.36. The new
- 7 definition contains three paragraphs.

New paragraph (a) defines "signature" as "an individual's name or mark on a writing or

9 record that identifies the individual and authenticates the writing or record." This definition

draws on legal and other dictionary definitions of "signature." It also incorporates the terms

"writing" and "record," as opposed to the source dictionaries' use of the term "document," to be

consistent with the new definitions of those terms in 11 CFR 100.34 and 100.35, discussed

above. Unlike at least one source definition, 43 the definition of "signature" here does not

incorporate a subjective "intent" element, i.e., a requirement that a signature be affixed by the

signer with a certain intention; rather, the Commission is adopting an objective definition with

See, e.g., 11 CFR 104.18(g) (providing for electronic signatures for reports), 111.4(b)(2) (complaints), 111.23(a) (designation of counsel), 300.37(d) (certifications by certain tax-exempt organizations), 9034.2(c) (allowing for alternative signatures for contributors over the internet).

See, e.g., Electronic Contributor Redesignations, 76 FR 16233; see also Advisory Opinion 2013-12 (Service Employees International Union COPE) at 3-4 (discussing Commission's history of approving "authorizations in a form other than the traditional written signature, where the use of technology would not compromise the intent of the [FECA] or Commission regulations").

Compare 11 CFR 104.4(d)(2) (electronic certification under penalty of perjury for reporting), 104.18(g) (same), and 109.10(e)(2)(ii) (same), with 11 CFR 111.4(b)-(c) (notarization requirement for complaints), and 111.11 (sworn answers). See also 11 CFR 100.93(a)(3)(iv)(A), 100.93(g)(3), 102.2(a)(3), 104.3(b)(3)(vii)(B), 104.3(d)(1)(v), 300.11(d), 300.37(d).

See Signature, Black's Law Dictionary (11th ed. 2019) (defining "signature" to include any "name, mark, or writing used with the intention of authenticating a document" (citing U.C.C. 1-201(37) and 3-401(b) and Restatement (Second) of Contracts 134 (1979))); Signature, Random House Dictionary of the English Language, Unabridged (2nd ed. 1987) (defining "signature" as "a person's name, or a mark representing it, as signed personally or by a deputy, as in subscribing a letter or other document").

See Signature, Black's Law Dictionary (11th ed. 2019).

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1 which compliance can be initially determined on the face of the signed writing or record. New

2 paragraph (a) also provides that, unless otherwise specified, the definition of "signature" includes

3 an "electronic signature."

New paragraph (b) of 11 CFR 100.36 in turn defines an "electronic signature" as "an electronic word, image, symbol, or process that an individual attaches to or associates with a writing or record to identify the individual and authenticate the writing or record." This definition is drawn from several sources, including Black's Law Dictionary, <sup>44</sup> the E-Sign Act, <sup>45</sup> UETA, <sup>46</sup> and the Commission's interpretive rule concerning electronic redesignations of contributions. <sup>47</sup> New paragraph (b) follows all the source definitions of "electronic signature" in using the terms "symbol" and "process," as well as in requiring that the electronic signature be attached to or associated with a writing or record. The Commission also is including "word" and "image" as methods of electronic signature, based on the examples in Black's Law Dictionary, to make clear that a writing or record can be signed by these means (such as by inserting a digital image of a person's handwritten signature). And as with new paragraph (a), new paragraph (b) incorporates the terms "writing" and "record" to be consistent with the new definitions in 11 CFR 100.34 and 100.35. The new definition thus encompasses forms that electronic signatures

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may take as new technologies emerge.

This dictionary defines an "electronic signature" as an "electronic symbol, sound, or process that is either attached to or logically associated with a document (such as a contract or other record) and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign the document." *Electronic Signature*, Black's Law Dictionary (11th ed. 2019). The dictionary provides as examples "a typed name at the end of an email, a digital image of a handwritten signature, and the click of an 'I accept' button on an e-commerce site." *Id*.

See 15 U.S.C. 7006(5) (defining "electronic signature" as "an electronic sound, symbol, or process, attached to or logically associated with a . . . record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign the record").

See UETA 2(8) (defining "electronic signature" as "an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to or logically associated with a record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign the record").

See Electronic Contributor Redesignations, 76 FR 16233. To the extent that this interpretive rule's approach to a "signature" could be construed to conflict with the new definition of "signature," it is superseded.

1	The new definition intentionally differs from the source definitions in certain respects.
2	For example, the new definition does not include "sound" as a form of electronic signature
3	because the Commission's current and anticipated reporting technologies would not enable it to
4	receive and make public audio signatures. Further, the Commission does not distinguish
5	between an "electronic signature" and a "digital signature." Black's Law Dictionary defines the
6	latter as having a heightened level of security, integrity, and authenticity compared to an
7	electronic signature, 48 but because the Commission utilizes other methods to ensure a heightened
8	level of authenticity when required (such as notarization requirements, as discussed below), the
9	definition of "signature" need not differentiate between digital and electronic signatures.
10	New paragraph (b) lists as examples of electronic signatures "a digital image of a
11	handwritten signature" and "a secure, digital code attached to an electronically transmitted
12	message that uniquely identifies and authenticates the sender." These examples are drawn from
13	the definition of "digital signature" and examples of "electronic signature" in Black's Law
14	Dictionary; the Commission believes them to be the forms of electronic signature most likely to
15	be used by political committees. However, the examples are intended to be illustrative only and
16	not an exhaustive list.
17	As noted above, the new regulation provides that electronic signatures are valid
18	signatures "unless otherwise specified." This language allows the Commission to require more
19	specific forms of electronic signatures, or even to prohibit electronic signatures, in certain
20	circumstances. Preserving such flexibility is important because, as new technologies develop,

See Digital Signature, Black's Law Dictionary (11th ed. 2019) (defining "digital signature" as "secure, digital code attached to an electronically transmitted message that uniquely identifies and authenticates the sender"), *Electronic Signature*, Black's Law Dictionary (10th ed. 2014) (stating that "electronic signature does not suggest or require the use of encryption, authentication, or identification measures").

some forms of electronic signatures may arise that are unreliable or otherwise not suitable for authenticating records.

In light of the new definition of "signature," the Commission is making conforming changes to regulations that have more specific signature requirements. For example, 11 CFR 104.4(d)(2) and 109.10(e)(2)(ii) have specified that an independent expenditure report must be verified by one of two methods: by "handwritten signature" on reports filed on paper, or by "typing the treasurer's name" on reports filed by electronic mail. The Commission is revising these provisions to allow electronically filed independent expenditure reports to be verified by "electronic signature" (which might include, but would not be limited to, typing the treasurer's name on the reports). The Commission also is revising the electronic signature requirement at 11 CFR 9034.2(c), which defines "signature" for matchable presidential primary election payments made by credit or debit card, and is making other changes to that section as described further below.<sup>49</sup>

New paragraph (c) of 11 CFR 100.36 provides that a "writing or record may be sworn, made under oath, or otherwise certified or verified under penalty of perjury, by electronic signature." This tracks the corresponding provision of the E-Sign Act, which provides that a legal requirement for a signature to be "acknowledged, verified, or made under oath" is "satisfied if the electronic signature of the person authorized to perform those acts . . . is attached to or logically associated with the signature or record." This proposal therefore provides sufficient safeguards of integrity and authenticity for material that must be sworn or otherwise verified.

See infra Section (E)(3).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> 15 U.S.C. 7001(g); see also UETA 11 (providing that notarization, acknowledgment, verification, or oath requirement is "satisfied if the electronic signature of the person authorized to perform those acts . . . is attached to or logically associated with the signature or record").

1 Finally, new paragraph (c) also states that "[a] writing or record may be notarized electronically pursuant to applicable State law." A number of states currently allow for 2 electronic notarization.<sup>51</sup> Commission practice currently refers to a state's law to determine the 3 4 validity of a notarization from that state. The Commission received no comments on this aspect 5 of the rulemaking and has determined to continue accepting documents notarized under state 6 law. 4. Revised Definition of "File, Filed, or Filing" — 11 CFR 100.19(g) 7 8 The Commission is revising the definition of "file, filed, or filing" at 11 CFR 100.19 so 9 that interested parties can more easily communicate electronically with the Commission. The 10 Commission also is making conforming amendments throughout 11 CFR chapter I. 11 Section 100.19 has defined "file, filed or filing" to include certain forms of electronic 12 submission, but only in the context of documents that must be filed with the Commission under 13 11 CFR parts 101, 102, 104, 105, 107, 108, and 109. As such, the rule has addressed the filing of 14 reports and statements only regarding independent expenditures, electioneering communications, 15 and the organization, contributions, and disbursements of political committees. But, as described 16 in more detail below, the Commission's regulations also require or provide for the submission of 17 numerous other documents to the Commission. Many of these current regulations regarding sending documents to the Commission specifically refer to 52 the Commission's mailing address 18

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The National Association of Secretaries of State notes that 38 states currently permit some form of electronic notarization, and 34 of those have laws permitting remote electronic notarization, while additional states and Washington, D.C. have issued emergency regulations or guidance permitting remote electronic notarization due to the COVID-19 pandemic. *See* Nat'l Assoc. of Secs. of State, *Remote Electronic Notarization*, https://www.nass.org/initiatives/remote-electronic-notarization (last visited Nov. 9, 2023).

The NPRM proposed removing the street address from these provisions because at that time, each of these provisions included the street address. However, in the interim, the Commission published a final rule in the *Federal Register*, updating the Commission's street address in 11 CFR 1.2 and replacing the Commission's street address with a cross-reference to 11 CFR 1.2 wherever else it appeared in Title 11. Change of Address; Technical Amendments, 82 FR 60852 (Dec. 26, 2017) ("Change of Address Final Rule").

1 as set out in 11 CFR 1.2.53 This implied that the submissions had to be made physically (such as

- 2 by mail or hand-delivery), rather than electronically.
- To provide the Commission with greater flexibility to accept documents electronically,
- 4 the Commission is adding new paragraph (g) to 11 CFR 100.19. Under new paragraph (g), a
- 5 document other than those already covered by paragraphs (a) through (f) may be filed "in person
- 6 or by mail, including priority mail or express mail, or overnight delivery service, with the
- 7 Federal Election Commission, or by any alternative means, including electronic, that the
- 8 Commission may prescribe." The Commission intends to build upon this change by adopting
- 9 such procedures for receiving electronic submissions such as through online forms<sup>54</sup> or
- email<sup>55</sup> as the Commission determines to be appropriate for the various categories of
- 11 documents.
- 12 The Commission also is revising the introductory paragraph of 11 CFR 100.19 to
- explicitly note the scope of new paragraph (g). This change will not affect the existing rules on
- documents governed by paragraphs (a) through (f).
- Given that neither FECA nor the Funding Acts require paper mailing addresses, the
- 16 Commission is further amending 11 CFR 100.19(a) to delete the cross-reference to the street
- 17 address for the Commission.
- 18 Similarly, the Commission is making conforming amendments corresponding to those
- discussed in the NPRM by replacing the references to the Commission's street address as set out

<sup>53</sup> See, e.g., 11 CFR 1.3(b), 111.4(a), 111.15(a), 112.1(e), 112.3(d).

See, e.g., FEC, Searchable Electronic Rulemaking System – Basic Search, sers.fec.gov/fosers (release date June 14, 2013) (web portal for commenting on rulemakings).

See, e.g., FEC, *The Advisory Opinion Process*, www.fec.gov/law/draftaos.shtml (establishing email address for comments on draft advisory opinions) (last visited Nov. 9, 2023).

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- 1 in 11 CFR 1.2<sup>56</sup> in a number of regulations that refer to submissions to the Commission or to
- 2 a particular Commission officer, such as the Chief FOIA Officer with references to "filing"
- and § 100.19(g), as appropriate, and by removing the references to the Commission's street
- 4 address from other regulations.<sup>57</sup> These regulations are 11 CFR 1.3(b), 1.4(a), 4.5(a)(4)(i),
- 5 4.5(a)(4)(iv), 4.7(b)(1), 4.8(c), 5.5(a), 6.5(c), 6.170(d)(3), 6.170(i), 104.2(b), 104.3(e)(5),
- 6 104.21(c)(3),<sup>59</sup> 111.4(a), 111.15(a), 111.16(c), 112.1(e), 112.3(d), and 200.2(b)(5).
  - For the same reasons, the Commission also is amending other regulatory requirements relating to communications by mail:
    - Sections 4.5(a)(4)(i) and 4.8(b) require that certain information be included "on the envelope" in which a FOIA request or appeal is sent to the Commission. As revised, these regulations will state that such information must be clearly indicated on the "envelope or subject line, or in a similarly prominent location" of the communication.
    - Section 112.4(g) provides that an advisory opinion must be "sent by mail, or personally delivered" by the Commission to the person who requested it. As revised, the provision will require only that the advisory opinion "be provided" by

As discussed in note 50, *supra*, the Commission has already replaced the street address in these provisions with a cross-reference to 11 CFR 1.2. *See* Change of Address Final Rule, 82 FR at 60852. Thus, these final rules replace the cross-references to § 1.2, rather than the street address itself.

Because the definitions in part 100 of the Commission's regulations generally do not apply to parts 1-8 of the regulations, the new references to "filing" in parts 1-8 explicitly incorporate by reference new 11 CFR 100.19(g).

In the NPRM, the Commission proposed retaining the reference to "999 E Street NW" in 11 CFR 5.5(a) along with the hours of the public disclosure division. However, given that the Commission subsequently revised this provision by replacing the street address with a cross-reference to 11 CFR 1.2, the Commission is removing the cross-reference and office hours.

In the NPRM, the Commission did not include the three provisions of part 104 now included in this list. The Commission has decided to remove the cross-references to the street address as set out in § 1.2 from these three provisions for the same reasons it is being removed from the other listed provisions.

1		the Commission to the requestor, so as to encompass electronic transmission of
2		the advisory opinion.
3	•	Section 102.6(c)(2) provides that a solicitation of contributions to a separate
4		segregated fund may be included "in" a bill for membership dues. Because such
5		bills are now sometimes delivered electronically, rather than in paper form, the
6		Commission is changing "in" to "with." The substantive requirements for
7		soliciting contributions to a separate segregated fund are not changing. 60
8	•	In § 114.1(g), which provides a non-exhaustive list of the manner in which a
9		solicitation may be made, the Commission is adding "emails" to the existing list
10		of "mailings, oral requests , and hand distribution of pamphlets" to recognize
11		that solicitations may be made electronically. <sup>61</sup>
12	•	In § 116.9(a)(2), which describes what constitutes a political committee's
13		reasonable diligence in attempting to locate a creditor, the Commission is adding
14		email as a valid means of attempting to contact the creditor.
15	•	Sections 9003.1(b)(7) and 9033.1(b)(8) require submission of the "name and
16		mailing address" of the person entitled to receive public fund payments on behalf
17		of a candidate. The Commission is amending these to require the person's email
18		address, as well.

The twice-annual solicitation of employees outside of the restricted class may be conducted only by mail sent to the employee's residence. See 52 U.S.C. 30118(b)(4)(B); 11 CFR 114.6(c). Thus, the Commission is not amending the reference to "mail" in section 114.6(c), and the change to 11 CFR 102.6(c)(2), which allows for solicitations by means other than mail, does not apply to these twice-yearly solicitations.

The Commission is not adding an electronic reference to the non-exhaustive list at 11 CFR 114.1(f) of the manner in which a solicited contribution may be received because the list already includes payroll deduction, which may be accomplished electronically.

1	To allow for electronic filing, notice, and service of documents and records in the
2	Commission's enforcement process, the Commission is revising part 111 of its regulations.
3	First, the Commission is removing or limiting requirements to file multiple copies of documents
4	where multiple copies are no longer necessary. In 11 CFR 111.4(a), the Commission is
5	clarifying that the requirement for a complainant to file three copies of a complaint applies to
6	non-electronic filings only. In 11 CFR 111.15(a) and 111.16(c), the Commission is deleting the
7	provisions that state that a respondent "should if possible" file multiple copies of a motion or
8	brief.
9	Second, the Commission is revising the following regulations that currently refer to
10	"enclos[ing]" a copy of a document: 11 CFR 111.5(a), 111.5(b), and 111.16(b). As revised, the
11	regulations state that the Commission shall "provide" a copy of the relevant document.
12	Third, the Commission is revising 11 CFR 111.13(c) and (d), which govern the service of
13	subpoenas, orders, and notifications, to add explicit electronic service options. The regulations
14	currently allow for service by a number of means, including by mail, in person, and "by any
15	other method whereby actual notice is given." The Commission is revising this last clause to
16	read "by any other method, including electronically, whereby actual notice is given."62
17	Finally, at 11 CFR 111.23(a)(1), the Commission is adding "email address" to the list of
18	information about respondent's counsel that must be provided to the Commission.
19	The Commission intends these revisions to simplify and modernize the process by which
20	it interacts with respondents and complainants during the enforcement process by providing
21	options for electronic communications.

The Commission is not making any corresponding changes to 11 CFR 111.2(c) — which adds three days to each service period under part 111 for "any paper" served "by mail" — because electronic submissions are essentially immediate and therefore do not require extensions to account for delivery time.

### D. Electronic Contributions

The Commission is also revising its regulations to address electronic contributions.
These revisions fall into three general categories that correspond to three stages in the electronic
flow of funds from a contributor to a political committee: (1) when the contributor authorizes
the transaction; (2) when the entity processing the payment (the "payment processor") <sup>63</sup> transfers
the contribution to the recipient political committee; and (3) when the recipient political
committee deposits the funds into its campaign depository. The Commission is revising its rules
in these areas in light of its understanding of the standards and practices that vendors and
payment processors use to process payments made by check, credit card, debit card, prepaid
card, and other payment methods; the methods by which vendors and payment processors verify
a payor's identity, attribute payments, and collect, maintain, and transmit transaction records; <sup>64</sup>
and the Commission's understanding of the operators and users of established and emerging
electronic payment platforms — such as PayPal, Venmo, Square, Zelle, and other electronic
wallet, P2P, mobile app, and social media payment platforms.
1. When a Contributor Authorizes a Transaction: Contribution is "Made" and
"Received"

For purposes of the contribution limits, Commission regulations specify that a contribution is made "when the contributor relinquishes control over the contribution"; control is relinquished when the contribution "is delivered by the contributor to the candidate, to the

Payment processors include, for example, such entities as First Data, PayPal, BitPay, m-Qube, and other commercial entities that process and transmit traditional, online, or text-message payments in the ordinary course of business.

See, e.g., Online Person-to-Person (P2P), Account-to-Account Payments and Electronic Cash, Fed. Fin. Inst. Examination Council, https://ithandbook.ffiec.gov/it-booklets/retail-payment-systems/payment-instruments-clearing-and-settlement/card-based-electronic-payments/online-person-to-person-p2p-account-to-account-a2a-payments-and-electronic-cash.aspx (last visited Nov. 30, 2023).

political committee, or to an agent of the political committee."<sup>65</sup> The regulations further specify that a contribution that is mailed is considered to be made on the date of the postmark.<sup>66</sup>

Although the regulations are silent as to when electronic contributions are "made," the Commission has addressed the issue of when credit card contributions are made in several advisory opinions. <sup>67</sup> Generally, the Commission has concluded that a credit card contribution is made "when the credit card or credit card number is presented, because at that point '[t]he contributor is strictly obligated by the card agreement to make payment of the credit card bill and incurs substantial penalties with possible collection fees and cancellation of future credit privileges for nonpayment."

The Commission is revising 11 CFR 110.1(b)(6) and 110.2(b)(6) by adding a description of when electronic contributions — credit card or otherwise — are considered to be "made." As revised, the regulations build on the Commission's conclusions in the above-referenced advisory opinions by providing that a contribution made in an electronic transaction "is considered to be made when the contributor authorizes the transaction." The revised regulations do not provide examples of specific types of "electronic transactions" — such as the physical presentation of a debit card; the entry of a credit or prepaid card number in an online form, in person, or by telephone; the transfer of a bitcoin; or the sending of a text message — because the Commission has determined that examples distinguishing between electronic and non-electronic transactions are not necessary; in fact, examples tied to specific technologies might be unduly limiting or risk becoming rapidly obsolete. The Commission does not intend for the new regulation to alter the

<sup>65 11</sup> CFR 110.1(b)(6); see also id. 110.2(b)(6).

*Id.* 110.1(b)(6); see also id. 110.2(b)(6).

See Advisory Opinion 2012-07 (Feinstein for Senate); Advisory Opinion 2008-08 (Zucker); Advisory Opinion 1991-01 (Deloitte & Touche PAC); Advisory Opinion 1990-14 (AT&T).

Advisory Opinion 2008-08 (Zucker) at 3 (quoting Advisory Opinion 1990-14 (AT&T)); *see also* Advisory Opinion 2012-07 (Feinstein for Senate) at 5.

1	existing approach the Commission takes in determining the dates on which electronic payments
2	are made pursuant to recurring monthly payment authorizations. <sup>69</sup>

Like the existing regulations regarding when a contribution is "made," the regulations concerning when a contribution is "received" focus on possession. The current regulations provide that the "date of receipt" of a contribution is the date a person "obtains possession of the contribution." In the context of credit card contributions, the Commission has stated that a contribution is received when the contributor's authorization to charge the credit card is received. "Inasmuch as such authorizations may be presented to [the recipient's] bank in order to credit [the recipient's] account, the receipt of such an authorization is the equivalent of the receipt of a check that may be deposited and, thus, the date this occurs is the date upon which [the recipient] obtains possession of the contribution."

Because a commercial payment processor or the recipient political committee may receive the contributor's authorization before obtaining actual possession of the contributor's funds, the Commission is revising 11 CFR 102.8(a) and (b)(2) to explicitly provide that the date of receipt is the date that a person either obtains possession of a contribution "or, for a contribution made in an electronic transaction in which the receipt of authorization precedes the

For example, Advisory Opinion 1991-01 (Deloitte & Touche PAC) concerned a political committee's proposal to obtain contributors' credit card authorizations several months before charging their credit cards for contributions. The Commission concluded that, "[i]n view of the contributor's ability to revoke the authorization" during this time period, each contributor would be deemed to relinquish control over a contribution, and thus to make the contribution, when the credit card was charged, rather than when the authorization occurred. Advisory Opinion 1991-01 (Deloitte & Touche PAC) at 4.

<sup>11</sup> CFR 102.8(a); see also id. 102.8(b)(2) (same description of "receipt"); id. 102.17(c)(3)(iii) (providing that political committee receives contribution through joint fundraising committee on date contribution is received by committee's joint fundraising representative), 9034.8(c)(4)(iii) (same).

Advisory Opinion 1990-04 (American Veterinary Medical Association PAC) at 2-3; *see also* Advisory Opinion 2012-35 (Global Transaction Services Group) (determining that contributions made by credit or debit card are received as of date credit or debit card holder authorizes card to be charged with contribution); Advisory Opinion 2012-17 (Red Blue T *et al.*) at 6 ("m-Qube I") ("Under m-Qube's proposed factoring arrangement, which is similar to how credit card contributions are handled, the Commission considers the contributions to be received at the time of the opt-in, as opposed to when the bill is paid."); FEC, Campaign Guide: Congressional Candidates and Committees 25 (2021), https://www.fec.gov/resources/cms-content/documents/candgui.pdf.

1	receipt of funds, obtains the contributor's authorization of the transaction." The Commission is
2	not including in the regulatory text any technology-specific examples of when a contribution is
3	"received" for the same reasons given above for not including technology-specific examples of
4	when a contribution is "made."
5	2. Commercial Payment Processors: Revisions to the Conduit and Forwarding
6	Rules
7	Many contributions are first received not by the ultimate recipient political committees,
8	but by commercial entities that process the payments. In several advisory opinions, the
9	Commission has addressed the application of its regulations to the receipt of contributions via
10	commercial entities that process contributions electronically — including entities that process
11	contributions made by text message <sup>72</sup> or via web-based platforms. <sup>73</sup> The Commission is revising
12	its forwarding regulations at 11 CFR 102.8 and its earmarking regulations at 11 CFR 110.6 to
13	codify some of the conclusions of these advisory opinions.
14	a. Revisions to Forwarding Rule, 11 CFR 102.8
15	Section 102.8 implements FECA's requirement that "[e]very person who receives a
16	contribution" for a political committee must forward the contribution and information about the
17	contributor to the recipient political committee within either 10 or 30 days, depending on
18	whether the recipient is an authorized or unauthorized committee and the amount of the

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contribution.<sup>74</sup> Under the revised definition of "receipt," discussed above, this forwarding

See, e.g., Advisory Opinion 2012-30 (Revolution Messaging); Advisory Opinion 2012-28 (CTIA – The Wireless Association) ("CTIA II"); Advisory Opinion 2012-26 (Cooper for Congress et al.) ("m-Qube II"); Advisory Opinion 2012-17 (m-Qube I); Advisory Opinion 2010-23 (CTIA – The Wireless Association) ("CTIA I").
 See, e.g., Advisory Opinion 2018-05 (CaringCent); Advisory Opinion 2017-06 (Stein and Gottlieb); Advisory Opinion 2014-07 (Crowdpac); Advisory Opinion 2012-35 (Global Transaction Services Group); Advisory Opinion 2012-22 (skimmerhat); Advisory Opinion 2012-09 (Points for Politics); Advisory Opinion 2011-19 (GivingSphere); Advisory Opinion 2011-06 (Democracy Engine et al.); Advisory Opinion 2007-04 (Atlatl); Advisory Opinion 2006-08 (Brooks).
 52 U.S.C. 30102(b)(2).

1 requirement is triggered when a commercial payment processor receives a contributor's

2 authorization to make a contribution, even if the payment processor has not yet received the

3 contributor's funds.

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Because this scenario occurs frequently in modern electronic transactions,<sup>75</sup> the Commission is adding a new paragraph (d) to 11 CFR 102.8 to make clear that payment processors must satisfy FECA's forwarding requirement within 10 or 30 days of receiving a contributor's authorization of a contribution, even if the processor has not yet received the contributor's funds. Under new paragraph (d), a payment processor will satisfy the forwarding requirements of 52 U.S.C. 30102(b) if it transmits funds and contributor information to a recipient political committee within 10 or 30 days, as applicable, of the contributor's authorization of the transaction. To ensure that a payment processor does not make contributions to candidates and committees by transmitting the funds, the payment processor must meet this

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forwarding requirement in its ordinary course of business. <sup>76</sup> The revised rule thus reflects how

modern transactions are conducted and ensures that FECA's forwarding requirement is satisfied

when contributors and political committees make and receive contributions electronically.<sup>77</sup>

For example, when a credit card holder uses a credit card to purchase goods or services from a merchant, the merchant often receives payment for the goods and services before the credit card holder is even billed. *See*, *e.g.*, Visa, *Frequently Asked Questions – How do Visa transactions work?*, https://usa.visa.com/run-your-business/accept-visa-payments.html (follow "Learn how Visa transactions work" hyperlink and click play arrow) (last visited Nov. 9, 2023). Similarly, in certain text message transactions, payment processors transmit funds to merchants before the mobile phone users pay bills with associated charges. *See* Advisory Opinion 2010-23 (CTIA I); Advisory Opinion 2012-17 (m-Qube I).

See, e.g., 11 CFR 116.3; Advisory Opinion 2012-26 (m-Qube II); Advisory Opinion 2012-31 (AT&T).

This revision codifies the application of the forwarding requirements of 52 U.S.C. 30102(b) and 11 CFR 102.8 to contributions made by text message and web-based platforms, as set forth in Advisory Opinion 2012-26 (m-Qube II). The revision supersedes Advisory Opinion 2012-17 (m-Qube I) to the extent it concluded that contributions made by text message were not subject to the forwarding requirements. Factored payments from payment processors to political committees as described in Advisory Opinion 2012-17 (m-Qube I) and Advisory Opinion 2012-26 (m-Qube II) are one means of satisfying the forwarding requirements if made within 10 or 30 days of the contributor's authorization, as applicable. See 52 U.S.C. 30102(b); 11 CFR 102.8; see also Advisory Opinion 2012-35 (Global Transaction Services Group) at 4 (approving proposal where processor transmitted contributions to political committees within ten days); Advisory Opinion 2010-23 (CTIA I) at 6-7 (rejecting proposal to process

1	The Commission is not adopting regulatory language to define "ordinary course of
2	business," but the term will be construed consistently with the definition of the same term in
3	11 CFR 116.3(c), which looks to the vendor's past practices, as well as industry custom, to
4	determine whether the vendor acted in the ordinary course of business.
5	The Commission received a comment in response to the NPRM regarding direct carrier
6	billing ("DCB"), which is a particular form of commercial payment processing that enables
7	customers to pay for goods and services by charging them to a wireless bill. The comment asked
8	the Commission to adopt a detailed rule specifically to address DCB, proposing, for example,
9	that a contribution that is forwarded by DCB should be deemed "made" only "when a wireless
10	company transfers funds from its accounts to a connection aggregator." As the Commission
11	has noted throughout this rulemaking, however, the Commission is revising its regulations in
12	part to move away from technology-specific rules, in favor of technology-neutral language. <sup>79</sup>
13	The Commission therefore declines to promulgate regulatory text that would govern this single
14	payment practice. Any person uncertain as to the effect of the revised regulations on a particular
15	technology may seek additional guidance through the Commission's advisory opinion process.
16	b. Revisions to Earmarking Rule, 11 CFR 110.6
17	FECA provides that, for purposes of contribution limitations, "all contributions made by
18	a person, either directly or indirectly , including contributions which are in any way
19	earmarked or otherwise directed through an intermediary or conduit to such candidate, shall be

contributions by text message because, in part, contributions would not be forwarded to recipient committees within timeframe required by 52 U.S.C. 30102(b) and 11 CFR 102.8).

CTIA, Comment at 16 (Dec. 2, 2016), http://sers.fec.gov/fosers/showpdf.htm?docid=354000.

<sup>79</sup> The same commenter also acknowledged in a more recent comment that "a shift in mobile fundraising by political committees . . . has obviated the need to charge political contributions to a wireless user's bill and to process the contributions by DCB." CTIA, Comment at 3 (Oct. 11, 2022), https://sers.fec.gov/fosers/showpdf.htm?docid=420616.

1 treated as contributions from such person to such candidate."80 The Commission defines

- 2 "earmarked" to mean "a designation, instruction, or encumbrance, whether direct or indirect,
- 3 express or implied, oral or written, which results in all or any part of a contribution . . . being
- 4 made to . . . a clearly identified candidate or a candidate's authorized committee."81 Because
- 5 FECA prohibits corporations from making contributions to candidate committees, 82 and because
- 6 persons prohibited from making contributions and expenditures are also prohibited from being
- 7 conduits or intermediaries who receive and forward earmarked contributions to a candidate, 83 a
- 8 corporation generally may not receive and forward earmarked contributions.

9 Commission regulations provide for certain exceptions to the earmarking rule, 84 but these

- 10 exceptions do not squarely apply to payments made through online processors that the
- 11 Commission has addressed in several advisory opinions. In some of these opinions, the
- 12 Commission concluded that the transactions were permissible because the corporations that
- processed the contributions were acting as commercial vendors to the political committee. 85 In
- other opinions, the Commission approved the transactions under the rationale that the
- 15 corporations were providing services to the contributors. 86 And in Advisory Opinion 2012-22
- 16 (skimmerhat), the Commission determined expressly that contributions made through a for-profit
- 17 corporation's website were "direct contributions to the candidate . . . via a commercial

Thus, earmarked contributions are "subject to the original contributors' limits on contributions to the candidate." Affiliated Committees, Transfers, Prohibited Contributions, Annual Contribution Limitations and Earmarked Contributions, 54 FR 34098, 34105 (Aug. 17, 1989). 52 U.S.C. 30116(a)(8).

<sup>81 11</sup> CFR 110.6(b)(1).

<sup>82</sup> See 52 U.S.C. 30118.

<sup>83 11</sup> CFR 110.6(b)(2).

<sup>84</sup> See 11 CFR 110.6(b)(2)(i).

See Advisory Opinion 2021-10 (Retail Benefits, Inc.); Advisory Opinion 2018-05 (CaringCent); Advisory Opinion 2007-04 (Atlatl); Advisory Opinion 2004-19 (DollarVote.org); see also Advisory Opinion 2012-09 (Points for Politics).

See Advisory Opinion 2021-07 (PACMS); Advisory Opinion 2019-04 (Prytany); Advisory Opinion 2017-06 (Stein and Gottlieb); Advisory Opinion 2011-19 (GivingSphere); Advisory Opinion 2011-06 (Democracy Engine); Advisory Opinion 2006-08 (Brooks).

processing service" and "not contributions to an intermediary and earmarked for a candidate."87 1 2 The Commission explained that "certain electronic transactional services . . . do not run afoul of 3 the prohibition on corporations acting as a conduit or intermediary for earmarked contributions 4 because certain electronic transactional services are so essential to the flow of modern commerce 5 that they are akin to 'delivery services, bill-paying services, or check writing services." 88 6 In the NRPM, the Commission proposed two alternatives to amend 11 CFR 110.6(b) by 7 exempting commercial payment processors from the definition of "conduit or intermediary" in 8 11 CFR 110.6(b)(2). Proposed alternatives A and B both would have exempted "commercial 9 payment processors" from the earmarking rule, defining a "commercial payment processor" as 10 any person whose usual and normal business is to process payments and who processes 11 payments to candidates and authorized committees in the ordinary course of business; proposed 12 alternative A would have additionally required that such a processor not exercise direction or 13 control over the choice of the recipient candidate or authorized committee. The Commission 14 also asked, though, whether it should bring § 110.6 in line with the flow of modern commerce by 15 revising the definition of "earmarked" at 11 CFR 110.6(b)(1) — rather than revising the 16 definition of "conduit or intermediary" at 11 CFR 110.6(b)(2) — by, for example, clarifying that 17 the definition of "earmark" does not generally include a contributor's authorization to initiate an electronic transaction.89 18

Advisory Opinion 2012-22 (skimmerhat) at 10.

Id. (citing Advisory Opinion 2011-06 (Democracy Engine)); see also Advisory Opinion 2016-08 (eBundler.com) at 8 ("where a commercial vendor provides contribution processing services to contributors, the contributions made through the platform . . . are . . . direct contributions to the candidate . . . made via a commercial processing service" and not earmarked contributions); Advisory Opinion 2014-07 (Crowdpac) (approving commercial processor's transmission of contributions to candidates); ActBlue, Comment at 5, sers.fec.gov/fosers/showpdf.htm?docid=297360 (stating that without electronic payment processors, "committees would not be able to raise campaign funds on the Internet or by credit card at all").

NPRM, 81 FR 76427.

After further consideration, the Commission has decided to adopt this latter approach to
revising the earmarking rule. Specifically, the Commission is revising § 110.6 to clarify in the
definition of "earmarked" in 11 CFR 110.6(b)(1) that a "contributor's authorization that a
commercial payment processor, whose usual and normal business is to process payments,
transmit funds from the contributor to the designated candidate or authorized committee in the
commercial payment processor's ordinary course of business does not in itself constitute an
earmark." This final rule adopts the description of "commercial payment processor" proposed in
both alternatives A and B, i.e., an entity whose usual and normal business is to process payments
and which does so in the ordinary course of business. However, because the new rule presents
an exception to the definition of "earmark" rather than an exception to the definition of "conduit
or intermediary," the new rule focuses on the contributor's authorization of the transaction rather
than on the payment processor's actions. This approach is consistent with the changes the
Commission is making to "authorization" of transactions in 11 CFR 102.8, discussed above.
As mentioned in the NPRM, the new rule clarifies that a contributor's authorization to
initiate an electronic transaction through a payment processor does not "in itself" constitute an
earmark. This regulatory language is intended to recognize that a contribution that is otherwise
earmarked within the meaning of the Commission's regulations is not excluded from treatment
as an earmark merely because the transaction includes an authorization to a payment processor.
The Commission anticipates that specific applications of the revised definition of "earmark,"
including instances where a processor exercises direction or control over the contribution, will be
informed by the Commission's existing precedents.
The term "commercial payment processors" is not intended to distinguish between
persons who process contributions as a service to contributors and those who process

1	contributions as a service to candidates and authorized committees. Thus, the term encompasses
2	processors that transmit funds from wireless service providers to recipient committees, as well as
3	online payment systems such as PayPal and Square, and the requestors in the advisory opinions
4	in which the Commission has approved electronic payment processing. 90 The Commission
5	anticipates, however, that the distinction will remain relevant to determine whether fees
6	associated with contributions made through commercial payment processors are considered part
7	of the contributed amount. As the Commission has explained in several advisory opinions,
8	where a contributor's payment of a fee would "relieve the recipient political committee[] of a
9	financial burden [it] would otherwise incur," the fee would be considered a contribution. 91
10	The Commission intends the revision to 11 CFR 110.6(b)(1) to clarify and codify its
11	existing guidance on the issue, and thus to encourage the use of evolving and emerging
12	technological innovations to process contributions electronically.
13	3. When a Political Committee Deposits the Contribution: Campaign
14	Depositories, Merchant Accounts, and Recordkeeping
15	Once a political committee has received a contribution, it must deposit that receipt in an
16	account at a campaign depository within ten days. 92 The campaign depository must be a state
17	bank, federally chartered depository institution, or depository institution with accounts insured
18	by certain federal agencies. 93

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Because the new rule does not turn on the incorporation status of a payment processor, it does not affect the ability of a limited liability company that opts to be treated like a partnership for tax purposes to process contributions to candidates in the ordinary course of business. *See* Advisory Opinion 2012-09 (Points for Politics).

See, e.g., Advisory Opinion 2017-06 (Stein and Gottlieb) at 5; Advisory Opinion 2015-15

<sup>(</sup>WeSupportThat.com) at 5 (quoting Advisory Opinion 2014-07 (Crowdpac) and Advisory Opinion 2011-06 (Democracy Engine)).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>92</sup> 52 U.S.C. 30102(h)(1); 11 CFR 103.3(a).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>93</sup> See 52 U.S.C. 30102(h)(1); 11 CFR 103.2; see also 11 CFR 102.2(a)(1)(vi) (disclosure of campaign depositories).

1	The Commission is revising several regulations to address issues related to the deposit
2	into campaign depositories of contributions made electronically. First, the Commission is
3	revising 11 CFR 103.3(a) to clarify the campaign depository requirements for joint merchant
4	accounts. Second, the Commission is revising 11 CFR 102.9(a)(4) and 9036.1(b)(4) to address
5	recordkeeping related to the electronic transfer of contributions from a payment processor to a
6	political committee's campaign depository.
7	a. Campaign Depositories for Joint Merchant Accounts — 11 CFR 103.3
8	Many political committees and payment processors use merchant accounts to process
9	contributions. As one commenter noted in response to the ANPRM: "In order to accept credit
10	card contributions, the committee must have a merchant account with the payment processor
11	which is connected to the website on the contribution end and to a specific bank account on the
12	processing end."94 The commenter characterized the merchant account system that is used for
13	payment transfers as "nothing but an accounting tool which operates purely as a pass-through." 95
14	Merchant accounts operated and controlled by a payment processor may contain
15	contributions for several different political committees. <sup>96</sup> The Commission has indicated that a
16	political committee receiving funds through one of these merchant accounts should report and
17	treat the merchant account as a campaign depository account. 97
18	The Commission has now reconsidered its earlier guidance that political committees
19	report the joint merchant accounts through which their contributions flow as their own campaign

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ActBlue, Comment at 2, sers.fec.gov/fosers/showpdf.htm?docid=297360.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>95</sup> *Id.* at 4.

See Advisory Opinion 1995-34 (Politechs) n.6 (describing processing of contributions for multiple committees through one merchant account).

Id; see also Advisory Opinion 1999-22 (Aristotle Publishing) (approving proposal under which recipient political committees would report payment processor's FDIC-insured merchant account through which their contributions flowed as campaign depository accounts); Advisory Opinion 2012-07 (Feinstein for Senate) at 5 n.9 (reaffirming that "joint merchant account" of type described in Advisory Opinion 1999-22 (Aristotle Publishing) is campaign depository).

depository accounts. The Commission is not convinced of the disclosure or compliance value of 1 2 reporting a third party's pass-through account, which the recipient political committee does not own, operate, or control, as the committee's own account. 98 The Commission is therefore 3 4 amending 11 CFR 103.3(a), which governs the deposit of receipts in campaign depositories, to 5 provide that contributions deposited in the ordinary course of business in a merchant account of a 6 payment processor described in new 11 CFR 102.8(d) are not "receipts" of the recipient political 7 committee, but are, instead, contributions to be forwarded by the processor under 11 CFR 8 102.8.99 Together with the revisions to § 102.8 discussed above, this amendment aims to ensure 9 that electronic payments passing through merchant accounts comply with FECA's forwarding 10 requirements, while also adapting the campaign-depository rule to account for the ways in which 11 electronic payments differ from the cash and check contributions that predominated when those 12 requirements were enacted. 13 The new merchant account regulation applies to merchant accounts held in the ordinary 14 course of business by payment processors described in new 11 CFR 102.8(d) and not, therefore, 15 to accounts of political committees. Thus, if a political committee administers or otherwise 16 controls a merchant account, that account constitutes and must be reported as a campaign 17 account as it always has. 18 In conjunction with the change to 11 CFR 103.3(a), the Commission is superseding

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Advisory Opinion 1995-34 (Politechs), Advisory Opinion 1999-22 (Aristotle Publishing), and

See Advisory Opinion 2017-02 (War Chest) (concluding that committee need not report as campaign depositories those accounts held by trust in sub-custodian bank accounts in trust's name and over which committee has no control); ActBlue, Comment at 4, sers.fec.gov/fosers/showpdf.htm?docid=297360 (noting that merchant accounts are standard aspect of credit card processing and arguing that therefore "there is no need to treat merchant accounts as campaign depositories which must be registered with the Commission").

For ease of reading, the Commission is also dividing § 103.3(a) into two subparts to address the two distinct issues (receipts and disbursements) addressed therein.

- 1 Advisory Opinion 2012-07 (Feinstein for Senate), to the extent that these advisory opinions
- 2 interpreted FECA as requiring political committees to treat joint merchant accounts over which
- 3 the recipient political committees exercise no control as their own campaign depository accounts.
- b. Recordkeeping 11 CFR 102.9(a)(4) and 9036.1(b)(4)
- As noted above, FECA and Commission regulations require any person who receives a
- 6 contribution for or on behalf of a political committee to forward the contribution and information
- 7 about the contributor to the political committee within a certain period of time. <sup>100</sup> The
- 8 Commission has seen, through its auditing function, that committees often receive contributions
- 9 separately from contributors' information; that is, payment processors often forward
- 10 contributions as an aggregated amount but forward information about each individual contributor
- separately. Because of this, marrying individual contributor information with the recipient
- political committee's records of receipts and deposits can be a challenge when committees are
- 13 audited.
- To address these challenges, the Commission is revising 11 CFR 102.9(a)(4). Section
- 15 102.9(a)(4) currently requires political committees to maintain, for each contribution that they
- receive in excess of \$50, either (i) a full-size photocopy of the check or written instrument, or
- 17 (ii) a digital image of the check or written instrument. As revised, paragraphs (4)(i) and (4)(ii)
- are being replaced with a new paragraph (4), which requires political committees to maintain a
- 19 "record" of each contribution received. For checks or written instruments in excess of \$50, the
- 20 revised rule still requires treasurers to maintain an image of the instrument. For all contributions,
- 21 the revised rule adds a requirement that a record of the receipt must include sufficient
- 22 information associating that contribution with its deposit in the political committee's campaign

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>100</sup> 52 U.S.C. 30102(b)(2); 11 CFR 102.8(a).

1	depository, such as a batch number. The revised rule also removes the requirement that
2	committees provide the Commission with the electronic means to read such records because that
3	requirement appears in the new definition of "record" discussed above.
4	The Commission is adopting a similar revision to the recordkeeping provision at 11 CFR
5	9036.1(b)(4), which applies to bank documentation of deposits of publicly matched
6	contributions. Section 9036.1(b)(4) requires a candidate to submit "bank documentation, such as
7	bank-validated deposit slips or unvalidated deposit slips accompanied by the relevant bank
8	statements, which indicate that the contributions were deposited into a designated campaign
9	depository." The Commission is adding, after "relevant bank statements," language that would
10	apply to electronic deposits: "or, for deposits made electronically, information associating
11	contributions to their deposit in the designated campaign depository, such as a batch number."
12	E. Other Considerations in Electronic Contributions and Disbursements
13	The Commission is revising other regulations to modernize requirements concerning the
14	receipt of "currency" and "cash"; the receipt, disbursement, and transfer of funds; the records of
15	contributions eligible for public matching funds; and the designation and attribution of
16	contributions in light of electronic transactions and records.
17	1. "Currency" and "Cash" — 11 CFR 110.4
18	The term "contribution" includes gifts, advances, and deposits of "money" by any person
19	for the purpose of influencing a federal election. 101 The term "money" includes "currency of the

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United States or of any foreign nation," as well as checks, money orders, and any other

negotiable instrument payable on demand. 102

<sup>52</sup> U.S.C. 30101(8)(A)(i); 11 CFR 100.52(a); see also 52 U.S.C. 30101(9)(A)(i); 11 CFR 100.111(a) (corresponding provisions for the term "expenditure").

11 CFR 100.52(c): see also id 100.111(f)

<sup>11</sup> CFR 100.52(c); see also id. 100.111(d) (corresponding provision for expenditures).

1	The legislative history of FECA indicates that Congress was particularly concerned about
2	the role of cash in federal elections. As one legislator noted, "cash offers too facile a medium for
3	unethical and illegal activities"; its "untraceability" and "easy transferability" were of particular
4	concern. 103 Thus, Congress limited contributions of currency to \$100. 104 Commission
5	regulations also prohibit the use in federal elections of any portion of an anonymous "cash"
6	contribution that exceeds \$50.105
7	The Commission invited comment several times on payment methods that share some of
8	the characteristics of cash and received only a few comments addressing this topic. In the
9	ANPRM, the Commission asked "whether prepaid debit, credit, banking, and gift cards are
10	functionally the same as cash" and whether the Commission should amend its regulations to
11	prohibit contributions in excess of \$100 using those methods. 106 The Commission received one
12	comment that addressed prepaid cards, from an entity that processes online contributions. In the
13	NPRM, the Commission noted again that some electronic payment methods, particularly prepaid
14	cards and some forms of cryptocurrency, have certain characteristics that are similar to cash. 107
15	Like currency, prepaid cards and some forms of cryptocurrency are easily transferable and
16	relatively untraceable; all that is needed to acquire and use them is sufficient cash to purchase
17	them. The Commission therefore proposed to update its rules to apply the limitations on
18	contributions of cash or currency at 11 CFR 110.4(c) to contributions made by prepaid cards. 108
19	No commenters addressed this proposal. Most recently, the Commission sought comment about

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>103</sup> 120 Cong. Rec. H7832 (daily ed. Aug. 7, 1974) (statement of Rep. Boland).

<sup>52</sup> U.S.C. 30123; see also 11 CFR 110.4(c) (also referring to such contributions as "cash"), 9034.3(j) (disallowing matching funds for contributions of currency of United States or foreign country).

<sup>11</sup> CFR 110.4(c)(3); see also 52 U.S.C. 30102(c)(2) (requiring name and address of contributors for contributions over \$50).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>106</sup> ANPRM, 78 FR at 25638.

NPRM, 81 FR at 76429.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>108</sup> *Id*.

prepaid card transactions in the Request for Additional Comment, but did not receive any
 comments in response.<sup>109</sup>

3 The Commission also asked in the NPRM whether it should restrict contributions of 4 cryptocurrency such as bitcoin to the "cash" contribution limit at 11 CFR 110.4(c). 5 Alternatively, the Commission asked whether it should treat receipts and disbursements of 6 cryptocurrency as in-kind contributions because they cannot be deposited in campaign 7 depositories. 110 Two commenters, an advocacy center focused on blockchain technologies and a 8 cryptocurrency exchange, discussed the use of cryptocurrency in response to the NPRM. Both 9 opined that the Commission should not treat cryptocurrency contributions the same as cash contributions. 10

The Commission has determined not to amend its rules at this time to address prepaid cards or cryptocurrency. These payment methods involve potentially complex commercial and technological issues that are beyond the Commission's current expertise. To understand fully the potential effects that any regulatory changes might have on industry practices, it is important for the Commission to hear from those who regularly use and implement these payment methods. Few commenters have shared their perspectives on the feasibility or potential implications of amending Commission regulations to address prepaid cards or cryptocurrency. Because any regulatory changes concerning these payment methods would benefit from a more focused inquiry and expertise on these rapidly evolving technologies, the Commission has decided not to amend its regulations as proposed at this time.

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Reguest for Additional Comment, 87 FR at 54916-17.

See 11 CFR 102.10 (requiring committee disbursements be made by check from campaign depositories), 103.3(a) (setting campaign depository requirements for receipts and disbursements).

1	2. Updating References to Contributions and Disbursements by Check
2	a. Committee Disbursements by Electronic Transfer
3	FECA requires each political committee to maintain at least one checking account and to
4	make all disbursements (other than from petty cash) "by check." 111 The Commission has
5	implemented this requirement in regulations that require all disbursements (other than petty cash
6	disbursements) to be made "by check or similar draft drawn on" a campaign depository
7	account. <sup>112</sup> The Commission has further interpreted the term "similar draft" to include certain
8	forms of electronic disbursement. 113 Consistent with these prior interpretations and in light of
9	the increasing use of electronic transactions in the campaign finance arena, the Commission is
10	revising 11 CFR 102.10 and 103.3(a) to provide that disbursements may be made by "check or
11	similar draft, including electronic transfer" from a campaign depository; revising 11 CFR
12	110.1(b)(3)(i)(A) to enable political committees to refund contributions by "committee check or
13	similar draft, including electronic transfer"; and revising 11 CFR 110.6(c)(1)(iv)(C) to require
14	conduits and intermediaries to report earmarked contributions that are forwarded by electronic
15	transfer, in addition to reporting earmarked contributions forwarded in cash or by the
16	contributor's or conduit's check. The Commission intends these revisions to be consistent with
17	the Commission's prior interpretations of the terms "check" or "similar draft."
18	b. Recordkeeping for Disbursements by Electronic Transfer
19	In light of the regulatory revisions for disbursements by electronic transfer, and because
20	current technology allows checks to be processed electronically without the creation of a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>111</sup> 52 U.S.C. 30102(h)(1).

<sup>11</sup> CFR 102.10; see also id. 103.3(a) (same).

See, e.g., Advisory Opinion 1993-04 (Christopher Cox Congressional Committee) (approving "computer driven billpayer service" that disbursed funds by electronic transfer); Advisory Opinion 1982-25 (Barbara Sigmund for Congress Committee) (concluding that wire transfer qualifies as "similar draft").

1	canceled check (such as depositing a check using a smartphone app), the Commission is revising
2	the recordkeeping requirements for political committee disbursements. Section 102.9(b)
3	describes the records that political committees must keep of their disbursements. The
4	Commission is revising 11 CFR 102.9(b)(2), (b)(2)(i)(B), and (b)(2)(ii), which currently require
5	committees to keep a "cancelled check" to a payee or recipient (among other records of
6	disbursements) to provide that a record of disbursement may consist of a "canceled check or
7	record of electronic transfer" to the payee or recipient. The Commission also is removing
8	11 CFR 102.9(b)(2)(iii), which requires political committees to document disbursements made
9	by share drafts or checks drawn on credit union accounts, because this provision is no longer
10	necessary in light of changes to the recordkeeping provisions in other parts of § 102.9.
11	Sections 9003.5(b) and 9033.11(b) contain the disbursement documentation requirements
12	for publicly financed candidates. The Commission is revising 11 CFR 9003.5(b)(1),
13	9003.5(b)(1)(iv), 9003.5(b)(2)(ii), 9033.11(b)(1), 9033.11(b)(1)(iv), and 9033.11(b)(2)(ii) to
14	provide explicitly that a record of disbursement may consist of a "record of electronic transfer to
15	the payee," in addition to canceled checks negotiated by the payee.
16	c. Electronic Funds Transfers Related to Separate Segregated Fund
17	Administration
18	The Commission is making similar revisions to two regulations relating to contributions
19	by "check" to a separate segregated fund ("SSF"). First, the Commission is revising 11 CFR
20	102.6(c)(3), which provides that a contributor may "write a check" representing both a
21	contribution to an SSF and a payment of dues or other fees "drawn on the contributor's personal
22	checking account or on a non-repayable corporate drawing account of the individual

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1 contributor." <sup>114</sup> In Advisory Opinion 1990-04 (American Veterinary Medica	al Association PAC)
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- 2 the Commission interpreted this provision as allowing a combined payment by credit card.
- 3 Consistent with the approach in that advisory opinion, and because of the increasing use of
- 4 electronic payments, the Commission is revising 11 CFR 102.6(c)(3) to enable contributors to
- 5 make combined payments to an SSF by credit card or electronic payment, as well as by check.
- 6 The combined payment would still have to be made from the contributor's personal account,
- 7 irrespective of whether made by check or electronically, or through a payroll-deduction plan. 115
- 8 The rule retains the reference to "a non-repayable corporate drawing account of the individual,"
- 9 because the Commission wants to retain the clarification that such accounts are, for purposes of
- 10 11 CFR 102.6(c)(3), "personal accounts."

Second, the Commission is revising 11 CFR 114.6(d)(2)(iii), which requires the custodian of an SSF to forward to the SSF funds from certain separate accounts "by check drawn on" such accounts. Consistent with the revisions concerning disbursements from campaign depositories, the Commission is revising 11 CFR 114.6(d)(2)(iii) to allow such funds to be forwarded "by check or similar draft, including electronic transfer."

### d. Electronic Transfers of Earmarked Contributions

The Commission has determined not to revise 11 CFR 110.6(c)(1)(v) to address a conduit or intermediary's electronic forwarding of an earmarked contribution. Section 110.6(c)(1)(v) sets forth the mechanisms for reporting two categories of earmarked contributions: those that pass through a conduit or intermediary's account, and those that the conduit or intermediary forwards to a committee "in the form of a contributor's check or other written instrument" without first depositing them in the conduit's or intermediary's account. The regulation thus

<sup>11</sup> CFR 102.6(c)(3).

See id. (describing combined payments under payroll deduction plan).

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- does not currently address earmarked contributions that the conduit or intermediary forwards
- 2 electronically without those funds first passing through the conduit or intermediary's account.
- 3 The Commission asked in the NPRM whether such transactions occur, but it received no
- 4 comments in response. Given the lack of information before the Commission on this question,
- 5 the Commission is not making changes at this time.
  - 3. Electronic Contributions to Publicly Funded Committees

7 The Funding Acts allow public fund matching only for contributions "made by a written

8 instrument which identifies the person making the contribution by full name and mailing

address."116 The Commission is revising 11 CFR 9034.2, which defines "written instrument" in

this context to include contributions by credit and debit card — but not when made over the

telephone — to a participant in the primary matching fund program. 117 Section 9034.2(b) allows

a political committee to receive matching funds for contributions by credit card made over the

internet only if the electronic record of that transaction includes "the name of the cardholder and

the card number, which can be maintained electronically and reproduced in a written form."

And § 9034.2(c) requires the contribution also to contain the contributor's "signature," which is

defined for these purposes as "either an actual signature . . . or in the case of such a contribution

made over the Internet, the full name and card number of the cardholder who is the donor,

entered and transmitted by the cardholder."

Comments received on the ANPRM urged the Commission to bring the requirement that

committees maintain the full card number of contributors in line with payment industry security

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>116</sup> 26 U.S.C. 9034(a).

See 11 CFR 9034.2(c)(8) (permitting matching of credit and debit card contributions by written instrument as set forth in 11 CFR 9034.2(b) and (c), but not credit or debit card contributions made orally).

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standards. 118 Payment industry standards limit the storage and retention of payment card

- 2 information in order to safeguard consumers and the payment system from fraud. 119
- 3 Specifically, entities may not store the three-digit code printed on the back of payment cards and
- 4 must render unreadable (by truncation, hashing, or encryption) the card number and expiration
- 5 date where that information is stored. 120

Because § 9034.2(b) and (c) require publicly funded candidates to retain the card number

7 for each contribution by credit or debit card, some committees have historically viewed these

8 regulations as inconsistent with payment industry security practices and requirements.

9 Accordingly, and in recognition of the security risks that are attendant upon storing credit card

numbers, the Commission is revising 11 CFR 9034.2(b) and (c) by removing the requirements

that the recipient must retain contributors' debit and credit card numbers to be eligible for

matching funds. All of the regulation's other requirements will remain in effect, including the

requirements that the recipient collect the full name and mailing address of each contributor and

maintain a "record that can be reproduced on paper" of each electronic contribution.

At this time, the Commission is not revising 11 CFR 9034.2(c)(8)(i), which prohibits public fund matching of credit and debit card contributions "where the cardholder's name and card number are given . . . only orally." When § 9034.2(c) was first adopted, the Commission explained the exclusion of credit card "signatures" made over the telephone as consistent with the "written instrument" limitation on the definition of "contribution" in 26 U.S.C. 9034(a). 121

See ActBlue, Comment at 2, sers.fec.gov/fosers/showpdf.htm?docid=297360; Perkins Coie, Comment at 2, sers.fec.gov/fosers/showpdf.htm?docid=297359; Visa, Comment at 1-3, sers.fec.gov/fosers/showpdf.htm?docid=297361.

Visa, Comment at 2, sers.fec.gov/fosers/showpdf.htm?docid=297361.

<sup>120</sup> *Id.* at 2-3.

See Matching Credit Card and Debit Card Contributions in Presidential Campaigns, 64 FR 32394, 32395-96 (June 17, 1999).

1 The Commission explained that an oral authorization of a credit or debit card contribution is not

- 2 a "written instrument" for purposes of the Funding Acts, because the only record of such a
- transaction is "created wholly by the recipient committee," whereas for written authorizations "it 3
- 4 is the signatory's . . . act of entering his or her own name that represents a legal act." 122
- 5 Although an electronic record of a credit or debit card contribution authorized orally — such as
- an audio recording of the authorization constitutes a "written" "record" under FECA, 123 such 6
- 7 a record is created by the recipient committee and thus does not constitute a "written instrument"
- 8 sufficient to meet the Funding Acts' prerequisite for a candidate's receipt of public funds, 26
- 9 U.S.C. 9034(a).

10 Finally, the Commission is revising 11 CFR 9036.2(b)(1)(iii), which requires committees

- 11 to provide the Commission with a list of contribution "checks returned unpaid" (i.e., "bounced").
- 12 The Commission is adding a parallel provision for the electronic equivalent of bounced checks
- 13 by requiring committees to provide a list of "credit or debit card or other electronic payment
- 14 chargebacks." The Commission is not adding a similar provision regarding chargebacks to
- 15 11 CFR 9036.1(b)(7), which concerns a committee's initial submission for matching funds,
- 16 because 11 CFR 9036.1(b)(4) already requires such initial submissions to include validation for
- 17 each deposited contribution.

<sup>122</sup> Id. at 32396.

See, e.g., Advisory Opinion 2013-12 (Service Employees International Union COPE) (noting that "a telephone-based authorization system that included computer-based (and retrievable) records" could "incorporate[] procedural safeguards and recordkeeping mechanisms equivalent to . . . a handwritten signature on a paper document" (internal quotations omitted)).

	1	4.	Designation,	Redesignation,	and Attribution of	f Contributions
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The Commission is revising several provisions concerning the written designation of contributions for particular elections and the attribution of contributions to particular contributors.

First, the Commission is revising 11 CFR 110.1(b)(4), 110.2(b)(4), and 9003.3(a)(1)(vi), which define when contributions are "designated in writing." Each of these rules now allows a contribution to be designated for a particular election (or account, in the case of 11 CFR 9003.3(a)(1)(vi))<sup>124</sup> if it is made: (1) by a check, money order, or negotiable instrument which clearly indicates it is made with respect to that election or account; or (2) with an accompanying writing signed by the contributor that clearly indicates it is made with respect to that election or account. To ensure that these regulations apply uniformly to electronic and non-electronic transactions, the Commission is removing the reference to a "check, money order, or other negotiable instrument" from 11 CFR 110.1(b)(4)(i), 110.2(b)(4)(i), and 9003.3(a)(1)(vi)(A).

Similarly, the Commission is revising 11 CFR 110.1(k)(1) and 9034.2(c), which govern attribution of joint contributions. Section 110.1(k)(1) provides that any contribution made by more than one person, other than a contribution by a partnership, "shall include the signature of each contributor on the check, money order, or other negotiable instrument or in a separate writing." Because many contributions are made electronically rather than "by check, money order, or other negotiable instrument," the Commission is removing that reference to how a contribution is made from 11 CFR 110.1(k)(1). The revised regulation requires instead that any joint contribution be "indicated by the signature of each contributor in writing," without reference to a particular written instrument.

Section 9003.3(a) concerns contributions to a publicly funded presidential candidate's general election legal and accounting ("GELAC") account.

1	In the matching-funds context, § 9034.2(c) details the manners in which joint
2	contributions may be attributed, depending on the type of written instrument by which the
3	contribution is made. The Commission is adding to this section a provision governing the
4	attribution of matchable contributions made by credit and debit cards. Specifically, new
5	§ 9034.2(c)(8)(iii) parallels the joint attribution principles that apply to contributions by check, <sup>125</sup>
6	by providing that, "to be attributed to more than one person, a signed written statement must
7	accompany the credit or debit card contribution indicating that the contribution was made from
8	each individual's personal funds in the amount so attributed."
9	F. Updating Other Technologically Outmoded References
10	The Commission is updating its regulations to reflect technological advances and to
11	remove certain references to outmoded technologies. These revisions do not affect the substance
12	of any of the revised regulations.
13	1. Telegrams, Telephones, Typewriters, Audio Tapes, and Facsimiles
14	The Commission is removing the reference to "telegram" in 11 CFR 104.6(c)(1) because
15	telegrams are obsolete and therefore not useful to include in the regulation's illustrative, non-
16	exhaustive list of types of communications. 126
17	For the same reason, the Commission is replacing the reference to "typewriters" with
18	"computers" in 11 CFR 114.9(d) and removing the references to "typewriters" (without
19	substituting a new term) in 11 CFR 9004.6(a) and 9034.6(a). The word "computer" in these
20	contexts includes not only PCs, but also tablets, smartphones, and similar devices.

<sup>125</sup> See 11 CFR 9034.2(c)(1)(ii).

See Chenda Ngak, Last telegram ever to be sent July 14, CBS News, (June 18, 2013), https://www.cbsnews.com/news/last-telegram-ever-to-be-sent-july-14/ (reporting that India's state-run telecommunications company, "the last large-scale telegraph system in the world," was slated to shut down telegraph service "because that part of its business is not commercially viable").

1	Similarly, the Commission is adding "internet service" to non-exhaustive illustrative lists
2	that include "telephone service" in 11 CFR 106.2(b)(2)(iii)(D), 9004.6(a) and (b), and 9034.6(a)
3	and (b).
4	Because most recording is now digital rather than on magnetic tape, the Commission is
5	replacing all regulatory references to "tapes," as in, for example, "audio tapes," with references
6	to "recordings" in 11 CFR 200.6(a)(5), 9007.7(b)(2), and 9038.7(b)(2).
7	The Commission also is revising 11 CFR 108.6(b), which requires state officers to
8	preserve certain reports concerning federal elections, by replacing the phrase "in facsimile copy
9	by microfilm or otherwise" with "by copy." The Commission is not, however, removing all
10	references to "facsimile" from its regulations. For example, certain uses of "facsimile" in the
11	regulations are grounded in the use of the word in FECA, such as the definition of "mass
12	mailing" in 11 CFR 100.27, which is drawn from FECA's definition of "mass mailing" as
13	including "a mailing by facsimile." 127
14	2. Microfilm and Obsolete Computer References
15	The Commission is removing most references to "microfilm," "computer tape,"
16	"magnetic tape," and similar terms from the regulations because these technologies are, for most
17	purposes, obsolete. These references are largely found in the rules implementing the Funding
18	Acts, FOIA, the Privacy Act, and the Commission's Public Disclosure and Media Relations
19	Division. Specifically, the Commission is making the following revisions, none of which is
20	substantive:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>127</sup> 52 U.S.C. 30101(23).

1	• 1	remove the references to "microform," "computer tape or microfilm,"
2	•	"computerized," and "Computerized Magnetic Media Requirements" in 11 CFR
3		4.1(j), 4.9(c)(5), 9007.1(b)(1), 9036.2(b)(1)(vi), and 9038.1(b)(1);
4	• 1	replace references to "machine readable documentation," "magnetic tape or disk,"
5		"computer disk," "magnetic tapes or magnetic diskettes," and "computerized
6	1	magnetic media" with "digital storage device" in 11 CFR 4.1(j), 4.9(a)(3),
7	9	9003.1(b)(4), 9003.6(a), 9033.1(b)(5), 9033.12(a), and 9036.1(b)(2);
8	•	delete 11 CFR 9003.6(b) and 9033.12(b), which concern the organization of computer
9	į	information according to technical specifications of a computer system the
10	•	Commission no longer uses;
11	• 1	replace "computers" with "computers or other electronic devices" in 11 CFR
12	9	9004.6(a)(1) and 9034.6(a)(1); and
13	• 1	replace "either solely in magnetic media from or in both printed and magnetic media
14	:	forms" with "in printed or digital form or a combination of printed and digital forms"
15	<u>:</u>	in 11 CFR 9036.2(b)(1)(ii).
16	The	Commission also is revising and simplifying the fee structures at 11 CFR 4.9 and
17	5.6, which	concern fees for FOIA and Public Disclosure. Specifically, the Commission is
18	removing 1	1 CFR 4.9(a)(2) (imposing \$25 per hour computer access FOIA fee); revising
19	11 CFR 4.9	(c)(4) and 5.6(a) to reduce the fee for document certification; removing from 11 CFR
20	4.9(c)(4) an	nd 5.6(a) the fees for "microfilm reader-printer" and "microfilm-paper" copies, "reels
21	of microfilm	n," publications, computer tapes and indexes, professional research time, and

1 transcripts; 128 removing the specified staff charges from § 4.9(c)(4) and adding a provision to 2 charge the "direct costs," including staff and digital storage devices on which records are 3 produced; removing from 11 CFR 5.6(a) the fees for professional "research time/photocopying 4 time"; removing 11 CFR 5.6(b), which establishes fees for providing Commission publications; 5 and removing from 11 CFR 5.6(c) the reference to use of a contractor for microfilm and 6 computer tape duplication. The Commission also is making a conforming revision to 11 CFR 7 112.2(b) by including a reference to the Commission's website in conjunction with an existing 8 reference to the Public Disclosure and Media Relations Division. 9 In the NPRM, the Commission sought comment on two parallel provisions concerning 10 accommodations for the hearing impaired in television commercials prepared and distributed by 11 publicly financed candidates. The Funding Acts require such candidates to certify that any 12 television advertisement "contains or is accompanied by closed captioning of the oral content of 13 the commercial to be broadcast in line 21 of the vertical blanking interval, or is capable of being 14 viewed by deaf and hearing impaired individuals via any comparable successor technology to line 21 of the vertical blanking interval." Commission regulations implement this requirement 15 16 essentially verbatim at 11 CFR 9003.1(b)(10) and 9033.1(b)(12). The Commission asked whether there is a "successor technology" that should now be recognized in these provisions, 17 such as technologies that might not apply to traditional broadcast television but are used for 18 19 cable, satellite, or internet-based television (e.g., Hulu or Netflix). The Commission received no

comments in this area and has decided not to revise these rules at this time.

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The Commission is not changing regulatory references to microfilm that relate to older Commission records that are unavailable in other forms. *See, e.g.*, 11 CFR 5.6(a)(1) (establishing fee for making paper copies from microfilm).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>129</sup> 26 U.S.C. 9003(e).

2	The Commission is revising certain regulatory references to "websites" to accommodate
3	newer technologies — such as mobile applications ("apps") on smartphones and tablets, smart
4	TV, interactive gaming dashboards, e-book readers, and wearable network-enabled devices such
5	as smartwatches or headsets — that have taken many of the same roles and characteristics that
6	the Commission previously ascribed to websites.
7	First, when the Commission initiated this rulemaking, the definition of "public
8	communication" in 11 CFR 100.26 referred to communications placed for a fee on another
9	person's "Web site." <sup>130</sup> When the Commission defined "public communication" in 2006 to
10	include paid internet advertisements on websites, it analogized such advertisements to the other
11	forms of mass communication enumerated in FECA's definition of "public communication" —
12	such as television, radio, and newspapers — because "each lends itself to distribution of content
13	through an entity ordinarily owned or controlled by another person." <sup>131</sup> The Commission
14	focused on websites because that was the predominant means of paid internet advertising in
15	2006.132
16	In both the NPRM for this rulemaking and in an NPRM published in 2018 addressing
17	internet communications disclaimers and the definition of "public communication" ("Internet
18	Communications Disclaimers NPRM"), the Commission proposed updating the definition to

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The definition of "public communication" is relevant to the application of certain disclaimer requirements, 11 CFR 110.11(a), coordination rules, 11 CFR 109.21(c), and financing limitations, *e.g.*, 11 CFR 100.24(b)(3), 300.32(a)(1)-(2), 300.71.

See Internet Communications, 71 FR 18589, 18594 (Apr. 12, 2006); 52 U.S.C. 30101(22).

Even in the 2006 rulemaking, the Commission stated, albeit in a different context, that the "terms 'website' and 'any Internet or electronic publication' are meant to encompass a wide range of existing and developing technology, such as websites, 'podcasts,' etc." Internet Communications, 71 FR at 18608 n.52 (citing 2005 testimony enumerating variety of "Internet communication technologies," including instant messaging, "Internet Relay Chat," social networking software, and widgets).

1	include a reference to an "internet-enabled device or application." <sup>133</sup> In each case, the
2	Commission asked whether such terms were "sufficiently clear and technically accurate" to
3	describe "the various media through which paid internet communications can be sent and
4	received." <sup>134</sup> In response to the Internet Communications Disclaimers NPRM, the Commission
5	received numerous comments addressing the proposed revision to the definition of "public
6	communication." <sup>135</sup> Most who commented on the issue supported the proposed revision.
7	The Commission amended the definition of "public communication" in the Internet
8	Communications Disclaimers rulemaking to include "communications placed for a fee on
9	another person's website, digital device, application, or advertising platform." <sup>136</sup> In that
10	rulemaking, the Commission also adopted a new defined term, "internet public communication,"
11	which is defined similarly as "any public communication over the internet that is placed for a fee
12	on another person's website, digital device, application, or advertising platform." <sup>137</sup>
13	The Commission asked in the Supplemental Notice of Proposed Rulemaking published in
14	this rulemaking ("SNPRM") whether the definitions of "public communication" and "internet
15	public communication" should also include communications that are "promoted for a fee" on
16	another person's website, digital device, application, or advertising platform, and whether such
17	communications that are "promoted for a fee" should be subject to the Commission's disclaimer
18	requirements. 138

See Internet Communication Disclaimers and Definition of "Public Communication", 83 FR 12864, 12868 (March 26, 2018).

NPRM, 81 FR at 76433-34; Internet Communication Disclaimers and Definition of "Public Communication", 83 FR at 12865, 12868.

The Commission received only one comment addressing the proposal to revise the definition of "public communication" in response to the NPRM for the Technological Modernization rulemaking. That comment is discussed further below.

Internet Communication Disclaimers and Definition of "Public Communication," 87 FR 77467, 77471 (Dec. 19, 2022).

<sup>137</sup> *Id.* at 77473.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>138</sup> SNPRM, 87 FR 75518 (Dec. 9, 2022).

The Commission received six substantive comments in response to the SNPRM. Three
commenters supported the proposal and three opposed it. Those commenters that supported the
proposal generally did so on the grounds that it better reflects the current advertising landscape
and would increase the transparency of sponsored content, so that voters can more readily
discern paid communications and determine the source of such messages. The commenters that
opposed the proposal expressed concerns about chilling ordinary citizens' speech, and that the
proposed language could be read to extend to political committees' internal staff and technology
costs. One such commenter suggested modifying the proposed definition to cover
communications "promoted for a fee paid to another person's website, digital device,
application, or advertising platform."
Based on the comments received, the Commission is amending the definition of "public
communication" at 11 CFR 100.26 and the definition of "internet public communication" at
11 CFR 110.11(c)(5)(i) to include communications over the internet that are "placed or promoted
for a fee on another person's website, digital device, application, or advertising platform. A
public communication is promoted for a fee where a payment is made to a website, digital
device, application, or advertising platform in order to increase the circulation, prominence, or
availability of the communication on that website, digital device, application, or advertising
platform."
The updated definitions of "public communication" and "internet public communication"

better reflect the wide and rapidly expanding array of paid internet advertising options. These amendments will increase transparency by helping to ensure that political committees and others properly disclose their paid internet communications. <sup>139</sup> In 2006, the court in *Shays v. Federal* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>139</sup> See Internet Communications, 71 FR 18589 (Apr. 12, 2006).

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Election Commission concluded that "[w]hile all Internet communications do not fall within [the 1 2 scope of 'any other form of general public political advertising'], some clearly do," <sup>140</sup> and 3 directed the Commission to determine what constitutes "general public political advertising" in 4 the context of internet communications. In amending the definition of "public communication" 5 in response to the *Shays* decision to include paid internet advertising, the Commission 6 acknowledged that the internet is "a unique and evolving mode of mass communication and 7 political speech." <sup>141</sup> As the internet has continued to evolve since that time, so have the 8 available forms of paid internet advertising, and the Commission is updating its regulations to 9 keep pace. 10 The amended definitions will also help to prevent the circumvention of disclaimer requirements on paid internet communications. 142 Under the former regulations, arguably a 11 12 political advertisement placed for free on a social media platform would not require a disclaimer 13 even if the advertiser then pays the platform to promote the communication to a wider audience, 14 while the same communication placed for a fee on the same social media platform to reach the 15 same audience would require a disclaimer. The amended definitions of "public communication"

Certain commenters opined that the definitions proposed in the SNPRM were too broad because they arguably expanded the definitions of "public communication" and "internet public communication" beyond paid advertising. The commenters were concerned that, as proposed,

and "internet public communication" will forestall such an argument by aligning the treatment of

these two forms of paid political ads.

Shays v. FEC, 337 F. Supp. 2d 28, 67 (D.D.C. 2004), aff'd, 414 F.3d 76 (D.C. Cir. 2005), reh'g en banc denied (Oct. 21, 2005).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>141</sup> Internet Communications, 71 FR 18589 (Apr. 12, 2006).

See id. at 18593 (recognizing "the important purpose of BCRA in preventing actual and apparent corruption and the circumvention of [FECA]").

1 the definitions could be read to capture political communications placed or promoted for free on 2 a third party's platform if the speaker incurs staffing, technology, or design costs to create the 3 communication. The revised definitions, however, apply only where the speaker pays a third 4 party's website, digital device, application or advertising platform to increase the 5 communication's visibility on that website, device, application, or platform. They do not apply 6 to communications where the speaker's only costs are to create the communication or to place or 7 promote the communication "using a forum that he or she controls to establish his or her own 8 audience."143 9 In the SNPRM, the Commission sought comments about whether any distinction should be made between several types of communications that are sometimes described as "promoted." 10 11 One type was a communication where "a website, digital device, application, or advertising 12 platform is paid directly to 'boost' or expand the scope of viewership of content containing 13 express advocacy or soliciting a contribution in order to increase the circulation or prominence of that content." <sup>144</sup> After reviewing the comments received, the Commission has decided that this 14 15 type of communication is analogous to the traditional forms of paid advertising identified in FECA as a "public communication" because the speaker pays the entity that owns or controls 16 17 the medium of communication to distribute the communication on the speaker's behalf. Accordingly, the updated definitions of "public communication" and "internet public 18 19 communication" include this type of "promoted" communication. Thus, for example, if a political committee posts a video solicitation for free on a social media platform and pays the 20

<sup>143</sup> Internet Communications, 71 FR 18589, 18594-95 (Apr. 12, 2006).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>144</sup> SNPRM, 87 FR at 75519.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>145</sup> 52 U.S.C. 30101(22); see also id. 30120(a); 11 CFR 110.26.

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platform to boost the video's viewership, the video is both a "public communication" and an 1 2 "internet public communication."

In contrast, the updated definitions of "public communication" and "internet public communication" do not apply to the other types of communications described in the SNPRM, where an individual is paid to create or share political content. <sup>146</sup> The definitions do not encompass instances where individuals make decisions about what content to share with their own audiences. For example, if a political committee posts a video soliciting contributions on a social media site for free and then pays an individual to post the video on that individual's social media page to share with the individual's followers, the video is neither a "public communication" nor an "internet public communication" under Commission regulations. The same result occurs if the political committee pays an individual to create and post a communication online for the individual's audience. In both situations, the individual would be communicating with the individual's own followers who have sought out such communications, which the Commission has determined are not "public communications." <sup>147</sup>

Some commenters were concerned that the amended definitions of "public communication" and "internet public communication" could affect individuals' political activity and speech on the internet more broadly. The Commission does not share this concern. Other than the disclaimer requirements discussed above, the amended definitions apply only to communications by entities that are already subject to Commission regulation or that coordinate with candidates or political parties already subject to regulation. <sup>148</sup> Communications by

<sup>146</sup> 

SNPRM, 87 FR at75519.

<sup>147</sup> See Internet Communications, 71 FR at 18594-95.

Other than disclaimer requirements, the changes affect the following regulatory provisions: the restrictions on funding of Federal election activity by political party committees and State and local candidates (52 U.S.C. 30101(20)); the allocation of costs of certain communications by some political committees under 11 CFR 106.6(b);

individuals, even when political in nature, should not be affected by the revised definitions other than in the disclaimer context.

Second, the Commission also proposed to revise the disclaimer provision in 11 CFR 110.11, which refers to political committees' "Internet websites" that are available to the general public. 149 When the Commission revised the disclaimer requirements in 2002 to apply to political committees' websites, it noted "the widespread use of this technology in modern campaigning, and the relatively nonintrusive nature of disclaimer requirements." Disclaimers on political committee websites, the Commission stated, "will assure, for example, that a website created and paid for by an individual will not have to include a disclaimer" while the "use of . . . websites to conduct campaign activity will have to provide the public notice of who is responsible." As noted in the discussion of "public communication" above, the Commission used the term "website" here because that was the predominant means of public "campaign activity" on the internet at the time. To update the now-outdated terminology in this provision, the Commission is revising it to refer to political committees' "websites and internet applications."

Third, the Commission is updating the definition of "federal election activity" to exclude *de minimis* costs incurred by a state, district, or local party committee for certain activities associated with apps. <sup>152</sup> Previously, the definition of "federal election activity" excluded *de minimis* costs associated with posting certain general voting information on the "Web site" of a

and the determination that certain communications must be treated as contributions if coordinated with a Federal candidate or political party committee under 11 CFR 109.21 and 109.37.

See 11 CFR 110.11(a)(1).
Disclaimers, Fraudulent Solicitation, Civil Penalties, and Personal Use of Campaign Funds, 67 FR 76962, 76964 (Dec. 13, 2002).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>151</sup> *Id*.

<sup>11</sup> CFR 100.24.

state, district, or local party committee or association of state or local candidates. 153 When the 1 2 Commission adopted these exclusions in 2010, it recognized the "administrative complexities" that state, district, and local party committees and associations of state and local candidates 3 4 would face in tracking the "nominal, incidental" costs of the enumerated activities. <sup>154</sup> The 5 Commission also recognized that many of these activities did not involve any costs and, for those 6 that did, the costs would be "so small that — even aggregated over a long period of time — they 7 would not result in any meaningful evasion of BCRA's soft money restrictions." The 8 Commission now is updating 11 CFR 100.24(c)(7) by providing that the *de minimis* exception 9 also applies to the same enumerated activities when conducted via internet apps of state, district, 10 and local party committees and associations of state and local candidates. The Commission 11 believes that the reasons for excluding this activity from the definition of federal election activity 12 when conducted on a party committee's website — i.e., its de minimis incremental cost and the 13 administrative difficulty of determining such cost — apply equally to making the specified 14 information available on a party committee's app. 15 Finally, the Commission is revising references to "World Wide Web site," "Web site" or 16 "web site" to read "website" in 11 CFR 4.4(g), 100.29(b)(6)(i) and (ii), 100.73, 100.94(b), 17 100.132, 104.22(b)(2)(i) and (ii), 110.1(c)(1)(iii), 110.2(e)(2), and 110.17(e)(1) and (2); "Internet Web site" to read "website" in 11 CFR 104.22(a)(6)(ii)(A)(2); "World Wide Web address" to 18 19 read "website address" in 11 CFR 110.11(b)(3); and "Web address" and "Web page" to read 20 "website address" and "web page" in 11 CFR 300.2(m)(1)(iii). As with the other terminological 21 updates discussed above, none of these proposed revisions affect a substantive change in the

<sup>11</sup> CFR 100.24(c)(7)(i)-(iii).

See Definition of Federal Election Activity, 75 FR 55257, 55265 (Sept. 10, 2010).

<sup>155</sup> *Id.* 

1	regulations.
2	Certification of No Effect Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 605(b) (Regulatory Flexibility Act)
3	The Commission certifies that the attached rules would not have a significant economic
4	impact on a substantial number of small entities. The rules would clarify and update existing
5	regulatory language, codify certain existing Commission precedent regarding electronic
6	transactions and communications, and provide political committees and other entities with more
7	flexibility in meeting FECA's recordkeeping and filing requirements. The rules would not
8	impose new recordkeeping, reporting, or financial obligations on political committees or
9	commercial vendors. The Commission therefore certifies that the rules would not have a
10	significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.
11	List of Subjects
12	11 CFR Part 1
13	Privacy.
14	11 CFR Part 4
15	Freedom of information.
16	11 CFR Part 5
17	Archives and records.
18	11 CFR Part 6
19	Civil rights, Individuals with disabilities.
20	11 CFR Part 100
21	Elections.
22	11 CFR Part 102
23	Political committees and parties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

1	11 CFR Part 103
2	Banks and banking, Campaign funds, Political committees and parties, Reporting and
3	recordkeeping requirements.
4	11 CFR Part 104
5	Campaign funds, Political committees and parties, Reporting and recordkeeping
6	requirements.
7	11 CFR Part 106
8	Campaign funds, Political committees and parties, Reporting and recordkeeping
9	requirements.
10	11 CFR Part 108
11	Elections, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.
12	11 CFR Part 109
13	Coordinated and independent expenditures.
14	11 CFR Part 110
15	Campaign funds, Political committees and parties.
16	11 CFR Part 111
17	Administrative practice and procedure, Elections, Law enforcement, Penalties.
18	11 CFR Part 112
19	Administrative practice and procedure, Elections.
20	11 CFR Part 114
21	Business and industry, Elections, Labor.
22	11 CFR Part 116

1	Administrative practice and procedure, Business and industry, Credit, Elections, Political
2	candidates, Political committees and parties.
3	11 CFR Part 200
4	Administrative practice and procedure.
5	11 CFR Part 201
6	Administrative practice and procedure.
7	11 CFR Part 300
8	Campaign funds, Nonprofit organizations, Political committees and parties, Political
9	candidates, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.
10	11 CFR Part 9003
11	Campaign funds, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.
12	11 CFR Part 9004
13	Campaign funds.
14	11 CFR Part 9007
15	Administrative practice and procedure, Campaign funds.
16	11 CFR Part 9032
17	Campaign funds.
18	11 CFR Part 9033
19	Campaign funds, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.
20	11 CFR Part 9034
21	Campaign funds, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.
22	11 CFR Part 9035
23	Campaign funds, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

- 1 11 CFR Part 9036
- 2 Administrative practice and procedure, Campaign funds, Reporting and recordkeeping
- 3 requirements.
- 4 11 CFR Part 9038
- 5 Administrative practice and procedure, Campaign funds.
- 6 11 CFR Part 9039
- 7 Campaign funds, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

- For the reasons set out in the preamble, the Federal Election Commission amends 11
- 2 CFR chapter I as follows:

### 3 PART 1—PRIVACY ACT

- 4 1. The authority citation for part 1 continues to read as follows:
- 5 Authority: 5 U.S.C. 552a.

### 6 **§ 1.3 [Amended]**

- 7 2. Amend paragraph (b) of § 1.3 by removing "request assistance by mail or in person from
- 8 the Commission's Chief Privacy Officer during the hours of 9 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. at the street
- 9 address identified in the definition of "Commission" in § 1.2" and adding in its place "request
- assistance either in person from the Chief Privacy Officer during the hours of 9 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.
- or by filing a request for assistance, addressed to the Chief Privacy Officer, pursuant to 11 CFR
- 12 100.19(g)".

### 13 **§ 1.4 [Amended]**

- 14 3. Amend paragraph (a) of § 1.4 by removing "made at the Federal Election Commission at
- 15 the street address identified in the definition of "Commission" in § 1.2, and to the system
- manager identified in the notice describing the systems of records, either in writing or in person"
- and adding in its place "addressed to the system manager identified in the notice describing the
- systems of records, either in person or by filing the request pursuant to 11 CFR 100.19(g)".

### 19 PART 4—PUBLIC RECORDS AND THE FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT

- 20 4. The authority citation for part 4 continues to read as follows:
- Authority: 5 U.S.C. 552, as amended.
- 22 **§ 4.1 [Amended]**
- 23 5. Amend  $\S 4.1(j)$  as follows:

- 1 a. Remove "microform,"; and
- b. Remove "machine readable documentation (e.g., magnetic tape or disk)" and add
- in its place "digital storage device".

### 4 § 4.4 [Amended]

5 6. Amend § 4.4(g) by removing "World Wide Web site" and adding in its place "website".

### 6 **§ 4.5 [Amended]**

- 7 7. Amend § 4.5 as follows:
- 8 a. In paragraph (a)(4)(i), remove "addressed to the Chief FOIA Officer, Federal
- 9 Election Commission, at the street address identified in the definition of "Commission"
- in § 1.2, and shall indicate clearly on the envelope" and add in its place "addressed to the
- 11 Chief FOIA Officer and filed pursuant to 11 CFR 100.19(g), and shall indicate clearly on
- the envelope or subject line, or in a similarly prominent location,"; and
- b. In paragraph (a)(4)(iv), remove "addressed to the Chief FOIA Officer, Federal
- Election Commission, at the street address identified in the definition of "Commission"
- in § 1.2" and add in its place "addressed to the Chief FOIA Officer and filed pursuant to
- 16 11 CFR 100.19(g)".

### 17 **§ 4.7 [Amended]**

- 8. Amend paragraph (b)(1) of § 4.7 by removing "addressed to Chief FOIA Officer, Federal
- 19 Election Commission, at the street address identified in the definition of "Commission" in § 1.2"
- and adding in its place "addressed to the Chief FOIA Officer and filed pursuant to 11 CFR
- 21 100.19(g)".

### 22 § 4.8 [Amended]

23 9. Amend § 4.8 as follows:

1		a.	In para	ıgraph (	(b), remove "envelope or other cover and at the top of the first page"
2		and a	dd in its	place "	envelope or subject line, or in a similarly prominent location,"; and
3		b.	In para	ıgraph (	(c), remove "delivered or addressed to the Chief FOIA Officer,
4		Feder	al Electi	on Con	nmission, at the street address identified in the definition of
5		"Com	mission'	' in § 1	.2" and add in its place "addressed to the Chief FOIA Officer and
6		filed p	oursuant	to 11 C	CFR 100.19(g)".
7	10.	Amen	ıd § 4.9 a	as follo	ws:
8		a.	Remov	e parag	graph (a)(2);
9		b.	Redesi	gnate p	paragraphs (a)(3) and (4) as paragraphs (a)(2) and (3), respectively;
10		c.	In new	ly rede	signated paragraph (a)(2), remove "computer disks" and add in its
11		place	"digital	storage	devices"; and
12		d.	Revise	paragr	aphs (c)(4) and (5).
13	The re	evisions	read as	follows	3:
14	§ 4.9	Fees.			
15	*	*	*	*	*
16	(c)	*	*	*	
17		(4)	For a p	aper pl	notocopy of a record, the fee will be \$.07 per page, which has been
18			calcula	ited to i	include staff time. For other forms of duplication, including copies
19			produc	ed by o	computer, the Commission will charge the direct costs, including
20			staff ti	me and	the actual cost of any digital storage device provided. The
21			Comm	ission v	will charge \$7.50 for certification of a document. The Commission
22			will no	t charg	e a fee for ordinary packaging and mailing of records requested.
23			When	a reque	st for special mailing or delivery services is received the

1			Commission will package the records requested. The requestor shall make all
2			arrangements for pick-up and delivery of the requested materials. The requestor
3			shall pay all costs associated with special mailing or delivery services directly to
4			the courier or mail service.
5		(5)	The Commission will advise the requestor of the identity of any private contractor
6			who will perform the duplication services. If fees are charged for such services,
7			they shall be made payable to that private contractor and shall be forwarded to the
8			Commission.
9	*	*	* * *
10	PART	5—A(	CCESS TO PUBLIC DISCLOSURE AND MEDIA RELATIONS DIVISION
11	DOCU	U <b>MEN</b>	ΓS
12	11.	The au	athority citation for part 5 continues to read as follows:
13		Autho	rity: 52 U.S.C. 30108(d), 30109(a)(4)(B)(ii), 30111(a); 31 U.S.C. 9701.
14	§ 5.4	[Amen	ded]
15	12.	Amen	d § 5.4(a)(5) by removing "Letter requests" and adding in its place "Requests".
16	§ 5.5	[Amen	ded]
17	13.	Amen	d § 5.5 as follows:
18		a.	In paragraph (a), remove "mail. The Public Disclosure and Media Relations
19		Divisi	on is open Monday through Friday between the hours of 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. and is
20		locate	d at the Federal Election Commission at the street address identified in the
21		definit	ion of "Commission" in § 1.2" and add in its place "filing a request pursuant to 11
22		CFR 1	00.19(g)"; and

1	b. In paragraph (c), remove "addressed to the Chief FOIA Officer, Federal Election
2	Commission, at the street address identified in the definition of "Commission" in § 1.2"
3	and add in its place "addressed to the Chief FOIA Officer and filed pursuant to 11 CFR
4	100.19(g)".

- 5 14. Amend § 5.6 as follows:
- 6 a. Revise paragraph (a);
- 7 b. Remove paragraph (b);
- 8 c. Redesignate paragraphs (c) and (d) as paragraphs (b) and (c), respectively; and
- 9 d. Revise newly redesignated paragraph (b).
- 10 The revisions read as follows:

### 11 **§ 5.6 Fees.**

- 12 (a) Fees may be charged for copies of records which are furnished to a requester under this
  13 part and for the staff time spent in locating and reproducing such records at the rate of
  14 \$.05 per page for paper copies, including paper copies from microfilm; \$4.50 per half
  15 hour of staff time after the first half hour; and \$7.50 for certification of a document. Such
  16 fees shall not exceed the Commission's direct cost of processing requests for those
  17 records computed on the basis of the actual number of copies produced and the staff time
  18 expended in fulfilling the particular request.
- 19 (b) In the event the anticipated fees for all pending requests from the same requester exceed
  20 \$25.00, records will not be searched, nor copies furnished, until the requester pays, or
  21 makes acceptable arrangements to pay, the total amount due. If any fee is not precisely
  22 ascertainable, an estimate will be made by the Commission and the requester will be
  23 required to forward the fee so estimated. In the event any advance payment differs from

23

1		the actual fee, an appropriate adjustment will be made at the time the copies are made
2		available by the Commission.
3	*	* * * *
4	PAR	Γ 6—ENFORCEMENT OF NONDISCRIMINATION ON THE BASIS OF
5	HAN	DICAP IN PROGRAMS OR ACTIVITIES CONDUCTED BY THE FEDERAL
6	ELEC	CTION COMMISSION
7	15.	The authority citation for part 6 continues to read as follows:
8		Authority: 29 U.S.C. 794.
9	§ 6.17	70 [Amended]
10	16.	Amend § 6.170 as follows:
11		a. In paragraph (d)(3), remove "filed under this part shall be addressed to the
12		Rehabilitation Act Officer, Federal Election Commission, at the street address identified
13		in the definition of "Commission" in § 1.2" and add in its place "under this part shall be
14		addressed to the Rehabilitation Act Officer and filed pursuant to 11 CFR 100.19(g)";
15		b. In paragraph (g), remove "in a letter containing" and add in its place "in writing.
16		This notification will contain";
17		c. In paragraph (h), remove "letter" and add in its place "notification"; and
18		d. In paragraph (i), remove ", Federal Election Commission, at the street address
19		identified in the definition of "Commission" in § 1.2" and add in its place "and filed
20		pursuant to 11 CFR 100.19(g)".
21	PAR	Γ 100—SCOPE AND DEFINITIONS (52 U.S.C. 30101)
22	17.	The authority citation for part 100 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 52 U.S.C. 30101, 30102(g), 30104, 30111(a)(8), and 30114(c).

1 & 100.3   Amenaea	00.3 [Amende	d
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- 2 18. Amend § 100.3(a)(3) by removing "by letter" and adding in its place "in writing".
- 3 19. In § 100.19, revise the introductory paragraph and paragraph (a) and add paragraph (g) to
- 4 read as follows:
- 5 § 100.19 File, filed, or filing (52 U.S.C. 30104(a)).
- With respect to documents required to be filed with the Commission under 11 CFR parts
- 7 101, 102, 104, 105, 107, 108, and 109, and any modifications or amendments thereto, the terms
- 8 *file*, *filed*, and *filing* mean one of the actions set forth in paragraphs (a) through (f) of this section.
- 9 With respect to documents to be filed with the Commission under any other provision of 11
- 10 CFR, the terms *file*, *filed*, and *filing* mean one of the actions set forth in paragraph (g) of this
- section. For purposes of this section, document means any report, statement, notice, designation,
- request, petition, or other writing to be filed with the Commission.
- 13 (a) Where to deliver reports. Except for documents electronically filed under paragraph (c)
- of this section, a document is timely filed upon delivery to the Federal Election Commission as
- required by 11 CFR part 105, by the close of business on the prescribed filing date.
- 16 \* \* \* \* \*
- 17 (g) A document may be filed in person or by mail, including priority mail or express mail, or
- 18 overnight delivery service, with the Federal Election Commission, or by any alternative
- means, including electronic, that the Commission may prescribe.
- 20 § 100.24 [Amended]
- 21 20. Amend § 100.24 as follows:
- a. In paragraph (c)(7)(i), by removing "Web site" and "web page" and adding in
- 23 their places, "website or internet application" wherever they appear; and

b. In paragraphs (c)(7)(ii) and (iii), by removing "Web site" and adding in its pla	1	b.	In paragraphs	(c)(7)(ii) ar	nd (iii), by	removing "Web s	ite" and adding in its	place
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- 2 "website or internet application" wherever it appears.
- 3 21. In § 100.26, revise the second sentence and add a third sentence to read as follows:
- 4 § 100.26 Public communications (52 U.S.C. 30101(22)).
- \* \* The term *general public political advertising* shall not include communications
- 6 over the internet, except for communications placed or promoted for a fee on another person's
- 7 website, digital device, application, or advertising platform. A public communication is
- 8 promoted for a fee where a payment is made to a website, digital device, application, or
- 9 advertising platform in order to increase the circulation, prominence, or availability of the
- 10 communication on that website, digital device, application, or advertising platform.

### 11 **§ 100.29** [Amended]

- 12 22. Amend § 100.29 as follows:
- a. In paragraphs (b)(6)(i) and (ii), remove "Web site" and add in its place "website"
- wherever it appears; and
- b. In paragraph (b)(6)(ii)(A), remove "written documentation" and add in its place
- 16 "a writing".
- 17 23. Add § 100.34 to subpart A to read as follows:
- 18 **§ 100.34 Record.**
- 19 (a) A record is information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an
- 20 electronic or other medium from which the information can be retrieved and reviewed in
- visual or aural form.
- 22 (b) Any person who provides to the Commission a record stored in an electronic or other
- 23 non-tangible medium shall, upon request of the Commission, provide at no cost to the

1	Commission any equipment and software necessary to enable the Commission to retrieve
2	and review the information in the record. The Commission may request such equipment
3	and software when the Commission cannot retrieve and review the information using the
4	Commission's existing equipment and software.

- 5 24. Add § 100.35 to subpart A to read as follows:
- 6 § 100.35 Writing, written.
- Written, in writing, or a writing means consisting of letters, words, numbers, or their equivalent
- 8 set down in any medium or form, including paper, email or other electronic message, computer
- 9 file, or digital storage device.
- 10 25. Add § 100.36 to subpart A to read as follows:
- 11 § 100.36 Signature, electronic signature.
- 12 (a) A *signature* is an individual's name or mark on a writing or record that identifies the
  13 individual and authenticates the writing or record. A *signature* includes an *electronic*14 *signature*, unless otherwise specified.
- 15 (b) An *electronic signature* is an electronic word, image, symbol, or process that an
  16 individual attaches to or associates with a writing or record to identify the individual and
  17 authenticate the writing or record. Examples of electronic signatures include a digital
  18 image of a handwritten signature, or a secure, digital code attached to an electronically
  19 transmitted message that uniquely identifies and authenticates the sender.
- 20 (c) A writing or record may be sworn, made under oath, or otherwise certified or verified
  21 under penalty of perjury, by electronic signature. A writing or record may be notarized
  22 electronically pursuant to applicable State law.

#### 1 § 100.73 [Amended]

- 2 26. Amend the introductory text of § 100.73 by removing "Web site" and adding in its place
- 3 "website".
- 4 § 100.82 [Amended]
- 5 27. Amend § 100.82(e)(1)(i) and (e)(2)(ii) by removing "documentation" and adding in its
- 6 place "records" wherever it appears.
- 7 § 100.93 [Amended]
- 8 28. Amend the introductory text of § 100.93(j)(1), (2), and (3) by removing "documentation"
- 9 and adding in its place "a record" wherever it appears.
- 10 **§ 100.94** [Amended]
- 11 29. Amend § 100.94(b) by removing "Web site" and adding in its place "website" wherever
- 12 it appears.
- 13 **§ 100.132 [Amended]**
- 14 30. Amend the introductory text of § 100.132 by removing "Web site" and adding in its place
- 15 "website".
- 16 **§ 100.142 [Amended]**
- 17 31. Amend § 100.142(e)(1)(i) and (e)(2)(ii) by removing "documentation" and adding in its
- place "records" wherever it appears.
- 19 PART 102—REGISTRATION, ORGANIZATION, AND RECORDKEEPING BY
- 20 POLITICAL COMMITTEES (52 U.S.C. 30103)
- 21 32. The authority citation for part 102 continues to read as follows:
- 22 Authority: 52 U.S.C. 30102, 30103, 30104(a)(11), 30111(a)(8), and 30120.
- 23 33. Amend § 102.6 as follows:

1	a. In the introductory text of paragraph (c)(2), remove "fund in a bill" and add in its										
2		place	"fund	with a bi	ill"; and						
3	b. Revise paragraph (c)(3).										
4	The re	evision	reads a	s follow	vs:						
5	§ 102.	.6 Tra	nsfers	of funds	s; collecting agents.						
6	*	*	*	*	*						
7	(c)	*	*	*							
8		(3)	Comi	bining c	ontributions with other payments. A contributor may write a check						
9			or au	thorize a	a credit card or electronic payment that represents both a contribution						
10			and p	ayment	of dues or other fees. The combined payment must be made from						
11			the co	ontribute	or's personal account or on a non-repayable corporate drawing						
12	account of the individual contributor. Under a payroll deduction plan, an										
13			empl	oyer ma	y make a payment on behalf of its employees to a union or its agent						
14			that r	epresen	ts a combined payment of voluntary contributions to the union's						
15			separ	ate segr	egated fund and union dues or other employee deductions.						
16	*	*	*	*	*						
17	34.	In § 1	02.8, re	evise the	e last sentence of paragraph (a), revise the last sentence of paragraph						
18	(b)(2)	, and ac	ld para	graph (d	) to read as follows:						
19	§ 102.	.8 Rec	eipt of	contrib	utions (52 U.S.C. 30102(b)).						
20	(a)	*	*	*	Date of receipt shall be the date such person obtains possession of						
21	the co	ntributi	ion or,	for a cor	ntribution made in an electronic transaction in which the receipt of						
22	author	rization	preced	les the re	eceipt of funds, obtains the contributor's authorization of the						
23	transa	ction.									

1	(b)	*	*	*	
2		(2)	*	*	* Date of receipt shall be the date such person obtains possession
3	of the	e contri	bution o	r, for a	contribution made in an electronic transaction in which the receipt of
4	autho	rizatio	n precede	es the r	receipt of funds, obtains the contributor's authorization of the
5	transa	action.			
6	*	*	*	*	*
7	(d)	Ever	y person	whose	usual and normal business involves the processing and transmission
8		of pa	yments a	and wh	o processes a contribution to a political committee in the ordinary
9		cours	se of its l	ousines	ss will satisfy the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this
10		secti	on if suc	h perso	on transmits funds and contributor information to the recipient
11		polit	ical com	mittee	within the time periods prescribed in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this
12		secti	on for fo	rwardi	ng contributions.
13	35.	Ame	nd § 102	.9 as fo	ollows:
14		a.	Revis	e parag	graph (a)(4);
15		b.	In the	introd	uctory text of paragraph (b)(2) and paragraphs (b)(2)(i)(B) and
16		(b)(2	(ii), ren	nove "c	cancelled check" and add in its place "canceled check or record of
17		elect	ronic tra	nsfer";	
18		c.	In par	agraph	(b)(2)(i)(B), remove "documentation" and add in its place "record";
19		d.	In par	agraph	(b)(2)(ii), remove "documentation" and add in its place "a record";
20		f.	Remo	ve para	agraph (b)(2)(iii); and
21		g.	Revis	e parag	graph (f).
22	The r	evision	s read as	follov	vs:

1	§ 102	.9 Acc	ountin	g for co	ntribu	utions and expenditures (52 U.S.C. 30102(c)).
2	*	*	*	*	*	
3	(a)	*	*	*		
4		(4)	In ac	ldition to	the a	account to be kept under paragraph (a)(1) of this section, for
5			cont	ributions	s in ex	acess of \$50, the treasurer of a political committee or an agent
6			auth	orized b	y the t	treasurer shall maintain a record of each contribution received.
7			A re	cord of a	a contr	ribution by check or written instrument must contain an image
8			of th	at instru	ment.	A record of the receipt of a contribution must include
9			suffi	cient inf	ormat	tion to associate that contribution with its deposit in the political
10			com	mittee's	campa	aign depository, such as, for example, a batch number.
11	*	*	*	*	*	
12	(f)	The t	reasure	er shall n	nainta	in the records required by 11 CFR 110.1(1), concerning
13		desig	nations	s, redesi	gnatio	ns, reattributions, and the dates of contributions. If the
14		treasu	irer do	es not m	aintaiı	n these records, 11 CFR 110.1(l)(5) shall apply.
15	§ 102	.10 [A	mende	d]		
16	36.	Amer	nd § 10	2.10 by	remov	ving "check or similar draft drawn on" and adding in its place
17	"chec	k or sin	nilar dı	aft, incl	uding	electronic transfer, from".
18	§ 102	.11 [A	mende	d]		
19	37.	Amer	nd § 10	2.11 by	remov	ving "journal" and add in its place "record" wherever it appears.
20	PAR	Г 103—	-CAM	PAIGN	DEP	OSITORIES (52 U.S.C. 30102(H))
21	38.	The a	uthorit	y citatio	n for p	part 103 continues to read as follows:
22		Autho	ority: 5	2 U.S.C	. 3010	02(h), 30111(a)(8).
23	39.	Revis	se § 10.	3.3(a) to	read a	as follows:

1 § 103.3 Deposit of receipts and disbursements (52 U.S.C. 30102(h))	1	§ 103.3 I	Deposit of recei	pts and disbursements	(52	U.S.	.C. 3(	)102(h	ı)(1`	)).
--	---	-----------	------------------	-----------------------	-----	------	--------	--------	-------	-----

- 2 (a) (1) All receipts by a political committee shall be deposited in account(s) established 3 pursuant to 11 CFR 103.2, except that any contribution may be, within 10 days of 4 the treasurer's receipt, returned to the contributor without being deposited. The 5 treasurer of the committee shall be responsible for making such deposits. All 6 deposits shall be made within 10 days of the treasurer's receipt. Contributions 7 deposited in a merchant account of a payment processor described in 11 CFR 8 102.8(d) in the ordinary course of that payment processor's business are not 9 receipts by the committee, but are, instead, contributions to be forwarded by that 10 payment processor under 11 CFR 102.8.
- 12 electronic transfer, from an account at its designated campaign depository, except
  13 for expenditures of \$100 or less made from a petty cash fund maintained pursuant
  14 to 11 CFR 102.11. Funds may be transferred from the depository for investment
  15 purposes, but shall be returned to the depository before such funds are used to
  16 make expenditures.

17 \* \* \* \* \*

#### 18 PART 104—REPORTS BY POLITICAL COMMITTEES AND OTHER PERSONS (52

- 19 **U.S.C. 30104**)
- 20 40. The authority citation for part 104 continues to read as follows:
- 21 Authority: 52 U.S.C. 30101(1), 30101(8), 30101(9), 30102(g) and (i), 30104, 30111(a)(8)
- 22 and (b), 30114, 30116, 36 U.S.C. 510.

### 1 § 104.2 [Amended]

- 2 41. Amend § 104.2(b) by removing "or at the street address identified in the definition of
- 3 "Commission" in § 1.2".

### 4 § 104.3 [Amended]

- 5 42. Amend § 104.3(e)(5) by removing "at the street address identified in the definition of
- 6 "Commission" in § 1.2,".

# 7 **§ 104.4 [Amended]**

- 8 43. Amend § 104.4(d)(2) by removing "typing the treasurer's name" and adding in its place
- 9 "electronic signature".

# 10 **§ 104.6 [Amended]**

- 44. Amend § 104.6(c)(1) by removing ", telephone or telegram" and adding in its place "or
- telephone".

## 13 **§ 104.10 [Amended]**

- 45. Amend § 104.10(a)(4) and (b)(5) by removing "documents" and adding in its place
- 15 "records".

# 16 **§ 104.14 [Amended]**

- 17 46. Amend § 104.14 as follows:
- a. In paragraph (b)(4)(iv), remove "documentation" and add in its place "records";
- 19 and
- b. In paragraph (b)(4)(v), remove "Documentation for" and add in its place "Records
- 21 of".

#### 1 § 104.17 [Amended]

- Amend § 104.17(a)(4) and (b)(4) by removing "documents" and adding in its place
- 3 "records" wherever it appears.
- 4 § 104.21 [Amended]
- 5 48. Amend § 104.21(c)(3) by removing "at the street address identified in the definition of
- 6 "Commission" in § 1.2".
- 7 § 104.22 [Amended]
- 8 49. Amend § 104.22 as follows:
- 9 a. In paragraph (a)(6)(ii)(A)(2), remove "Internet Web site" and add in its place
- "website";
- b. In paragraphs (b)(2)(i) and (ii), remove "Web sites" and add in its place
- "websites" wherever it appears; and
- c. In paragraph (b)(2)(ii), remove "Web site" and add in its place "website"
- wherever it appears.

#### 15 PART 106—ALLOCATIONS OF CANDIDATE AND COMMITTEE ACTIVITIES

- 16 50. The authority citation for part 106 continues to read as follows:
- 17 Authority: 52 U.S.C. 30111(a)(8), 30116(b), 30116(g).
- 18 **§ 106.2** [Amended]
- 19 51. Amend § 106.2 as follows:
- a. In paragraphs (a)(1), (b)(2)(ii), and (b)(2)(v), remove "documentation" and add in
- 21 its place "records"; and
- b. In paragraph (b)(2)(iii)(D), remove "supplies, and telephone" and add in its place
- "supplies, internet service, and telephone".

#### 1 PART 108—FILING COPIES OF REPORTS AND STATEMENTS WITH STATE

- 2 **OFFICERS (52 U.S.C. 30113)**
- 3 52. The authority citation for part 108 continues to read as follows:
- 4 Authority: 52 U.S.C. 30102(g), 30104(a)(2), 30111(a)(8), 30113, 30143.
- 5 § 108.6 [Amended]
- 6 53. In § 108.6(b), remove "in facsimile copy by microfilm or otherwise" and add in its place
- 7 "by copy".
- 8 PART 109—COORDINATED AND INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURES (52 U.S.C.
- 9 30101(17), 30116(A) AND (D), AND PUB. L. 107-155 SEC. 214(C))
- 10 54. The authority citation for part 109 continues to read as follows:
- 11 Authority: 52 U.S.C. 30101(17), 30104(c), 30111(a)(8), 30116, 30120; Sec. 214(c), Pub.
- 12 L. 107-155, 116 Stat. 81.
- 13 **§ 109.10** [Amended]
- 14 55. In § 109.10(e)(2)(ii), remove "typing the treasurer's name" and add in its place
- 15 "electronic signature".
- 16 PART 110—CONTRIBUTION AND EXPENDITURE LIMITATIONS AND
- 17 **PROHIBITIONS**
- 18 56. The authority citation for part 110 continues to read as follows:
- 19 Authority: 52 U.S.C. 30101(8), 30101(9), 30102(c)(2) and (g), 30104(i)(3), 30111(a)(8),
- 20 30116, 30118, 30120, 30121, 30122, 30123, 30124, and 36 U.S.C. 510.
- 21 57. Amend § 110.1 as follows:
- a. In paragraph (b)(3)(i)(A), remove "using a committee check or draft" and add in
- 23 its place "using a committee check or similar draft, including electronic transfer";

1	b.	In paragraph (b)(4)(i), remove "is made by check, money order, or other										
2	negoti	able instrument which";										
3	c.	c. In paragraph (b)(5)(ii)(B)(6), remove "including electronic mail";										
4	d.	In paragraph (b)(5)(ii)(C)(7), remove ", including electronic mail";										
5	e.	In paragraph (b)(6), add a fifth sentence after "11 CFR 110.1(l)(4).";										
6	f.	In paragraph (c)(1)(iii), remove "Web site" and add, in its place, "website";										
7	g.	In paragraph (k)(1), remove "include the signature of each contributor on the										
8	check, money order, or other negotiable instrument or in a separate writing" and add in											
9	its pla	ce "be indicated by the signature of each contributor in writing";										
10	h.	In paragraph (k)(3)(ii)(B)(3), remove "including electronic mail";										
11	i.	In paragraph (l)(1), remove "copy" and "full-size photocopy of the check or										
12	writte	n instrument" and add in their places "record" and "record that contains a complete										
13	image	of that instrument", respectively;										
14	j.	In paragraph (l)(4)(i), remove "copy" and add in its place "record";										
15	k.	In paragraph (l)(4)(ii), remove "full-size photocopy of" and add in its place										
16	"recon	rd that contains a complete image of"; and										
17	1.	In paragraph (l)(6), remove "documentation" and add in its place "a record"										
18	where	ver it appears, and remove "copy" and add in its place "record" wherever it										
19	appea	rs.										
20	The addition	reads as follows:										
21	§ 110.1 Con	tributions by persons other than multicandidate political committees (52										
22	U.S.C. 30116	(a)(1)).										
23	* *	* * *										

1	(b)	*	*	*	
2		(6)	*	*	* A contribution made in an electronic transaction is considered to
3		be m	ade wh	en the c	ontributor authorizes the transaction. * * *
4	*	*	*	*	*
5	58.	Ame	nd § 11	0.2 as f	follows:
6		a.	In pa	aragrapl	(b)(4)(i), remove "is made by check, money order, or other
7		nego	tiable i	nstrume	nt which";
8		b.	In pa	aragrapl	a (b)(6), add a fifth sentence after "11 CFR 110.1(l)(4)."; and
9		c.	In pa	aragrapl	a (e)(2), remove "Web site" and add in its place "website".
10	The a	addition	reads	as follov	WS:
11	§ 110	.2 Cor	ıtribut	ions by	multicandidate political committees (52 U.S.C. 30116(a)(2)).
12	*	*	*	*	*
13	(b)	*	*	*	
14		(6)	*	*	*A contribution made in an electronic transaction is considered to
15		be m	ade wh	en the c	ontributor authorizes the transaction. * * *
16	*	*	*	*	*
17	59.	Ame	nd § 11	0.6 as f	follows:
18		a.	Revi	se paraș	graph (b)(1);
19		b.	In pa	aragrapl	a (c)(1)(ii), remove "by letter" and add in its place "the report shall be
20		provi	ided in	writing	·. , ,
21		c.	In pa	aragrapl	(c)(1)(iv)(C), remove "cash or by the contributor's check or by the
22		cond	uit's ch	ieck" an	d add in its place "cash, by the contributor's check, by the conduit's
23		checl	k, or by	electro	nic transfer"; and

1		d.	In pa	ıragrapr	1 (c)(1)	)(v), remove "by letter" and add in its place "in writing".					
2	The re	evision	reads a	as follov	ws:						
3	§ 110.	.6 Ear	marke	d contr	ibutio	ons (52 U.S.C. 30116(a)(8)).					
4	*	*	*	*	*						
5	(b)	*	*	*							
6		(1)	For	purpose	s of thi	is section, earmarked means a designation, instruction, or					
7		encur	nbranc	e, whetl	her dir	rect or indirect, express or implied, oral or written, which results					
8		in all	or any	part of	a cont	tribution or expenditure being made to, or expended on behalf					
9		of, a	clearly	identifi	ed can	ndidate or a candidate's authorized committee. A contributor's					
10		authorization that a commercial payment processor, whose usual and normal business is									
11		to process payments, transmit funds from the contributor to the designated candidate or									
12		autho	rized c	ommitte	ee in tl	the commercial payment processor's ordinary course of business					
13		does	not in i	tself co	nstitut	te an earmark.					
14	*	*	*	*	*						
15	60.	Amei	nd § 11	0.11 as	follow	vs:					
16		a.	In pa	ıragrapl	n (a)(1)	), remove "Internet websites" and add in its place "websites and					
17		interr	net app	lications	s"; and	d.					
18		b.	In pa	ıragrapl	n (b)(3)	s), remove "World Wide Web address" and add in its place					
19		"web	site ado	dress".							
20		c.	Revi	se paraş	graph (	(c)(5)(i) to read as follows:					
21	§ 110.	.11 Co	mmun	ication	s; adv	vertising; disclaimers (52 U.S.C. 30120).					
22		*	*	*	*	*					
23		(c)	*	*	*						

22

1		(5)	*	*	*
2		(i)	For p	urpose	s of this section, internet public communication means any public
3	comm	nunicat	ion ovei	the int	ternet that is placed or promoted for a fee on another person's website
4	digita	l devic	e, applio	cation,	or advertising platform. A public communication is promoted for a
5	fee w	here a	paymen	t is mad	de to a website, digital device, application, or advertising platform in
6	order	to incr	ease the	circula	ation, prominence, or availability of the communication on that
7	websi	te, dig	ital devi	ce, app	plication, or advertising platform.
8	*	*	*	*	*
9	§ 110	.17 [A	mende	1]	
10	61.	Ame	nd § 110	0.17(e)	(1) and (2) by removing "Web site" and adding in its place "website"
11	where	ever it a	appears.		
12	PAR	Г 111–	-COMI	PLIAN	ICE PROCEDURE (52 U.S.C. 30109, 30107(A))
13	62.	The	authority	y citatio	on for part 111 continues to read as follows:
14		Auth	ority: 52	2 U.S.C	C. 30102(i), 30109, 30107(a), 30111(a)(8); 28 U.S.C. 2461 note; 31
15	U.S.C	2. 3701	, 3711, 3	3716-3′	719, and 3720A, as amended; 31 CFR parts 285 and 900-904.
16	§ 111	.4 [An	nended]		
17	63.	Ame	nd § 11	1.4 as f	follows:
18		a.	In pa	ragraph	n (a), remove "to the General Counsel of the Federal Election
19		Com	mission	at the	street address identified in the definition of "Commission" in § 1.2"
20		and a	ıdd in its	s place	"addressed to the General Counsel";
21		b.	In pa	ragraph	n (a), remove "three (3) copies" and add in its place "three (3) copies

of any complaint not filed electronically"; and

- 1 c. In paragraph (d)(4), remove "documentation supporting the facts alleged if such
- documentation is" and add in its place "records supporting the facts alleged if such
- 3 records are".

#### 4 § 111.5 [Amended]

- 5 64. Amend § 111.5 as follows:
- a. In paragraph (a), remove "enclose" and add in its place "provide"; and
- 7 b. In paragraph (b), remove "enclosed" and add in its place "provided".

### 8 **§ 111.6 [Amended]**

- 9 65. Amend § 111.6(a) by removing "a letter or memorandum" and adding in its place "a
- written response".

# 11 **§ 111.9 [Amended]**

- 12 66. Amend § 111.9(a) and (b) by removing "by letter" and adding in its place "in writing"
- wherever it appears.
- 14 **§ 111.12** [Amended]
- 15 67. Amend § 111.12 as follows:
- a. In paragraph (a), remove "documentary or other tangible" and add in its place
- 17 "records or other"; and
- b. In paragraph (b), remove "documents" and add in its place "records".
- 19 **§ 111.13** [Amended]
- 20 68. Amend § 111.13(c) and (d) by removing "method whereby" and adding in its place
- "method, including electronically, whereby" wherever it appears.
- 22 § 111.15 [Amended]
- 23 69. Amend § 111.15 as follows:

22

73.

Amend § 111.23 as follows:

1 In paragraph (a), remove "of the Federal Election Commission at the street a. 2 address identified in the definition of "Commission" in § 1.2. If possible, three (3) copies 3 should be submitted"; and 4 In paragraph (c), remove "documents" and add in its place "records". b. 5 70. Amend § 111.16 as follows: 6 In paragraph (b), remove "enclose" and add in its place "provide"; a. 7 Revise paragraph (c). b. 8 The revision reads as follows: 9 § 111.16 The probable cause to believe recommendation; briefing procedures (52 U.S.C. 10 30109 (a)(3)). 11 12 (c) Within fifteen (15) days from receipt of the General Counsel's brief, respondent may file a 13 brief with the Commission Secretary, setting forth respondent's position on the factual and legal 14 issues of the case. 15 16 § 111.17 [Amended] Amend § 111.17(a) and (b) by removing "by letter" and adding in its place "in writing" 17 71. 18 wherever it appears. 19 § 111.18 [Amended] Amend § 111.18(d) by removing "by letter" and adding in its place "in writing". 20 72. 21 § 111.23 [Amended]

- 1 a. In the introductory text to paragraph (a), remove "so advise the Commission by
- 2 sending a letter of representation signed by the respondent, which letter shall state the
- following" and add in its place "give the Commission a written notice of representation
- 4 signed by the respondent, which shall include";
- 5 b. In paragraph (a)(1), remove "address" and add in its place "address, email
- 6 address"; and
- 7 c. In paragraph (b), remove "a letter of representation" and add in its place "this
- 8 notice".

## 9 **§ 111.35 [Amended]**

10 74. Amend § 111.35(e) by removing "documentation" and adding in its place "records".

# 11 **§ 111.36 [Amended]**

- 12 75. Amend § 111.36 as follows:
- a. In paragraph (b), remove "documentation" and add in its place "records"
- wherever it appears;
- b. In paragraphs (c) and (d), remove "documents" and add in its place "records"
- wherever it appears; and
- 17 c. In paragraph (d), remove "document(s)" and add in its place "records".
- d. In paragraph (e), remove "documents" and add in its place "records".

#### 19 **§ 111.37** [Amended]

- 20 76. Amend § 111.37(a) and (b) by removing "by letter" and adding in its place "in writing"
- 21 wherever it appears.

#### 22 § 111.40 [Amended]

23 77. Amend § 111.40(a) by removing "by letter" and adding in its place "in writing".

#### 1 PART 112—ADVISORY OPINIONS (52 U.S.C. 30108)

- 2 78. The authority citation for part 112 continues to read as follows:
- 3 Authority: 52 U.S.C. 30108, 30111(a)(8).
- 4 § 112.1 [Amended]
- 5 79. Amend § 112.1(e) by removing "sent to the Federal Election Commission, Office of
- 6 General Counsel, at the street address identified in the definition of "Commission" in § 1.2" and
- 7 adding in its place "addressed to the Office of General Counsel and filed with the Commission".
- 8 **§ 112.2 [Amended]**
- 9 80. Amend § 112.2(b) by removing "and purchase at the Public Disclosure and Media
- 10 Relations Division of the Commission" and adding in its place "at the Public Disclosure and
- 11 Media Relations Division of the Commission and on the Commission's website".
- 12 **§ 112.3 [Amended]**
- 13 81. Amend § 112.3(d) by removing "sent to the Federal Election Commission, Office of
- General Counsel, at the street address identified in the definition of "Commission" in § 1.2" and
- adding in its place "filed with the Office of General Counsel".
- 16 **§ 112.4 [Amended]**
- 17 82. Amend § 112.4(g) by removing "sent by mail, or personally delivered" and adding in its
- 18 place "be provided".
- 19 PART 114—CORPORATE AND LABOR ORGANIZATION ACTIVITY
- 20 83. The authority citation for part 114 continues to read as follows:
- 21 Authority: 52 U.S.C. 30101(8), 30101(9), 30102, 30104, 30107(a)(8), 30111(a)(8),
- 22 30118.

### 1 § 114.1 [Amended]

- 2 84. Amend § 114.1(g) by removing "mailings, oral requests" and adding in its place
- 3 "mailings, emails, oral requests".

#### 4 § 114.6 [Amended]

- 5 85. Amend § 114.6(d)(2)(iii) by removing "check drawn on that account" and adding in its
- 6 place "check or similar draft, including electronic transfer".

### 7 **§ 114.8 [Amended]**

- 8 86. Amend § 114.8 as follows:
- 9 a. In paragraphs (d)(2) and (3), remove "copy" and add in its place "record"; and
- b. In paragraph (d)(3), remove "mailing" and add in its place "solicitation".

#### 11 **§ 114.9 [Amended]**

12 87. Amend § 114.9(d) by removing "typewriters" and adding in its place "computers".

#### 13 PART 116—DEBTS OWED BY CANDIDATES AND POLITICAL COMMITTEES

- 14 88. The authority citation for part 116 continues to read as follows:
- 15 Authority: 52 U.S.C. 30103(d), 30104(b)(8), 30111(a)(8), 30116, 30118, and 30141.

## 16 **§ 116.8 [Amended]**

- 17 89. Amend § 116.8 as follows:
- 18 a. In the introductory text of paragraph (b), remove "by letter" and add in its place
- 19 "in writing"; and
- b. In the introductory text of paragraph (b), remove "The letter" and add in its place
- 21 "The notification" wherever it appears.

#### 1 § 116.9 [Amended]

- 2 90. Amend § 116.9(a)(2) by removing "current address and telephone number, and has
- 3 attempted to contact the creditor by registered or certified mail, and either in person or by
- 4 telephone" and adding in its place "current address, telephone number, and email address, and
- 5 has attempted to contact the creditor by registered or certified mail, and either in person, by
- 6 telephone, or by email".

#### 7 PART 200—PETITIONS FOR RULEMAKING

- 8 91. The authority citation for part 200 is amended to read as follows:
- 9 Authority: 52 U.S.C. 30107(a)(8), 30111(a)(8); 5 U.S.C. 553(e).

### 10 **§ 200.2 [Amended]**

- 11 92. Amend § 200.2(b)(5) by removing "addressed and submitted to the Federal Election
- 12 Commission, Office of General Counsel, at the street address identified in the definition of
- "Commission" in § 1.2" and adding in its place "addressed to the Office of General Counsel and
- 14 filed pursuant to 11 CFR 100.19(g)".

#### 15 **§ 200.3** [Amended]

- 16 93. Amend § 200.3 as follows:
- a. In paragraph (a)(2), remove "Send a letter to the Commissioner of Internal
- 18 Revenue, pursuant to 52 U.S.C. 30111(f), seeking the IRS's" and add in its place
- "Pursuant to 52 U.S.C. 30111(f), seek the Internal Revenue Service's"; and
- b. In paragraph (a)(3), remove "Send a letter to" and add in its place "Notify".

#### 21 **§ 200.4 [Amended]**

22 94. Amend § 200.4(b) by removing "sending a letter to" and adding in its place "notifying".

#### 1 § 200.6 [Amended]

- 2 95. Amend § 200.6(a)(5) by removing "audio tapes" and adding in its place "audio
- 3 recordings".

#### 4 PART 201—EX PARTE COMMUNICATIONS

- 5 96. The authority citation for part 201 continues to read as follows:
- 6 Authority: 52 U.S.C. 30107(a)(8), 30108, 30111(a)(8), and 30111(b); 26 U.S.C. 9007,
- 7 9008, 9009(b), 9038, and 9039(b).
- 8 **§ 201.3 [Amended]**
- 9 97. Amend § 201.3 as follows:
- a. In paragraph (b)(1), remove "the letter" and add in its place "the agreement"
- wherever it appears; and
- b. In paragraph (b)(2)(i), remove "letter" and add in its place "notification".

#### 13 PART 300—NON-FEDERAL FUNDS

- 14 98. The authority citation for part 300 continues to read as follows:
- 15 Authority: 52 U.S.C. 30104(e), 30111(a)(8), 30116(a), 30125, and 30143.
- 16 § 300.2 [Amended]
- 17 99. Amend § 300.2 as follows:
- a. In paragraph (m)(1)(iii), remove "Web address" and add in its place "website
- 19 address"; and
- b. In paragraph (m)(1)(iii), remove "Web page" and add in its place "web page".
- 21 **§ 300.64** [Amended]
- 22 100. Amend § 300.64 as follows:

- 1 a. In paragraphs (c)(3)(ii) and (iii), remove "written" and add in its place "printed"
- wherever it appears;
- b. In paragraph (c)(3)(iii), remove "non-written" and add in its place "non-printed";
- 4 and
- 5 c. In paragraph (c)(3)(v), remove all references to "written".

#### 6 PART 9003—ELIGIBILITY FOR PAYMENTS

- 7 101. The authority citation for part 9003 continues to read as follows:
- 8 Authority: 26 U.S.C. 9003 and 9009(b).

### 9 **§ 9003.1** [Amended]

- 10 102. Amend § 9003.1 as follows:
- a. In paragraph (a)(1), remove "letter" and add in its place "writing";
- b. In paragraph (a)(2), remove "letter" and add in its place "agreement" wherever it
- 13 appears;
- 14 c. In paragraphs (b)(2) and (3), remove "documentation" and add in its place
- 15 "record" wherever it appears;
- d. In paragraph (b)(4), remove "computerized magnetic media, such as magnetic
- tapes or magnetic diskettes" and add in its place "digital storage devices";
- 18 e. In paragraphs (b)(4) and (5), remove "documentation" and add in its place
- 19 "records" wherever it appears; and
- 20 f. In paragraph (b)(7), remove "name and mailing address" and add in its place
- "name, email address, and mailing address".
- 22 103. Revise § 9003.2(d) to read as follows:

1	§ 9003.2	Candidate	certifications.
---	----------	-----------	-----------------

- 2 \* \* \* \* \*
- 3 (d) Form. Major party candidates shall sign and submit the certifications required under 11
- 4 CFR 9003.2 within 14 days after receiving the party's nomination for election. Minor
- 5 and new party candidates shall sign and submit such certification within 14 days after
- such candidates have qualified to appear on the general election ballot in 10 or more
- 7 States pursuant to 11 CFR 9002.2(a)(2). The Commission, upon written request by a
- 8 minor or new party candidate made at any time prior to the date of the general election,
- 9 may extend the deadline for filing such certification, except that the deadline shall be a
- date prior to the day of the general election.

#### § 9003.3 [Amended]

11

- 12 104. Amend § 9003.3(a)(1)(vi)(A) by removing "is made by check, money order, or other
- 13 negotiable instrument which".
- 14 105. Amend § 9003.5 as follows:
- a. Revise the section heading;
- b. Revise the paragraph heading of paragraph (b):
- 17 c. In paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2)(ii), remove "canceled check negotiated by the
- payee" and add in its place "canceled check negotiated by the payee or a record of
- electronic transfer to the payee" wherever it appears;
- d. In paragraphs (b)(1)(ii)(A) and (B), remove "documents" and add in its place
- 21 "records" wherever it appears;
- e. In paragraph (b)(1)(iii), remove "documentation" and add in its place "record";

1		f.	In paragraphs (b)(1)(iv), (b)(4), and (c), remove "documentation" and add in its
2		place	"records" wherever it appears; and
3		g.	In paragraph (b)(1)(iv), remove "canceled check negotiated by the payee" and add
4		in its 1	place "canceled check negotiated by the payee or the record of electronic transfer to
5		the pa	yee".
6	The re	evisions	read as follows:
7	§ 900	3.5 Rec	cords of disbursements.
8	*	*	* * *
9	(b) <i>Re</i>	ecords r	equired. * * *
10	*	*	* * *
11	§ 900	3.6 [Ar	nended]
12	106.	Amen	d § 9003.6 as follows:
13		a.	In paragraph (a), remove "computerized magnetic media, such as magnetic tapes
14		or ma	gnetic diskettes" and add in its place "digital storage devices";
15		b.	Remove paragraph (b) and redesignate paragraph (c) as paragraph (b); and
16		c.	In newly redesignated paragraph (b), remove "documentation" and add in its
17		place	"records".
18	PART	Г 9004–	-ENTITLEMENT OF ELIGIBLE CANDIDATES TO PAYMENTS; USE OF
19	PAYN	MENTS	S
20	107.	The a	uthority citation for part 9004 continues to read as follows:
21		Autho	ority: 26 U.S.C. 9004 and 9009(b).
22	§ 900	4.6 [Ar	mended]
23	108.	Amen	d § 9004.6 as follows:

- 1 a. In paragraph (a)(1), remove "telephone service, typewriters, and computers" and
- add in its place "telephone and internet service, and computers or other electronic
- devices"; and
- 4 b. In paragraph (b)(3), remove "telephone service" and add in its place "telephone
- 5 and internet service".

# 6 **§ 9004.7 [Amended]**

- 7 109. Amend § 9004.7(b)(5)(iv) and (v) by removing "documentation" and adding in its place
- 8 "records" wherever it appears.
- 9 **§ 9004.9 [Amended]**
- 10 110. Amend § 9004.9(d)(1)(i) and (e) by removing "documentation" and adding in its place
- 11 "records" wherever it appears.

#### 12 PART 9007—EXAMINATIONS AND AUDITS; REPAYMENTS

- 13 111. The authority citation for part 9007 continues to read as follows:
- 14 Authority: 26 U.S.C. 9007 and 9009(b).
- 15 **§ 9007.1** [Amended]
- 16 112. Amend § 9007.1 as follows:
- a. In paragraph (b)(1), remove "the Commission may request additional or updated
- 18 computerized information" and add in its place "the Commission may request additional
- or updated information"; and
- b. In paragraphs (b)(1)(iv) and (c)(2), remove "documentation" and add in its place
- 21 "records" wherever it appears.
- 22 **§ 9007.7** [Amended]
- 23 113. Amend § 9007.7 as follows:

- 1 In paragraph (a), remove "documents" and add in its place "documents, records," a. 2 wherever it appears; and 3 b. In paragraph (b)(2), remove "tapes" and add in its place "recordings" wherever it 4 appears. **PART 9032—DEFINITIONS** 5 6 114. The authority citation for part 9032 continues to read as follows: 7 Authority: 26 U.S.C. 9032 and 9039(b). 8 § 9032.2 [Amended] Amend § 9032.2(d) by removing "by letter" and adding in its place "in writing". 9 115. 10 PART 9033—ELIGIBILITY FOR PAYMENTS 11 116. The authority citation for part 9033 continues to read as follows: 12 Authority: 26 U.S.C. 9003(e), 9033 and 9039(b). 13 117. Amend § 9033.1 as follows: 14 a. Revise paragraph (a)(1); In paragraphs (b)(2) through (6), remove "documentation" and add in its place 15 b. 16 "records" wherever it appears; 17 c. In paragraph (b)(5), remove "computerized magnetic media, such as magnetic 18 tapes or magnetic diskettes" and add in its place "digital storage devices"; and 19 d. Revise paragraph (b)(8).
- The revisions read as follows:
- § 9033.1 Candidate and committee agreements.
- 22 (a) \* \* \*

writing".

23

1		(1)	A can	didate s	seeking to become eligible to receive Presidential primary matching							
2		fund payments shall agree in a writing signed by the candidate to the Commission that										
3	the candidate and the candidate's authorized committee(s) will comply with the											
4	conditions set forth in 11 CFR 9033.1(b). The candidate may submit the written											
5	agreement required by this section at any time after January 1 of the year immediately											
6		preceding the Presidential election year.										
U		preced	ing me	riesiu	ential election year.							
7	*	*	*	*	*							
8	(b)	*	*	*								
9		(8)	The ca	andidat	e and the candidate's authorized committee(s) will submit the name,							
10	email	address	s, and m	ailing a	address of the person who is entitled to receive matching fund							
11	payme	ents on	behalf o	of the ca	andidate and the name and address of the campaign depository							
12	designated by the candidate as required by 11 CFR part 103 and 11 CFR 9037.3. Changes in the											
13	inform	nation r	equired	by this	paragraph shall not be effective until submitted to the Commission							
14	in a w	riting s	igned by	the ca	andidate or the Committee treasurer.							
15	*	*	*	*	*							
16	§ 9033	3.2 [Ar	nended	]								
17	118.	Amen	d § 903	3.2 as f	follows:							
18		a.	In para	agraph	(a)(1), remove "letter containing the required certifications" and add							
19		in its 1	place "c	ertifica	tions"; and							
20		b.	In para	agraph	(c), remove "documentation" and add in its place "records".							
21	§ 9033	3.5 [Ar	nended	]								
22	119.	Amen	d parag	raph (a	)(2) of § 9033.5 by removing "by letter" and adding in its place "in							

1	120.	Amen	d § 903	3.11 as	follows							
2		a.	Revise	e the sec	ction he	ling;						
3		b.	Revise	e the pa	ragraph	eading of paragraph (b);						
4		c.	In the	introdu	ctory te	to paragraph (b)(1), add "or a reco	rd of electronic					
5		transf	er" after	the wo	rds "caı	eled check negotiated by the payee	",					
6		d.	In para	agraphs	(b)(1)(i	(A) and (B), remove "documents" a	and add in its place					
7		"recor	ds" who	erever i	t appear							
8		e.	In the	introdu	ctory te	to paragraph (b)(1)(iii) and paragra	uph (b)(1)(iv), remove					
9		"docu	mentati	on" and	add in	s place "record" wherever it appears	s;					
10		f.	In para	agraph	(b)(1)(iv	, remove "the payee" and add in its	place "the payee or the					
11	record of electronic transfer";											
12		g.	In para	agraph	(b)(2)(ii	add "or a record of electronic trans	fer" after the words					
13		"cance	eled che	ck nego	otiated b	the payee";						
14		and										
15		h.	In para	agraphs	(b)(4) a	d (c), remove "documentation" and	add in its place					
16		"recor	ds" who	erever i	t appear							
17	The re	visions	read as	follow	s:							
18	§ 9033	3.11 R	ecords (	of disbu	ırsemer	S.						
19	*	*	*	*	*							
20	(b) <i>Re</i>	cords r	equired	*	*	k						
21	*	*	*	*	*							
22	§ 9033	3.12 [A	mende	d]								
23	121.	Amen	d § 903	3.12 as	follows							

1		a.	In par	ragraph	(a), remove "computerized magnetic media, such as magnetic tapes			
2		or ma	or magnetic diskettes" and add in its place "digital storage devices";					
3		b.	Remo	ove para	agraph (b) and redesignate paragraph (c) as paragraph (b); and			
4		c.	In nev	wly red	esignated paragraph (b), remove "documentation" and add in its			
5		place	place "records".					
6	5 PART 9034—ENTITLEMENTS							
7	122.	The authority citation for part 9034 continues to read as follows:						
8		Autho	Authority: 26 U.S.C. 9034 and 9039(b).					
9	123.	Amend § 9034.2 as follows:						
10		a.	In par	ragraph	(b), remove "and the card number" from the last sentence;			
11		b.	In the	introd	uctory text to paragraph (c), remove "and card number" from the last			
12		sentence;						
13		c. In paragraph (c)(1)(i), remove "written document" and add in its place "writing";						
14		d.	In par	ragraph	(c)(1)(iii), remove "documentation" and add in its place "records";			
15		and						
16		e.	Addı	paragra	ph (c)(8)(iii).			
17		The a	The addition reads as follows:					
18	§ 9034.2 Matchable contributions.							
19	*	*	*	*	*			
20	(c)	*	*	*				
21		(8)	*	*	*			

- 1 (iii) To be attributed to more than one person, a signed written statement must
- 2 accompany the credit or debit card contribution indicating that the contribution
- was made from each individual's personal funds in the amount so attributed.

#### 4 § 9034.5 [Amended]

- 5 124. Amend § 9034.5(c)(1) and (d) by removing "documentation" and adding in its place
- 6 "records" wherever it appears.

### 7 § 9034.6 [Amended]

- 8 125. Amend § 9034.6 as follows:
- 9 a. In paragraph (a)(1), remove "telephone service, typewriters, and computers" and
- add in its place "telephone and internet service, and computers or other electronic
- devices"; and
- b. In paragraph (b)(3), remove "telephone service" and add in its place "telephone
- and internet service".

### 14 § 9034.7 [Amended]

- 15 126. Amend § 9034.7(b)(5)(iv) and (v) by removing "documentation" and adding in its place
- 16 "records" wherever it appears.

#### 17 **§ 9034.8 [Amended]**

- 18 127. Amend § 9034.8(b)(4) by removing "recordkeeping, reporting and documentation" and
- adding in its place "recordkeeping and reporting".

#### 20 PART 9035—EXPENDITURE LIMITATIONS

- 21 128. The authority citation for part 9035 continues to read as follows:
- 22 Authority: 26 U.S.C. 9035 and 9039(b).

- 2 129. Amend § 9035.1(c)(3) by removing "documentation" and adding in its place "records".
- 3 PART 9036—REVIEW OF MATCHING FUND SUBMISSIONS AND CERTIFICATION
- 4 OF PAYMENTS BY COMMISSION
- 5 130. The authority citation for part 9036 continues to read as follows:
- 6 Authority: 26 U.S.C. 9036 and 9039(b).

# 7 § 9036.1 [Amended]

- 8 131. Amend § 9036.1 as follows:
- 9 a. In paragraph (b)(2), remove "computerized magnetic media, such as magnetic
- tapes or magnetic diskettes" and add in its place "digital storage devices";
- b. In paragraphs (b)(3) and (4), remove "documentation" and add in its place
- 12 "records" wherever it appears;
- 13 c. In paragraph (b)(4), add ", or, for deposits made electronically, information
- associating contributions to their deposit in the designated campaign depository, such as a
- batch number" after the words "bank statements";
- d. In paragraph (b)(5), remove "full-size photocopy of each unpaid check, and
- 17 copies of' and add in its place "record that contains a complete image of each unpaid
- 18 check and"; and
- 19 e. In paragraph (b)(6), remove "full-size photocopy" and add in its place "record
- that contains a complete image".
- f. In paragraph (b)(7), remove "documentation" and add in its place "records"
- wherever it appears.

#### 1 § 9036.2 [Amended]

- 2 132. Amend § 9036.2 as follows:
- a. In paragraph (b)(1)(ii), remove "either solely in magnetic media from or in both
- 4 printed and magnetic media forms" and add in its place "in printed or digital form or a
- 5 combination of printed and digital forms";
- 6 b. In paragraph (b)(1)(iii), remove "checks returned unpaid" and add in its place
- 7 "checks returned unpaid or credit or debit card or other electronic payment chargebacks";
- 8 c. In paragraph (b)(1)(vi), remove "as specified in the Computerized Magnetic
- 9 Media Requirements" from the second sentence;
- d. In paragraph (b)(1)(vi), remove "shall provide the computer equipment and
- software needed to retrieve and read the digital images, if necessary, at no cost to the
- 12 Commission, and" from the fourth sentence; and
- e. In paragraphs (b)(1)(vi) and (vii), remove "documentation" and add in its place
- "records" wherever it appears.

#### 15 **§ 9036.3** [Amended]

- 16 133. Amend the heading, introductory paragraph, and paragraphs (b), (b)(4), and (d) of §
- 17 9036.3 by removing "documentation" and adding in its place, "records" wherever it appears.
- 18 **§ 9036.4** [Amended]
- 19 134. Amend § 9036.4(b)(4) by removing "documentation" and adding in its place "records".
- 20 § 9036.5 [Amended]
- 21 135. Amend § 9036.5(c)(1) by removing "documentation" and adding in its place "records"
- wherever it appears.

#### 1 PART 9038—EXAMINATIONS AND AUDITS

- 2 136. The authority citation for part 9038 continues to read as follows:
- 3 Authority: 26 U.S.C. 9038 and 9039(b).
- 4 § 9038.1 [Amended]
- 5 137. Amend § 9038.1 as follows:
- a. In the introductory text to paragraph (b)(1), remove "the Commission may request
- 7 additional or updated computerized information" and add in its place "the Commission
- 8 may request additional or updated information"; and
- 9 b. In paragraphs (b)(1)(iv) and (c)(2), remove "documentation" and add in its place
- "records" wherever it appears.
- 11 **§ 9038.2 [Amended]**
- 12 138. Amend § 9038.2(b)(3) by removing "documentation" from the paragraph heading and
- adding in its place "records".
- 14 § 9038.7 [Amended]
- 15 139. Amend § 9038.7 as follows:
- 16 a. In paragraph (a), remove "documents" and add in its place "documents, records,"
- wherever it appears; and
- b. In paragraph (b)(2), remove "tapes" and add in its place "recordings" wherever it
- 19 appears.
- 20 PART 9039—REVIEW AND INVESTIGATION AUTHORITY
- 21 140. The authority citation for part 9039 continues to read as follows:
- 22 Authority: 26 U.S.C. 9039.

1	§ 9039.2 [Amended]						
2	141. Amend § 9039.2 as follows:						
3	;	a. In paragraph (a)(3), remove "documents" and add in its place "documents or					
4	records"; and						
5	1	b. In paragraph (b), remove "documentation" and add in its place "records".					
6	§ 9039.3 [Amended]						
7	142.	Amend § 9039.3(b)(2)(vi) by removing "documents" and adding in its place "records".					
8							
9	On behalf of the Commission,						
10	Dara Lindenbaum,						
11	Chair,						
12 13	Federal	Election Commission.					
14	Dated:						