



FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20463

January 9, 2024

**MEMORANDUM**

To: The Commission

Through: Alec Palmer *AP*  
Staff Director

From: Patricia C. Orrock *PCO*  
Chief Compliance Officer

Zuzana O. Pacious *ZOP*  
Acting Assistant Staff Director  
Audit Division

Kendrick Smith *KDS*  
Audit Manager

By: <sup>for</sup> Brenda Wheeler *KDS*  
Lead Auditor

Subject: Audit Division Recommendation Memorandum on the Madison Project Inc.  
(A21-11)

Pursuant to Commission Directive No. 70 (FEC Directive on Processing Audit Reports), the Audit staff presented the Draft Final Audit Report (DFAR) to Madison Project Inc. (MPI) on October 5, 2023 (see attachment). MPI did not request an audit hearing.

This memorandum provides the Audit staff's recommendation for the finding outlined in the DFAR.

In response to the DFAR, MPI provided additional comments.

**Disclosure of Occupation and Name of Employer**

In response to the DFAR, MPI's Counsel (Counsel) submitted a narrative, disputing the validity of the finding. Counsel stated, "We urge the Commission to reject the DFAR's findings, which contain several misstatements of law and fact."

According to Counsel, during the audit period, MPI received contributions from individuals of which "at least three-quarters" did not have to be itemized. In

addition, MPI “regularly chose” to disclose contributions aggregating to less than \$200 per calendar year even though such contributions did not require itemization.

The DFAR finding highlights the following three categories of contributions: the contributions with untimely “best efforts” (subpart 1); the contributions for which MPI obtained the contributor information but did not disclose the information (subpart 2); and, contributions for which MPI did not provide the “best efforts” documentation (subpart 3). According to Counsel, all three categories were “flawed” and mathematically “incorrect.” As for the 222 contributions totaling \$59,841, discussed in subpart 3, for which MPI provided no “best efforts” documentation, Counsel stated that there is a “significant disagreement over the findings” and the DFAR “ignores both the applicable statutory and regulatory text and past Commission enforcement matters defining what is required to show ‘best efforts.’” Counsel further reiterated that several contributions did not require itemization and that these contributions “did not trigger best efforts follow-up obligations.”

- Regarding the contributions for which MPI did not provide the “best efforts” documentation, Counsel stated, “This is wrong on both the applicable law and the underlying facts.” The Counsel cited *Republican Nat’l Committee v. FEC*, 76 F.3d 400, 406 (1996) and referenced MURs 5840 and 6438, to assert that contributors are not required to provide the occupation and name of employer information; that it is unlawful to require such information; that MPI satisfied the “best efforts” requirements; and that a sample letter was sufficient to demonstrate “best efforts.” Counsel also stated that, per 11 CFR §104.7(b), “there is no additional record-keeping requirement beyond making a single written request.” Further, Counsel stated that 11 CFR §104.7, and not 11 CFR §102.9, governs the recordkeeping requirements for best efforts.
- Finally, Counsel stated that all subparts of the finding contain “common math errors” and that there are contributions included in the finding that did not require itemization, but MPI chose to itemize them voluntarily. Counsel provided several examples of such contributors.

The Audit staff maintains that MPI did not comply with the provisions of 11 CFR §§102.9(d) and 104.7 because none of the three subcategories for the Disclosure of Occupation and Name of Employer finding discussed in the DFAR met all three requirements of “best efforts” to obtain, maintain, and submit the required disclosure information.

As for the mathematical accuracy, the Audit staff reassessed the 558 errors, totaling \$188,852, cited in the DFAR. Upon further review of the reconciled receipts database and the related documentation, the Audit staff concluded as follows:

- Four contributions, totaling \$440, were inadvertently included in the prior calculations. The aggregate contributions did not exceed \$200 per calendar year. As a result, these contributions were removed from the calculation of errors.
- Forty contributions, totaling \$3,630, were included in the prior calculations due to the method MPI used to record, and subsequently report the respective dates and the aggregate year-to-date totals for each contributor. In all cases,

MPI received more than two contributions from each contributor. For each contributor, MPI recorded these contributions as received on the same day. In addition, instead of aggregating the contributions as they were received and utilizing a running total method, MPI's database and reports reflected a final or grand aggregate year-to-date total for all contributions received from a contributor. In all cases, the aggregate year-to-date totals for each contribution exceeded \$200, indicating a requirement to disclose occupation and name of employer information. The Audit staff recalculated the aggregate year-to-date totals per contributor by applying the largest contributions, with the same receipt date and aggregate year-to-date total, first. This recalculation resulted in a lesser error amount per contributor.<sup>1</sup>

The Audit staff notes that, during the calendar year 2020, MPI received nine Requests for Additional Information (RFAs) from the Reports Analysis Division (RAD). RAD questioned MPI's disclosure reports because they lacked adequate contributor information for contributions disclosed as requiring itemization. In many cases, the itemization occurred due to MPI's use of a grand total for the aggregate year-to-date contribution totals. At that time, MPI had an opportunity to respond to the RFAs; and clarify and/or correct these entries. MPI, however, did not do so. Likewise, MPI did not elaborate on its recording and reporting methodology during the pre-audit, the exit conference, or in response to the Interim Audit Report.<sup>2</sup>

Given the adjustments discussed above, the chart below summarizes the revised contributions, and the respective dollar amounts by each subpart:

<i>Subpart</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i># of Contributions</i>	<i>\$ Value</i>
1	Untimely Obtained "Best Efforts"	186	\$ 73,849
2	"Best Efforts" Obtained but Not Disclosed	137	\$ 53,822
3	"Best Efforts" Documentation Not Provided	191	\$ 57,111
	<b>Total</b>	<b>514</b>	<b>\$ 184,782</b>

The Audit staff recommends that the Commission find that MPI failed to disclose or inadequately disclosed the occupation and name of employer information for 514<sup>3</sup> contributions from individuals, totaling \$184,782.<sup>4</sup>

The Office of General Counsel has reviewed this memorandum and concurs with the recommendation.

<sup>1</sup> For example, three contributions from a contributor were reported as received on the same date. Sequentially, MPI's records were \$40, \$80, and \$100. Because of this sequence, the third contribution exceeded the \$200 itemization threshold, resulting in an error of \$100. By changing the sequence of contributions, \$100, \$80, and \$40, the resulting error is \$40. If the same contributor gave a prior contribution reported with an earlier date, the Audit staff rearranged the sequence of subsequent contributions to provide the lowest error amount. Using the same example, if there was a prior contribution of \$150, the Audit staff rearranged the sequence to \$40, \$80, and \$100, resulting in a lower error amount of \$180.

<sup>2</sup> The Audit staff provided the list of disclosure errors to MPI during the pre-audit, on March 31, 2022. The same list was provided at the exit conference on November 18, 2022. Finally, MPI did not comment on these errors in response to the Interim Audit Report, dated June 6, 2023.

<sup>3</sup> 514 = 558 - 4 - 40.

<sup>4</sup> \$184,782 = \$188,852 - \$440 - \$3,630.

If this memorandum is approved, the Proposed Final Audit Report will be prepared and circulated within 30 days of the Commission's approval.

**If this Audit Division Recommendation Memorandum is not approved on a tally vote, Directive No. 70 states that the matter will be placed on the next regularly scheduled open session agenda.**

Documents related to this audit report can be viewed in the Voting Ballot Matters folder. Should you have any questions, please contact Brenda Wheeler or Kendrick Smith at 694-1200.

Attachment:

- Draft Final Audit Report of the Audit Division on Madison Project Inc.

cc: Office of General Counsel



# Draft Final Audit Report of the Audit Division on Madison Project Inc.

(January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2020)

## Why the Audit Was Done

Federal law permits the Commission to conduct audits and field investigations of any political committee that is required to file reports

under the Federal Election Campaign Act (the Act). The Commission generally conducts such audits when a committee appears not to have met the threshold requirements for substantial compliance with the Act.<sup>1</sup> The audit determines whether the committee complied with the limitations, prohibitions and disclosure requirements of the Act.

## Future Action

The Commission may initiate an enforcement action, at a later time, with respect to any of the matters discussed in this report.

## About the Committee (p. 2)

Madison Project Inc. is a non-connected Political Action Committee with a non-contribution account and is headquartered in Merrifield, Virginia. For more information, see the chart on the Committee Organization, p. 2.

## Financial Activity (p. 2)

### • Receipts

○ Contributions from Individuals	\$ 1,349,514
○ Other Federal Receipts	585
<b>Total Receipts</b>	<b>\$ 1,350,099</b>

### • Disbursements

○ Operating Expenditures	\$ 1,033,548
○ Contributions to Federal Candidates and Committees	50,000
○ Contribution Refunds	6,770
○ Other Disbursements	7,297
<b>Total Disbursements</b>	<b>\$ 1,097,615</b>

## Finding and Recommendation (p. 3)

- Disclosure of Occupation and Name of Employer

<sup>1</sup> 52 U.S.C. §30111(b).



# **Draft Final Audit Report of the Audit Division on Madison Project Inc.**

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(January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2020)

**Draft**

# Table of Contents

## Page

### **Part I. Background**

Authority for Audit	1
Scope of Audit	1

### **Part II. Overview of Committee**

Committee Organization	2
Overview of Financial Activity	2

### **Part III. Summary**

Finding and Recommendation	3
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### **Part IV. Finding and Recommendation**

Disclosure of Occupation and Name of Employer	4
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Draft

# Part I

## Background

### Authority for Audit

This report is based on an audit of Madison Project Inc. (MPI), undertaken by the Audit Division of the Federal Election Commission (the Commission) in accordance with the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended (the Act). The Audit Division conducted the audit pursuant to 52 U.S.C. §30111(b), which permits the Commission to conduct audits and field investigations of any political committee that is required to file a report under 52 U.S.C. §30104. Prior to conducting any audit under this subsection, the Commission shall perform an internal review of reports filed by selected committees to determine if the reports filed by a particular committee meet the threshold requirements for substantial compliance with the Act. 52 U.S.C. §30111(b).

### Scope of Audit

Following Commission-approved procedures, the Audit staff evaluated various risk factors and as a result, this audit examined:

1. the disclosure of individual contributors' occupation and name of employer;
2. the consistency between reported figures and bank records;
3. the completeness of records;
4. the disclosure of independent expenditures; and
5. other committee operations necessary to the review.



## Part II

### Overview of Committee

#### Committee Organization

<b>Important Dates</b>	
• Date of Registration	September 12, 1994
• Audit Coverage	January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2020
<b>Headquarters</b>	Merrifield, Virginia
<b>Bank Information</b>	
• Bank Depositories	Four
• Bank Accounts	Eight Checking Accounts
<b>Treasurer</b>	
• Treasurer When Audit Was Conducted	Kelly Amorin
• Treasurer During Period Covered by Audit	Kelly Amorin (5/6/20 – Present) Paul Kilgore (12/30/09 – 5/5/20)
<b>Management Information</b>	
• Attended FEC Campaign Finance Seminar	No
• Who Handled Accounting and Recordkeeping Tasks	Paid Staff

#### Overview of Financial Activity (Audited Amounts)

<b>Cash on hand @ January 1, 2019</b>	<b>\$ 29,054</b>
<b>Receipts</b>	
○ Contributions from Individuals	1,349,514
○ Other Federal Receipts	585
<b>Total Receipts</b>	<b>\$ 1,350,099</b>
<b>Disbursements</b>	
○ Operating Expenditures	1,033,548
○ Contributions to Federal Candidates and Committees	50,000
○ Contribution Refunds	6,770
○ Other Disbursements	7,297
<b>Total Disbursements</b>	<b>\$ 1,097,615</b>
<b>Cash on hand @ December 31, 2020</b>	<b>\$ 281,538</b>

## Part III Summary

### Finding and Recommendation

#### Disclosure of Occupation and Name of Employer

During audit fieldwork, a review of all contributions from individuals requiring itemization indicated that 558 contributions, totaling \$188,852, lacked or inadequately disclosed the required occupation and/or name of employer information. MPI did not sufficiently demonstrate “best efforts” to obtain, maintain and submit the required information. MPI provided records for 194 contributions, totaling \$74,639, however, the effort was made untimely, after audit notification. For 142 contributions, totaling \$54,372, MPI had occupation and/or name of employer information within its records, however, MPI did not update the public record with this information. Lastly, for 222 contributions, totaling \$59,841, MPI did not provide the Audit staff evidence of “best efforts” to obtain, maintain and submit the required information. Subsequent to the exit conference, MPI filed amended disclosure reports that materially corrected the public record.

In response to the Interim Audit Report recommendation, Counsel representing MPI (Counsel) stated that the “lone finding, concerning the Committee’s demonstration of its treasurer’s so called ‘best efforts,’ is premised on Audit’s faulty characterization of the record before it and should be corrected.” Counsel’s fundamental objection is that “the [Interim Audit Report] appears to be trying to make new law” regarding how a committee may show that it satisfied best efforts, for which “no such requirement exists in the text of the barebones statutory provision itself”.

The Audit staff maintains its position that, while the Act does not specify how a committee may *show* that it satisfied best efforts, records which demonstrate a committee’s attempt to satisfy the requirements must be maintained.  
(For more detail see p. 4.)

## Part IV

# Finding and Recommendation

### Disclosure of Occupation and Name of Employer

#### Summary

During audit fieldwork, a review of all contributions from individuals requiring itemization indicated that 558 contributions, totaling \$188,852, lacked or inadequately disclosed the required occupation and/or name of employer information. MPI did not sufficiently demonstrate “best efforts” to obtain, maintain and submit the required information. MPI provided records for 194 contributions, totaling \$74,639, however, the effort was made untimely, after audit notification. For 142 contributions, totaling \$54,372, MPI had occupation and/or name of employer information within its records, however, MPI did not update the public record with this information. Lastly, for 222 contributions, totaling \$59,841, MPI did not provide the Audit staff evidence of “best efforts” to obtain, maintain and submit the required information. Subsequent to the exit conference, MPI filed amended disclosure reports that materially corrected the public record.

In response to the Interim Audit Report recommendation, Counsel representing MPI (Counsel) stated that the “lone finding, concerning the Committee’s demonstration of its treasurer’s so called ‘best efforts,’ is premised on Audit’s faulty characterization of the record before it and should be corrected.” Counsel’s fundamental objection is that “the [Interim Audit Report] appears to be trying to make new law” regarding how a committee may show that it satisfied best efforts, for which “no such requirement exists in the text of the barebones statutory provision itself”.

The Audit staff maintains its position that, while the Act does not specify how a committee may *show* that it satisfied best efforts, records which demonstrate a committee’s attempt to satisfy the requirements must be maintained.

#### Legal Standard

- A. Itemization Required for Contributions from Individuals.** A political committee other than an authorized committee must itemize any contribution from an individual if it exceeds \$200 per calendar year, either by itself or when combined with other contributions from the same contributor. 52 U.S.C. §30104(b)(3)(A).
- B. Required Information for Contributions from Individuals.** For each itemized contribution from an individual, the committee must provide the following information:
- the contributor’s full name and address (including zip code);
  - the contributor’s occupation and the name of his or her employer;
  - the date of receipt (the date the committee received the contribution);
  - the amount of the contribution; and
  - the calendar year-to-date total of all contributions from the same individual.
- 52 U.S.C. §30104(b)(3)(A) and 11 CFR §§100.12 and 104.3(a)(4)(i).

- C. Best Efforts Ensures Compliance.** When the treasurer of a political committee shows that the committee used best efforts (see below) to obtain, maintain, and submit the information required by the Act, the committee's reports and records will be considered in compliance with the Act. 52 U.S.C. §30102(i) and 11 CFR §104.7(a).
- D. Definition of Best Efforts.** The treasurer and the committee will be considered to have used "best efforts" if the committee satisfied all of the following criteria:
- All written solicitations for contributions included:
    - A clear request for the contributor's full name, mailing address, occupation, and name of employer; and
    - The statement that such reporting is required by Federal law.
  - Within 30 days after the receipt of the contribution, the treasurer made at least one effort to obtain the missing information, in either a written request or a documented oral request.
  - The treasurer reported any contributor information that, although not initially provided by the contributor, was obtained in a follow-up communication or was contained in the committee's records or in prior reports that the committee filed during the same two-year election cycle. 11 CFR §104.7(b).
- E. Reporting Missing Information.** If any of the contributor information is received after the contribution has been disclosed on a regularly scheduled report, the political committee shall either:
- File with its next regularly scheduled report, an amended memo Schedule A listing all contributions for which contributor identifications have been received and an indication of the previous report(s) to which the memo Schedule A relates; or
  - File amendments which include the contributor identifications together with the dates and amounts of the contributions. 11 CFR §104.7(b)(4)(i).
- F. Accounting for Contributions.** In performing recordkeeping duties, the treasurer shall use his or her best efforts to obtain, maintain and submit the required information and shall keep a complete record of such efforts. 11 CFR §102.9(d).

## **Facts and Analysis**

### **A. Facts**

MPI did not disclose or inadequately disclosed the required occupation and/or name of employer information for contributions requiring itemization on its FEC reports, as of the date of the audit notification letter.

<b>Contributions Requiring Itemization - Missing or Inadequate Occupation and/or Name of Employer Disclosure</b>	
Number of Contributions	558
Dollar Value of Contributions	\$188,852
Percent of Contributions	52%

### 1. Untimely Efforts Made

MPI provided the Audit staff listings of contributors that were sent follow-up letters requesting missing occupation and name of employer information during 2019 and 2020. The listings did not include the dates when the letters were sent to contributors. As such, the Audit staff asked the Treasurer if the letters were sent within 30 days of receipt of the contributions. The Treasurer indicated that the letters “were generally not mailed within 30 days.” The Audit staff’s comparison of the errors and the listings resulted in the following:

<b>Untimely Efforts Made</b>	
Follow-up Letters Sent to Contributors, <i>Untimely</i>	194
Dollar Value of Contributions	\$74,639

### 2. Contributor Information Obtained but Not Disclosed:

During audit fieldwork, MPI provided the Audit staff with the required occupation and/or name of employer information for some of its contributors; however, MPI did not disclose the information on its reports for the following:

<b>Contributor Information Obtained but Not Disclosed</b>	
Contributor Information in MPI’s Records (no record of when the information was obtained)	142 <sup>2</sup>
Dollar Value of Contributions	\$54,372

### 3. Best Efforts Documentation Not Provided:

MPI did not provide the Audit staff records to demonstrate timely “best efforts” for the following:

<sup>2</sup> MPI’s receipt database for the audit period contained the occupation and name of employer information for these contributors.

<b>Best Efforts Documentation Not Provided by MPI</b>	
Best Efforts Documentation Not Provided by MPI	222
Dollar Value of Contributions	\$59,841

#### **4. Additional Information:**

The inadequate occupation and/or name of employer information entries on Schedule A (Itemized Receipts) were primarily disclosed by MPI as “Information Requested Per Best Efforts.” This represented 551 contributions, totaling \$181,222, (approximately 96% of the contributions which lacked or inadequately disclosed the required occupation and/or name of employer information).

#### **B. Interim Audit Report & Audit Division Recommendation**

The Audit staff discussed this matter with MPI representatives during audit fieldwork and at the exit conference and provided the schedule detailing these disclosure errors. In response to the exit conference, Counsel stated MPI “will file amendments with the information at the appropriate time” for 142 contributions, totaling \$54,372.

Regarding the untimely efforts for the 194 contributions, totaling \$74,639, Counsel noted that the current treasurer became treasurer in May 2020 and stated, “...the treasurer did send follow-up letters within thirty days of being aware of the particular contribution with outstanding information.” Counsel further stated, “[t]he company that the Madison Project hired to create the solicitations, mail them, and receive any resulting contributions, only provided the Madison Project with contributor information every thirty days. As soon as the treasurer received notice of omitted contributor information, she would send the requisite letter to the contributor within thirty days.”

The Audit staff concluded that MPI did not satisfy the requirements of “best efforts” because no evidence was provided to demonstrate that the treasurer sent follow-up requests within 30 days of “receiving” the contributions, in accordance with 11 CFR §104.7(b)(2). Counsel’s statement appeared to support the untimely nature of the follow-up requests, given that the company provided contributor information to MPI “every thirty days” and “[a]s soon as the treasurer received notice..., she would send the requisite letter...within thirty days.” As such, the treasurer sent follow-up requests as soon as she was given notice that there was missing contributor information; however, this did not appear to be within 30 days of “receiving” the contribution.

Regarding the 222 contributions, totaling \$59,841, Counsel stated MPI “confirmed, to the best of the treasurer’s knowledge and belief, that (1) all Madison Project solicitations included the requisite best efforts language seeking the relevant information, and (2) in the event a contributor did not provide occupation and employer information..., the treasurer sent a follow-up letter seeking the omitted information.” Counsel further stated, “committees are not obligated to obtain such information; all that is required is that a treasurer use her ‘best efforts’ to obtain and submit it...Here, the treasurer made the separate follow-up request required by regulation.” Counsel added, “[a]lthough the treasurer did not log the sending of the follow-up letters, maintain copies or the like, such

additional efforts are not required. In sum, the treasurer's recollection confirms that the Commission's 'best efforts' requirements were satisfied."

The Audit staff noted Counsel's response did not appear to include a critical component of 52 U.S.C. §30102(i) and 11 CFR §104.7(a). Specifically, a committee's reports and records will be considered in compliance with the Act, when the treasurer of a political committee *shows* that the committee used best efforts to obtain, maintain, and submit the information required by the Act. While the Act does not specify how a committee may *show* that it satisfied best efforts, something must be preserved which demonstrates a committee's attempt to satisfy the requirements. In this case, Counsel stated "...the treasurer made the separate follow-up request required by regulation." However, no evidence of such follow-up requests or any other "best efforts" attempt has been provided to the Audit staff. The Audit staff further noted that MPI did provide some records of its untimely follow-up efforts, in the form of lists disclosing contributors to whom it sent follow-up letters; however, the lists did not include the contributors who provided the 222 contributions, totaling \$59,841.

On May 18, 2023, MPI filed amended disclosure reports that materially corrected the public record. MPI's amended disclosure reports included the occupation and name of employer information for 139 contributions, totaling \$53,842 of the 142 contributions totaling \$54,372 in the *Contributor Information Obtained but Not Disclosed* chart above.

The IAR recommended that MPI provide any additional comments it deems relevant to this matter.

### **C. Committee Response to Interim Audit Report**

In response to the Interim Audit Report recommendation, Counsel stated "the [Interim Audit Report] repeatedly misrepresents the Committee's showing of its use of 'best efforts' to report occupation and employer information...efforts which were sufficient under the law." Counsel cited the Interim Audit Report's claim that MPI did not provide evidence of best efforts for the 222 contributions totaling \$59,841 and the lack of evidence of follow-up requests or any other best efforts attempts for these contributions. Counsel stated that this is "[n]ot true" given that, "to the best of the treasurer's knowledge and belief," (1) MPI's solicitations contained the requisite best efforts language seeking the relevant information, (2) follow-up letters, consistent with 11 CFR §104.7(b), were sent to contributors missing this information, and (3) MPI provided a copy of the template letter it sent to contributors. Counsel further stated, "as the Commission is already aware, the Committee produced a mountain of solicitations that clearly informed potential contributors that the Committee was seeking their occupation and employer information" and "[t]hat alone demonstrates at least some very real evidence of 'best efforts'". Counsel further questioned, "if the Committee's treasurer did not use 'best efforts' to obtain the missing contributor information in the regular course, as the [Interim Audit Report] claims, how did the Committee come about the information for the majority of its receipts—including the 142 contributions ...disclosed by amendments that have 'materially corrected the public record'?"

Counsel's fundamental objection is that "the [Interim Audit Report] appears to be trying to make new law" regarding how a committee may show that it satisfied best efforts,

when “no such requirement exists in the text of the barebones statutory provision itself. 52 U.S.C. § 30102(i)”. Counsel further stated:

...while there are implementing regulations that go far beyond the language of the statute, they too say nothing of the recordkeeping duties the [Interim Audit Report] appears to seek to create. *See* 11 C.F.R. § 104.7. To the contrary, any such obligation runs counter to the text of the regulation, which only imposes a preservation requirement on oral requests—without imposing a similar requirement to maintain a copy of each and every letter sent, the maintenance of a log of letters, or whatever else [the] [Interim Audit Report] now seeks to impose.

Counsel contended that, “Any such recordkeeping obligation would also contradict the purpose of the ‘best efforts’ requirement.” Counsel stated that when the Commission first issued a regulation interpreting “best efforts”, it explained that “[i]n determining whether or not a committee has exercised ‘best efforts,’ ... [t]he main concern [is merely] whether the committee has in place a systemized method for complying with the Act’s disclosure requirements.”<sup>3</sup> Counsel contended that, “Commission efforts to impose additional regulatory burdens in this area have flared up before, and not fared well.” Based on court rulings, Counsel stated, the law “only requires committees to use their *best efforts* to gather the information and then report to the Commission whatever information donors choose to provide.”<sup>4</sup> Lastly, Counsel asserted that “Commission [Matters Under Review] have directly addressed this issue and contradict the [Interim Audit Report].”<sup>5</sup>

To adequately address Counsel’s response to the Interim Audit Report recommendation, it is important to clarify some statements made by Counsel. The Audit staff’s position is, for each category of contributions presented in this finding, MPI did not meet *all* the requirements of “best efforts” as set forth in 11 CFR §§102.9(d) and 104.7. As Counsel intimates in its response, and the Audit staff agrees, some of the requirements of “best efforts” were met. However, the “best efforts” regulation specifies that the treasurer and the political committee will only be deemed to have exercised best efforts to obtain, maintain and report the required information if —first, it requested the information in its solicitation materials that prompted the contribution *and*, second, if the information is not obtained, in a follow-up request. 11 CFR §104.7(b)(1) and (2). Furthermore, if the requested information is not received until after the contribution has been reported, the committee *must* report the information using one of the procedures outlined in 11 CFR §104.7(b)(4).

While Counsel has presented a robust discussion on the interpretation of “best efforts”, it should be noted that there is little discussion on the:

- Timeliness requirement, i.e., follow up requests must be made no later than 30 days after the receipt of the contribution. 11 CFR §104.7(b)(2); or

<sup>3</sup> Explanation & Justification, *Amendments to Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971; Regulations Transmitted to Congress*, 45 Fed. Reg. 15,080, 15086 (Mar. 7, 1980) (emphasis added).

<sup>4</sup> *Republican National Committee v. FEC*, 76 F.3d 400 (1996).

<sup>5</sup> *See, e.g.*, MUR 6438 (Art Robinson for Congress), Factual & Legal Analysis at 15–16 (relying on committee’s sample letters and statement of “procedure” in sending those letters in the regular course of operations as sufficiently showing “best efforts”); MUR 5840 (Simon), Factual & Legal Analysis at 2 (finding committee had shown “best efforts” by “submitt[ing] sample letters that it states were used throughout the campaign”).



- Reporting requirement, i.e., any requested occupation and/or name of employer information received after the contribution has been disclosed on a report, must be disclosed as memo entries on a subsequent report or via amendments to the original reports. 11 CFR §104.7(b)(4); and
- Recordkeeping requirement, i.e., the treasurer (or agent) shall use his or her best efforts to obtain, maintain and submit the required information and shall keep a complete record of such efforts. 11 CFR §102.9(d).

Each of these requirements must be met to satisfy “best efforts” and are the primary requirements on which the Audit staff’s position is based upon. Specifically:

- For the 194 contributions totaling, \$74,639, MPI did not meet all the requirements of best efforts because its efforts to obtain the missing contributor information were untimely. The treasurer’s efforts to obtain this missing information were not made within 30 days after receipt of the contributions. As noted above, the vendor responsible for receiving contributions “only provided [MPI] with contributor information every thirty days. As soon as the treasurer received notice of omitted contributor information, she would send the requisite letter to the contributor within thirty days.” Because the vendors forwarded the contributions to MPI every 30 days, the follow up letters appeared to have been sent more than 30 days after the vendor’s receipt.
- For the 142 contributions, totaling \$54,372, MPI did not meet all the requirements of best efforts because the treasurer did not amend MPI’s disclosure reports, prior to audit notification, to include the missing information and correct the public record. On May 18, 2023, MPI filed amended disclosure reports that included the occupation and name of employer information for 139 of these contributions, totaling \$53,842, in response to the audit.
- For the 222 contributions totaling \$59,841, MPI did not meet all the requirements of best efforts because the treasurer did not provide any evidence or records of any attempt to obtain the missing contributor information within 30 days after receipt of the contributions. In addition, if any missing information was obtained, the treasurer did not amend MPI’s disclosure reports to include the missing information and correct the public record. As noted in the Interim Audit Report, MPI did provide some records of its untimely follow-up efforts, including a template letter and lists disclosing contributors to whom the letter was sent; however, the lists did not include the contributors who made the 222 contributions, totaling \$59,841.

In summary, the Audit staff maintains its position that 558 contributions, totaling \$188,852, lacked or inadequately disclosed the required occupation and/or name of employer information. As stated previously, while the Act does not specify how a committee may *show* that it satisfied best efforts, records which demonstrate a committee’s attempt to satisfy the requirements must be maintained. Since MPI has materially corrected the public record, the Audit staff recommends that MPI provide any additional comments it deems relevant to this matter.