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  FEC / OIG Strategic Plan – Fiscal Years 2010 - 2015
A Message from the Inspector General

I am pleased to present to the Commission the Office of Inspector General’s (OIG) fiscal year (FY) 2015 Annual Work Plan. This work plan includes a description of audit, inspections, investigative and special projects planned for FY 2015. The plan also sets forth the OIG’s formal strategy for identifying priority issues and managing its workload and resources for FY 2015. Successful execution of this plan will enable the OIG to provide the highest quality work products to our stakeholders and to assist the FEC in meeting its strategic mission, goals and objectives.

The OIG substantially completed the work planned for FY 2014 in the audit and investigative programs, as well as special projects; some of the assignments are in process spanning fiscal years 2014 and 2015. Among the audits and inspection completed by OIG in FY 2014 were the Audit of the FEC’s Fiscal Year 2013 Financial Statements, and the Inspection of FEC’s Compliance with FMFIA/OMB Circular A-123. The OIG also contracted with an independent contractor to conduct an analysis of the anticipated cost to the FEC to comply with applicable government-wide IT security standards including the National Institute of Standards and Technology’s (NIST), and the Federal Information Security Management Act (FISMA) of 2002. The audit and inspections yielded numerous recommendations to improve FEC operations. The OIG also devoted resources this past FY to audit follow-up with the goal of closing outstanding Inspector General recommendations.

In FY 2014, an audit peer review was conducted on my office by the International Trade Commission (ITC) OIG. A peer review is an independent assessment of the effectiveness of the office’s audit quality control program. The review provides reasonable assurance on whether the office is adhering to government auditing standards and internal policies. I am pleased to report that in February 2014 my office received a peer review rating of pass, also known as an unqualified clean opinion.

The investigative program also accomplished much of the work planned for 2014, which included responding to hotline complaints, OIG briefings to new employees, oversight of the OIG’s hotline service, completing an investigation and working on several investigations that will be completed in FY 15, among other projects. In addition to the investigative program, the OIG staff was actively involved in several professional working groups during the FY, to include the Council of the Inspectors General on Integrity and Efficiency (CIGIE) Professional Development Committee, the Inspector General (IG) Candidate Recommendations Panel, the Council of Counsels to Inspectors General, The CIGIE Leadership Community of Practice (LCoP), among others. I also continued the role of Vice Chair of CIGIE which started in January, 2013. At the start of FY 2015, the OIG is currently down one staff person with the promotion of the Counsel to
the Inspector General/Chief Investigator to the Deputy Inspector General position. I am planning on filling the now vacant Counsel position in early FY 2015.

The U.S. Federal Election Commission’s (FEC) mission statement is “to prevent corruption in the Federal campaign process by administering, enforcing and formulating policy with respect to Federal campaign finance statutes.” The OIG is committed to ensuring the integrity of FEC programs and operations. The development and continual updating of the OIG’s work plan is a critical aspect of accomplishing the OIG’s objectives to promote economy and efficiency in FEC programs and to detect and prevent fraud, waste and abuse. Effective work planning ensures that all OIG resources, including audit and investigative resources, are used effectively and efficiently. I look forward to a successful year of providing the highest quality support and service to our stakeholders.

Lynne A. McFarland
Inspector General
Federal Election Commission

October 2, 2014
The Inspector General Act of 1978 (P.L. 100-504), as amended, states that the Inspector General is responsible for: 1) conducting and supervising audits and investigations relating to the Federal Election Commission’s programs and operations; 2) detecting and preventing fraud, waste, and abuse of agency programs and operations while providing leadership and coordination; 3) recommending policies designed to promote economy, efficiency, and effectiveness of the establishment; and 4) keeping the Commission and Congress fully and currently informed about problems and deficiencies in FEC agency programs and operations, and the need for corrective action. The OIG budget request for FY 2015 was $1,237,476 an amount necessary to cover salaries and related expenses for six staff members, to include audit contracts and training. See the OIG’s organizational chart at Exhibit 1 below:
OIG Strategic Planning

Strategic Plan
To enhance the effectiveness of the OIG and to ensure effective audit and investigative coverage of the Commission’s programs and operations, the OIG has a strategic plan that covers the period 2010 through 2015. Three major categories of OIG-wide goals and objectives are included in the strategic plan, which are as follows:

- **OIG Products**: To provide products and services that promotes positive change in FEC policies, programs, and operations.

- **OIG Processes**: To develop and implement processes, policies, and procedures to ensure the most effective and appropriate use of OIG resources in support of our people and products.

- **OIG Staff**: To maintain a skilled and motivated work force in an environment that fosters accountability, communications, teamwork, and personal and professional growth.

In addition, strategies and performance measures for each objective are included in the strategic plan. For example, an OIG performance measure for audits includes using feedback from stakeholder surveys to continually improve the OIG’s audit process. At the conclusion of each audit/inspection/review, the OIG distributes a stakeholder survey to the program officials to solicit their feedback on the usefulness of the completed OIG assignment and their overall satisfaction with the process. A detailed illustrative version of the OIG’s current strategic plan can be found as an attachment of this annual work plan.

A new OIG strategic plan will be developed during FY 15 to cover 2016 – 2021. The strategic plan will ensure maximum effectiveness in meeting the changing needs of the FEC, consistent with the OIG’s statutory responsibilities.

Annual Planning and Methodology Strategies

The planning methodology adopted by the OIG is based on a formal risk assessment process. The purpose of the risk assessment process is to better align OIG resources to areas that will provide the most value to the FEC. A risk assessment is a process to identify, assess, respond to, and report on opportunities and threats that affect the achievement of objectives. The OIG also solicits feedback and ideas from stakeholders throughout the year. The annual work plan will, of course, require periodic updates to reflect changes, such as new priorities, as well as any changes in OIG resources.
In the spring of 2014, the OIG conducted our annual planning process that involved OIG planning meetings to discuss the upcoming fiscal year and OIG work assignments. In addition to risk base planning, the OIG’s work plan is also designed to yield work assignments that will identify opportunities for economy, efficiency and effectiveness in FEC programs and operations; and detect and prevent fraud, waste, abuse and mismanagement. The priority for conducting work assignments is based on (1) mandatory legislative requirements; (2) emphasis by the President, Congress, and the Commission; (3) a program’s susceptibility to fraud, manipulation, or other irregularities; (4) dollar magnitude or resources involved in the proposed area; (5) management needs identified through consultation with primary organization heads; (6) newness, changed conditions, or sensitivity of an organization; (7) the extent of outstanding issues resulting from prior audit coverage or review by the OIG or other oversight body; and (8) the adequacy of internal control systems in place for the program or other factors.

Based on the results of the OIG's planning process, the OIG’s annual work plan is divided into four primary categories:

(1) Audits/Inspections/Reviews;
(2) Investigative Program;
(3) Special Projects; and
(4) Additional Requirements/Professional Commitments

OIG 2015 Work Plan

AUDITS/INSPECTIONS/REVIEWS

The term “audit” is used to describe work performed by auditors in examining financial statements, as well as work performed in reviewing compliance with applicable laws and regulations, the economy and efficiency of operations, and the effectiveness in achieving program results. These audits are prepared in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards and vary in scope and complexity. Inspections and reviews are conducted in accordance with quality standards issued by the federal Inspector General community.

For fiscal year 2015, the following audit assignments are planned:

1. **Audit of the Federal Election Commission’s 2014 and 2015 Financial Statements.**

   In accordance with the *Accountability of Tax Dollars Act of 2002*, the FEC is required to prepare annual financial statements in accordance with Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular No. A-136, *Financial Reporting Requirements*. 
The *Chief Financial Officers Act of 1990*, as amended, requires the FEC Inspector General, or an independent external auditor selected by the IG, to audit the agency financial statements.

We will oversee the fiscal year 2014 and 2015 audits conducted by the OIG’s independent public accounting firm Leon Snead & Company. The OIG is responsible for 1) reviewing the auditor’s approach and planning of the audit; 2) evaluating the qualifications and independence of the auditors; 3) monitoring the work of the auditors; 4) examining audit documents and reports to ensure compliance with government auditing standards, and OMB Bulletin No. 07-04, *Audit Requirements for Federal Financial Statements*, as revised; and 5) other procedures the OIG deems necessary to oversee the contract and audit.


2. **Audit of the Federal Election Commission’s Payroll/WebTA Program.**

The OIG will conduct an audit of the FEC’s Payroll/WebTA Program. The OIG audit objectives will determine whether the WebTA system is accurately and properly tracking and recording employees’ time and attendance (T&A) including annual leave and sick leave in accordance with federal law, regulations, and FEC policies and procedures. The OIG will also assess the internal controls over the program to ensure payroll funds are accurately dispersed and provide recommendations to management, if warranted.


3. **Audit of the Federal Election Commission’s Flexiplace Program.**

The OIG audit objectives will determine whether the program is being administered by the agency in accordance with federal law, regulations, and FEC policies and procedures. Also, to ensure the FEC flexiplace programs were properly and equitably implemented across all division/offices. The OIG will also assess whether the internal controls over the program are operating effectively, within the spirit of federal guidance, and provide recommendations to management, if warranted.

4. **On-Going Audit Follow-up.**

An important responsibility of the OIG is to follow-up on previously issued audit reports with outstanding audit recommendations. At the beginning of FY 2015, there were numerous outstanding recommendations representing four audits and one inspection. On-going audit follow-up during FY 2015 will consist of the following responsibilities: (1) review implemented audit recommendations to ensure the audit finding has been resolved; (2) review and comment on management’s corrective action plans that detail plans for resolving outstanding audit recommendations; and (3) conduct regular meetings throughout the FY with management to discuss progress to implement audit recommendations.

*Planned period of audit follow-up: On-going throughout FY 2015.*

5. **Limited Scope Inspections.**

The OIG is planning to complete two to four limited scope, or short-term, inspections of FEC programs during FY 2015. The goal of the short-term inspections will be to focus OIG resources on high-risk areas and provide rapid, up-to-date information to FEC management and the Commission on the efficiency and effectiveness of FEC programs.

- An inspection related to the Office of Equal Employment Opportunity was started in a prior period and is expected to be completed in early FY 2015.
- An inspection of the FEC’s travel card and purchase card program has begun and the inspection is expected to be completed in the first quarter of FY 2015.
- An inspection of FEC’s allocation of training funds is planned for the second half of FY 2015.
- Additional inspections may be performed, time permitting.

**INVESTIGATIVE PROGRAM**

The OIG’s investigative program is intended to add value to the agency’s programs and operations by identifying and investigating allegations of fraud, waste, abuse and misconduct leading to criminal, civil, and administrative penalties and recoveries. Investigations typically originate as hotline complaints and may result in formal investigations if the OIG believes an investigation is warranted. The OIG’s investigative program also provides for initiatives designed to monitor specific high-risk areas within FEC programs and operations in order to proactively identify vulnerabilities in order to prevent fraud, waste and abuse.
For fiscal year 2015, the following investigative assignments are planned:

1. **Manage Hotline Complaints and Investigation Caseload.**

   The OIG will respond to hotline complaints, assess the information provided and decide on course of action. Hotline complaints and investigations will be investigated as necessary and if appropriate reported to the responsible officials on the resolution of these cases.

2. **Proactive Investigative Initiatives.**

   The OIG will initiate proactive reviews involving high-dollar and high-risk programs and operations of the agency. In addition, the OIG has identified several agency data systems, such as financial related systems, and will continue to pursue direct read-access for OIG personnel as part of the OIG’s proactive initiatives to prevent fraud, waste, abuse and misconduct.

3. **Outreach.**

   In FY 2011, the OIG conducted a series of OIG briefings with FEC division management and staff. The briefings were intended to educate FEC staff about the mission and authority of the OIG, and how to report fraud, waste, abuse or mismanagement to the OIG. The OIG plans to provide fraud briefings to contractor personnel in FY 2015. Discussion and education on fraud will help contractors to identify and report suspected fraud and help reduce the number of fraud cases. The briefings will also discuss the OIG’s hotline service and how contract personnel can report fraud, waste and abuse to the OIG. The OIG will also be looking at additional ways to provide additional information to FEC staff.

   The OIG will continue participating in the new employee orientation program to meet with all new employees to discuss the purpose and mission of the OIG. Lastly, the OIG will review and revise, as necessary, the OIG’s FECNet (intranet) site, public Web site, OIG brochure, fraud poster, and other outreach initiatives.

**SPECIAL PROJECTS/OTHER WORK ASSIGNMENTS**

One of the OIG’s strategic goals is to add value to the Agency. One way the OIG can add value is to take a proactive approach to initiatives that are facing the FEC in the near future by performing special projects. Special Projects will be conducted in accordance with the appropriate quality standards issued by the federal Inspector General community. Another way the OIG can add value is to periodically assess our current internal processes and procedures to ensure our work is conducted in an efficient and effective manner.
For fiscal year 2015, the following special projects/other work assignments are planned:

1. **Management Review/Assessment of FEC’s migration to new LOB financial system.**

   Assess FEC’s project plan for migrating to new financial system/LOB to ensure proper planning and testing is included. Also, to ensure adequate internal controls are built in/considered and integration with other financial systems are addressed.

2. **Review of FEC OIG Inspection Process.**

   Assess FEC OIG inspection process and standard procedures by comparing the internal process with CIGIE Quality Standards for Inspections and Evaluations, January 2011 with the objective to identify opportunities to streamline the FEC OIG inspection process.

Additional special projects/work assignments may be undertaken during FY 2015 based on available OIG resources, benefit to the agency, and other relevant factors. Priorities may be adjusted to reflect emerging issues during the FY.

**Additional Requirements/Professional Commitments**

In addition to the OIG’s audit and investigative responsibilities, the OIG has numerous other requirements, activities, and professional commitments during FY 2015. For example, as required by the *Inspector General Act of 1978*, as amended, all legislation compiled by the Commission’s Congressional Affairs Office is reviewed by the Inspector General. The Inspector General and staff also participate in several federal Inspectors General community working groups on topics related to law, audits, and investigations. All of these activities contribute to the success and mission of the OIG. Additional special projects will arise throughout the FY and the OIG will prioritize our workload to respond to the additional requirements.

For fiscal year 2015, the following are examples of the activities and commitments planned by the OIG:

1. **Participate and Attend Professional Working Group and Other Meetings.**

   The Inspector General or OIG staff will regularly attend the following Council of the Inspectors General on Integrity and Efficiency (CIGIE) professional working group meetings: monthly CIGIE meetings; Executive Council of CIGIE; CIGIE Professional Development Committee; CIGIE Leadership Community of Practice; IG Candidate Recommendations Panel; Council of Counsels to the Inspector General; Assistant Inspector General for Investigations; Federal Audit Executive Council; and Financial Statement Audit Network Group.
In addition to CIGIE professional working group meetings, the Inspector General or staff will regularly attend FEC director level meetings, and management and FEC town-hall meetings, and the Institute of Internal Auditors (IIA) DC Chapter meetings throughout during the FY.

2. **Semiannual and Quarterly Reporting.**

In accordance with the *Inspector General Act of 1978*, as amended, the OIG will prepare and transmit to the Congress semiannual reports on the activities of the OIG. Semiannual reports summarize OIG activities during the immediately preceding six-month periods ending March 31st and September 30th of each year. OIG semiannual reports are also provided to the Commission. The OIG will also report on a quarterly basis to the Commission on the activities of the office.

3. **Professional Development and Training.**

The goal of the OIG’s training program is to provide cost effective training to increase professional knowledge and proficiency, and ensure staff meet continuing professional educational requirements. As a result, the OIG staff will attend professional training during the fiscal year to maintain and improve their knowledge, skills and abilities.

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**The Federal Election Commission**

In 1975, Congress created the Federal Election Commission (FEC) to administer and enforce the *Federal Election Campaign Act* (FECA). The duties of the FEC, an independent regulatory agency, are to disclose campaign finance information; enforce the provisions of the law; and oversee the public funding of Presidential elections.

The Commission is made up of six members, who are appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate. Each member serves a six-year term, and two seats are subject to appointment every two years. By law, no more than three Commissioners can be members of the same political party, and at least four votes are required for any official Commission action. The Chairmanship of the Commission rotates among the members each year, with no member serving as Chairman more than once during his or her term. The FEC has a full complement of six Commissioners serving on the Commission – Chair Lee Goodman; Vice Chair Ann Ravel; and Commissioners Caroline C. Hunter, Matthew S. Petersen, Steven T. Walther, and Ellen L. Weintraub.
Objective A: Deliver timely, high-quality products and services that promote positive change.

Strategy:
- establish common OIG standards for communicating results;
- conduct quality assurance programs;
- solicit appropriate internal and external review and comment;
- comply with applicable statutory guidelines and standards;
- set realistic and appropriate milestones.

Objective B: Address priority issues and concerns of the Commission, Management, and Congress.

Strategy:
- Federal Election Commission and Congressional priorities;
- Strategic Management Initiative efforts;
Focus OIG attention in the following areas of emphasis:
- managing change;
- resource allocation in relation to policy objectives;
- delivery of client service;
- causes of fraud and inefficiency; and,
- automation and communication.

Objective C: Follow-up and evaluate results of OIG products and services to assess their effectiveness in promoting positive change.

Strategy:
- Identify, as appropriate, lessons learned to improve timeliness and quality; and,
- conduct follow-up reviews to determine if intended results have been achieved.

Objective D: Satisfy customers, consistent with the independent nature of the OIG.

Strategy:
- establish professional communication and interaction with customers to promote the open exchange of ideas;
- incorporate customer feedback, as appropriate; and,
- be open to customer-generated solutions and options.

Objective E: Establish a positive and productive working environment.

Strategy:
- reengineer or streamline OIG procedures to achieve the most effective use of resources; and,
- ensure that necessary technologies, evolving and otherwise, are made available to staff as needed.

Performance Measures: Determine the timeliness and quality of products and services; their effectiveness in promoting positive change; and, reach agreement with management on at least 90% of recommendations within six months of the report issue date.

Objective A: Maintain a dynamic strategic planning process.

Strategy:
- periodically review and update the strategic plan to address changing OIG and FEC priorities; and,
- identify factors that influence organizational change and develop short and long term plans to address them.

Objective B: Plan and conduct cost-effective work that address critical issues and results in positive change.

Strategy:
- solicit FEC and Congressional input in planning OIG activities;
- develop internal planning mechanisms to support FEC goals and priorities;
- ensure that priorities of IGs are effectively communicated; and,
- identify specific targets for OIG review that are the most cost-effective.

Objective C: Identify customer needs and provide products and services to meet them.

Strategy:
- establish new customer feedback mechanisms;
- consider and evaluate customers feedback when planning and developing products and services;
- respond to Congressional inquires and request for briefing and testimony;
- promote open exchange of ideas and information through outreach and through use of e-mail; and,
- receive, evaluate, and respond, as appropriate, to information received through the OIG hotline and other sources.

Objective D: Implement efficient, effective, and consistent resolution and follow-up procedures.

Strategy:
- ensure that IG follow-up procedures are followed and that management is aware of their role in the process;
- establish common OIG standards for terminology, date maintenance and communications.

Objective E: Establish a positive and productive working environment.

Strategy:
- reengineer or streamline OIG procedures to achieve the most effective use of resources; and,
- ensure that necessary technologies, evolving and otherwise, are made available to staff as needed.

Performance Measures: Determine the timeliness and quality of products and services; their effectiveness in promoting positive change; and, reach agreement with management on at least 90% of recommendations within six months of the report issue date.

Objective A: Attract and retain well-qualified, diverse and motivated employees.

Strategy:
- develop and implement a comprehensive recruiting program that attracts a broad population with the knowledge, skills, abilities, and expertise necessary to make meaningful contributions to the OIG;
- assess employee satisfaction and develop strategies to address employee concerns;
- identify reasons for staff departures and develop plans to foster greater staff retention; and,
- adhere to EEO principles and strive to maintain a diverse workforce.

Objective B: Provide training and developmental opportunities to employees.

Strategy:
- assess training needs in relation not only to employee but also office needs as well;
- ensure that Government Auditing Standards in relation to training are adhered to; and,
- maintain a reporting system to ensure that educational requirements are met.

Objective C: Assess, recognize, and reward, when possible, performance that contributes to achieving the OIG mission.

Strategy:
- develop and articulate expectations for each employee’s performance, including contributions in meeting the mission & goals of the OIG; and,
- ensure that rewards, when possible, are given in recognition of exceptional employee performance.

Objective D: Create and maintain a working environment that promotes teamwork and effective communication.

Strategy:
- ensure that communication between employees is open;
- provide employees with the tools and incentives they need to adequately perform their duties.

Objective E: Establish a positive and productive working environment.

Strategy:
- reengineer or streamline OIG procedures to achieve the most effective use of resources; and,
- ensure that necessary technologies, evolving and otherwise, are made available to staff as needed.

Performance Measures: Determine the timeliness and quality of products and services; their effectiveness in promoting positive change; and, reach agreement with management on at least 90% of recommendations within six months of the report issue date.

Objective A: Maintain a dynamic strategic planning process.

Strategy:
- periodically review and update the strategic plan to address changing OIG and FEC priorities; and,
- identify factors that influence organizational change and develop short and long term plans to address them.

Objective B: Plan and conduct cost-effective work that address critical issues and results in positive change.

Strategy:
- solicit FEC and Congressional input in planning OIG activities;
- develop internal planning mechanisms to support FEC goals and priorities;
- ensure that priorities of IGs are effectively communicated; and,
- identify specific targets for OIG review that are the most cost-effective.

Objective C: Identify customer needs and provide products and services to meet them.

Strategy:
- establish new customer feedback mechanisms;
- consider and evaluate customers feedback when planning and developing products and services;
- respond to Congressional inquires and request for briefing and testimony;
- promote open exchange of ideas and information through outreach and through use of e-mail; and,
- receive, evaluate, and respond, as appropriate, to information received through the OIG hotline and other sources.

Objective D: Implement efficient, effective, and consistent resolution and follow-up procedures.

Strategy:
- ensure that IG follow-up procedures are followed and that management is aware of their role in the process;
- establish common OIG standards for terminology, date maintenance and communications.

Objective E: Establish a positive and productive working environment.

Strategy:
- reengineer or streamline OIG procedures to achieve the most effective use of resources; and,
- ensure that necessary technologies, evolving and otherwise, are made available to staff as needed.

Performance Measures: Determine the timeliness and quality of products and services; their effectiveness in promoting positive change; and, reach agreement with management on at least 90% of recommendations within six months of the report issue date.

Objective A: Attract and retain well-qualified, diverse and motivated employees.

Strategy:
- develop and implement a comprehensive recruiting program that attracts a broad population with the knowledge, skills, abilities, and expertise necessary to make meaningful contributions to the OIG;
- assess employee satisfaction and develop strategies to address employee concerns;
- identify reasons for staff departures and develop plans to foster greater staff retention; and,
- adhere to EEO principles and strive to maintain a diverse workforce.

Objective B: Provide training and developmental opportunities to employees.

Strategy:
- assess training needs in relation not only to employee but also office needs as well;
- ensure that Government Auditing Standards in relation to training are adhered to; and,
- maintain a reporting system to ensure that educational requirements are met.

Objective C: Assess, recognize, and reward, when possible, performance that contributes to achieving the OIG mission.

Strategy:
- develop and articulate expectations for each employee’s performance, including contributions in meeting the mission & goals of the OIG; and,
- ensure that rewards, when possible, are given in recognition of exceptional employee performance.

Objective D: Create and maintain a working environment that promotes teamwork and effective communication.

Strategy:
- ensure that communication between employees is open;
- provide employees with the tools and incentives they need to adequately perform their duties.

Objective E: Establish a positive and productive working environment.

Strategy:
- reengineer or streamline OIG procedures to achieve the most effective use of resources; and,
- ensure that necessary technologies, evolving and otherwise, are made available to staff as needed.

Performance Measures: Determine the timeliness and quality of products and services; their effectiveness in promoting positive change; and, reach agreement with management on at least 90% of recommendations within six months of the report issue date.
Individuals including FEC and FEC contractor employees are encouraged to alert the OIG to fraud, waste, abuse, and mismanagement of agency programs and operations. Individuals who contact the OIG can remain anonymous. However, persons who report allegations are encouraged to provide their contact information in the event additional questions arise as the OIG evaluates the allegations. Allegations with limited details or merit may be held in abeyance until further specific details are reported or obtained. Pursuant to the Inspector General Act of 1978, as amended, the Inspector General will not disclose the identity of an individual who provides information without the consent of that individual, unless the Inspector General determines that such disclosure is unavoidable during the course of an investigation. To learn more about the OIG, visit our Website at: http://www.fec.gov/fecig/fecig.shtml

Together we can make a difference.