1	FEDERA	AL ELECTION COMMISSION
2 3	FIRST GI	ENERAL COUNSEL'S REPORT
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5		MUR 7931
6		DATES RECEIVED: Oct. 12, 2021; June 9, 2022;
7		June 15, 2022; Feb. 14, 2023
8		DATES OF NOTIFICATION: Oct. 18, 2021;
9		June 15, 2022;
10		June 22, 2022
11		Mar. 13, 2023
12		DATE OF LAST RESPONSE: July 29, 2022
13		DATE ACTIVATED: Dec. 19, 2022
14		
15		EXPIRATION OF SOL: Nov. 4, 2025-Apr. 24,
16		2028
17		ELECTION CYCLE: 2024
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19	COMPLAINANT:	Committee to Defeat the President
20		
21	RESPONDENTS:	Joseph R. Biden, Jr.
22		Biden for President and Keana Spencer in her
23		official capacity as treasurer
24		Biden Victory Fund and Monica Guardiola in her
25		official capacity as treasurer
26		7.555
27		MUR 8059
28		DATE RECEIVED: Aug. 30, 2022
29		DATE OF NOTIFICATION: Aug. 31, 2022
30		DATE OF LAST RESPONSE: Oct. 21, 2022
31		DATE ACTIVATED: Dec. 19, 2022
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		ELECTION CYCLE: 2024
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44	RELEVANT STATUTES	
45	AND REGULATIONS:	52 U.S.C. § 30102(e)(1)
46	MID REGULATIONS.	52 U.S.C. § 30102(c)(1) 52 U.S.C. § 30103(c)
10		32 O.S.C. § 30103(c)

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1 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b)(5)(A), (b)(8) 2 3 11 C.F.R. § 101.1(a) 4 11 C.F.R. § 102.2(a)(2) 5 11 C.F.R. § 104.3(b)(4)(i) 6 11 C.F.R. § 104.11(b)

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Disclosure Reports **INTERNAL REPORTS CHECKED:**

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FEDERAL AGENCIES CHECKED: None

I. **INTRODUCTION**

These matters arise from Complaints alleging that Joseph R. Biden, Jr., became a candidate for President in the 2024 election cycle prior to his April 2023 formal announcement and failed to file a Statement of Candidacy with the Commission within 15 days of becoming a candidate in violation of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended (the "Act").

The Complaint in MUR 7931 alleges that Biden surpassed the \$5,000 threshold for candidacy via contributions received by his authorized committee, Biden for President and Keana Spencer in her official capacity as treasurer (the "Biden Committee"), and Biden Victory Fund and Monica Guardiola in her official capacity as treasurer (the "Victory Fund"), a joint fundraising committee in which the Biden Committee is a participant, as well as via disbursements made by the Biden Committee and the Victory Fund. The MUR 7931 Complaint further alleges that both the Biden Committee and the Victory Fund have failed to make necessary amendments to their Statements of Organization to reflect Biden's 2024 candidacy. In addition, the Complainant in MUR 7931 has filed three supplements to its Complaint documenting statements made by Biden and individuals associated with him and his administration in support of the MUR 7931 Complaint's claim that Biden decided to run for reelection long before his formal declaration of candidacy. The Complaint in MUR 8059 similarly alleges that Biden failed to timely file a Statement of Candidacy despite consistent

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1 statements indicating that he had determined to run for reelection and that Biden crossed the 2 \$5,000 statutory threshold because the Biden Committee had spent, at the time of that 3 Complaint, more than \$5 million including for text messaging, email, and database services. 4 Respondents deny the allegations, asserting that, at the time the Responses were 5 submitted, Biden had not yet conclusively determined to run for reelection in 2024, nor had he or his affiliated committees raised or spent \$5,000 or more in connection with the 2024 presidential 6 7 election. Regarding contributions, Respondents state that all contributions received by the Biden 8 Committee after the 2020 election were solicited and made prior to the election and that all funds 9 raised by the Victory Fund for the Biden Committee were contributions solicited and made prior 10 to Election Day. They state that other funds raised by the Victory Fund after Election Day 2020 11 were not allocated or transferred to the Biden Committee. Regarding disbursements, 12 Respondents state that all expenditures made by the Biden Committee after November 3, 2020, 13 were associated with winding-down activities or maintenance of records or property, obligations 14 incurred during the 2020 election cycle, and expenses incurred in connection with fundraising for 15 the Democratic National Committee (the "DNC") in the 2022 election cycle, and that the Biden 16 Committee has made no disbursements to influence the 2024 presidential election. Respondents 17 state that expenditures made by the Victory Fund were to pay for services received prior to 18 Election Day and for services to maintain the Victory Fund while it winds down its operations. 19 After the filing of the Responses, on April 25, 2023, Biden filed a Statement of 20 Candidacy with the Commission indicating that he is running for reelection in 2024 and naming 21 both the Biden Committee and the Victory Fund as authorized committees. 22 As discussed below, the available information indicates that although Biden appears to

have made statements indicating that he had decided to become a candidate as early as March

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1 2021, neither Biden nor the Biden Committee appears to have accepted any contributions for the 2 2024 election cycle, and it is unclear as to whether they made expenditures in excess of \$5,000 to 3 satisfy the statutory threshold for becoming a candidate. At the same time, the available 4 information indicates that the Biden Committee did not accurately disclose all of its spending 5 given that its disbursements to one vendor, Upland Software Inc., may have been for purposes 6 different from or beyond those stated in the Biden Committee's Responses and its disclosure reports. Accordingly, we recommend the Commission: (1) take no action at this time with 7 8 respect to the allegation that Biden violated 52 U.S.C. § 30102(e)(1) and 11 C.F.R § 101.1 by 9 failing to timely file a Statement of Candidacy and designate an authorized committee within 15 10 days of becoming a candidate; and (2) find reason to believe the Biden Committee violated 52 11 U.S.C. § 30104(b)(5)(A) and 11 C.F.R. § 104.3(b)(4)(i) by failing to properly disclose the 12 purpose of its disbursements to Upland Software. We intend to conduct an investigation to 13 resolve the reporting allegation and therefore recommend that the Commission approve 14 compulsory process so that the Office of General Counsel may complete the factual record. 15 Additionally, because the available information indicates that the Victory Fund incurred a 16 debt of \$100,000 in August 2020 that was not disclosed until it received and paid the associated 17 invoice in 2021, we recommend that the Commission find reason to believe the Victory Fund 18 violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b)(8) and 11 C.F.R. § 104.11(b) by failing to report a debt of greater 19 than \$500 at the time it was incurred. We further recommend the Commission authorize pre-20 probable cause conciliation with the Victory Fund to resolve its debt reporting violation. 21 Finally, because neither the Biden Committee nor the Victory Fund had any obligation to 22 amend their Statements of Organization to reflect the election cycle relevant to Biden's 23 candidacy, we recommend the Commission find no reason to believe that either entity violated

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- 52 U.S.C. § 30103(c) and 11 C.F.R. § 102.2(a)(2) by failing to amend their Statements of
- 2 Organization.

3 II. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- 4 A. Statements Made by Biden and His Surrogates Regarding a 2024
 Presidential Candidacy
- Joseph R. Biden, Jr., was elected the 46th President of the United States on November 3,
- 7 2020. He filed a Statement of Candidacy for the 2024 election on April 25, 2023. ²
- 8 Beginning in early 2021, Biden and his surrogates made a number of public statements
- 9 about whether Biden had made a decision to run for President in 2024, as referenced in the
- 10 Complaints. As early as March 25, 2021, when asked whether he had "decided whether [he was]
- going to run for reelection in 2024," Biden responded that "the answer is 'yes.' My plan is to
- run for reelection. That's my expectation." Later that year, in November 2021, then-Press
- 13 Secretary Jen Psaki was asked about "reports that President Biden was telling allies that he is
- 14 going to run for reelection in 2024" and whether she could confirm whether he is "going to run
- in 2024," to which Psaki responded that "[h]e is, that's his intention." Two months later, on
- January 19, 2022, when asked whether Vice President Kamala Harris would be his Vice

FEC, FEDERAL ELECTIONS 2020: ELECTION RESULTS FOR THE U.S. PRESIDENT, THE U.S. SENATE AND THE U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 5 (Oct. 2022), https://www.fec.gov/resources/cms-content/documents/federal_elections2020.pdf; Joe Biden: The President, WHITE HOUSE, https://www.whitehouse.gov/administration/president-biden/ (last visited May 2, 2023).

² Joseph R. Biden, Jr., Amended Statement of Candidacy (Apr. 25, 2023), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/792/202304259581293792.pdf.

WHITE HOUSE, REMARKS BY PRESIDENT BIDEN IN PRESS CONFERENCE (Mar. 25, 2021) [hereinafter March 25, 2021 Biden Remarks], https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/speeches-remarks/2021/03/25/remarks-by-president-biden-in-press-conference/.

Steven Nelson, *Psaki Says Biden Still Intends to Run in 2024 Despite Poor Polls, Old Age*, N.Y. Post (Nov. 22, 2021, 7:11 PM), https://nypost.com/2021/11/22/psaki-says-biden-still-intends-to-run-in-2024-despite-poor-polls-old-age/ (quoting White House, Press Gaggle By Press Secretary Ken Psaki En Route Fort Bragg, NC (Nov. 22, 2021, 5:00 PM) [hereinafter Nov. 22, 2021 White House Press Gaggle], https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/press-briefings/2021/11/22/press-gaggle-by-press-secretary-jen-psaki-en-route-fort-bragg-nc/) (quoted in Compl. ¶ 11 (Aug. 30, 2022), MUR 8059 [hereinafter MUR 8059 Compl.]).

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- 1 President on the 2024 ticket and whether he thought she was doing a good job on voting rights
- 2 policies, Biden responded "[y]es and yes," indicating that he had determined to run in 2024 and
- 3 again would select Harris as his running mate.⁵
- 4 Subsequent press reports have reiterated that Biden had made up his mind regarding the
- 5 2024 election: *Intelligencer* reported on May 24, 2022, that "in [Biden's] mind there's no
- 6 question he's running. . . . 'Yes!' he told an interviewer . . . , sighing a little performatively at
- 7 having to keep repeating it." The article went on to state that:

8 Every one of the would-be candidates has consistently maintained 9 that their own presidential prospects are moot because Biden is 10 running with their full support. As far as Biden's camp is concerned, there isn't any ambiguity about 2024 at all. He has said 11 12 in private that he sees himself as the only thing standing between 13 the country [the reelection of Donald Trump] and has instructed his 14 aides to redouble their planning for a rematch. "People ask me 15 with some regularity, 'When is Biden going to come out and say what he's going to do?" an exasperated longtime Biden adviser 16 told me recently. "And I say, 'Well, he has!" 17

18 Biden was also later reported as being relieved that Senator Bernard Sanders would not challenge

him in 2024, and the same press article states that aides argue that Biden is not just intending to

20 run but also "laying the groundwork by building resources at the [DNC], restocking his operation

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Claire Rafford, *Biden Commits to Harris as His Running Mate for 2024*, POLITICO (Jan. 19, 2022, 6:09 PM), https://www.politico.com/news/2022/01/19/biden-commits-to-harris-as-his-running-mate-2024-527418 (quoting WHITE HOUSE, REMARKS BY PRESIDENT BIDEN IN PRESS CONFERENCE (Jan. 19, 2022, 4:02 PM) [hereinafter Jan. 19, 2022 Biden Remarks], https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/speeches-remarks/2022/01/19/remarks-by-president-biden-in-press-conference-6/) (quoted in MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 15).

Gabriel Debenedetti, *There Has to Be a Backup Plan. There's a Backup Plan, Right?*, INTELLIGENCER (May 24, 2022), https://nymag.com/intelligencer/2022/05/biden-2024-democrats-search-for-alternative.html (quoted in First Supp. Compl. at 1-2 (June 9, 2022), MUR 7931 [hereinafter MUR 7931 First Supp. Compl.]).

⁷ *Id*.

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in battleground states[,] and looking to use his influence to shape the nomination process in his

- 2 favor."8
- In addition to press accounts, individuals associated with Biden's campaign and the
- 4 White House have repeatedly stated that he will run for reelection. On June 13, 2022, Press
- 5 Secretary Karine Jean-Pierre stated at a Press Briefing, "Yes, he's running for reelection. I'm—
- 6 I can't say more than that." The same day, Jean-Pierre tweeted, "To be clear, as the President
- 7 has said repeatedly, he plans to run in 2024."10 Four days later, *The Washington Post* reported
- 8 that a dozen unnamed "Democrats close to the White House" had stated that, "[i]n public and
- 9 private, Biden himself has emphasized that he is running, effectively shutting down any
- discussion of the topic between the president and his close advisers."¹¹
- 11 Twice in late June 2022, Vice President Kamala Harris confirmed her understanding of
- Biden's intention to run, stating first that "Joe Biden is running for reelection and I will be his
- 13 ticket-mate. Full stop." Two days later, she said that "[t]he president intends to run and if he

Taegan Goddard, *Biden Irked by Democrats Who Don't Think He's Running*, TAEGAN GODDARD'S POL. WIRE (June 27, 2022, 7:30 PM), https://politicalwire.com/2022/06/27/biden-irked-by-democrats-who-dont-think-hes-running/ (quoted in Third Supp. Compl. at 2, MUR 7931 (Mar. 8, 2023) [hereinafter MUR 7931 Third Supp. Compl.]).

WHITE HOUSE, PRESS BRIEFING BY PRESS SECRETARY KARINE JEAN-PIERRE, JUNE 13, 2022 (June 13, 2022, 3:42 PM) [hereinafter June 13, 2022 White House Press Briefing], https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/press-briefings/2022/06/13/press-briefing-by-press-secretary-karine-jean-pierre/ (quoted in MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 13).

Karine Jean-Pierre (@PressSec), TWITTER (June 13, 2022, 6:36 PM), https://twitter.com/presssec/status/1536477522988343296 (cited in Second Supp. Compl. at 1 (June 22, 2022), MUR 7931 [hereinafter MUR 7931 Second Supp. Compl.]).

Tyler Pager & Michael Scherer, *Biden Sends Every Signal He Is Running Again*, WASH. POST (June 17, 2022, 3:00 PM), https://www.washingtonpost.com/politics/2022/06/17/biden-signals-run-for-reelection/ (quoted in MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 17).

Dana Bash (@DanaBashCNN), TWITTER (June 27, 2022, 8:07 PM), https://twitter.com/DanaBashCNN/status/1541574009418039299 (including video of Bash's interview of Harris on CNN that evening) (quoted in MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 16, MUR 7931 Third Supp. Compl. at 1).

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- does, I will be his ticket mate. We will run together." Regarding this remark, *The Los Angeles*
- 2 Times reported that an unnamed "prominent Democrat who is close to the White House" said
- 3 that Harris made the clarifying statement to "avoid using 'trigger words' that would set off
- 4 requirements for Biden to establish a formal campaign with the Federal Election Commission
- 5 and begin fundraising."¹⁴
- In July 2022, CNN reported that Biden had "insisted privately to donors and others [that
- 7 he is] their strongest candidate to beat Donald Trump or another GOP candidate in
- 8 2024."¹⁵ It further reported that four unidentified aides stated that there are "muted worries . . .
- 9 going around the West Wing . . . that someone may yet emerge ahead of the President's planned
- spring 2023 formal reelection campaign launch. Biden advisers expect to stick to that no matter
- what happens, including if Trump decides to jump in early." ¹⁶ Later in July 2022, Press
- 12 Secretary Jean-Pierre stated, "I'm going to be very clear; I'm going to say this once and the
- 13 President has been very clear about this: He intends to run in 2024. And he is going to until
- then, he is going to do the business of the American people as he has been doing for the past 18
- months."¹⁷ The next day, she twice reiterated during a press briefing that "[t]he President

Erin B. Logan & Noah Bierman, *Vice President Harris Says Biden Intends to Seek Reelection, But Her Words Stir New Uncertainty*, L.A. TIMES (June 29, 2022, 4:38 PM), https://www.latimes.com/politics/story/2022-06-29/vice-president-harris-creates-new-doubt-about-bidens-plans-for-reelection (quoted in MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 28).

¹⁴ *Id*.

Edward-Isaac Dovere, *As Worries About Biden in 2024 Grow, Other Democrats Aren't Stepping Forward to Challenge Him*, CNN (July 11, 2022, 8:26 AM), https://www.cnn.com/2022/07/11/politics/biden-democratic-primary-challenge-2024/index.html (quoted in MUR 8059 Compl. ¶¶ 18, 20).

¹⁶ *Id*.

WHITE HOUSE, PRESS BRIEFING BY PRESS SECRETARY KARINE JEAN-PIERRE (July 28, 2022, 4:11 PM) [hereinafter July 28, 2022 White House Press Briefing], https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/press-briefings/2022/07/28/press-briefing-by-press-secretary-karine-jean-pierre-5/) (quoted in MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 13, which misstates that Jean-Pierre tweeted this statement; she instead stated these words at a Press Briefing).

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- intends to run in 2024,"¹⁸ and on August 1, 2022, she stated twice more that the President
- 2 "intends to run," noting that he had "said that multiple times." She was reported as stating so
- 3 again on *This Week with George Stephanopoulous* on August 14, 2022.²⁰
- 4 In August 2022, Secretary of Transportation Pete Buttigieg stated while appearing on
- 5 CNBC that he was "looking forward to supporting the president's reelection. That is as much as
- 6 I can say about these things while I'm here on an official capacity."²¹ Less than a week later,
- 7 Bloomberg reported that former White House aide Cedric Richmond had said that "[i]t is clear-
- 8 cut that [Biden is] our best candidate.... If he says he's planning on running, he's running,"22
- 9 and that longtime aide Anita Dunn stated, "The president has said he's planning on running
- again. People should take him at his word."²³ Bloomberg further reported that unidentified aides
- were "worried that [Biden] publicly declaring [his 2024 candidacy] before the [2022] midterms
- 12 [w]ould trigger legal restrictions on fundraising."²⁴ In September 2022, Richmond told a

WHITE HOUSE, PRESS BRIEFING BY PRESS SECRETARY KARINE JEAN-PIERRE, JULY 29, 2022 (July 29, 2022, 1:55 PM) [hereinafter July 29, 2022 White House Press Briefing], https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/press-briefings/2022/07/29/press-briefing-by-press-secretary-karine-jean-pierre-july-29-2022/ (quoted in MUR 7931 Third Supp. Compl. at 2; the Third Supplemental Complaint cites a press article for one of Jean-Pierre's statements, but both appear in the White House Press Briefing from July 29, 2022).

WHITE HOUSE, PRESS BRIEFING BY PRESS SECRETARY KARINE JEAN-PIERRE AND NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL COORDINATOR FOR STRATEGIC COMMUNICATIONS JOHN KIRBY (Aug. 1, 2022, 1:54 PM) [hereinafter Aug. 1, 2022 White House Press Briefing], https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/press-briefings/2022/08/01/press-briefing-by-press-secretary-karine-jean-pierre-and-national-security-council-coordinator-for-strategic-communications-john-kirby-2/">https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/press-briefings/2022/08/01/press-briefing-by-press-secretary-karine-jean-pierre-and-national-security-council-coordinator-for-strategic-communications-john-kirby-2/ (quoted in MUR 7931 Third. Supp. Compl. at 2; the Third Supplemental Complaint cites a press article for one of Jean-Pierre's statements, but both appear in the White House Press Briefing from August 1, 2022).

S.E. Cupp, Opinion, *Biden Should Speak Fully on His Plans to Run in 2024 or Not*, NEWS-HERALD (Aug. 21, 2022, 7:56 AM), https://www.news-herald.com/2022/08/21/biden-should-speak-fully-on-his-plans-to-run-in-2024-or-not-s-e-cupp/.

Squawk Box (CNBC television broadcast Aug. 4, 2022), https://archive.org/details/CNBC_20220804 100000 Squawk Box/start/6600/end/6660) (quoted in MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 14).

Justin Sink & Josh Wingrove, *Biden Plots a 2024 President Run*—and a Trump Rematch, BLOOMBERG (Aug. 11, 2022), https://www.bloomberg.com/news/articles/2022-08-11/biden-primes-2024-run-eager-to-stop-trump-again-despite-doubts (quoted in MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 19; MUR 7931 Third. Supp. Compl. at 3).

²³ *Id*.

²⁴ *Id*.

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- 1 member of the press that Biden is "running and we're building an infrastructure for him to run
- and win. Right now, it's all an early investment in 2024 while we're helping 2022."25 In late
- 3 September 2022, Jean-Pierre again stated that Biden "intends to run. I don't have any more
- 4 announcements on that."²⁶
- 5 Though Biden claimed as late as February 2023 that he was "just not ready to make" the
- 6 decision of whether to run for reelection in 2024,²⁷ having stated the prior September that he
- 7 would "make a judgment on what to do . . . after [the 2022] election cycle here going into
- 8 [2023],"²⁸ he also made clear that it was his "intention to run again" and that part of his concern
- 9 about formally deciding to run was that, from the moment he did so, "a whole series of
- regulations kick[ed] in and [he has] to be [he] treat[s] [him]self as a candidate from that
- moment on."²⁹ In October 2022, *NBC* reported that Reverend Al Sharpton had told his staff at
- the National Action Network that Biden had told him, "I'm going to do it again. I'm going,"

Alex Gangitano, *Cedric Richmond on Biden 2024: "He's Running,"* ABC27 (Sept. 17, 2022, 8:22 AM), https://www.abc27.com/hill-politics/cedric-richmond-on-biden-2024-hes-running/ (quoted in MUR 7931 Third Supp. Compl. at 3).

WHITE HOUSE, PRESS BRIEFING BY PRESS SECRETARY KARINE JEAN-PIERRE, SEPTEMBER 26, 2022 (Sept. 26, 2022, 1:27 PM) [hereinafter Sept. 26, 2022 White House Press Briefing], https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/press-briefings/2022/09/26/press-briefing-by-press-secretary-karine-jean-pierre-september-26-2022/ (quoted in MUR 7931 Third Supp. Compl. at 3).

Noticias Telemundo, *Entrevista Completa con Joe Biden* | *Noticias Telemundo* at 0:01, YOUTUBE (Feb. 9, 2023), https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JnzCFhVVb1c.

Scott Pelley, *President Joe Biden: The 2022 60 Minutes Interview* (Sept. 18, 2022), https://www.cbsnews.com/news/president-joe-biden-60-minutes-interview-transcript-2022-09-18/ (noting that if he were to announce his candidacy, "all of a sudden, a whole range of things come into play that I have — requirements I have to change and move and do" and confirming, when asked, that he was referring to "election laws") (quoted in Biden & Biden Committee Joint Resp. at 1-2 n.3 (Oct. 24, 2022), MUR 8059 [hereinafter MUR 8059 Biden Resp.]).

MSNBC, President Biden Vows to Protect Women's Right to Choose if GOP Takes Control of Congress at 4:53, YOUTUBE (Oct. 21, 2022), https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wdfulgUp6so ("The reason I'm not making a judgment about formally running or not running, once I make that judgment, a whole series of regulations kick in and I have to be — I treat myself as a candidate from that moment on. I have not made that formal decision, but it's my intention — my intention to run again. And we have time to make that decision.").

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- 1 concerning running for reelection.³⁰ Further, in November 2022, when asked what he would say
- 2 to the "[t]wo thirds of Americans in exit polls [who] say that they don't think [Biden] should run
- 3 for reelection," Biden responded, "Watch me." And in December 2022, *The New York Times*
- 4 reported that Biden joined a toast at a state dinner with French President Emmanuel Macron to
- 5 his 2024 campaign following an exchange in which Biden's wife, Dr. Jill Biden, reportedly
- 6 stated that she was "absolutely" ready for another campaign.³²
- 7 Subsequent to the filing of the Complaints and the Responses in these matters, on April
- 8 25, 2023, Biden announced that he was running for reelection in 2024, 33 and filed a Statement of
- 9 Candidacy with the Commission in which he designated the Biden Committee as his principal
- 10 campaign committee and listed the Victory Fund as another authorized committee.³⁴

Jonathan Allen, *Biden Tells Al Sharpton He Will Run for President Again in 2024*, NBC NEWS (Oct. 3, 2022, 7:29 PM), https://www.nbcnews.com/politics/wbite-house/biden-tells-al-sharpton-will-run-president-2024-rcna50556 (quoted in MUR 7931 Third Supp. Compl. at 3).

WHITE HOUSE, REMARKS BY PRESIDENT BIDEN IN PRESS CONFERENCE (Nov. 9, 2022) [hereinafter Nov. 9, 2022 Biden Remarks], https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/speeches-remarks/2022/11/09/remarks-by-president-biden-in-press-conference-8/.

Katie Rogers & Annie Karni, *Bidens Toasted a 2024 Campaign with Macron at the State Dinner*, N.Y. TIMES (Dec. 6, 2022), https://www.nytimes.com/2022/12/06/us/politics/biden-running-president-2024.html (cited in MUR 7931 Third Supp. Compl. at 3).

Joe Biden (@JoeBiden), TWITTER (Apr. 25, 2023, 6:00 AM), https://twitter.com/JoeBiden/status/1650801
827728986112 ("Every generation has a moment where they have had to stand up for democracy. To stand up for their fundamental freedoms. I believe this is ours. That's why I'm running for reelection as President of the United States. Join us. Let's finish the job. http://joeBiden.com[.]").

³⁴ Joseph R. Biden, Jr., Amended Statement of Candidacy at 1 (Apr. 25, 2023), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/792/202304259581293792.pdf.

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B. The Committees

1

2 1. The Biden Committee

- The Biden Committee is Biden's principal campaign committee.³⁵ Between November 4,
- 4 2020, and March 31, 2023, the Biden Committee reported \$134,048,699.80 in total receipts.³⁶
- 5 Of this amount, the Biden Committee reported receiving \$103,362,129.86 in contributions
- during the 2020 Post-General reporting period;³⁷ \$151.80 in contributions received during the
- 7 2020 Year-End reporting period;³⁸ and \$280 in the 2021 April Quarterly reporting period.³⁹ The
- 8 Biden Committee contends that all of the reported post-2020 election contributions were

³⁵ Biden for President, Amended Statement of Organization (Apr. 25, 2023), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/354/202304259581294354.pdf.

See Biden for President, 2020 30-Day Post-General Report (Dec. 3, 2020) [hereinafter Biden Committee, 2020 Post-General Report], https://docquery.fec.gov/cgi-bin/forms/C00703975/1481223/ (reporting \$112,374,093.52 in receipts); Biden for President, Amended 2020 Year-End Report (June 24, 2021) [hereinafter Biden Committee, 2020 Year-End Report], https://docquery.fec.gov/cgi-bin/forms/C00703975/1521558/ (reporting \$9,566,512.81 in receipts); Biden for President, 2021 April Quarterly Report (Apr. 15, 2021) [hereinafter Biden Committee, 2021 April Quarterly Report], https://docquery.fec.gov/cgi-bin/forms/C00703975/1512502/ (reporting \$8,306,247.28 in receipts); Biden for President, 2021 July Quarterly Report (July 15, 2021) [hereinafter Biden Committee, 2021 July Quarterly Report], https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/289/202107159451654289/2021071594516 54289.pdf (reporting \$2,158,612.93 in receipts); Biden for President, 2021 October Quarterly Report (Oct. 15, 2021) [hereinafter Biden Committee, 2021 October Quarterly Report], https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/966/202110159467807 966/202110159467807966.pdf (reporting \$793,042.37 in receipts); Biden for President, 2021 Year-End Report (Jan. 31, 2022) [hereinafter Biden Committee, 2021 Year-End Report], https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/602/202201319 485852602/202201319485852602.pdf (reporting \$533,586.29 in receipts); Biden for President, 2022 April Quarterly Report (Apr. 15, 2022) [hereinafter Biden Committee, 2022 April Quarterly Report], https://docquery.fec. gov/pdf/058/202204159496652058/202204159496652058.pdf (reporting \$35,698.04 in receipts); Biden for President, 2022 July Quarterly Report (July 15, 2022) [hereinafter Biden Committee, 2022 July Quarterly Report]. https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/588/202207159521296588/202207159521296588.pdf (reporting \$23,720.19 in receipts); Biden for President, 2022 October Quarterly Report (Oct. 15, 2022) [hereinafter Biden Committee, 2022 October Ouarterly Reportl, https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/100/202210159532617100/202210159532617100.pdf (reporting \$252,559.14 in receipts); Biden for President, 2022 Year-End Report (Jan. 31, 2023) [hereinafter Biden Committee, 2022 Year-End Report], https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/514/202301319577873514/202301319577873514. pdf (reporting \$4,266.93 in receipts); Biden for President, 2023 April Quarterly Report (Apr. 15, 2023) [hereinafter Biden Committee, 2023 April Quarterly Report], https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/917/202304159581014917/20230415 9581014917.pdf (reporting \$360.30 in receipts).

Biden Committee, 2020 Post-General Report. Of this amount, \$68,465,679.20 was itemized, while \$34,833,704.04 was unitemized. *Id*.

Biden Committee, 2020 Year-End Report. Of this amount, \$117.80 was itemized, and \$34 was unitemized. *Id.*

Biden Committee, 2021 April Quarterly Report. Of this amount, all \$280 was unitemized. *Id.*

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- 1 solicited and made prior to Election Day. 40 The Biden Committee reported no additional
- 2 contributions after the 2021 April Quarterly Report.⁴¹ The remaining receipts included
- 3 \$8,066,596.36 reported as offsets to operating expenditures⁴² and \$36,003,662.60 in transfers
- 4 from other authorized committees, of which \$20,221,129.23 came from the Victory Fund,
- 5 discussed below.⁴³
- From November 4, 2020, through March 31, 2023, the Biden Committee also reported
- 7 making expenditures totaling \$294,730,269.94, all designated as for the 2020 election. ⁴⁴ This
- 8 includes disbursements of, in the aggregate, \$478,158.91 to NGP Van Inc. for "database
- 9 subscription" and "processing fees," \$5,083,361.49 to Upland Software Inc. for "software," and
- \$2,019,395.00 to Action Squared Inc. for "text message/email outreach" and "text message

Biden & Biden Committee Joint Resp. at 2 (Dec. 19, 2021), MUR 7931 [hereinafter MUR 7931 Biden Resp.]; MUR 7931 Biden Resp., Attach. ¶¶ 3-5 (Decl. of Taryn Vogel) [hereinafter MUR 7931 Vogel Decl.].

See Biden Committee, 2021 July Quarterly Report; Biden Committee, 2021 October Quarterly Report; Biden Committee, 2021 Year-End Report; Biden Committee, 2022 April Quarterly Report; Biden Committee, 2022 July Quarterly Report; Biden Committee, 2022 October Quarterly Report; Biden Committee, 2022 Year-End Report; Biden Committee, 2023 April Quarterly Report.

FEC Receipts: Filtered Results, FEC.GOV, https://www.fec.gov/data/receipts/?cycle=2022&data_type=processed&committee_id=C00703975&min_date=11%2F04%2F2020&line_number=F3P-20A (last visited May 2, 2023) (showing all offsets to operating expenditures reported by the Biden Committee between November 4, 2020, and March 31, 2023). Offsets to operating expenditures are defined on the Commission's website as "[r]eturns by vendors of deposits, reimbursements for expenses shared by committees, vendor refunds and rebates These receipts are not considered contributions." Offsets to Operating Expenditures, FEC.GOV, https://www.fec.gov/help-candidates-and-committees/filing-reports/offsets-operating-expenditures/ (last visited May 2, 2023).

FEC Receipts: Filtered Results, FEC.GOV, https://www.fec.gov/data/receipts/?cycle=2022&data_type=processed&committee_id=C00703975&min_date=11%2F04%2F2020&line_number=F3P-18 (last visited May 2, 2023) (showing all transfers from author authorized committees reported by the Biden Committee between November 4, 2020, and March 31, 2023).

This figure excludes contribution refunds. *FEC Disbursements: Filtered Results*, FEC.GOV, https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type=processed&committee_id=C00703975&min_date=11%2F04%2F2020&ma_x_date=03%2F31%2F2023 [hereinafter Biden Committee Disbursements] (last visited May 2, 2023) (showing all reported disbursements made by the Biden Committee after the November 3, 2020 general election); *see* Compl. ¶ 36 (Oct. 12, 2021), MUR 7931 [hereinafter MUR 7931 Compl.]; MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 10.

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- outreach."⁴⁵ The individual disbursements summarized above are listed in the Appendix to this
- 2 Report, span the time period from November 4, 2020, through March 23, 2023, and total
- 3 \$7,580,915.41.⁴⁶
- 4 The Biden Committee did not disclose any debt, nor indicate its engagement in debt
- 5 fundraising, in any of its reports following the 2020 general election.⁴⁷
- 6 2. <u>The Victory Fund</u>
- 7 The Victory Fund is a joint fundraising representative for the Biden Committee, the
- 8 DNC, and multiple state parties' federal committees. 48 Since the 2020 general election, the
- 9 Victory Fund has reported receiving \$73,740,037.29 in total receipts, of which \$73,172,580.88
- was reported as contributions.⁴⁹ It states that all contributions received for the Biden Committee

Biden Committee Disbursements; see MUR 7931 Compl. ¶ 37; MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 10. The Complaints do not identify Action Squared Inc. as the vendor to which these disbursements were made, but Action Squared Inc. is the only vendor to have received disbursements for the above-quoted enumerated purposes from the Biden Committee. Other reported expenditures not discussed in the Complaints include \$19,084.80 across three payments to different vendors for "Media Production"; \$39,247.90 across nine payments for "music licenses" and "photo/music licenses"; and another \$217,435.54 across numerous payments to multiple vendors for "software" beyond those to Upland Software discussed above. Biden Committee Disbursements.

See App'x.

MUR 7931 Compl. ¶ 35; see Biden Committee, 2020 Post-General Report; Biden Committee, 2020 Year-End Report; Biden Committee, 2021 April Quarterly Report; Biden Committee, 2021 July Quarterly Report; Biden Committee, 2021 Year-End Report; Biden Committee, 2022 April Quarterly Report; Biden Committee, 2022 July Quarterly Report; Biden Committee, 2022 October Quarterly Report; Biden Committee, 2022 Year-End Report; Biden Committee, 2023 April Quarterly Report.

Biden Victory Fund, Amended Statement of Organization (July 1, 2022), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/159/202207019517783159.pdf.

Biden Victory Fund, Amended 2020 Post-General Report (May 11, 2021), https://docquery.fec.gov/cgi-bin/forms/C00744946/1515838/ (reporting receipts of \$72,900,339.38, of which \$72,567,523.96 was contributions); Biden Victory Fund, 2020 Year-End Report (Jan. 31, 2021), https://docquery.fec.gov/cgi-bin/forms/C00744946/ 1497210/ (reporting receipts of \$393,379.35of which \$390,682.58 was contributions); Biden Victory Fund, Amended 2021 April Quarterly Report at 3 (July 15, 2021), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/853/202107159451575 853/202107159451575853.pdf (reporting \$329,187.84 in receipts of which \$177,032.27 was contributions); Biden Victory Fund, 2021 July Quarterly Report at 3 (July 15, 2021), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/154/202107159451638154.pdf (reporting receipts of \$34,865.35 of which \$34,611.00 was contributions); Biden Victory Fund, 2021 October Quarterly Report at 3 (Oct. 15, 2021), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/609/202110159467790609.pdf (reporting \$2,709.07in receipts of which all was contributions); Biden Victory Fund, 2021 Year-End Report at 3 (Jan. 31, 2022), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/728/202201319485153728/2022

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- 1 were made to it on or before Election Day, and that no contributions received after Election Day
- 2 have been transferred to the Biden Committee.⁵⁰ It has also reported spending \$78,027,083.84,⁵¹
- 3 including \$100,000 to Vox Media LLC on March 1, 2021, for "online fundraising." In
- 4 addition, the Victory Fund transferred \$20,221,129.23 to the Biden Committee as shown below:

^{01319485153728.}pdf (reporting receipts of \$29,548.70 of which \$22.00 was contributions); Biden Victory Fund, 2022 April Quarterly Report at 3 (Apr. 15, 2022), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/973/202204159496307973/202204
159496307973.pdf (reporting no receipts); Biden Victory Fund, 2022 July Quarterly Report at 3 (July 15, 2022), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/761/202207159521232761/202207159521232761.pdf (reporting \$7.60 in receipts of which non was contributions); Biden Victory Fund, 2022 October Quarterly Report at 3 (Oct. 15, 2022), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/658/202210159532615658/202210159532615658.pdf (reporting no receipts); Biden Victory Fund, 2022 Post-General Report at 3 (Dec. 8, 2022), <a href="https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/784/202212089557166784/2022108/202084159581013679.pdf

[Substitution of the product of the pr

Biden Victory Fund Resp. at 2 (Dec. 19, 2021), MUR 7931 [hereinafter Victory Fund Resp.]. The Victory Fund notes that, after the 2020 election, it "also invited individuals to contribute via its online merchandise store for a period of time with the portion of the funds allocated to [the Biden Committee] designated for [the Biden Committee's] recount account. None of these funds were transferred to [the Biden Committee]. Only five donors made contributions with any portion of funds allocated to [the Biden Committee's] recount account, and the [Biden Committee] portion of those individuals' contributions was refunded by [the Victory Fund] and never transferred to [the Biden Committee]." *Id.* Joseph Smolkis, the treasurer for the Victory Fund at the time of its Response, also attests that the Victory Fund "still has contributions made on or before Election Day that are allocated for, but not yet transferred to" the Biden Committee because it is necessary for the Victory Fund to "ensure that it has received and paid all invoices related to its 2020 fundraising and subsequent winddown before it can make final transfers to its participating committees." Victory Fund Resp., Attach. ¶ 10 (Decl. of Joseph Smolkis) [hereinafter Smolkis Decl.].

FEC Disbursements: Filtered Results, FEC.GOV, https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type=processed&committee_id=C00744946&min_date=11%2F04%2F2020 (last visited May 2, 2023) (showing all disbursements by Biden Victory fund from November 4, 2020, through March 31, 2023).

⁵² Biden Victory Fund, Amended 2021 April Quarterly Report, Sched. B at 84 (July 15, 2021), https://doc_query.fec.gov/pdf/853/202107159451575853/202107159451575853.pdf; see MUR 7931 Compl. ¶ 34.

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Date	Amount	Description	Election Designation
November 17, 2020	\$6,000,000.00	Transfer Out Affiliated	2020 General ⁵³
November 24, 2020	\$6,000,000.00	Transfer Out Affiliated	not indicated ⁵⁴
November 24, 2020	\$554,438.30	Salary & Overhead Expenses	not indicated ⁵⁵
December 15, 2020	\$1,500,000.00	Transfer Out Affiliated	not indicated ⁵⁶
January 5, 2021	\$6,150,000.00	Transfer Out Affiliated	2020 General ⁵⁷
March 5, 2021	\$11,690.93	Salary & Overhead Expenses	not indicated ⁵⁸
June 30, 2021	\$5,000.00	Transfer Out Affiliated	2020 General ⁵⁹

Total: \$20,221,129.23

- 1 In its 2020 Year-End Report, the Victory Fund disclosed debts of \$3,090.00 to Mal Warwick &
- 2 Associates, Inc. for "Direct Mail," but provided no indication that it had engaged in debt-
- 3 settlement fundraising.⁶⁰

4

C. The Complaints and Responses

- 5 The Complaints allege that Biden became a candidate for President in the 2024 election
- 6 cycle by both making a private determination to run and by raising and spending greater than
- 7 \$5,000 in support of his candidacy via the Biden Committee and the Victory Fund⁶¹ beginning
- 8 shortly after his election in November 2020, and that he accordingly failed to timely file a

Biden Victory Fund, 2020 30-Day Post-General Report, Sched. B at 76,741 (Dec. 3, 2020), https://doc.guery.fec.gov/pdf/791/202012039342488791/202012039342488791.pdf.

Biden Victory Fund, 2020 Year-End Report, Sched. B at 1179 (Jan. 31, 2021), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/779/202101319424071779/202101319424071779.pdf.

⁵⁵ *Id.* at 1139.

⁵⁶ *Id.* at 1199.

⁵⁷ Biden Victory Fund, Amended 2021 April Quarterly Report, Sched. B at 101 (July 15, 2021), https://doc.new.jec.gov/pdf/853/202107159451575853/202107159451575853.pdf.

⁵⁸ *Id.* at 90.

⁵⁹ Biden Victory Fund, 2021 July Quarterly Report, Sched. B at 32 (July 15, 2021), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/154/202107159451638154/202107159451638154.pdf.

Biden Victory Fund, 2020 Year-End Report, Sched. D at 1347 (Jan. 31, 2021), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/779/202101319424071779/pdf; see MUR 7931 Compl. ¶¶ 29-30.

The MUR 7931 Complaint alleges that both the Biden Committee's and the Victory Fund's fundraising and spending has caused Biden to cross the \$5,000 statutory threshold for candidacy. *See* MUR 7931 Compl. ¶¶ 36, 49. The MUR 8059 Complaint makes the allegation solely as to the Biden Committee. *See* MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 22.

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- 1 Statement of Candidacy and designate a principal campaign committee. 62 The MUR 7931
- 2 Complaint questions how certain ongoing expenditures made through 2021 can be designated for
- 3 the 2020 election cycle and alleges that the Biden Committee either incorrectly reported the
- 4 election cycle for its expenditures or failed to report any debts or outstanding liabilities from the
- 5 2020 general election. ⁶³ Finally, the MUR 7931 Complaint alleges that the Biden Committee
- 6 and the Victory Fund have failed to amend their Statements of Organization to reflect Biden's
- 7 2024 candidacy.⁶⁴
- 8 The Responses and three attached sworn declarations deny that Biden had, at the time of
- 9 their submission, become a candidate for the 2024 election cycle, stating that Biden had neither
- made a decision to run nor raised or spent \$5,000 or more in support of any 2024 campaign. 65
- Regarding first whether Biden had determined to run, Biden and the Biden Committee state that
- Biden had "a general intent to run for re-election, [but] he has not decided for certain that he will
- do so,"66 and that he "has repeatedly stated that he will make a final decision as to whether to run
- for reelection after the [2022] mid-term elections."⁶⁷
- Regarding whether Biden or entities he has authorized to fundraise on his behalf have
- raised greater than the \$5,000 threshold for candidacy under the Act, Biden and the Biden
- 17 Committee aver that the Biden Committee ceased soliciting contributions on Election Day 2020,
- and that all contributions received thereafter were "solicited and made on or before Election Day

⁶² MUR 7931 Compl. ¶¶ 39-44; MUR 7931 First Supp. Compl. at 1-2; MUR 7931 Second Supp. Compl. at 1; MUR 8059 Compl. ¶¶ 22-31.

⁶³ MUR 7931 Compl. ¶¶ 37-38.

⁶⁴ *Id.* ¶¶ 39-51, 66-82.

MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 3-7; Biden & Biden Committee Supp. Joint Resp. at 1-3 (July 29, 2022), MUR 7931 [hereinafter MUR 7931 Biden Supp. Resp.]; MUR 8059 Biden Resp. at 1-3; Victory Fund Resp. at 2-5.

MUR 7931 Biden Supp. Resp. at 2.

⁶⁷ MUR 8059 Biden Resp. at 1 n.3.

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- or else refunded."⁶⁸ They further state, as does the Victory Fund, that "all funds [the Victory
- 2 Fund] transferred to [the Biden Committee] were comprised solely of contributions made to [the
- 3 Victory Fund] on or before Election Day."69 With respect to funds received by the Victory Fund
- 4 after Election Day as a result of pre-Election Day solicitations, the Victory Fund states that
- 5 "none of the contributions made after Election Day were allocated or transferred to" the Biden
- 6 Committee,⁷⁰ and the Biden Committee notes that funds raised after Election Day by the Victory
- Fund were "allocated to the accounts of other [joint fundraising] participants or refunded."⁷¹
- 8 Respondents attest that, as of the dates of the declarations and prior to Biden's formal
- 9 announcement, the Victory Fund "has not received consent from President Biden or [the Biden
- Campaign] to solicit or accept contributions on behalf of either for the 2024 election cycle."⁷²
- 11 Regarding whether Biden or his committees have *spent* \$5,000 or more in support of his
- 12 2024 candidacy, both the Biden Committee and the Victory Fund deny that they had spent any
- funds to "influence the 2024 presidential election" at the time of the Responses. 73 With respect
- to the \$478,158.91 that the Biden Committee disbursed to NGP Van Inc. for a "database"

MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 2; *id.*, Attach. ¶¶ 3-5 (Decl. of Taryn Vogel) [hereinafter MUR 7931 Vogel Decl.]. Vogel is the founder of BlueBird Consulting LLC, which provides compliance consulting services for the Biden Committee. MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶ 1.

MUR 7931 Biden Resp at 2; *see also* Biden Victory Fund Resp. at 2 ("The only funds [the Victory Fund] has transferred to [the Biden campaign] were for the 2020 primary or general election and were made from funds contributed to [the Victory Fund] on or before Election Day."); MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶ 5; Smolkis Decl. ¶ 7.

Victory Fund Resp. at 2; Smolkis Decl. ¶¶ 7-8.

⁷¹ MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 3; MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶ 5.

Smolkis Decl. ¶ 11; see MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 5 ("[The Victory Fund] is not authorized to, and has not, raised or spent any funds for President Biden in the 2024 presidential election."); MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶ 9 ("[The Biden Committee] has not given consent to [the Victory Fund] to accept contributions or make expenditures on behalf of President Biden for the 2024 election cycle.").

MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 2; *see* MUR 7931 Biden Supp. Resp. at 3 ("In short, [the Biden Committee] has not made any expenditures for the purpose of influencing the 2024 presidential election."); Victory Fund Resp. at 2 ("[The Victory Fund] has not made any expenditures that advocate for President Biden's re-election in 2024 or that are otherwise in connection with that election.").

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- subscription," the Biden Committee states, relying upon a sworn declaration from its campaign
- 2 consultant, that these payments were for an "accounting and compliance database subscription
- 3 necessary to maintain records to comply with the Act" and "necessary for operations during the
- 4 wind down and the Commission's reporting requirements, and costs necessary to protect [the
- 5 Biden Committee's] intellectual property."⁷⁴ Concerning the \$5,083,361.49 disbursed to Upland
- 6 Software Inc. for "software," the Biden Committee states that the payments were "related to [the
- 7 Biden Committee's] ownership of a[n] SMS short code."⁷⁵ With respect to the \$2,019,395 the
- 8 Biden Committee has disbursed to Action Squared Inc. for "text message/email outreach" and
- 9 "text message outreach," the Biden Committee states that these payments:
- relate to ongoing communications by the President to his
- supporters who have opted-in to receive messages, encouraging
- them to make contributions to the [DNC] . . . in 2021 and 2022. . . .
- The messages make no reference to the 2024 election or the
- potential of President Biden running for re-election.⁷⁷

MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 5. Vogel states that the Biden Committee "made disbursements to NGP VAN Inc. . . . to maintain and use an accounting and compliance database [that it uses] for filing reports with the Commission, maintaining [the Biden Committee's] accounts, and other accounting and compliance needs." *Id.* ¶ 7; *see also* MUR 8059 Biden Resp., Attach. ¶ 4 (Decl. of Taryn Vogel) [hereinafter MUR 8059 Vogel Decl.].

MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 2, 5; MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶ 8 ("[The Biden Committee] made disbursements to Upland Software Inc. . . . to maintain ownership of [its] SMS short code phone number, used for communications with [the Biden Committee]."). An SMS short code is an abbreviated phone number of generally five or six digits that can send and receive text messages at high volume without being flagged as spam by mobile carriers because they are pre-approved and not subject to the same filtering mechanisms applied to standard 10-digit telephone numbers. *See Short Code*, TWILIO, https://www.twilio.com/docs/glossary/what-is-a-short-code (last visited May 2, 2023).

Biden Committee Disbursements; *see* MUR 7931 Compl. ¶ 37; MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 10. Other reported expenditures not discussed in the Complaints include \$19,084.80 across three payments to different vendors for "Media Production"; \$39,247.90 across nine payments for "music licenses" and "photo/music licenses"; and another \$217,435.54 across numerous payments to multiple vendors for "software" beyond those to Upland Software discussed above. Biden Committee Disbursements.

MUR 8059 Biden Resp. at 2; see MUR 8059 Vogel Decl. ¶ 5.

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- 1 With respect to the \$100,000 disbursed by the Victory Fund to Vox Media LLC for online
- 2 fundraising, Respondents state that this "expenditure was for an advertisement purchased in
- 3 August 2020 but for which [the Victory Fund] received an invoice in 2021."⁷⁸
- 4 The Respondents further deny that the Biden Committee and the Victory Fund have
- 5 failed to amend their Statements of Organization with the Commission. The Biden campaign
- 6 states that this is "because [a Statement of Organization] does not require the campaign
- 7 committee to identify the election for which the candidate seeks office, and because President
- 8 Biden has taken no action that has made him a candidate for president in 2024" even if it did so
- 9 require.⁷⁹ The Victory Fund states that this is because:

10 There is nothing in the Act or Commission regulations requiring a 11 joint fundraising committee to indicate on its Statement of 12 Organization that it is raising funds in connection with any 13 particular election or to indicate on its Statement of Organization 14 which office in which election year its participating candidate 15 committees are seeking. There is simply no place to put this 16 information on the Commission's current version of [the Statement 17 of Organization] form.⁸⁰

18 The Victory Fund goes on to assert that it was "not even required to disclose on its Statement of

- 19 Organization that President Biden was running in the 2020 election last year, much less amend
- 20 this information."81

MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 3; Victory Fund Resp. at 5 ("The online fundraising ads [the Victory Fund] ran through Vox Media, LLC were run in August 2020, but [the Victory Fund] received its invoice for this purchase in 2021. As such, the payment was made and reported in 2021."); *see* Smolkis Decl. ¶ 6 ("[The Victory Fund] made a disbursement of \$100,000 to Vox Media, LLC on March 1, 2021 for online fundraising costs related to advertising run in August 2020. [The Victory Fund] received an invoice for these costs in 2021.").

MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 7.

Victory Fund Resp. at 2-3.

⁸¹ *Id.* at 3.

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III. LEGAL ANALYSIS

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2 3	A.	The Commission Should Take No Action At This Time With Respect to the Allegation That Biden Failed to Timely File a Statement of Candidacy
4	As di	scussed below, the available information strongly supports the Complaints'

allegations that Biden made a private decision to run for reelection prior to the time of his formal announcement in April 2023. At the same time, the available information is unclear about whether Respondents engaged in any spending in furtherance of that potential candidacy, with the approximately \$5 million disbursed to Upland Software appearing to be the most likely spending that potentially may have been for that purpose. Finally, the available information supports Respondents' claim that they did not receive contributions for Biden's reelection, at least until the April 2023 formal announcement.

1. The Available Information Indicates that Biden Decided to Run for Reelection in 2024 as Early as March 2021

Under the Act and Commission regulations, an individual becomes a candidate when the person (1) decides to run for office⁸² and (2) receives contributions or makes expenditures exceeding \$5,000, either directly or through an entity the candidate has consented to receive contributions or make expenditures on their behalf.⁸³

Commission regulations set forth a non-exhaustive set of "[e]xamples of activities that indicate that an individual has decided to become a candidate."⁸⁴ Such indicia include: (1) using

¹¹ C.F.R. §§ 100.72(b), 100.131(b). Though the Act defines candidacy in terms of crossing the \$5,000 threshold discussed below in note 83 and the accompanying text, by definition, a contribution or expenditure must be "for the purpose of influencing any election for Federal office." See 52 U.S.C. § 30101(8)(A) (defining contribution); 11 C.F.R. § 100.52(a) (same); 52 U.S.C. § 30101(9)(A) (defining expenditure); 11 C.F.R. § 100.111(a) (same). Until an individual has decided to run for federal office, the money they raise and spend for themselves cannot be "for the purpose of influencing any election for Federal office." 52 U.S.C. § 30101(8)(A), (9)); 11 C.F.R. §§ 100.52(a), 100.111(a). Accordingly, an individual must have made this determination in order to cross the contribution or expenditure threshold at 52 U.S.C. § 30101(2).

⁸³ 52 U.S.C. § 30101(2).

⁸⁴ 11 C.F.R. §§ 100.72(b), 100.131(b).

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- 1 "general public political advertising to publicize his or her intention to campaign for federal
- 2 office"; 85 (2) raising "funds in excess of what could reasonably be expected to be used for
- 3 exploratory activities or undertak[ing] activity designed to amass campaign funds that would be
- 4 spent after he or she becomes a candidate"; 86 (3) making or authorizing "written or oral
- 5 statements that refer to the individual as a candidate for a particular office"; 87 (4) conducting
- 6 "activities in close proximity to the election or over a protracted period of time"; 88 and (5) taking
- 7 "action to qualify for the ballot under state law."89

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8 In previous matters, the Commission has found reason to believe that an individual had

9 become a candidate and failed to timely file a Statement of Candidacy when public statements

and other indicia showed that the respondent had determined to run for office. In MUR 6449

(Jon Bruning, et al.), the Commission found that an individual who had publicly said "I want to

run. I'm ready to run" and made a solicitation to "help [him] defeat" his primary opponent had

made the decision to campaign for office and become a candidate under the Act. 90 In MUR 6735

(Joseph A. Sestak, et al.), the Commission found that an individual who had solicited funds via

emails asking for support in his attempt to "seek the U.S. Senate" and to "help [him] serve you,

again" indicated that he had determined to run and was not testing the waters for a potential

campaign. 91 And in MUR 5908 (Duncan Hunter, et al.), the Commission found that an

⁸⁵ *Id.* §§ 100.72(b)(1), 100.131(b)(1).

⁸⁶ *Id.* §§ 100.72(b)(2), 100.131(b)(2).

⁸⁷ *Id.* §§ 100.72(b)(3), 100.131(b)(3).

⁸⁸ *Id.* §§ 100.72(b)(4), 100.131(b)(4).

⁸⁹ *Id.* §§ 100.72(b)(5), 100.131(b)(5).

Factual & Legal Analysis ("F&LA") at 7-9, MUR 6449 (Jon Bruning, et al.).

⁹¹ F&LA at 7-8, MUR 6735 (Joseph A. Sestak, *et al.*).

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- 1 individual who stated, *inter alia*, "while I've announced that I am preparing to run for president,
- 2 I have not made a formal announcement of my candidacy" had, in fact, become a candidate. 92
- Further, in Advisory Opinion 2015-09, the Commission advised that an individual
- 4 becomes a candidate when the individual passes the \$5,000 threshold and "when he or she makes
- 5 a private determination that he or she will run for federal office."93 When determining whether
- 6 an individual "has made a decision to run for federal office, [the Commission] assesses an
- 7 individual's objectively deliberate actions to discern whether and when an individual decided to
- 8 become a candidate."94 The Commission has also advised that "[a] non-conditional statement by
- 9 an individual (directly or indirectly) that he or she 'will' announce his or her candidacy on a
- given date unambiguously indicates that the individual has decided to become a candidate."⁹⁵
- Here, Biden's activities indicate that he had decided to run for reelection in 2024 as early
- as March 25, 2021. As set forth in the Commission's non-exhaustive list of activities that
- indicate when an individual has decided to become a candidate, one such indication is that the
- individual has made or authorized statements that refer to the individual as a candidate for a
- particular office. 96 Biden and his surrogates' public statements have consistently indicated that
- he had decided to run for reelection in 2024 well prior to his April 2023 formal announcement
- 17 regarding his candidacy. Below is a chart detailing some of his statements since March 2021,
- discussed in Part II.A, above:

F&LA at 4-5, MUR 5908 (Duncan Hunter).

Advisory Opinion 2015-09 at 5 (Senate Majority PAC & House Majority PAC) ("AO 2015-09").

F&LA at 17, MURs 6955, 6983 (John R. Kasich, *et al.*); *see* AO 2015-09 at 5 (noting that an individual becomes a candidate when she exceeds the \$5,000 threshold and "makes a private determination that . . . she will run for federal office").

⁹⁵ AO 2015-09 at 6.

^{96 11} C.F.R. §§ 100.72(b)(3), 100.131(b)(3).

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Date	Speaker	Statement
Mar. 25, 2021	Joseph Biden	Regarding whether he had decided to run in 2024, "[T]he answer is 'yes.' My plan is to run for reelection. That's my expectation." "97"
Nov. 22, 2021	Jen Psaki (then- Press Secretary)	Regarding whether Biden is going to run in 2024, "He is, that's his intention." ⁹⁸
Nov. 2021 (approx.)	Joseph Biden	Regarding whether he would run for reelection in 2024, "Yes!" 99
Jan. 19, 2022	Joseph Biden	Regarding whether Vice President Kamala Harris would be his Vice President on the 2024 ticket and whether he thought she was doing a good job on voting rights policies, "Yes and yes." 100
May 2022, (<i>approx</i> .)	unnamed Biden adviser	After reporting that "Biden's camp" believes that Biden is running in 2024: "People ask me with some regularity, 'When is Biden going to come out and say what he's going to do?' And I say, 'Well, he has!" 101
June 13, 2022	Karine Jean- Pierre (Press	"Yes, he's running for reelection. I'm — I can't say more than that." ¹⁰²
	Secretary)	To be clear, as the President has said repeatedly, he plans to run in 2024." ¹⁰³
June 2022 (approx.)	unnamed Democrats	Reportedly stating that, "[i]n public and private, Biden himself has emphasized that he is running, effectively shutting down any discussion of the topic between the president and his close advisers." 104
	unidentified aides	Reportedly stating that Biden "isn't just intending to run, he's also laying the groundwork by building resources at the [DNC], restocking his operation in battleground states and looking to use his influence to shape the nomination process in his favor." 105
June 27, 2022	Kamala Harris (Vice President)	"Joe Biden is running for reelection and I will be his ticket-mate. Full stop." 106
June 29, 2022	Kamala Harris	"The president intends to run and if he does, I will be his ticket mate. We will run together." ¹⁰⁷

⁹⁷ March 25, 2021 Biden Remarks.

Nov. 22, 2021 White House Press Gaggle.

Debenedetti, *supra* note 6.

¹⁰⁰ Jan. 19, 2022 Biden Remarks.

Debenedetti, *supra* note 6.

June 13, 2022 White House Press Briefing.

Jean-Pierre, *supra* note 10.

Pager & Scherer, *supra* note 11.

Goddard, *supra* note 8.

Bash, *supra* note 12.

Logan & Bierman, *supra* note 13.

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Date	Speaker	Statement
July 2022 (approx.)	Joseph Biden	Reportedly stating to donors and others that he is "their strongest candidate to beat Donald Trump — or another GOP candidate — in 2024." 108
	four unidentified aides	Reporting that there are "muted worries going around the West Wing that someone may yet emerge ahead of the President's planned spring 2023 formal reelection campaign launch. Biden advisers expect to stick to that no matter what happens, including if Trump decides to jump in early." 109
July 28, 2022	Karine Jean- Pierre	"I'm going to be very clear; I'm going to say this once — and the President has been very clear about this: He intends to run in 2024. And he is going to — until then, he is going to do the business of the American people as he has been doing for the past 18 months."
July 29, 2022	Karine Jean- Pierre	Stating twice, "The President intends to run in 2024." ¹¹¹
August 1, 2022	Karine Jean- Pierre	Stating twice that Biden "intends to run" and that he has "said that multiple times." 112
Aug. 4, 2022	Pete Buttigieg (Secretary of Transportation)	"I'm looking forward to supporting the president's reelection. That is as much as I can say about these things while I'm here on an official capacity." 113
Aug. 14, 2022	Karine Jean- Pierre	"He intends to run. He intends to run."114
Aug. 2022 (approx.)	Cedric Richmond (former aide) unidentified aides	"It is clear-cut that [Biden's] our best candidate If he says he's planning on running, he's running." Reportedly expressing concern that Biden "publicly declaring [his
		2024 candidacy] before the [2022] midterms [w]ould trigger legal restrictions on fundraising." ¹¹⁶
	Anita Dunn (longtime aide)	"The president has said he's planning on running again. People should take him at his word." 117
Sept. 2, 2022	Joseph Biden	Reportedly, "I'm going to do it again. I'm going." 118

108 Dovere, *supra* note 15.

¹⁰⁹ Id.

¹¹⁰ July 28, 2022 White House Press Briefing.

¹¹¹ July 29, 2022 White House Press Briefing.

Aug. 1, 2022 White House Press Briefing. 112

¹¹³ Squawk Box, supra note 21.

¹¹⁴ Cupp, supra note 20.

¹¹⁵ Sink & Wingrove, supra note 22.

¹¹⁶ Id.

¹¹⁷ Id.

¹¹⁸ Allen, supra note 30.

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Date	Speaker	Statement
Sept. 18, 2022	Joseph Biden	"Look, if I were to say to you, I'm running again, all of a sudden, a whole range of things come into play that I have — requirements I have to change and move and do [i]n terms of election laws. And it's much too early to make that kind of decision. I'm a great respecter of fate. And so, what I'm doing is I'm doing my job. I'm gonna do that job. And within the timeframe that makes sense after this next election cycle here, going into next year, make a judgment on what to do."
Sept. 26, 2022	Karine Jean- Pierre	"So, as you know, I'm — I'm very limited on how I can discuss any kind of elections. I will reiterate what we have said many times from here, what the President has said many times, even recently — as recently as the 60 Minutes interview — is that he intends to run. I don't have any more announcements on that." 120
Sept. 2022 (approx.)	Cedric Richmond	"He's running and we're building an infrastructure for him to run and win. Right now, it's all an early investment in 2024 while we're helping 2022." ¹²¹
Oct. 21, 2022	Joseph Biden	"The reason I'm not making a judgment about formally running or not running, once I make that judgment, a whole series of regulations kick in and I have to be — I treat myself as a candidate from that moment on. I have not made that formal decision, but it's my intention — my intention to run again. And we have time to make that decision."
Nov. 9, 2022	Joseph Biden	When asked what he would say to the Americans who do not think he should run for reelection, "Watch me." 123
Dec. 1, 2022	Dr. Jill Biden (First Lady) Joseph Biden	When asked if she was ready for another campaign, responding, "Absolutely." 124 Reportedly joined in a toast with French President Emmanuel Macron made to his 2024 campaign. 125
Feb. 9, 2023	Joseph Biden	When asked what is keeping him from making the decision regarding whether to run in 2024, "I'm just not ready to make it." 126

- Though the Responses state that Biden had not, at the time of their submission, "decided
- 2 for certain" to run for reelection in 2024, 127 Biden's and his surrogates' public statements as

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Pelley, *supra* note 28.

Sept. 26, 2022 White House Press Briefing.

Gangitano, *supra* note 25.

MSNBC, *supra* note 29.

Nov. 9, 2022 Biden Remarks.

Rogers & Karni, *supra* note 32.

¹²⁵ *Id*.

Noticias Telemundo, *supra* note 27.

MUR 7931 Biden Supp. Resp. at 2.

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- early as March 2021 indicate that he intended to do so. In MUR 5908, the Commission found
- 2 that a statement that the individual had "announced that I am preparing to run for president, [but]
- 3 I have not made a formal announcement of my candidacy" was sufficient basis on which to
- 4 determine the individual had decided to run for office and become a candidate; ¹²⁸ accordingly,
- 5 Biden's statements that he intended to run for reelection likewise present a sufficient basis for
- 6 the Commission to conclude that Biden had decided to become a candidate. In addition to the
- statements already discussed, press reports relying on unnamed sources close to the White House
- 8 indicate that Biden planned a "spring 2023 formal reelection campaign launch," 129 precisely in
- 9 line with the timing of Biden's actual formal announcement on April 25, 2023. 130

that Biden has made a private determination to run. However, while Biden's statements that he

"intends" to run may be arguably less direct than a statement indicating he "will" run, Biden said

Respondents principally appear to contend that the numerous statements do not indicate

- that he had made a decision and that he "plan[s] to run for reelection," 131 with both the Press
- 14 Secretary stating, "Yes, he's running for reelection. I'm I can't say more than that," 132 and
- 15 Vice President Harris stating, "Joe Biden is running for reelection and I will be his ticket-mate.
- 16 Full stop." Though Biden and his surrogates subsequently stated that he had not made a
- 17 formal decision regarding his 2024 candidacy, the Commission has previously advised that,
- 18 where an individual makes a statement evincing that they have decided to become a candidate,

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F&LA at 4-5, MUR 5908 (Duncan Hunter).

Dovere, *supra* note 15.

Joe Biden (@JoeBiden), TWITTER (Apr. 25, 2023, 6:00 AM), https://twitter.com/JoeBiden/status/1650801827728986112.

March 25, 2021 Biden Remarks (emphasis added).

June 13, 2022 White House Press Briefing.

Bash, *supra* note 12.

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- 1 "the statement may trigger candidacy regardless of subsequent retraction attempts." Further,
- 2 in MURs 6955, 6983 (John R. Kasich, et al.), the Commission found that a "non-conditional
- 3 statement' by an individual . . . that he or she 'will announce his or her candidacy on a given date
- 4 unambiguously indicates that the individual has decided to become a candidate." 135
- 5 Additionally, Biden's reference to a decision to run implicating a "whole series of
- 6 regulations,"136 including "election laws,"137 appears to confirm his decision to run. If he were
- 7 not going to run, his decision would not cause a change from the *status quo* with respect to his
- 8 campaign finance obligations, whereas deciding to run (and crossing the statutory monetary
- 9 thresholds, discussed *infra*) would immediately implicate the Act's Statement of Candidacy and
- 10 committee designation requirements. 138
- The Responses do not dispute the accuracy of any of the statements attributed to Biden or
- 12 his surrogates in the Complaints, and instead assert that one of the Complaints "focuses on
- anonymously sourced news stories, musings by political insiders, and half-quotes from White
- House staff", and that the statements do not have "any bearing on the question at issue"
- regarding whether Biden has raised or spent \$5,000 or more for the 2024 presidential election. ¹⁴⁰
- Here, as in the matters discussed above in which the Commission evaluated candidate statements

AO 2015-09 at 6 (citing F&LA at 4-8, MUR 5363 (Sharpton) (finding that once individual's actions trigger candidate status, "equivocal statements of intent . . . do not eradicate the [Act's candidate] registration and reporting requirements")).

F&LA at 17-18, MURs 6955, 6983 (John R. Kasich, *et al.*) (quoting AO 2015-09 at 6 (emphasis in original) (internal quotation marks omitted)).

MSNBC, *supra* note 29.

Pelley, *supra* note 28.

See 52 U.S.C. § 30102(e)(1); 11 C.F.R. § 101.1(a).

¹³⁹ MUR 8059 Joint Resp. at 2 n.4.

MUR 7931 Joint Supp. Resp. at 2.

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- 1 using objective criteria, Biden's and his surrogate's public statements have made clear that he
- determined to run for reelection in 2024 as early as March 25, 2021. These statements alone
- would be sufficient to indicate that Biden has "made a decision to become a candidate." ¹⁴¹
- Further, one of the factors the Commission has identified as indicia that a candidate has
- 5 determined to run for office is whether the individual is "conducting activities in close proximity
- 6 to the election or over a protracted period of time." ¹⁴² As discussed above, at the time of this
- 7 Report, Biden had made public statements indicating that he had determined to run for president
- 8 over a period spanning approximately two years. Though the Commission has not elaborated on
- 9 what constitutes a "protracted period of time," and noted in the testing-the-waters context that
- 10 "the length of time that an individual spends deliberating whether to become a candidate is one
- 11 factor and does not, in and of itself, determine whether the individual has become a
- candidate,"¹⁴³ two years, or half a presidential term, appears to fall within the scope of a
- "protracted period of time." 144

¹⁴¹ F&LA at 17, MURs 6955, 6983 (John R. Kasich, et al.).

¹¹ C.F.R. §§ 100.72(b), 100.131(b). The regulation also notes that raising "funds in excess of what could reasonably be expected to be used for exploratory activities" and undertaking "activities designed to amass campaign funds" are also indicia of candidacy. *Id.* §§ 100.72(b)(2), 100.131(b)(2). However, this factor is not required to establish candidacy: An individual may cross the statutory threshold by raising *or* spending greater than \$5,000. 52 U.S.C. § 30101(2).

¹⁴³ AO 2015-09 at 6.

Cf. F&LA at 2, 12, MUR 6776 (Niger Innis, et al.) (dismissing where candidate had tested the waters for a period of approximately six months); F&LA at 8-9, MURs 7689, 7794 (Amanda Adkins for Congress, et al.) (same). The Commission has previously advised that, if an individual engaged in testing-the-waters activities for "several months" in one year, and his activities extended into the next year, the duration of those activities "would be very significant in determining the applicability of the [testing-the-waters] exemptions" in the latter year. See Advisory Opinion 1981-32 at 5 (Reubin Askew) ("AO 1981-32"). This would appear to indicate that the Commission would consider periods of time greater than a year are generally a "protracted period of time" as contemplated by 11 C.F.R. §§ 100.72(b)(4), 100.131(b)(4).

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2. <u>It Is Unclear Whether Biden Has Surpassed the Threshold for Candidacy</u> by Making More Than \$5,000 in Expenditures

3 As discussed above, once an individual decides to run for office, the individual becomes 4 a candidate under the Act when: (a) such individual receives contributions or makes 5 expenditures in excess of \$5,000; or (b) such individual gives their consent to another person to receive contributions or make expenditures on behalf of such individual and if such person has 6 received such contributions or has made such expenditures in excess of \$5,000. 145 Once the 7 8 \$5,000 threshold has been met, the candidate has 15 days to designate a principal campaign 9 committee by filing a Statement of Candidacy with the Commission. ¹⁴⁶ The principal campaign 10 committee must file a Statement of Organization within ten days of its designation, ¹⁴⁷ and it must file disclosure reports with the Commission. 148 11 12 The Commission has established "testing-the-waters" regulations excepting from the 13 definitions of "contribution" and "expenditure" funds received and payments made solely to 14 determine whether an individual should become a candidate, thereby permitting an individual to test the feasibility of a campaign for federal office without becoming a candidate under the 15 Act. 149 These testing-the-waters regulations seek to draw a distinction between activities 16 directed to evaluating the feasibility of one's candidacy and conduct signifying that a decision to 17 become a candidate has been made. 150 The testing-the-waters exceptions are not available to an 18

⁵² U.S.C. § 30101(2); see also AO 2015-09 at 5 (reiterating the "consent" standard).

¹⁴⁶ 52 U.S.C. § 30102(e)(1); 11 C.F.R. § 101.1(a).

¹⁴⁷ See 52 U.S.C. § 30103(a); 11 C.F.R. § 102.1(a).

⁵² U.S.C. § 30104(a), (b); see, e.g., F&LA at 6, MUR 6735 (Joseph A. Sestak, et al.); F&LA at 5, MUR 6449 (Jon Bruning, et al.); F&LA at 2, MUR 5363 (Alfred C. Sharpton).

See 11 C.F.R. §§ 100.72, 100.131; F&LA at 8, MUR 6776 (Niger Innis, et al.); F&LA at 7, MUR 6775 (Hillary Clinton, et al.); F&LA at 6, MUR 6735 (Joseph A. Sestak, et al.).

See AO 1981-32.

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- 1 individual who has decided to become a candidate, even if the individual has made only "a
- 2 private determination that he or she will run for federal office."¹⁵¹
- The Commission's regulations further provide that funds in a campaign account may be
- 4 used for the "ordinary and necessary expenses incurred in connection with the recipient's duties
- 5 as a holder of Federal office," such as "[t]he costs of winding down the office of a former
- 6 Federal officeholder for a period of [six] months after he or she leaves office." ¹⁵² The
- 7 Commission has advised that winding-down costs include "the 'necessary administrative costs'
- 8 of terminating a campaign or congressional office, such as office space rental, staff salaries and
- 9 office supplies."¹⁵³ Although Commission regulations contemplate a time limit of six months for
- when a campaign for a former officeholder may use funds to pay for winding down costs, 154 the
- 11 Commission has explained that this provision is a safe harbor that "does not preclude a former
- officeholder who can demonstrate that he or she has incurred ordinary and necessary winding
- down expenses more than six months after leaving office from using campaign funds to pay
- those expenses."¹⁵⁵

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As discussed above, Biden appears to have made a decision to run for reelection in 2024

as early as March 2021, but he does not become a candidate under the Act unless he, or another

See AO 2015-09 at 5; see also Payments Received for Testing the Waters Activities, 50 Fed. Reg. 9992, 9993 (Mar. 13, 1985) (noting exemption "explicitly limited 'solely' to activities designed to evaluate a potential candidacy").

¹¹ C.F.R. § 113.2(a)(2), (e).

Advisory Opinion 2013-05 at 3 (Elton Gallegly); see Advisory Opinion 1993-06 at 1, 5-6 (Citizens for Congressman Panetta) (advising that committee could use campaign funds for expenses such as "telephone and clerical costs of winding down previous campaign activity" up to six months after officeholder resigned); F&LA at 8, MUR 7310 (Lanakila Strategies LLC, et al.).

¹¹ C.F.R. § 113.2(a)(2).

Expenditures; Reports by Political Committees; Personal Use of Campaign Funds, 60 Fed. Reg. 7862 at 7873 (Feb. 9, 1995).

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1 person to whom he has given consent to do so, raises or spends in excess of \$5,000 in support of

2 a 2024 candidacy. 156

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Here, the available information is murky about whether Biden passed the \$5,000 threshold triggering status as a candidate via funds spent by the Biden Committee in support of his 2024 candidacy prior to his formal campaign announcement. Though the Biden Committee attests that Biden had not at the time of its Responses authorized the Biden Committee to solicit or spend funds on his behalf with respect to the 2024 election cycle, ¹⁵⁷ because Biden designated the Biden Committee as his principal campaign committee, Biden has given consent to the Biden Committee to "receive contributions or make expenditures" on his behalf; it is and has been his authorized campaign committee through which he received contributions and made expenditures during the 2020 election cycle, and which he has maintained as his authorized campaign committee for 2024. ¹⁵⁹

As discussed in Part II.B, above, the Biden Committee disbursed nearly \$295 million between November 4, 2020, and March 31, 2023. Given the numerous statements made by Biden and his surrogates indicating that Biden had decided to run as a presidential candidate in 2024 or intended to do so, the Complaints question the substantial spending by the Biden Committee and whether it has made more than \$5,000 in expenditures to support his 2024 candidacy, especially as more than two years have passed since the 2020 general election.

¹⁵⁶ 52 U.S.C. § 30101(2).

 $^{^{157}}$ See MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶ 2 ("President Biden has not authorized [the Biden Committee] to solicit or receive contributions or to make expenditures for the 2024 presidential election.").

¹⁵⁸ 52 U.S.C. § 30101(2).

Biden for President, Amended Statement of Organization (Apr. 25, 2023), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/354/202304259581294354/202304259581294354.pdf; Joseph R. Biden, Jr., Amended Statement of Candidacy at 1 (Apr. 25, 2023), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/792/202304259581293792/202304259581293792.pdf.

Supra note 44 and accompanying text.

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1 Both the Biden Committee and the Victory Fund deny that they have spent any funds to "influence the 2024 presidential election." First, with respect to the Biden Committee's 2 3 \$478,158.91 in disbursements to NGP Van Inc. for "database subscription," the Biden 4 Committee avers that these disbursements were for "a compliance and accounting database 5 necessary for operations during the wind down and the Commission's reporting requirements." These expenditures appear to be consistent with those of at least one prior 6 successful presidential candidate with respect to the same recipient: After his reelection in 2012, 7 8 former President Barack Obama's campaign committee reported total disbursements of \$315,784.60 to NGP Van Inc. for "technology consulting" and "telemarketing." ¹⁶³ Though 9 10 "telemarketing" does not align with the "database subscription" reported by the Biden 11 Committee, "technology consulting" may refer to services akin to those the Biden Committee 12 describes in its disclosure reports and Responses. Accordingly, Respondents have credibly 13 rebutted the Complaints' allegations that these expenditures were associated with Biden's 2024 14 candidacy. 15 The disbursements to Upland Software Inc. for "software" are more difficult to evaluate. 16 With respect to these disbursements, the Biden Committee states in a sworn declaration that 17 these disbursements were to "maintain ownership of [the Biden Committee's] SMS short code

MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 2; see MUR 7931 Biden Supp. Resp. at 3 ("In short, [the Biden Committee] has not made any expenditures for the purpose of influencing the 2024 presidential election."); Victory Fund Resp. at 2 ("[The Victory Fund] has not made any expenditures that advocate for President Biden's re-election in 2024 or that are otherwise in connection with that election.").

MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 5; see MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶ 7.

FEC Disbursements: Filtered Results, FEC.GOV, https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed&committee_id=C00431445&recipient_name=NGP+Van&min_date=11%2F07%2F2012&max_date=12">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed&committee_id=C00431445&recipient_name=NGP+Van&min_date=11%2F07%2F2012&max_date=12">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed&committee_id=C00431445&recipient_name=NGP+Van&min_date=11%2F07%2F2012&max_date=12">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed&committee_id=C00431445&recipient_name=NGP+Van&min_date=11%2F07%2F2012&max_date=12">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed&committee_id=C00431445&recipient_name=NGP+Van&min_date=11%2F07%2F2012&max_date=12">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed&committee_id=C00431445&recipient_name=NGP+Van&min_date=11%2F07%2F2012&max_date=12">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="pr

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- phone number, used for communications with [the Biden Committee],"¹⁶⁴ and which the Biden
- 2 Committee describes as its "intellectual property." ¹⁶⁵ Comparisons to prior presidential
- 3 campaign committee are unhelpful, as prior committees do not appear to have identified
- 4 expenditures for similar purposes, likely because of the relative newness of the technology
- 5 involved: For example, a search across all disbursements by the authorized committees of
- 6 former presidential candidates Obama, Clinton, Romney, and McCain for disbursements with
- 7 purposes containing any of "short code," "SMS," "text number," "phone number" or "text id"
- 8 revealed no results. 166
- 9 As shown in the Appendix to this Report and the figure below, the amount and timing of
- 10 the Biden Committee's disbursements to Upland Software Inc. varied widely over the period
- between January 13, 2021, the first disbursement following the immediate aftermath of the 2020
- election, and September 23, 2021, the date of the Biden Committee's last reported disbursement
- to this vendor, with disbursements ranging from \$2.34 to \$261,449, including multiple
- disbursements occurring on the same day for different amounts, and each disbursement reported

MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶ 8; see MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 2. While the Vogel declaration refers specifically to disbursements to Upland Software Inc. "in June 2021," this is likely because the MUR 7931 Complaint specifically identifies "multiple disbursements to Upland Software Inc. on June 22, 2021 totaling \$61,692.52" when questioning whether such disbursements "should be designated for the 2020 General Election." MUR 7931 Compl. ¶ 37.

¹⁶⁵ MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 5.

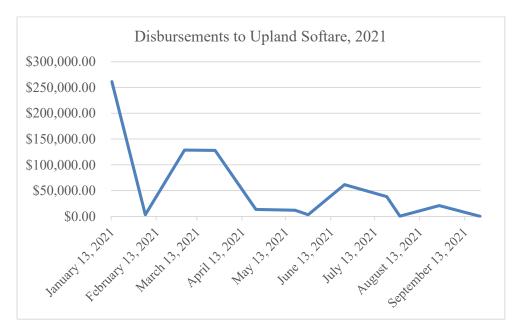
FEC Disbursements: Filtered Results, FEC.GOV, https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type =processed&committee_id=C00431171&committee_id=C00431445&committee_id=C00453928&committee_id=C00575795&committee_id=C00580100&disbursement_description=sms&disbursement_description=short+code&disbursement_description=text+number&disbursement_description=phone+number&disbursement_description=text+id (last visited May 2, 2023) (showing all disbursements by Obama for America, Hillary for America, Make America Great Again PAC f/k/a Donald J. Trump for President, Inc., Romney for President, Inc., and McCain-Palin 2008 Inc. with purposes containing any of "short code," "sms," "text number," "phone number," or "text id"). Trump's authorized committee reported 34 disbursements aggregating \$69.52 million during the 2020 election cycle for, inter alia, "SMS advertising," "digital SMS/online advertising," and "online & SMS advertising," none of which appear to be for maintenance or ownership of an SMS short code. Id.

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- 1 as for "software." Though the amounts disbursed decreased over time, as one might expect
- 2 with a campaign winding down its operations, the data reflects various jumps in spending

3 throughout 2021:

4



On its face, this information could be viewed as being in some tension with the Biden

- 6 Committee's sworn statement that the disbursements to this vendor were made in order to
- 7 maintain ownership of an SMS short code, which one might expect to have been implemented
- 8 through regular, or more routine, payments, akin to a subscription service provided at a set rate,
- 9 rather than charges varying by amount and time and appearing to be triggered by external events.
- An online review of short code vendors indicates that the subscription model, using regular

See App'x. It is further unclear whether "software" is an adequate reported purpose for disbursements that the Responses indicate were for maintaining a telephone number. See 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b)(6); 11 C.F.R. § 104.3(b)(4)(i)(A); see also Purposes of Disbursement, FEC.GOV, https://www.fec.gov/help-candidates-and-committees/purposes-disbursements/ (last visited May 2, 2023) ("As a general rule, consider whether a person who is not associated with the committee could easily discern why the disbursement was made by reading the name of the recipient and the purpose.").

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identical payments, is both used in this context and at much lower costs. 168 At the same time and 1 2 given the context of a sophisticated presidential campaign, the declaration's statement may 3 accurately describe a different or more complex maintenance arrangement that happens to be subject to external events, like energy costs required to maintain a home between set temperature 4 5 ranges (that will be subject to weather conditions) or the costs to maintain a maximum target 6 hold time for customer service calls (that is subject to demand). Further, while Biden is not a 7 former officeholder as contemplated in the regulations concerning winding-down activities, and 8 the six-month time period for the winding-down safe harbor is as such not directly applicable to 9 the circumstances presented here, the Responses do not clearly articulate why the Biden 10 Committee would need to maintain an SMS short code over a period of more than ten months 11 following Election Day 2020. It is possible that, consistent with the Complaints' allegations, the 12 Biden Committee was maintaining the SMS short code as campaign infrastructure in the event 13 that Biden would run for reelection in 2024, thus making the expenditures fairly linked to the 14 2024 presidential election. But it is also possible that maintenance of the SMS short code, which 15 the declaration asserts was "used for communications with [the Biden Committee]," 169 was necessary as a communications tool to further appropriate wind-down activities. ¹⁷⁰ Though not 16

See, e.g., How Much Does a Short Code Cost?, TWILIO, https://support.twilio.com/hc/en-us/articles/226460288-How-much-does-a-Short-Code-cost- (last visited May 2, 2023) (reporting one-time fees of combined \$1,500 plus quarterly charges of between \$1,500 and \$4,500 for lease of an SMS short code); Short Codes, BANDWIDTH, https://www.bandwidth.com/messaging/short-codes/ (last visited May 2, 2023) (reporting monthly charges of between \$500 and \$1,000 for lease of an SMS short code); How Much is a Dedicated Short Code?, TATANGO, https://www.tatango.com/resources/qa-videos/qa-how-much-is-a-dedicated-short-code/ (last visited May 2, 2023) (same).

¹⁶⁹ MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶ 8.

This Office is unaware of matters in which the Commission has addressed whether an authorized committee of an incumbent officeholder is required to terminate between election cycles. We do not make any recommendations on this issue in this Report.

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- directly supported by the declaration, the Biden Committee also asserts that the expenditures
- were "to maintain records or property related to the 2020 election." ¹⁷¹
- 3 Given the more than \$5 million amount involved and the factual questions regarding the
- 4 disbursements to Upland Software Inc., the Complaints' allegation that these disbursements were
- 5 for the purpose of advancing Biden's 2024 reelection campaign is plausible. This is primarily
- 6 because of the irregular nature of the payments and the fact that they appeared to be triggered by
- 7 external events, suggestive of some type of engagement. Presuming that Biden's first public
- 8 statement on March 25, 2021, confirming that he intended to run, discussed in Parts II.A and
- 9 III.A, *supra*, marks the date on which he made that determination, if the disbursements discussed
- above were for purpose of advancing his 2024 candidacy, Biden may have passed the \$5,000
- threshold via the Biden Committee's \$128,021.73 disbursement to Upland Software Inc. that
- same day. 172 At the same time, however, Respondents attest that these costs were for
- maintaining ownership of the Biden Committee's SMS short code and that this code was used
- 14 for communications with the committee; they have further indicated that this information was
- related to maintaining records or property. ¹⁷³ These explanations are also plausible, particularly
- given that the payments to Upland Software Inc. ceased after September 2021. On balance,
- 17 while the available information indicates that the disbursements the Biden Committee made to

MUR 7931 Biden Committee Resp. at 2.

See App'x.

Though the Biden Committee provided a sworn statement from the founder of its campaign and political compliance consultant attesting to the purposes of the expenditures made to Upland Software Inc. and Action Squared Inc., we note that the Biden Committee provided no documents regarding the services provided to it by these entities such as contracts, invoices, or example texts sent on behalf of the Biden Committee. As noted above, the Commission has established a "testing-the-waters" exception to the definition of "contribution" and "expenditure" such that testing-the-waters expenses do not trigger the \$5,000 threshold for candidacy, but the exception is not available to an individual who, like Biden, has decided to become a candidate. *See* AO 2015-09 at 5; *see also* Payments Received for Testing the Waters Activities, 50 Fed. Reg. at 9993 (noting exemption "explicitly limited 'solely' to activities designed to evaluate a potential candidacy").

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- 1 Upland Software Inc. do not appear to be solely for the purposes enumerated by the Biden
- 2 Committee, as discussed below, ¹⁷⁴ we recommend that the Commission take no action at this
- 3 time as to the timing of his candidacy in light of our recommendation to investigate the potential
- 4 purpose reporting violation, which may shed light on the Complaints' late-candidacy allegations.
- 5 In addition, with respect to the Biden Committee's \$2.02 million in disbursements to
- 6 Action Squared Inc. for "text message/email outreach" and "text message outreach," 175 the Biden
- 7 Committee states that the disbursements were for "ongoing communications by the President to
- 8 his supporters who have opted-in to receive messages, encouraging them to make contributions
- 9 to the [DNC] . . . in 2021 and 2022."¹⁷⁶ However, on its disclosure reports, the Biden Committee
- reported each disbursement to Action Squared Inc. as being for the 2020 general election, ¹⁷⁷ a
- statement facially at odds with the purpose stated in the Biden Committee's Response. 178
- 12 Comparison to similarly situated authorized committees is similarly unclear: Following the 2012

¹⁷⁴ Infra Part III.B.

Biden Committee Disbursements; *see* MUR 7931 Compl. ¶ 37; MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 10. Other reported expenditures not discussed in the Complaints include \$19,084.80 across three payments to different vendors for "media production"; \$39,247.90 across nine payments for "music licenses" and "photo/music licenses"; and another \$217,435.54 across numerous payments to multiple vendors for "software" beyond those to Upland Software discussed above. Biden Committee Disbursements.

MUR 8059 Biden Resp. at 2; see MUR 8059 Vogel Decl. ¶ 5.

See, e.g., Biden Committee, 2022 Year-End Report, Sched. B-P at 35 (reporting \$5,767.36 disbursement to Action Squared Inc. for "text message outreach" labeled "Disbursement for: 2020 General"); Biden Committee, 2022 April Quarterly Report, Sched. B-P at 57 (reporting two disbursements to Action Squared Inc. for "text message/email outreach" for \$44,905.36 and \$25,582.00, both labeled with "Disbursement for: 2020 General"); Biden Committee, 2021 October Quarterly Report, Sched. B-P at 18 (reporting a \$150,000 disbursement to Action Squared Inc. for "text message/email outreach" labeled "Disbursement for: 2020 General").

If, as the MUR Biden Response states and the timing of the expenditures appears to indicate, the disbursements were in support of election activity related to the 2022 election cycle, the Biden Committee appears to have failed in its duty to ensure that its disclosure reports are generally accurate and correct by reporting these disbursements as in connection to the 2020 general election. See 11 C.F.R. § 104.14(d) ("Each treasurer of a political committee . . . shall be personally responsible for the timely and complete filing of [any disclosure report] . . . and for the accuracy of any information or statement contained in it."). However, given that there is no statutory or regulatory requirement for committees to designate the election cycle for their disbursements, we make no recommendation as to the potential reporting violation.

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- election, for instance, Obama for America disbursed a total of \$210,313.30 for "text"
- 2 messages."¹⁷⁹ And while, following the 2016 election, Trump's authorized committee disbursed
- a total of \$15.86 million for, *inter alia*, "online advertising," "email marketing," and "digital
- 4 consulting/online advertising," ¹⁸⁰ Trump had already declared his reelection candidacy on
- 5 January 20, 2017, ¹⁸¹ making this comparison less helpful. Notwithstanding the discrepancy
- 6 between which election these expenditures were associated with 2020, as stated in the reports,
- 7 versus 2021 and 2022, as stated in the Responses in neither event do they appear to be
- 8 associated with Biden's 2024 candidacy. 182
- 9 3. The Available Information Does Not Indicate That Biden Became a
 10 Candidate by Accepting More than \$5,000 in Contributions
- Regarding Biden and the Biden Committee's receipts, since November 4, 2020, the
- 12 Biden Committee has reported receiving \$134,048,699.80, 183 including \$20,221,129.23 received
- from the Victory Fund. 184 Of the \$134 million in total receipts, the Biden Committee reported

FEC Disbursements: Filtered Results, FEC.GOV, https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type=processed&committee_id=C00431445&min_date=11%2F07%2F2012&max_date=12%2F31%2F2014&disbursement_description=text (last visited May 2, 2023) (showing all disbursements by Obama for America between November 7, 2012, and December 31, 2014, for purposes including the words "text," "sms," "outreach," "email," "e-mail," "online," and "internet"; there were no results for any word other than "text").

FEC Disbursements: Filtered Results, FEC.GOV, https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data type=
processed&committee id=C00580100&min_date=11%2F09%2F2016&max_date=12%2F31%2F2018&disbursement_description=outreach&disbursement_description=text&disbursement_description=sms&disbursement_description=internet (last visited May 2, 2023) (showing all disbursements by Make America Great Again PAC f/k/a Donald J. Trump for President, Inc. between November 9, 2016, and December 31, 2018, for purposes including the words "text," "sms," "outreach," "email," "e-mail," "online," and "internet").

Donald J. Trump, Amended Statement of Candidacy at 1 (Jan. 20, 2017), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/569/201701209041436569/201701209041436569.pdf (submitting a Miscellaneous Text submission reading, "While this does not constitute a formal announcement of my candidacy for the 2020 election, because I have reached the legal threshold for filing FEC Form 2, please accept this letter as my Form 2 for the 2020 election in order to ensure compliance with the Federal Election Campaign Act").

See infra Part III.B.

See supra note 36 and accompany text.

Supra note 37 and accompanying text.

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- 1 receiving \$103,362,129.86 in contributions during the 2020 Post-General reporting period, ¹⁸⁵
- with only \$482 in additional contributions disclosed on subsequent Reports. Since the 2020
- 3 general election, the Victory Fund has reported receiving \$2,414,952.90 in contributions. 187
- 4 Although the Complaints raise questions as to the amount of contributions accepted by the Biden
- 5 Committee and the Victory Fund after the 2020 general election, the Respondents credibly rebut
- 6 the allegations that those post-election contributions were attributable to a 2024 Biden
- 7 candidacy.

8 The Biden Committee does not appear to have solicited or accepted contributions for

- 9 Biden's reelection campaign prior to Biden's formal campaign announcement. First, the Biden
- 10 Committee states in its MUR 7931 Response that it neither solicited nor accepted contributions
- made after Election Day 2020, and that it had not at the time of the Response accepted any
- 12 contributions for the 2024 election cycle; the sworn statement attached to the MUR 7931
- Response supports this statement. 188 This Office is aware of no information that contradicts
- 14 these assertions.

4. The Victory Fund Does Not Appear to Have Accepted Contributions or
 Made Expenditures in Support of Biden's 2024 Candidacy

The Victory Fund also does not appear to have solicited or accepted contributions for

- 18 Biden's reelection campaign prior to Biden's formal campaign announcement. As noted above,
- 19 the Biden Committee avers that the Victory Fund "is not authorized to, and has not," raised any

Biden Committee, 2020 Post-General Report.

Biden Committee, 2020 Year-End Report; Biden Committee, 2021 April Quarterly Report.

Supra note 49 and accompanying text.

MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 2; MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶¶ 3, 4 ("To the best of my knowledge, [the Biden Committee] has not solicited any funds, including through mail, online, or any other source since then. . . . [The Biden Committee] did not accept any contributions made after Election Day 2020. . . . [The Biden Committee] has not accepted any contributions for the 2024 election cycle.").

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- funds for Biden in the 2024 presidential election, to which the Victory Fund also attests. 189
- 2 Further, the Victory Fund has provided a sworn statement attesting that it did not transfer any
- 3 contributions to the Biden Committee that were made after Election Day 2020. 190 This Office is
- 4 aware of no information that contradicts these assertions.
- 5 Additionally, as noted by Respondents, the size of the post-election receipts reported by
- 6 the Victory Fund's joint fundraising operation is consistent with, and in fact smaller than, those
- 7 in prior successful presidential campaigns. 191 Between the 2016 general election and the end of
- 8 the 2018 election cycle, former President Donald J. Trump's joint fundraising committee, Trump
- 9 Victory, reported nearly \$31.26 million in individual contributions, ¹⁹² though, as noted above,
- Trump had declared his candidacy for 2020 on the first day of his term in office. In the prior
- election cycle, between the 2012 general election and the end of the 2014 election cycle, former
- 12 President Barack Obama's joint fundraising committee, Obama Victory Fund 2012, reported

MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 5; see MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶ 9 ("[The Biden Committee] has not given consent to [the Victory Fund] to accept contributions or make expenditures on behalf of President Biden for the 2024 election cycle."); Smolkis Decl. ¶ 11.

Victory Fund Resp. at 2; Smolkis Decl. ¶¶ 7-10. While the Victory Fund acknowledges that it received contributions after the 2020 general Election Day, it notes that those contributions resulted from pre-Election Day solicitations, and none of those contributions were transferred to the Biden Committee, and that it has transferred or will transfer all such post-election contributions to the other joint fundraising participants per its allocation formula. Victory Fund Resp. at 4.

See MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 5 & n.27. According to the Reports Analysis Division ("RAD"), it is not unusual for joint fundraising committees to report large post-election transfers, and RAD commonly sees this activity. While all of the transfers took place after the election, none of the itemized contributions disclosed on the report are reported as having been received after the general election, and the Biden Committee appears to have followed the correct reporting format for these transfers. For the unitemized component of the joint fundraising transfers, there is no information on the face of the report that the underlying transferred contributions were received after the election.

FEC Individual Contributions: Filtered Results, FEC.GOV, https://www.fec.gov/data/individual-contributions/?committee_id=C00618389&min_date=11%2F09%2F2016&max_date=12%2F31%2F2018 (last visited May 2, 2023) (showing all individual contributions reported by Trump Victory between November 9, 2016, and December 31, 2018).

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- 1 \$2,890,741.23 in individual contributions. 193 Both figures exceed the \$2,414,952.90 in
- 2 contributions reported by the Victory Fund.
- 3 Transfers from the Victory Fund to the Biden Committee are, however, larger than those
- 4 reported by prior campaigns. Between the 2016 general election and the end of the 2018 election
- 5 cycle, Trump Victory transferred \$6,804,830.24 to Trump's authorized campaign committee. 194
- 6 In the prior election cycle, between the 2012 general election and the end of the 2014 election
- 7 cycle, Obama Victory Fund 2012 transferred \$9,024,726.22 to Obama for America. 195 These
- 8 sums are significantly lower than the \$20,221,129.23 the Biden Committee has received from the
- 9 Victory Fund. 196 Nonetheless, the disparity in the value of transfers from joint fundraising
- 10 committees to the candidate's authorized committee is not, itself, evidence that the Victory Fund
- is receiving or transferring to the Biden Committee contributions other than those made for and
- prior to the 2020 general election. Accordingly, Biden and those authorized to fundraise on his
- behalf do not appear at this time to have raised \$5,000 or more in support of his 2024 candidacy
- 14 for reelection prior to his formal campaign announcement.
- 15 The Biden Victory Fund, as a joint fundraising enterprise partially benefitting the Biden
- 16 Committee, was authorized to accept contributions and make expenditures for Biden during the

FEC Individual Contributions: Filtered Results, FEC.GOV, https://www.fec.gov/data/individual-contributions/?committee_id=C00494740&min_date=11%2F07%2F2012&max_date=12%2F31%2F2014 (last visited May 2, 2023) (showing all individual contributions reported by Obama Victory Fund 2012 between November 7, 2012, and December 31, 2014).

FEC Disbursements: Filtered Results, FEC.GoV, https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed&committee_id=C00618389&recipient_name=C00580100&min_date=11%2F09%2F2016&max_date=12">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed&committee_id=C00618389&recipient_name=C00580100&min_date=11%2F09%2F2016&max_date=12">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed&committee_id=C00618389&recipient_name=C00580100&min_date=11%2F09%2F2016&max_date=12">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed&committee_id=C00618389&recipient_name=C00580100&min_date=11%2F09%2F2016&max_date=12">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed&committee_id=C00618389&recipient_name=C00580100&min_date=11%2F09%2F2016&max_date=12">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed&committee_id=C00618389&recipient_name=C00580100&min_date=11%2F09%2F2016&max_date=12">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed&committee_id=C00618389&recipient_name=C00580100&min_date=11%2F09%2F2016&max_date=12">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed&committee_id=C00618389&recipient_name=C00580100&min_date=11%2F09%2F2016&max_date=12">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="proces

FEC Disbursements: Filtered Results, FEC.GOV, https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed&committee_id=C00494740&recipient_name=C00431445&min_date=11%2F07%2F2012&max_date=12">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed&committee_id=C00494740&recipient_name=C00431445&min_date=11%2F07%2F2012&max_date=12">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed&committee_id=C00494740&recipient_name=C00431445&min_date=11%2F07%2F2012&max_date=12">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed&committee_id=C00494740&recipient_name=C00431445&min_date=11%2F07%2F2012&max_date=12">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed&committee_id=C00494740&recipient_name=C00431445&min_date=11%2F07%2F2012&max_date=12">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed&committee_id=C00494740&recipient_name=C00431445&min_date=11%2F07%2F2012&max_date=12">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed&committee_id=C00494740&recipient_name=C00431445&min_date=11%2F07%2F2012&max_date=12">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed&committee_id=C00494740&recipient_name=C00431445&min_date=11%2F07%2F2012&max_date=12">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="processed">https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type="proces

Supra notes 53-59 and accompanying text.

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- 1 2020 election cycle, ¹⁹⁷ but does not appear to have been so authorized in the period between
- 2 Election Day 2020 and Biden's formal campaign announcement on April 25, 2023.
- 3 Accordingly, the contributions it received and expenditures it made after Election Day 2020 and
- 4 before Biden's campaign announcement do not appear to satisfy the statutory threshold for
- 5 triggering Biden's candidacy.

* * *

- In sum, there is insufficient information to determine whether Biden violated 52 U.S.C.
- 8 § 30102(e)(1) and 11 C.F.R. § 101.1(a) by failing to file a Statement of Candidacy with the
- 9 Commission and designating an authorized committee within 15 days of becoming a candidate.
- However, we recommend that the Commission take no action at this time as to this allegation
- 11 rather than dismiss in light of our recommendation that the Commission find reason to believe
- 12 that the Biden Committee violated the reporting provision of the Act and authorize compulsory
- process, as set forth below in Part III.B, *infra*. Should we discover any relevant information
- regarding Biden's pre-candidacy activities, we will make the appropriate recommendation. ¹⁹⁸

See supra note 72 and accompanying text.

Another matter involving allegations regarding, in relevant part, a late-filed Statement of Candidacy is currently pending before the Commission. See First Gen. Counsel's Rpt. ("FGCR"), MURs 7968, 7969 (Donald J. Trump, et al.) That matter, in which this Office recommends that the Commission find reason to believe as to the late candidacy allegation as to Trump, is distinguishable from the present matter in two primary ways: First, Trump had, at the time of the FGCR in that matter, raised over \$100 million via two affiliated political committees. Id. at 31-36 Here, the available information indicates that Biden has not raised funds for his 2024 campaign (prior to his formal announcement). Supra Part III.A.3. Second, the FGCR in MURs 7968, 7969 addresses committee spending on Facebook advertising asking whether viewers would vote for Trump at third time, as well as sponsoring numerous Trump rallies over a protracted period of time. FGCR, MURs 7968, 7969 at 40 (discussing advertisement); id. at 43-44 (discussing advertisements and rallies). Here, the Biden Committee's disbursements to Upland Software Inc. raise questions about a possible connection to 2024, supra Part III.A.2, but unlike in the Trump matter are addressed in a sworn statement attesting to a plausible non-2024 basis and are much less compelling on their face than the aforementioned Trump expenditures — i.e., ambiguous "software" spending on the one hand versus sponsoring ads asking "Would you vote for Trump a third time?" on the other. FGCR, MURs 7968, 7969 at 14 (image). In both cases, as discussed in both this Report and the FGCR in MURs 7968, 7969, the statements by Biden and Trump are more than sufficient to indicate that their respective decisions to run in 2024 were made well before their formal announcements.

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B. The Commission Should Find Reason to Believe That the Biden Committee Failed to Accurately Report the Purpose of the Disbursements Made to Upland Software

The Act and Commission regulations require political committees to report the name and address of each person to whom they make expenditures or other disbursements aggregating more than \$200 per calendar year, or per election cycle for authorized committees, as well as the date, amount, and purpose of such payments. ¹⁹⁹ Commission regulations define "purpose" as a "brief statement or description of why the disbursement was made." ²⁰⁰ "The 'purpose of disbursement' entry, when considered along with the identity of the disbursement recipient, must be sufficiently specific to make the purpose of the disbursement clear." ²⁰¹ The Commission has determined that the description of the purpose should be sufficient to allow "a person not associated with the committee [to] easily discern why the disbursement was made when reading the name of the recipient and the purpose." ²⁰² Examples of sufficient statements of purpose include, but are not limited to, dinner expenses, media, salary, polling, travel, party fees, phone banks, travel expenses, travel expense reimbursement, and catering costs. ²⁰³ The Commission's website also states that "software" can be an adequate statement of the purpose of a disbursement.

⁵² U.S.C. § 30104(b)(5), (6); 11 C.F.R. § 104.3(b)(3)(i), (ix) (regarding political committees other than authorized committees); *id.* § 104.3(b)(4)(i), (vi) (regarding authorized committees); *id.* § 104.9(a), (b) (regarding all political committees).

²⁰⁰ 11 C.F.R. § 104.3(b)(3)(i)(A).

Statement of Policy: "Purpose of Disbursement" Entries for Filings with the Commission, 72 Fed. Reg. 887, 887 (Jan. 9, 2007) [hereinafter Purpose Statement of Policy] (citing 11 C.F.R. § 104.3(b)(3)(i)(B), (4)(i)(A)).

Id. at 888.

²⁰³ 11 C.F.R. § 104.3(b)(3)(i)(B).

Purposes of Disbursement, FEC.GOV, https://www.fec.gov/help-candidates-and-committees/purposes-disbursements/ (last visited May 2, 2023).

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1 As discussed above, the Biden Committee asserts that its disbursements to Upland 2 Software Inc. reported as for "software" were to "maintain ownership of [the Biden 3 Committee's SMS short code phone number, used for communications with [the Biden Committeel."205 Even if each of the disbursements were for the purpose of maintaining an SMS 4 5 short code and communicating with the committee, the reported purpose of "software" does not 6 "make the purpose of the disbursement clear" even when read in connection with the recipient of the disbursement.²⁰⁶ Though "software" can be an adequate description of a disbursement's 7 purpose, it does not appear to be so in the context here.²⁰⁷ In addition, and as discussed above, 8 9 the \$5,083,361.49 disbursed to Upland Software is far larger than apparent general costs for 10 maintaining a SMS short code, and the wide variation in the amounts disbursed between 11 November 5, 2020, and September 23, 2021, the date of the Biden Committee's last reported 12 disbursement to this vendor, are indicative that these expenditures were inadequately described as "software." 208 13 14 Accordingly, we recommend the Commission find reason to believe the Biden 15 Committee violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b)(5)(A) and 11 C.F.R. § 104.3(b)(4)(i) by failing to 16 properly disclose the purpose of its disbursements to Upland Software Inc.

²⁰⁵ MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶ 8; see MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 2.

²⁰⁶ Purpose Statement of Policy at 887 (citing 11 C.F.R. § 104.3(b)(3)(i)(B), (4)(i)(A)).

See F&LA at 8-9, MURs 7291, 7449 (Hillary for America) (determining, with respect to disbursements used for opposition research, that "[a] person reading the Committee's disclosure reports could not have discerned that the Committee was disbursing funds for anything other than legal services by reading the name of the recipient (i.e., Perkins Coie) together with the reported purpose (i.e., legal services or legal or compliance consulting").

See supra notes 166-168 and accompanying text.

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C. The Commission Should Find No Reason to Believe That the Biden Committee and the Victory Fund Failed to Amend Their Statements of Organization

The Act requires all political committees to file a Statement of Organization with the Commission no later than 10 days after they are designated or established.²⁰⁹ The Statement of Organization must include the name, address, and type of committee; the name, address, relationship, and type of any connected organization or committee; the name and address of the committee's custodian of books and accounts and the committee's treasurer; a listing of all depositories used by the committee; and, if an authorized committee, the name, address, office sought, and party affiliation of the authorizing candidate.²¹⁰ Changes or corrections to the information contained in a Statement of Organization must be reported no later than 10 days after the date of the change.²¹¹

With respect to the allegation in the MUR 7931 Complaint that the Biden Committee and the Victory Fund have failed to amend their Statements of Organization to reflect Biden's 2024 candidacy, 212 the facts as presented in the MUR 7931 Complaint and supported by the available information do not indicate any violation of the Act in this regard. As Respondents note, neither the Act nor Commission regulations require committees to designate the election cycle in which an affiliated or authorizing candidate is running, instead requiring only the "name, address, office

²⁰⁹ 52 U.S.C. § 30103(a); 11 C.F.R. § 102.1.

²¹⁰ 52 U.S.C. § 30103(b); 11 C.F.R. § 102.2.

²¹¹ 52 U.S.C. § 30103(c); 11 C.F.R. § 102.2(a)(2).

²¹² MUR 7931 Compl. ¶¶ 39-51, 66-82.

MURs 7931, 8059 (Biden for President, *et al.*) First General Counsel's Report Page 47 of 51

- sought, and party affiliation" of that individual. 213 Indeed, the form on which Statements of
- 2 Organization are submitted has no line on which this information could be provided.²¹⁴
- 3 Accordingly, the Commission should find no reason to believe that the Biden Committee
- 4 and the Victory Fund violated 52 U.S.C. § 30103(c) and 11 C.F.R. § 102.2(a)(2) by failing to
- 5 amend their Statements of Organization reflecting Biden's 2024 candidacy.

D. The Commission Should Find Reason to Believe That the Victory Fund Failed to Report a Debt

The Act requires political committees to file reports accurately disclosing their receipts, disbursements, and debts.²¹⁵ In addition, political committees must accurately itemize contributions and disbursements for each election cycle and must also indicate the amount and nature of outstanding debts and obligations until those debts are extinguished.²¹⁶ Under Commission regulations, a debt or obligation of \$500 or less must be reported as of the time that payment is made or within sixty days of the date on which the political committee incurs the debt, whichever comes first, and a debt exceeding \$500 must be disclosed in the report that covers the date on which the debt was incurred.²¹⁷ If the exact amount of a debt or obligation is not known, the report shall state that the amount reported is an estimate.²¹⁸ Once the exact amount is determined, a political committee must either: (1) amend the report(s) containing the

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²¹³ 52 U.S.C. § 30103(b)(5); see 11 C.F.R. § 102.2(a)(v).

See, e.g., Biden for President, Amended Statement of Organization (Apr. 25, 2023), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/354/202304259581294354/202304259581294354.pdf; Biden Victory Fund, Amended Statement of Organization (July 1, 2022), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/159/202207019517783159/202207019517783159.pdf.

²¹⁵ 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b); 11 C.F.R. § 104.3(a).

²¹⁶ 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b)(8); 11 C.F.R. §§ 104.3(d), 104.11(a).

²¹⁷ 11 C.F.R. § 104.11(b).

²¹⁸ *Id.*

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1 estimate; or (2) indicate the correct amount on the report for the reporting period in which such

2 amount is determined.²¹⁹

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The MUR 7931 Complaint questions whether the Victory Fund's \$100,000 disbursement

4 to Vox Media LLC on March 1, 2021, for "online fundraising" relates to the 2020 presidential

5 election, noting that such disbursements are normally made to maintain the committee's

6 infrastructure and operations for ongoing and future campaign activity.²²⁰ The Victory Fund

states that this disbursement relates to "online fundraising ads [the Victory Fund] ran through

8 Vox Media, LLC . . . in August 2020."²²¹ It goes on to state that its received the invoice for this

expense in 2021, and "[a]s such, the payment was made and reported in 2021."²²²

Based on the Victory Fund's representations that the March 2021 payment to Vox

11 Media LLC was for services rendered in August 2020, the Victory Fund appears to have incurred

a debt or obligation to the vendor of greater than \$500 that was outstanding for over sixty days.

13 Thus, as required by Commission regulations, the Victory Fund should have reported its

\$100,000 debt to Vox Media LLC in its 2020 October Quarterly Report, and continuously

thereafter until paid, but it failed to do so.²²³ Accordingly, we recommend that the Commission

find reason to believe that the Victory Fund failed to report a debt in violation of 52 U.S.C. §

17 30104(b)(8) and 11 C.F.R. § 104.11(b).

²¹⁹ *Id*.

²²⁰ MUR 7931 Compl. ¶ 34.

Victory Fund Resp. at 5; Smolkis Decl. ¶ 6.

Victory Fund Resp. at 5.

²²³ See 11 C.F.R. § 104.11(a), (b).

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MURs 7931, 8059 (Biden for President, *et al.*) First General Counsel's Report Page 49 of 51

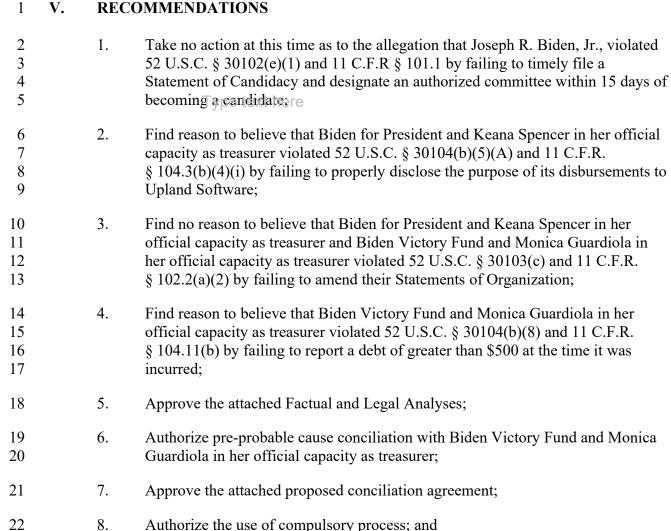
V. INVESTIGATION

Simultaneous with the conciliation with the Victory Fund, we plan to seek information to investigate the Biden Committee's disbursements to Upland Software Inc. since the 2020 election to determine the purpose for which those disbursements were made. We will request documents and information regarding the Biden Committee's contracts and service agreements with Upland Software Inc. as well as the services it provided in the period following the 2020 general election. We also request that the Commission authorize the use of compulsory process, including the issuance of appropriate interrogatories, document subpoenas, and deposition subpoenas, as necessary.

MUR793100133

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V. RECOMMENDATIONS



MURs 7931, 8059 (Biden for President, *et al.*) First General Counsel's Report Page 51 of 51

1 9. Send the appropriate letters.

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Lisa J. Stevenson

Lisa J. Stevenson

Acting General Counsel

Charles Kitcher
Charles Kitcher

Associate General Counsel for Enforcement

Jin Lee by Holf Jin Lee

Deputy Associate General Counsel for Enforcement

Justine A. di Giovanni

Attorney

Dominique Dillenseger

Dominique Dillenseger

Attorney

 ${\bf Appendix}$ Table of Select Disbursements by the Biden Committee Following the 2020 Election 225

Date	Amount	Recipient	Description
November 5, 2020	\$11,897.63	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
November 5, 2020	\$23,055.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
November 10, 2020	\$1,176.17	Upland Software Inc.	Software
November 16, 2020	\$138,604.11	Upland Software Inc.	Software
November 17, 2020	\$19,716.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
November 17, 2020	\$23,717.50	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
November 18, 2020	\$3,932,643.40	Upland Software Inc.	Software
November 20, 2020	\$3,203.25	Action Squared Inc.	Text Message/Email Outreach
December 2, 2020	\$2,898.84	NGP VAN Inc.	Processing Fees
December 7, 2020	\$2,724.43	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
December 10, 2020	\$35,086.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
December 17, 2020	\$336,046.40	Upland Software Inc.	Software
December 24, 2020	\$21,597.50	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
December 24, 2020	\$33,450.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
December 31, 2020	\$3,180.00	Upland Software Inc.	Software
January 13, 2021	\$261,449.00	Upland Software Inc.	Software
January 28, 2021	\$4,282.69	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
January 28, 2021	\$7,715.48	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
February 4, 2021	\$30,952.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
February 5, 2021	\$10,600.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
February 5, 2021	\$3,180.00	Upland Software Inc.	Software
February 25, 2021	\$3,686.42	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
February 25, 2021	\$21,226.50	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
March 4, 2021	\$21,226.50	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
March 4, 2021	\$128,503.00	Upland Software Inc.	Software
March 25, 2021	\$128,021.73	Upland Software Inc.	Software
April 22, 2021	\$13,595.60	Upland Software Inc.	Software
April 29, 2021	\$600.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
April 29, 2021	\$2,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
April 29, 2021	\$8,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
May 19, 2021	\$678.90	Upland Software Inc.	Software
May 19, 2021	\$11,315.22	Upland Software Inc.	Software
May 28, 2021	\$600.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
May 28, 2021	\$2,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
May 28, 2021	\$8,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription

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FEC Disbursements: Filtered Results, FEC.GOV, date=03%2F31%2F2023 (last visited May 2, 2023) (showing all disbursements by Biden for President to Action Squared Inc., NGP Van Inc., and Upland Software Inc. between November 4, 2020, and March 31, 2023).

MURs 7931, 8059 (Biden for President, *et al.*) First General Counsel's Report Appendix Page 2 of 5

Date	Amount	Recipient	Description
May 28, 2021	\$180.00	Upland Software Inc.	Software
May 28, 2021	\$3,000.00	Upland Software Inc.	Software
June 22, 2021	\$600.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
June 22, 2021	\$2,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
June 22, 2021	\$8,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
June 22, 2021	\$756.88	Upland Software Inc.	Software
June 22, 2021	\$2,735.13	Upland Software Inc.	Software
June 22, 2021	\$12,614.97	Upland Software Inc.	Software
June 22, 2021	\$45,585.54	Upland Software Inc.	Software
July 6, 2021	\$150,000.00	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
July 21, 2021	\$708.97	Upland Software Inc.	Software
July 21, 2021	\$1,465.25	Upland Software Inc.	Software
July 21, 2021	\$11,815.80	Upland Software Inc.	Software
July 21, 2021	\$24,420.90	Upland Software Inc.	Software
July 30, 2021	\$600.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
July 30, 2021	\$2,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
July 30, 2021	\$8,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
July 30, 2021	\$30.00	Upland Software Inc.	Software
July 30, 2021	\$500.00	Upland Software Inc.	Software
August 12, 2021	\$208.67	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
August 12, 2021	\$3,477.75	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
August 26, 2021	\$600.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
August 26, 2021	\$2,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
August 26, 2021	\$8,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
August 26, 2021	\$1,181.78	Upland Software Inc.	Software
August 26, 2021	\$19,696.29	Upland Software Inc.	Software
August 26, 2021	\$938.90	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
August 26, 2021	\$5,819.51	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
August 26, 2021	\$9,828.77	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
September 23, 2021	\$600.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
September 23, 2021	\$2,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
September 23, 2021	\$8,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
September 23, 2021	\$2.34	Upland Software Inc.	Software
September 23, 2021	\$13.31	Upland Software Inc.	Software
September 23, 2021	\$39.04	Upland Software Inc.	Software
September 23, 2021	\$221.76	Upland Software Inc.	Software
September 23, 2021	\$3,238.87	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
September 23, 2021	\$10,847.23	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
September 23, 2021	\$43,133.99	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
October 28, 2021	\$600.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
October 28, 2021	\$2,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
October 28, 2021	\$8,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription

MURs 7931, 8059 (Biden for President, *et al.*) First General Counsel's Report Appendix Page 3 of 5

Date	Amount	Recipient	Description
October 28, 2021	\$3,826.31	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
October 28, 2021	\$17,922.05	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
October 28, 2021	\$45,849.84	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
November 30, 2021	\$600.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
November 30, 2021	\$2,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
November 30, 2021	\$8,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
December 23, 2021	\$600.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
December 23, 2021	\$2,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
December 23, 2021	\$8,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
December 23, 2021	\$3,341.72	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
December 23, 2021	\$7,572.17	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
December 23, 2021	\$24,885.72	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
December 23, 2021	\$33,021.08	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
December 23, 2021	\$55,695.36	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
December 23, 2021	\$93,181.83	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
January 27, 2022	\$9,055.65	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
January 27, 2022	\$33,138.73	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
January 27, 2022	\$117,788.78	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
February 24, 2022	\$1,960.21	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
February 24, 2022	\$11,642.13	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
February 24, 2022	\$21,028.07	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
March 10, 2022	\$600.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
March 10, 2022	\$600.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
March 10, 2022	\$2,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
March 10, 2022	\$2,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
March 10, 2022	\$8,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
March 10, 2022	\$8,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
March 31, 2022	\$4,229.24	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
March 31, 2022	\$25,582.00	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
March 31, 2022	\$44,905.36	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
April 28, 2022	\$7,420.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
April 28, 2022	\$102,673.61	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
May 26, 2022	\$7,420.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
June 30, 2022	\$7,420.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
June 30, 2022	\$291,795.24	Action Squared Inc.	Text message/email outreach
July 28, 2022	\$420.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
July 28, 2022	\$2,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
July 28, 2022	\$5,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
July 28, 2022	\$9,341.69	Action Squared Inc.	Text message outreach
July 28, 2022	\$33,539.00	Action Squared Inc.	Text message outreach
July 28, 2022	\$122,155.81	Action Squared Inc.	Text message outreach
August 18, 2022	\$420.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription

MURs 7931, 8059 (Biden for President, *et al.*) First General Counsel's Report Appendix Page 4 of 5

Date	Amount	Recipient	Description
August 18, 2022	\$2,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
August 18, 2022	\$5,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
September 27, 2022	\$420.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
September 27, 2022	\$2,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
September 27, 2022	\$5,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
September 27, 2022	\$4,616.71	Action Squared Inc.	Text message outreach
September 27, 2022	\$7,523.55	Action Squared Inc.	Text message outreach
September 27, 2022	\$25,892.95	Action Squared Inc.	Text message outreach
September 27, 2022	\$27,238.09	Action Squared Inc.	Text message outreach
September 27, 2022	\$51,052.20	Action Squared Inc.	Text message outreach
September 27, 2022	\$98,154.46	Action Squared Inc.	Text message outreach
November 2, 2022	\$420.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
November 2, 2022	\$2,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
November 2, 2022	\$5,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
November 2, 2022	\$7,554.21	Action Squared Inc.	Text message outreach
November 2, 2022	\$27,611.60	Action Squared Inc.	Text message outreach
November 2, 2022	\$98,291.86	Action Squared Inc.	Text message outreach
November 21, 2022	\$420.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
November 21, 2022	\$2,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
November 21, 2022	\$5,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
December 16, 2022	\$420.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
December 16, 2022	\$2,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
December 16, 2022	\$5,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
December 16, 2022	\$5,767.36	Action Squared Inc.	Text message outreach
December 16, 2022	\$15,101.22	Action Squared Inc.	Text message outreach
December 16, 2022	\$81,021.47	Action Squared Inc.	Text message outreach
January 31, 2023	\$52,583.00	Action Squared Inc	Text message outreach
January 31, 2023	\$20,242.66	Action Squared Inc	Text message outreach
January 31, 2023	\$4,369.54	Action Squared Inc	Text message outreach
January 31, 2023	\$22,420.57	Action Squared Inc	Text message outreach
January 31, 2023	\$10,000.00	Action Squared Inc	Text message outreach
January 31, 2023	\$1,945.23	Action Squared Inc	Text message outreach
January 31, 2023	\$5,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
January 31, 2023	\$2,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
January 31, 2023	\$420.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
February 23, 2023	\$5,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
February 23, 2023	\$2,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
February 23, 2023	\$420.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
March 23, 2023	\$31,051.75	Action Squared Inc	Text message outreach
March 23, 2023	\$16,178.99	Action Squared Inc	Text message outreach
March 23, 2023	\$2,833.84	Action Squared Inc	Text message outreach
March 23, 2023	\$48,828.18	Action Squared Inc	Text message outreach

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Date	Amount	Recipient	Description
March 23, 2023	\$14,192.23	Action Squared Inc	Text message outreach
March 23, 2023	\$3,781.22	Action Squared Inc	Text message outreach
March 23, 2023	\$2,000.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
March 23, 2023	\$420.00	NGP VAN Inc.	Database subscription
Total:	\$7,580,915.41		_

Total Disbursed to Action Squared Inc.: \$2,019,395.00

Total Disbursed to NGP VAN Inc.: \$478,158.91 Total Disbursed to Upland Software Inc.: \$5,083,361.49

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candidacy.

FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

2	FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS

3 **RESPONDENT:** Biden for President and Keana Spencer MURs 7931 and 8059

in her official capacity as treasurer

1. INTRODUCTION

These matters arise from Complaints alleging that Joseph R. Biden, Jr. became a candidate for President in the 2024 election cycle prior to his April 2023 formal announcement and failed to file a Statement of Candidacy with the Commission within 15 days of becoming a candidate in violation of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended (the "Act"). The Complaint in MUR 7931 alleges that Biden surpassed the \$5,000 threshold for candidacy via contributions received by his authorized committee, Biden for President and Keana Spencer in her official capacity as treasurer (the "Biden Committee"), and Biden Victory Fund and Monica Guardiola in her official capacity as treasurer (the "Victory Fund"), a joint fundraising committee in which the Biden Committee was a participant, as well as via disbursements made by the Biden Committee and the Victory Fund. The MUR 7931 Complaint further alleges that the Biden Committee violated the Act by failing to make necessary amendments to its Statement of Organization to reflect the 2024 presidential candidacy of Joseph R. Biden, Jr. The Complaint also questions whether disbursements by the Biden Committee to Upland Software Inc. for "software" were properly reported. In addition, the Complainant in MUR 7931 has filed three supplements to its Complaint documenting statements made by Biden

and individuals associated with him and his administration in support of the MUR 7931

Complaint's claim that Biden decided to run for reelection long before his formal declaration of

The Complaint in MUR 8059 similarly alleges that Biden failed to timely file a Statement

MUR 7931 (Biden for President) Factual and Legal Analysis Page 2 of 41

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THIS PROPOSED DRAFT WAS VOTED ON BUT NOT APPROVED BY THE COMMISSION.

2	of Candidacy despite consistent statements indicating that he had determined to run for
3	reelection and that Biden crossed the \$5,000 statutory threshold because the Biden Committee
4	had spent, at the time of that Complaint, more than \$5 million including for text messaging,
5	email, and database services.
6	The Respondents deny the allegations, asserting that, at the time the Responses were
7	submitted, Biden had not yet conclusively determined to run for reelection in 2024, nor had he or
8	his affiliated committees raised or spent \$5,000 or more in connection with the 2024 presidential
9	election. Regarding contributions, Respondents state that all contributions received by the Bider
10	Committee after the 2020 election were solicited and made prior to the election and that all funds
11	raised by the Victory Fund for the Biden Committee were contributions solicited and made prior
12	to Election Day. They state that other funds raised by the Victory Fund after Election Day 2020
13	were not allocated or transferred to the Biden Committee. Regarding disbursements,
14	Respondents state that all expenditures made by the Biden Committee after November 3, 2020,
15	including the disbursements to Upland Software Inc., were associated with winding-down
16	activities or maintenance of records or property, obligations incurred during the 2020 election
17	cycle, and expenses incurred in connection with fundraising for the Democratic National
18	Committee (the "DNC") in the 2022 election cycle, and that the Biden Committee has made no
19	disbursements to influence the 2024 presidential election. Respondents state that expenditures
20	made by the Victory Fund were to pay for services received prior to Election Day and for
21	services to maintain the Victory Fund while it winds down its operations. The Biden Committee
22	further states that it was not required to include on its Statement of Organization the election
23	cycles in which Biden was or is a candidate for office.

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THIS PROPOSED DRAFT WAS VOTED ON BUT NOT APPROVED BY THE COMMISSION.

1	After the filing of the Responses, on April 25, 2023, Biden filed a Statement of
2	Candidacy with the Commission indicating that he is running for reelection in 2024 and naming
3	both the Biden Committee and the Victory Fund as authorized committees.
4	As set forth below, the available information indicates that although Biden appears to
5	have made statements indicating that he had decided to become a candidate as early as March
6	2021, neither Biden nor the Biden Committee nor the Victory Fund appears to have accepted any
7	contributions, or made any expenditures, in excess of \$5,000 to satisfy the statutory threshold for
8	becoming a candidate. Further, the available information does not indicate that the Biden
9	Committee did not accurately disclose all of its spending. Accordingly, the Commission: (1)
10	finds no reason to believe that Biden violated 52 U.S.C. § 30102(e)(1) and 11 C.F.R. § 101.1 by
11	failing to timely file a Statement of Candidacy and designate an authorized committee within 15
12	days of becoming a candidate; and (2) finds no reason to believe that the Biden Committee
13	violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b)(5)(A) and 11 C.F.R. § 104.3(b)(4)(i) by failing to properly
14	disclose the purpose of its disbursements to Upland Software Inc. Additionally, the Biden
15	Committee had no obligation to amend its Statement of Organization to reflect the election cycle
16	relevant to Biden's candidacy, and the Commission therefore finds no reason to believe that the
17	Biden Committee violated 52 U.S.C. § 30103(c) and 11 C.F.R. § 102.2(a)(2) by failing to amend
18	its Statement of Organization.

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1

2. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

2 A. Statements Made by Biden and His Surrogates Regarding a 2024 3 **Presidential Candidacy** Joseph R. Biden, Jr., was elected the 46th President of the United States on November 3, 4 5 2020. He filed a Statement of Candidacy for the 2024 election on April 25, 2023. 6 Beginning in early 2021, Biden and his surrogates made a number of public statements 7 about whether Biden had made a decision to run for President in 2024, as referenced in the 8 Complaints. As early as March 25, 2021, when asked whether he had "decided whether [he was] 9 going to run for reelection in 2024," Biden responded that "the answer is 'yes.' My plan is to run for reelection. That's my expectation." Later that year, in November 2021, then-Press 10 11 Secretary Jen Psaki was asked about "reports that President Biden was telling allies that he is 12 going to run for reelection in 2024" and whether she could confirm whether he is "going to run in 2024," to which Psaki responded that "[h]e is, that's his intention." Two months later, on 13 14 January 19, 2022, when asked whether Vice President Kamala Harris would be his Vice 15 President on the 2024 ticket and whether he thought she was doing a good job on voting rights,

FEC, FEDERAL ELECTIONS 2020: ELECTION RESULTS FOR THE U.S. PRESIDENT, THE U.S. SENATE, AND THE U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 5 (Oct. 2022), https://www.fec.gov/resources/cms-content/documents/federalelections2020.pdf; Joe Biden: The President, WHITE HOUSE, https://www.whitehouse.gov/administration/presidentbiden/ (last visited May 2, 2023).

² Joseph R. Biden, Jr., Amended Statement of Candidacy at 1 (Apr. 25, 2023), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/792/202304259581293792/202304259581293792.pdf (regarding 2024 candidacy).

WHITE HOUSE, REMARKS BY PRESIDENT BIDEN IN PRESS CONFERENCE (Mar. 25, 2021) [hereinafter March 25, 2021 Biden Remarks], https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/speechesremarks/2021/03/25/remarks-by-president-biden-in-press-conference/.

Steven Nelson, *Psaki Says Biden Still Intends to Run in 2024 Despite Poor Polls, Old Age*, N.Y. Post (Nov. 22, 2021, 7:11 PM), https://nypost.com/2021/11/22/psaki-says-biden-still-intends-to-run-in-2024-despite-poor-polls-old-age/ (quoting WHITE HOUSE, PRESS GAGGLE BY PRESS SECRETARY JEN PSAKI EN ROUTE FORT BRAGG, NC (Nov. 22, 2021, 5:00 PM) [hereinafter Nov. 22, 2021 White House Press Gaggle], https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/press-briefings/2021/11/22/press-gaggle-by-press-secretary-jen-psaki-en-route-fort-bragg-nc/ (quoted in Compl. ¶ 11 (Aug. 30, 2022), MUR 8059 [hereinafter MUR 8059 Compl.]).

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1 Biden responded "[y]es and yes," indicating that he had determined to run in 2024 and again would select Harris as his running mate.⁵ 2 3 Subsequent press reports have reiterated that Biden had made up his mind regarding the 4 2024 election: Intelligencer reported on May 24, 2022, that "in [Biden's] mind there's no 5 question he's running. . . . 'Yes!' he told an interviewer . . . , sighing a little performatively at having to keep repeating it." The article went on to state that: 6 7 Every one of the would-be candidates has consistently maintained that their own 8 presidential prospects are moot because Biden is running with their full support. 9 As far as Biden's camp is concerned, there isn't any ambiguity about 2024 at all. 10 He has said in private that he sees himself as the only thing standing between the country and [the reelection of Donald Trump] and has instructed his aides to 11 12 redouble their planning for a rematch. "People ask me with some regularity, 'When is Biden going to come out and say what he's going to do?" an 13 14 exasperated longtime Biden adviser told me recently. "And I say, 'Well, he has! · · · · 7 15 16 Biden was also later reported as being relieved that Senator Bernard Sanders would not challenge 17 him in 2024, and the same press article states that aides argue that Biden is not just intending to

run but also "laying the groundwork by building resources at the [DNC], restocking his operation

18

Claire Rafford, *Biden Commits to Harris as His Running Mate for 2024*, POLITICO (Jan. 19, 2022, 6:09 PM), https://www.politico.com/news/2022/01/19/biden-commits-to-harris-as-his-running-mate-2024-527418 (quoting WHITE HOUSE, REMARKS BY PRESIDENT BIDEN IN PRESS CONFERENCE (Jan. 19, 2022, 4:02 PM) [hereinafter Jan. 19, 2022 Biden Remarks], https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/speeches-remarks/2022/01/19/remarks-by-president-biden-in-press-conference-6/) (quoted in MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 15).

Gabriel Debenedetti, *There Has to Be a Backup Plan. There's a Backup Plan, Right?*, INTELLIGENCER (May 24, 2022), https://nymag.com/intelligencer/2022/05/biden-2024-democrats-search-for-alternative.html (quoted in First Supp. Compl. at 1-2 (June 9, 2022), MUR 7931 [hereinafter MUR 7931 First Supp. Compl.]).

⁷ *Id*.

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- in battleground states[,] and looking to use his influence to shape the nomination process in his
- 2 favor."8
- In addition to press accounts, individuals associated with Biden's campaign and the
- 4 White House have repeatedly stated that he will run for reelection. On June 13, 2022, Press
- 5 Secretary Karine Jean-Pierre stated at a Press Briefing, "Yes, he's running for reelection. I'm I
- 6 can't say more than that." The same day, Jean-Pierre tweeted, "To be clear, as the President has
- 7 said repeatedly, he plans to run in 2024." Four days later, *The Washington Post* reported that a
- 8 dozen unnamed "Democrats close to the White House" had stated that, "[i]n public and private,
- 9 Biden himself has emphasized that he is running, effectively shutting down any discussion of the
- topic between the president and his close advisers."11
- 11 Twice in late June 2022, Vice President Kamala Harris confirmed her understanding of
- Biden's intention to run, stating first that "Joe Biden is running for reelection and I will be his
- 13 ticket-mate. Full stop." Two days later, she said that "[t]he president intends to run and if he

Taegan Goddard, *Biden Irked by Democrats Who Don't Think He's Running*, TAEGEN GODDARD'S POL.WIRE (June 27, 2022, 7:30 PM), https://politicalwire.com/2022/06/27/biden-irked-by-democrats-who-dont-think-hes-running/ (quoted in Third Supp. Compl. at 2, MUR 7931 (Mar. 8, 2023) [hereinafter MUR 7931 Third Supp. Compl.]).

WHITE HOUSE, PRESS BRIEFING BY SECRETARY KARINE JEAN-PIERRE (June 13, 2022,3:42 PM) [hereinafter June 13, 2022 White House Press Briefing], https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/press-briefing-by-press-secretary-karine-jean-pierre/ (quoted in MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 13).

Karine Jean-Pierre (@PressSec), TWITTER (June 13, 2022, 6:36 PM), https://twitter.com/presssec/status/1536477522988343296 (cited in Second Supp. Compl. at 1 (June 22, 2022), MUR 7931 [hereinafter MUR 7931 Second Supp. Compl.]).

Tyler Pager & Michael Scherer, *Biden Sends Every Signal He Is Running Again*, WASH. POST (June 17, 2022, 3:00 PM), https://www.washingtonpost.com/politics/2022/06/17/biden-signals-run-for-reelection/ (quoted in MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 17).

Dana Bash (@DanaBashCNN), TWITTER (June 27, 2022, 8:07 PM), https://twitter.com/DanaBashCNN/status/1541574009418039299 (including video of Bash's interview of Harris on CNN that evening) (quoted in MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 16, MUR 7931 Third Supp. Compl. at 1).

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- does, I will be his ticket mate. We will run together."¹³ Regarding this remark, *The Los Angeles*
- 2 Times reported that an unnamed "prominent Democrat who is close to the White House" said
- 3 that Harris made the clarifying statement to "avoid using 'trigger words' that would set off
- 4 requirements for Biden to establish a formal campaign with the Federal Election Commission
- 5 and begin fundraising."¹⁴
- In July 2022, CNN reported that Biden had "insisted privately to donors and others [that
- 7 he is] their strongest candidate to beat Donald Trump or another GOP candidate in 2024."¹⁵
- 8 It further reported that four unidentified aides stated that there are "muted worries . . . going
- 9 around the West Wing . . . that someone may yet emerge ahead of the President's planned spring
- 10 2023 formal reelection campaign launch. Biden advisers expect to stick to that no matter what
- happens, including if Trump decides to jump in early." Later in July 2022, Press Secretary
- 12 Jean-Pierre stated, "I'm going to be very clear; I'm going to say this once and the President has
- been very clear about this: He intends to run in 2024. And he is going to until then, he is
- going to do the business of the American people as he has been doing for the past 18 months."¹⁷
- 15 The next day, she twice reiterated during a press briefing that "[t]he President intends to run in

Erin B. Logan & Noah Bierman, *Vice President Harris Says Biden Intends to Seek Reelection, But Her Words Stir New Uncertainty*, L.A. TIMES (June 29, 2022, 4:38 PM), https://www.latimes.com/politics/story/2022-06-29/vice-president-harris-creates-new-doubt-about-bidens-plans-for-reelection (quoted in MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 28).

¹⁴ *Id*.

Edward-Isaac Dovere, *As Worries About Biden in 2024 Grow, Other Democrats Aren't Stepping Forward to Challenge Him*, CNN (July 11, 2022, 8:26 AM), https://www.cnn.com/2022/07/11/politics/biden-democratic-primary-challenge-2024/index.html (quoted in MUR 8059 Compl. ¶¶ 18, 20).

¹⁶ *Id*.

WHITE HOUSE, PRESS BRIEFING BY PRESS SECRETARY KARINE JEAN-PIERRE (July 28, 2022, 4:11 PM) [hereinafter July 28, 2022 White House Press Briefing], https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/press-briefings/2022/07/28/press-briefing-by-press-secretary-karine-jean-pierre-5/) (quoted in MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 13, which misstates that Jean-Pierre tweeted this statement; she instead stated these words at a Press Briefing).

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- 1 2024," and on August 1, 2022, she stated twice more that the President "intends to run," noting
- 2 that he had "said that multiple times." She was reported as stating so again on *This Week with*
- 3 *George Stephanopoulous* on August 14, 2022.²⁰
- 4 In August 2022, Secretary of Transportation Pete Buttigieg stated while appearing on
- 5 CNBC that he was "looking forward to supporting the president's reelection. That is as much as
- 6 I can say about these things while I'm here on an official capacity."²¹ Less than a week later,
- 7 Bloomberg reported that former White House aide Cedric Richmond had said that "[i]t is clear-
- 8 cut that [Biden is] our best candidate. . . . If he says he's planning on running, he's running,"22
- 9 and that longtime aide Anita Dunn stated, "The president has said he's planning on running
- again. People should take him at his word."²³ Bloomberg further reported that unidentified

WHITE HOUSE, PRESS BRIEFING BY PRESS SECRETARY KARINE JEAN-PIERRE (July 29, 2022, 1:55 PM) [hereinafter July 29, 2022 White House Press Briefing], https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/press-briefing-by-press-secretary-karine-jean-pierre-july-29-2022/ (quoted in MUR 7931 Third Supp. Compl. at 2; the Third Supplemental Complaint cites a press article for one of Jean-Pierre's statements, but both appear in the White House Press Briefing from July 29, 2022).

WHITE HOUSE, PRESS BRIEFING BY PRESS SECRETARY KARINE JEAN-PIERRE AND NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL COORDINATOR FOR STRATEGIC COMMUNICATIONS JOHN KIRBY (Aug. 1, 2022, 1:54 PM) [hereinafter Aug. 1, 2022 White House Press Briefing], https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/press-briefings/2022/08/01/press-briefing-by-press-secretary-karine-jean-pierre-and-national-security-council-coordinator-for-strategic-communications-john-kirby-2/">https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/press-briefings/2022/08/01/press-briefing-by-press-secretary-karine-jean-pierre-and-national-security-council-coordinator-for-strategic-communications-john-kirby-2/ (quoted in MUR 7931 Third. Supp. Compl. at 2; the Third Supplemental Complaint cites a press article for one of Jean-Pierre's statements, but both appear in the White House Press Briefing from August 1, 2022).

S.E. Cupp, Opinion, *Biden Should Speak Fully on His Plans to Run in 2024 or Not*, NEWS-HERALD (Aug. 21, 2022, 7:56 AM), https://www.news-herald.com/2022/08/21/biden-should-speak-fully-on-his-plans-to-runin-2024-or-not-s-e-cupp/.

Squawk Box (CNBC television broadcast Aug. 4, 2022), https://archive.org/details/CNBC_20220804_100000_Squawk_Box/start/6600/end/6660) (quoted in MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 14).

Justin Sink & Josh Wingrove, *Biden Plots a 2024 President Run — and a Trump Rematch*, BLOOMBERG (Aug. 11, 2022), https://www.bloomberg.com/news/articles/2022-08-11/biden-primes-2024-run-eager-to-stop-trump-again-despite-doubts (quoted in MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 19; MUR 7931 Third. Supp. Compl. at 3).

²³ *Id*.

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- aides were "worried that [Biden] publicly declaring [his 2024 candidacy] before the [2022]
- 2 midterms [w]ould trigger legal restrictions on fundraising."²⁴ In September 2022, Richmond
- 3 told a member of the press that Biden is "running and we're building an infrastructure for him to
- 4 run and win. Right now, it's all an early investment in 2024 while we're helping 2022."²⁵ In
- 5 late September 2022, Jean-Pierre again stated that Biden "intends to run. I don't have any more
- 6 announcements on that."²⁶
- 7 Though Biden claimed as late as February 2023 that he was "just not ready to make" the
- 8 decision of whether to run for reelection in 2024,²⁷ having stated the prior September that he
- 9 would "make a judgment on what to do ... after [the 2022] election cycle here going into
- 10 [2023],"²⁸ he also made clear that it was his "intention to run again" and that part of his concern
- about formally deciding to run was that, from the moment he did so, "a whole series of
- regulations kick[ed] in and [he has] to be [he] treat[s] [him]self as a candidate from that

²⁴ *Id*.

Alex Gangitano, *Cedric Richmond on Biden 2024: "He's Running,"* ABC27 (Sept. 17, 2022, 8:22 AM), https://www.abc27.com/hill-politics/cedric-richmond-on-biden-2024-hes-running/ (quoted in MUR 7931 Third Supp. Compl. at 3).

WHITE HOUSE, PRESS BRIEFING BY PRESS SECRETARY KARINE JEAN-PIERRE, (Sept. 26, 2022, 1:27 PM) [hereinafter Sept. 26, 2022 White House Press Briefing], https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/press-briefings/2022/09/26/press-briefing-by-press-secretary-karine-jean-pierre-september-26-2022/ (quoted in MUR 7931 Third Supp. Compl. at 3).

Noticias Telemundo, *Entrevista Completa con Joe Biden* | *Noticias Telemundo* at 0:01, YOUTUBE (Feb. 9,2023), https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JnzCFhVVb1c.

Scott Pelley, *President Joe Biden: The 2022 60 Minutes Interview* (Sept. 18, 2022), https://www.cbsnews.com/news/president-joe-biden-60-minutes-interview-transcript-2022-09-18/ (noting that if he were to announce his candidacy, "all of a sudden, a whole range of things come into play that I have — requirements I have to change and move and do" and confirming, when asked, that he was referring to "election laws") (quoted in Biden & Biden Committee Joint Resp. at 1-2 n.3 (Oct. 24, 2022), MUR 8059 [hereinafter MUR 8059 Biden Resp.]).

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- 1 moment on."²⁹ In October 2022, *NBC* reported that Reverend Al Sharpton had told his staff at
- 2 the National Action Network that Biden had told him, "I'm going to do it again. I'm going,"
- 3 concerning running for reelection. ³⁰ Further, in November 2022, when asked what he would say
- 4 to the "[t]wo thirds of Americans in exit polls [who] say that they don't think [Biden] should run
- 5 for reelection," Biden responded, "Watch me." And in December 2022, *The New York Times*
- 6 reported that Biden joined a toast at a state dinner with French President Emmanuel Macron to
- 7 his 2024 campaign following an exchange in which Biden's wife, Dr. Jill Biden, reportedly
- 8 stated that she was "absolutely" ready for another campaign.³²
- 9 Subsequent to the filing of the Complaints and the Responses in these matters, on April
- 10 25, 2023, Biden announced that he was running for reelection in 2024,³³ and filed a Statement of
- 11 Candidacy with the Commission in which he designated the Biden Committee as his principal
- 12 campaign committee and listed the Victory Fund as another authorized committee.³⁴

MSNBC, President Biden Vows to Protect Women's Right to Choose if GOP Takes Control of Congress at 4:53, YOUTUBE (Oct. 21, 2022), https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wdfulgUp6so ("The reason I'm not making a judgment about formally running or not running, once I make that judgment, a whole series of regulations kick in and I have to be — I treat myself as a candidate from that moment on. I have not made that formal decision, but it's my intention — my intention to run again. And we have time to make that decision.").

Jonathan Allen, *Biden Tells Al Sharpton He Will Run for President Again in 2024*, NBC NEWS (Oct. 3, 2022, 7:29 PM), https://www.nbcnews.com/politics/wbite-house/biden-tells-al-sharpton-will-run-president-2024-rena50556 (quoted in MUR 7931 Third Supp. Compl. at 3).

WHITE HOUSE, REMARKS BY PRESIDENT BIDEN IN PRESS CONFERENCE (Nov. 9, 2022) [hereinafter Nov. 9, 2022 Biden Remarks], https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/speeches-remarks/2022/11/09/remarks-by-president-biden-in-press-conference-8/.

Katie Rogers & Annie Karni, *Bidens Toasted a 2024 Campaign with Macron at the State Dinner*, N.Y. TIMES (Dec. 6, 2022), https://www.nytimes.com/2022/12/06/us/politics/biden-running-president-2024.html (cited in MUR 7931 Third Supp. Compl. at 3).

Joe Biden (@JoeBiden), TWITTER (Apr. 25, 2023, 6:00 AM), https://twitter.com/JoeBiden/status/1650801827728986112 ("Every generation has a moment where they have had to stand up for democracy. To stand up for their fundamental freedoms. I believe this is ours. That's why I'm running for reelection as President of the United States. Join us. Let's finish the job. https://JoeBiden.com[.]").

Joseph R. Biden, Jr., Amended Statement of Candidacy at 1 (Apr. 25, 2023), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/792/202304259581293792/202304259581293792.pdf.

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B. The Committees

2

1. The Biden Committee

- The Biden Committee is the authorized campaign committee of 2020 and 2024
- 5 presidential candidate Joseph R. Biden, Jr. 35 The Biden Committee was authorized by Biden in
- 6 both the 2020 and 2024 election cycles.³⁶ None of the Biden Committee's original or amended
- 7 Statements of Organization indicates the election cycle in which Biden is running for office.³⁷
- 8 Between November 4, 2020, and March 31, 2023, the Biden Committee reported
- 9 \$134,048,699.80 in total receipts.³⁸ Of this amount, the Biden Committee reported receiving

https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/289/202107159451654289/202107159451654289.pdf (reporting \$2,158,612.93 in receipts); Biden for President, 2021 October Quarterly Report (Oct. 15, 2021) [hereinafter Biden Committee, 2021 October Quarterly Report], https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/966/202110159467807966/202110159467807966.pdf (reporting \$793,042.37 in receipts); Biden for President, 2021 Year-End Report (Jan. 31, 2022) [hereinafter Biden Committee, 2021 Year-End Report],

https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/602/202201319485852602/202201319485852602.pdf (reporting \$533,586.29 in receipts); Biden for President, 2022 April Quarterly Report (Apr. 15, 2022) [hereinafter Biden Committee, 2022 April Quarterly Report], https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/058/202204159496652058/202204159496652058.pdf (reporting \$35,698.04 in receipts); Biden for President, 2022 July Quarterly Report (July 15, 2022) [hereinafter Biden Committee, 2022 July Quarterly Report],

https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/588/202207159521296588/202207159521296588.pdf (reporting \$23,720.19 in receipts); Biden for President, 2022 October Quarterly Report (Oct. 15, 2022) [hereinafter Biden Committee, 2022 October Quarterly Report], https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/100/202210159532617100/202210159532617100.pdf (reporting \$252,559.14 in receipts); Biden for President, 2022 Year-End Report (Jan. 31, 2023) [hereinafter Biden

Biden for President, Amended Statement of Organization (Apr. 25, 2023), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/354/202304259581294354.pdf.

³⁷ *Id*.

See Biden for President, 2020 30-Day Post-General Report (Dec. 3, 2020) [hereinafter Biden Committee, 2020 Post-General Report], https://docquery.fec.gov/cgi-bin/forms/C00703975/1481223/ (reporting \$112,374,093.52 in receipts); Biden for President, Amended 2020 Year-End Report (June 24, 2021) [hereinafter Biden Committee, 2020 Year-End Report], https://docquery.fec.gov/cgi-bin/forms/C00703975/1521558/ (reporting \$9,566,512.81 in receipts); Biden for President, 2021 April Quarterly Report (Apr. 15, 2021) [hereinafter Biden Committee, 2021 April Quarterly Report], https://docquery.fec.gov/cgi-bin/forms/C00703975/1512502/ (reporting \$8,306,247.28 in receipts); Biden for President, 2021 July Quarterly Report (July 15, 2021) [hereinafter Biden Committee, 2021 July Quarterly Report],

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- \$103,362,129.86 in contributions during the 2020 Post-General reporting period;³⁹ \$151.80 in
- 2 contributions received during the 2020 Year-End reporting period;⁴⁰ and \$280 in the 2021 April
- 3 Quarterly reporting period. 41 The Biden Committee contends that all of the reported post-2020
- 4 election contributions were solicited and made prior to Election Day. 42 The Biden Committee
- 5 reported no additional contributions after the 2021 April Quarterly Report.⁴³ The remaining
- 6 receipts included \$8,066,596.36 reported as offsets to operating expenditures⁴⁴ and

Committee, 2022 Year-End Report],

https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/514/202301319577873514/202301319577873514.pdf (reporting \$4,266.93 in receipts); Biden for President, 2023 April Quarterly Report (Apr. 15, 2023) [hereinafter Biden Committee, 2023 April Quarterly Report], https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/917/202304159581014917/202304159581014917.pdf (reporting \$360.30 in receipts).

Biden Committee, 2020 Post-General Report. Of this amount, \$68,465,679.20 was itemized, while \$34,833,704.04 was unitemized. *Id.*

Biden Committee, 2020 Year-End Report. Of this amount, \$117.80 was itemized, and \$34 was unitemized. *Id*.

Biden Committee, 2021 April Quarterly Report. Of this amount, all \$280 was unitemized. *Id*.

Biden & Biden Committee Joint Resp. at 2 (Dec. 19, 2021), MUR 7931 [hereinafter MUR 7931 Biden Resp.]; MUR 7931 Biden Resp., Attach. ¶ 3-5 (Decl. of Taryn Vogel) [hereinafter MUR 7931 Vogel Decl.].

See Biden Committee, 2021 July Quarterly Report; Biden Committee, 2021 October Quarterly Report; Biden Committee, 2021 Year-End Report; Biden Committee, 2022 April Quarterly Report; Biden Committee, 2022 July Quarterly Report; Biden Committee, 2022 October Quarterly Report; Biden Committee, 2022 Year-End Report; Biden Committee, 2023 April Quarterly Report.

FEC Receipts: Filtered Results, FEC.GOV, https://www.fec.gov/data/receipts/?cycle=2022&data_type=processed&committee_id=C00703975&min_date=11%2F04%2F2020&line_number=F3P-20A (last visited May 2, 2023) (showing all offsets to operating expenditures reported by the Biden Committee between November 4, 2020, and March 31, 2023). Offsets to operating expenditures are defined on the Commission's website as "[r]eturns by vendors of deposits, reimbursements for expenses shared by committees, vendor refunds and rebates These receipts are not considered contributions." Offsets to Operating Expenditures, FEC.GOV, https://www.fec.gov/help-candidates-and-committees/filing-reports/offsets-operating-expenditures/ (last visited May 2, 2023).

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- \$36,003,662.60 in transfers from other authorized committees, of which \$20,221,129.23 came
- 2 from the Victory Fund, discussed below.⁴⁵
- From November 4, 2020, through March 31, 2023, the Biden Committee also reported
- 4 making expenditures totaling \$294,730,269.94, all designated as for the 2020 election. ⁴⁶ This
- 5 includes disbursements of, in the aggregate, \$478,158.91 to NGP Van Inc. for "database
- 6 subscription" and "processing fees," \$5,083,361.49 to Upland Software Inc. for "software," and
- 7 \$2,019,395.00 to Action Squared Inc. for "text message/email outreach" and "text message
- 8 outreach."⁴⁷ The individual disbursements summarized above are listed in the Appendix to this
- 9 Analysis, span the time period from November 4, 2020, through March 23, 2023, and total
- 10 \$7,580,915.41.⁴⁸
- The Biden Committee did not disclose any debt, nor indicate its engagement in debt
- fundraising, in any of its reports following the 2020 general election.⁴⁹

FEC Receipts: Filtered Results, FEC.GOV, https://www.fec.gov/data/receipts/?cycle=2022&data_type=processed&committee_id=C00703975&min_date=11%2F04%2F2020&line_number=F3P-18 (last visited May 2, 2023) (showing all transfers from author authorized committees reported by the Biden Committee between November 4, 2020, and March 31, 2023).

This figure excludes contribution refunds. *FEC Disbursements: Filtered Results*, FEC.GOV, https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type=processed&committee_id=C00703975&min_date=11%2F04%2F2020&max_date=03%2F31%2F2023 [hereinafter Biden Committee Disbursements] (last visited May 2, 2023) (showing all reported disbursements made by the Biden Committee after the November 3, 2020 general election); *see* Compl. ¶ 36 (Oct. 12, 2021), MUR 7931 [hereinafter MUR 7931 Compl.]; MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 10.

Biden Committee Disbursements; see MUR 7931 Compl. ¶ 37; MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 10. The Complaints do not identify Action Squared Inc. as the vendor to which these disbursements were made, but Action Squared Inc. is the only vendor to have received disbursements for the above-quoted enumerated purposes from the Biden Committee.

See App'x.

MUR 7931 Compl. ¶ 35; see Biden Committee, 2020 Post-General Report; Biden Committee, 2020 Year-End Report; Biden Committee, 2021 April Quarterly Report; Biden Committee, 2021 July Quarterly Report; Biden Committee, 2021 Year-End Report; Biden Committee, 2022 April Quarterly Report; Biden Committee, 2022 July Quarterly Report; Biden Committee, 2022 October Quarterly Report; Biden Committee, 2022 Year-End Report; Biden Committee, 2023 April Quarterly Report.

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2. The Victory Fund

- 2 The Victory Fund is a joint fundraising representative for the Biden Committee, the
- 3 DNC, and multiple state parties' federal committees. ⁵⁰ In its Response, the Biden Committee
- 4 asserted that the Victory Fund "is not authorized to, and has not," raised any funds for Biden in
- 5 the 2024 presidential election, to which the Victory Fund also attests.⁵¹ Since the 2020 general
- 6 election, the Victory Fund has reported receiving \$73,740,037.29 in total receipts, of which
- 7 \$73,172,580.88 was reported as contributions.⁵² It states that all contributions received for the
- 8 Biden Committee were made to it on or before Election Day, and that no contributions received

https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf//61/20220/159521232/61/20220/159521232/61.pdf (reporting \$7.60 in receipts of which non was contributions); Biden Victory Fund, 2022 October Quarterly Report at 3 (Oct. 15, 2022), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/658/202210159532615658/202210159532615658.pdf (reporting no receipts); Biden Victory Fund, 2022 Post-General Report at 3 (Dec. 8, 2022),

https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/784/202212089557166784/202212089557166784.pdf (reporting no receipts); Biden Victory Fund, 2022 Year-End Report at 3 (Jan. 31, 2023),

https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/383/202301319576509383/202301319576509383.pdf (reporting no receipts); Biden Victory Fund, 2023 April Quarterly Report at 3 (Apr. 15, 2023),

https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/679/202304159581013679/202304159581013679.pdf (reporting receipts of \$50,000.00 of which none was contributions); see MUR 7931 Compl. ¶¶ 25-28, 32.

⁵⁰ Biden Victory Fund, Amended Statement of Organization (July 1, 2022), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/159/202207019517783159/202207019517783159.pdf.

MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 5; *see* MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶ 9 ("[The Biden Committee] has not given consent to [the Victory Fund] to accept contributions or make expenditures on behalf of President Biden for the 2024 election cycle."); Smolkis Decl. ¶ 11.

Biden Victory Fund, Amended 2020 Post-General Report (May 11, 2021), https://docquery.fec.gov/cgibin/forms/C00744946/1515838/ (reporting receipts of \$72,900,339.38, of which \$72,567,523.96 was contributions); Biden Victory Fund, 2020 Year-End Report (Jan. 31, 2021), https://docquery.fec.gov/cgibin/forms/C00744946/1497210/ (reporting receipts of \$393,379.35of which \$390,682.58 was contributions); Biden Victory Fund, Amended 2021 April Quarterly Report at 3 (July 15, 2021), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/853/202107159451575853/202107159451575853.pdf (reporting \$329,187.84 in receipts of which \$177,032.27 was contributions); Biden Victory Fund, 2021 July Quarterly Report at 3 (July 15, 2021), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/154/202107159451638154/202107159451638154.pdf (reporting receipts of \$34.865.35 of which \$34.611.00 was contributions); Biden Victory Fund, 2021 October Ouarterly Report at 3 (Oct. 15, 2021), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/609/202110159467790609/202110159467790609.pdf (reporting \$2,709.07in receipts of which all was contributions); Biden Victory Fund, 2021 Year-End Report at 3 (Jan. 31, 2022), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/728/202201319485153728/202201319485153728.pdf (reporting receipts of \$29,548.70 of which \$22.00 was contributions); Biden Victory Fund, 2022 April Quarterly Report at 3 (Apr. 15, 2022), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/973/202204159496307973/202204159496307973.pdf (reporting no receipts); Biden Victory Fund, 2022 July Quarterly Report at 3 (July 15, 2022), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/761/202207159521232761/202207159521232761.pdf (reporting \$7.60 in receipts of

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- after Election Day have been transferred to the Biden Committee.⁵³ It has also reported spending
- 2 \$78,027,083.84,⁵⁴ including \$100,000 to Vox Media LLC on March 1, 2021, for "online
- 3 fundraising."55 In addition, the Victory Fund transferred \$20,221,129.23 to the Biden
- 4 Committee as shown below:

Date	Amount	Description	Election Designation
November 17, 2020	\$6,000,000.00	Transfer Out Affiliated	2020 General ⁵⁶
November 24, 2020	\$6,000,000.00	Transfer Out Affiliated	not indicated ⁵⁷
November 24, 2020	\$554,438.30	Salary & Overhead Expenses	not indicated ⁵⁸
December 15, 2020	\$1,500,000.00	Transfer Out Affiliated	not indicated ⁵⁹
January 5, 2021	\$6,150,000.00	Transfer Out Affiliated	2020 General ⁶⁰
March 5, 2021	\$11,690.93	Salary & Overhead Expenses	not indicated ⁶¹

Biden Victory Fund Resp. at 2 (Dec. 19, 2021), MUR 7931 [hereinafter Victory Fund Resp.]. The Victory Fund notes that, after the 2020 election, it "also invited individuals to contribute via its online merchandise store for a period of time with the portion of the funds allocated to [the Biden Committee] designated for [the Biden Committee's] recount account. None of these funds were transferred to [the Biden Committee]. Only five donors made contributions with any portion of funds allocated to [the Biden Committee's] recount account, and the [Biden Committee] portion of those individuals' contributions was refunded by [the Victory Fund] and never transferred to [the Biden Committee]." *Id.* Joseph Smolkis, the treasurer for the Victory Fund at the time of its Response, also attests that the Victory Fund "still has contributions made on or before Election Day that are allocated for, but not yet transferred to" the Biden Committee because it is necessary for the Victory Fund to "ensure that it has received and paid all invoices related to its 2020 fundraising and subsequent winddown before it can make final transfers to its participating committees." Victory Fund Resp., Attach. ¶ 10 (Decl. of Joseph Smolkis) [hereinafter Smolkis Decl.].

FEC Disbursements: Filtered Results, FEC.GOV, https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type=processed&committee_id=C00744946&min_date=11%2F04%2F020 (last visited May 2, 2023) (showing all disbursements by Biden Victory fund from November 4, 2020, through March 31, 2023).

⁵⁵ Biden Victory Fund, Amended 2021 April Quarterly Report, Sched. B at 84 (July 15, 2021), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/853/202107159451575853/202107159451575853.pdf; see MUR 7931 Compl. ¶ 34.

Biden Victory Fund, 2020 30-Day Post-General Report, Sched. B at 76,741 (Dec. 3, 2020), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/791/202012039342488791/202012039342488791.pdf.

⁵⁷ Biden Victory Fund, 2020 Year-End Report, Sched. B at 1179 (Jan. 31, 2021), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/779/202101319424071779/202101319424071779.pdf.

⁵⁸ *Id.* at 1139.

⁵⁹ *Id.* at 1199.

⁶⁰ Biden Victory Fund, Amended 2021 April Quarterly Report, Sched. B at 101 (July 15, 2021),

⁶¹ *Id.* at 90.

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June 30, 2021		\$5,000.00	Transfer Out Affiliated	2020 General ⁶²
	Total:	\$20,221,129.23		

2 In its 2020 Year-End Report, the Victory Fund disclosed debts of \$3,090.00 to Mal Warwick &

- 3 Associates, Inc. for "Direct Mail," but provided no indication that it had engaged in debt-
- 4 settlement fundraising.⁶³

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C. The Complaints and Responses

The Complaints allege that Biden became a candidate for President in the 2024 election

7 cycle by both making a private determination to run and by raising and spending greater than

\$5,000 in support of his candidacy via the Biden Committee and the Victory Fund⁶⁴ beginning

shortly after his election in November 2020, and that he accordingly failed to timely file a

Statement of Candidacy and designate a principal campaign committee. 65 The MUR 7931

11 Complaint questions how certain disbursements made through 2021 can be designated for the

12 2020 election cycle and alleges that the Biden Committee either incorrectly reported the election

cycle for its expenditures or failed to report any debts or outstanding liabilities from the 2020

⁶² Biden Victory Fund, 2021 July Quarterly Report, Sched. B at 32 (July 15, 2021), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/154/202107159451638154/202107159451638154.pdf

Biden Victory Fund, 2020 Year-End Report, Sched. D at 1347 (Jan. 31, 2021), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/779/202101319424071779/202101319424071779.pdf; see MUR 7931 Compl. ¶¶ 29-30.

The MUR 7931 Complaint alleges that both the Biden Committee's and the Victory Fund's fundraising and spending has caused Biden to cross the \$5,000 statutory threshold for candidacy. *See* MUR 7931 Compl. ¶¶ 36, 49. The MUR 8059 Complaint makes the allegation solely as to the Biden Committee. *See* MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 22.

⁶⁵ MUR 7931 Compl. ¶¶ 39-44; MUR 7931 First Supp. Compl. at 1-2; MUR 7931 Second Supp. Compl. at 1; MUR 8059 Compl. ¶¶ 22-31.

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- 1 general election. 66 Finally, the MUR 7931 Complaint alleges that the Biden Committee has
- 2 failed to amend its Statement of Organization to reflect Biden's 2024 candidacy.⁶⁷
- The Responses and three attached sworn declarations deny that Biden had, at the time of
- 4 their submission, become a candidate for the 2024 election cycle, stating that Biden had neither
- 5 made a decision to run nor raised or spent \$5,000 or more in support of any 2024 campaign. ⁶⁸
- 6 Regarding first whether Biden had determined to run, Biden and the Biden Committee state that
- 7 Biden had "a general intent to run for re-election, [b]ut he has not decided for certain that he will
- 8 do so,"⁶⁹ and that he "has repeatedly stated that he will make a final decision as to whether to run
- 9 for reelection after the [2022] mid-term elections."⁷⁰
- Regarding whether Biden or entities he has authorized to fundraise on his behalf have
- raised greater than the \$5,000 threshold for candidacy under the Act, Biden and the Biden
- 12 Committee aver that the Biden Committee ceased soliciting contributions on Election Day 2020,
- and that all contributions received thereafter were "solicited and made on or before Election Day
- or else refunded."⁷¹ They further state, as does the Victory Fund, that "all funds [the Victory
- 15 Fund] transferred to [the Biden Committee] were comprised solely of contributions made to [the

⁶⁶ MUR 7931 Compl. ¶¶ 37-38.

⁶⁷ Compl. ¶¶ 39-51, 66-82.

MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 3-7; Biden & Biden Committee Supp. Joint Resp. at 1-3 (July 29, 2022), MUR 7931 [hereinafter MUR 7931 Biden Supp. Resp.]; MUR 8059 Biden Resp. at 1-3; Victory Fund Resp. at 2-5.

MUR 7931 Biden Supp. Resp. at 2.

⁷⁰ MUR 8059 Biden Resp. at 1 n.3.

MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 2; id., Attach. ¶¶ 3-5 (Decl. of Taryn Vogel) [hereinafter MUR 7931 Vogel Decl.]. Vogel is the founder of BlueBird Consulting LLC, which provides compliance consulting services for the Biden Committee. MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶ 1.

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- 1 Victory Fund] on or before Election Day."⁷² With respect to funds received by the Victory Fund
- 2 after Election Day as a result of pre-Election Day solicitations, the Victory Fund states that
- 3 "none of the contributions made after Election Day were allocated or transferred to" the Biden
- 4 Committee, ⁷³ and the Biden Committee notes that funds raised after Election Day by the Victory
- 5 Fund "were allocated to the accounts of other [joint fundraising] participants or refunded."⁷⁴
- 6 Respondents attest that, as of the dates of the declarations and prior to Biden's formal
- 7 announcement, the Victory Fund "has not received consent from President Biden or [the Biden
- 8 Campaign] to solicit or accept contributions on behalf of either for the 2024 election cycle."⁷⁵
- 9 Regarding whether Biden or his committees have *spent* \$5,000 or more in support of his
- 10 2024 candidacy, both the Biden Committee and the Victory Fund deny that they had spent any
- funds to "influence the 2024 presidential election" at the time of the Responses. ⁷⁶ With respect
- 12 to the \$478,158.91 that the Biden Committee disbursed to NGP Van Inc. for a "database
- subscription," the Biden Committee states, relying upon a sworn declaration from its campaign
- consultant, that these payments were for an "accounting and compliance database subscription
- 15 necessary to maintain records to comply with the Act" and "necessary for operations during the

MUR 7931 Biden Resp at 2; *see also* Biden Victory Fund Resp. at 2 ("The only funds [the Victory Fund] has transferred to [the Biden campaign] were for the 2020 primary or general election and were made from funds contributed to [the Victory Fund] on or before Election Day."); MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶ 5; Smolkis Decl. ¶ 7.

Victory Fund Resp. at 2; Smolkis Decl. ¶¶ 7-8.

⁷⁴ MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 3; MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶ 5.

Smolkis Decl. ¶ 11; see MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 5 ("[The Victory Fund] is not authorized to, and has not, raised or spent any funds for President Biden in the 2024 presidential election."); MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶ 9 ("[The Biden Committee] has not given consent to [the Victory Fund] to accept contributions or make expenditures on behalf of President Biden for the 2024 election cycle.").

MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 2; see MUR 7931 Biden Supp. Resp. at 3 ("In short, [the Biden Committee] has not made any expenditures for the purpose of influencing the 2024 presidential election."); Victory Fund Resp. at 2 ("[The Victory Fund] has not made any expenditures that advocate for President Biden's re-election in 2024 or that are otherwise in connection with that election.").

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- wind down and the Commission's reporting requirements, and costs necessary to protect [the
- 2 Biden Committee's] intellectual property."⁷⁷ Concerning the \$5,083,361.49 disbursed to Upland
- 3 Software Inc. for "software," the Biden Committee states that the payments were "related to [the
- 4 Biden Committee's] ownership of a[n] SMS short code."⁷⁸ With respect to the \$2,019,395 the
- 5 Biden Committee has disbursed to Action Squared Inc. for "text message/email outreach" and
- 6 "text message outreach," 79 the Biden Committee states that these payments:
- relate to ongoing communications by the President to his supporters who have opted-in to receive messages, encouraging them to make contributions to the [DNC]... in 2021 and 2022.... The messages make no reference to the 2024
- election or the potential of President Biden running for re-election. 80
- 11 With respect to the \$100,000 disbursed by the Victory Fund to Vox Media LLC for online
- 12 fundraising, Respondents state that this "expenditure was for an advertisement purchased in
- August 2020 but for which [the Victory Fund] received an invoice in 2021."81

MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 5. Vogel states that the Biden Committee "made disbursements to NGP VAN Inc. . . . to maintain and use an accounting and compliance database [that it uses] for filing reports with the Commission, maintaining [the Biden Committee's] accounts, and other accounting and compliance needs." *Id.* ¶ 7; see also MUR 8059 Biden Resp., Attach. ¶ 4 (Decl. of Taryn Vogel) [hereinafter MUR 8059 Vogel Decl.].

MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 2, 5; MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶ 8 ("[The Biden Committee] made disbursements to Upland Software Inc. . . . to maintain ownership of [its] SMS short code phone number, used for communications with [the Biden Committee]."). An SMS short code is an abbreviated phone number of generally five or six digits that can send and receive text messages at high volume without being flagged as spam by mobile carriers because they are pre-approved and not subject to the same filtering mechanisms applied to standard 10-digit telephone numbers. See Short Code, TWILIO, https://www.twilio.com/docs/glossary/what-is-a-short-code (last visited May 2, 2023).

⁷⁹ Biden Committee Disbursements; see MUR 7931 Compl. ¶ 37; MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 10.

MUR 8059 Biden Resp. at 2; see MUR 8059 Vogel Decl. ¶ 5.

MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 3; Victory Fund Resp. at 5 ("The online fundraising ads [the Victory Fund] ran through Vox Media, LLC were run in August 2020, but [the Victory Fund] received its invoice for this purchase in 2021. As such, the payment was made and reported in 2021."); see Smolkis Decl. ¶ 6 ("[The Victory Fund] made a disbursement of \$100,000 to Vox Media, LLC on March 1, 2021 for online fundraising costs related to advertising run in August 2020. [The Victory Fund] received an invoice for these costs in 2021.").

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1	The Biden Committee further denies that it failed to amend its Statement of Organization
2	with the Commission, "because [a Statement of Organization] does not require the campaign
3	committee to identify the election for which the candidate seeks office."82
4	3. LEGAL ANALYSIS
5 6 7	A. The Commission Finds No Reason to Believe that Joseph R. Biden Failed to Timely File a Statement of Candidacy and Designate an Authorized Committee
8	As discussed below, the available information strongly supports the Complaints'
9	allegations that Biden made a private decision to run for reelection prior to the time of his formal
10	announcement in 2023. At the same time, the available information does not indicate that
11	Respondents engaged in any spending in furtherance of that potential candidacy. Finally, the
12	available information supports Respondents' claim that they did not receive contributions for
13	Biden's reelection, at least until the April 2023 formal announcement.
14 15	 The Available Information Indicates that Biden Decided to Run for Reelection in 2024 as Early as March 2021
16	Under the Act and Commission regulations, an individual becomes a candidate when the
17	person (1) decides to run for office ⁸³ and (2) receives contributions or makes expenditures
18	exceeding \$5,000, either directly or through an entity the candidate has consented to receive
19	contributions or make expenditures on their behalf. ⁸⁴
	82 Resp. at 7.

¹¹ C.F.R. §§ 100.72(b), 100.131(b). Though the Act defines candidacy in terms of crossing the \$5,000 threshold discussed below in note 83 and the accompanying text, by definition, a contribution or expenditure must be "for the purpose of influencing any election for Federal office." See 52 U.S.C. § 30101(8)(A) (defining contribution); 11 C.F.R. § 100.52(a) (same); 52 U.S.C. § 30101(9)(A) (defining expenditure); 11 C.F.R. § 100.111(a) (same). Until an individual has decided to run for federal office, the money they raise and spend for themselves cannot be "for the purpose of influencing any election for Federal office." 52 U.S.C. § 30101(8)(A), (9)); 11 C.F.R. §§ 100.52(a), 100.111(a). Accordingly, an individual must have made this determination in order to cross the contribution or expenditure threshold at 52 U.S.C. § 30101(2).

⁵² U.S.C. § 30101(2).

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Commission regulations set forth a non-exhaustive set of "[e]xamples of activities that 1 indicate that an individual has decided to become a candidate."85 Such indicia include: (1) using 2 3 "general public political advertising to publicize his or her intention to campaign for federal office"; 86 (2) raising "funds in excess of what could reasonably be expected to be used for 4 5 exploratory activities or undertak[ing] activity designed to amass campaign funds that would be spent after he or she becomes a candidate"; 87 (3) making or authorizing "written or oral 6 statements that refer to the individual as a candidate for a particular office"; 88 (4) conducting 7 "activities in close proximity to the election or over a protracted period of time"; ⁸⁹ and (5) taking 8 9 "action to qualify for the ballot under state law."90 10 In previous matters, the Commission has found reason to believe that an individual had 11 become a candidate and failed to timely file a Statement of Candidacy when public statements 12 and other indicia showed that the respondent had determined to run for office. In MUR 6449 13 (Jon Bruning, et al), the Commission found that an individual who had publicly said "I want to 14 run. I'm ready to run" and made a solicitation to "help [him] defeat" his primary opponent had made the decision to campaign for office and become a candidate under the Act. 91 In MUR 6735 15 16 (Joseph A. Sestak, et al.), the Commission found that an individual who had solicited funds via 17 emails asking for support in his attempt to "seek the U.S. Senate" and to "help [him] serve you, 18 again" indicated that he had determined to run and was not testing the waters for a potential

^{85 11} C.F.R. §§ 100.72(b), 100.131(b).

⁸⁶ *Id.* §§ 100.72(b)(1), 100.131(b)(1).

⁸⁷ *Id.* §§ 100.72(b)(2), 100.131(b)(2).

⁸⁸ *Id.* §§ 100.72(b)(3), 100.131(b)(3).

⁸⁹ *Id.* §§ 100.72(b)(4), 100.131(b)(4).

⁹⁰ *Id.* §§ 100.72(b)(5), 100.131(b)(5).

Factual & Legal Analysis ("F&LA") at 7-9, MUR 6449 (Jon Bruning, et al.).

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1 campaign. 92 And in MUR 5908 (Duncan Hunter, et al.), the Commission found that an

2 individual who stated, *inter alia*, "while I've announced that I am preparing to run for president,

I have not made a formal announcement of my candidacy" had, in fact, become a candidate. 93

4 Further, in Advisory Opinion 2015-09, the Commission advised that an individual

5 becomes a candidate when the individual passes the \$5,000 threshold and "when he or she makes

a private determination that he or she will run for federal office."94 When determining whether

an individual "has made a decision to run for federal office, [the Commission] assesses an

individual's objectively deliberate actions to discern whether and when an individual decided to

become a candidate."95 The Commission has also advised that "[a] non-conditional statement by

an individual (directly or indirectly) that he or she 'will' announce his or her candidacy on a

given date unambiguously indicates that the individual has decided to become a candidate."⁹⁶

Here, Biden's activities indicate that he had decided to run for reelection in 2024 as early

as March 25, 2021. As set forth in the Commission's non-exhaustive list of activities that

indicate when an individual has decided to become a candidate, one such indication is that the

individual has made or authorized statements that refer to the individual as a candidate for a

particular office.⁹⁷ Biden and his surrogates' public statements have consistently indicated that

17 he had decided to run for reelection in 2024 well prior to his April 2023 formal announcement

⁹² F&LA at 7-8, MUR 6735 (Joseph A. Sestak, et al.).

F&LA at 4-5, MUR 5908 (Duncan Hunter).

Advisory Opinion 2015-09 at 5 (Senate Majority PAC & House Majority PAC) ("AO 2015-09").

F&LA at 17, MURs 6955, 6983 (John R. Kasich, *et al.*); see AO 2015-09 at 5 (noting that an individual becomes a candidate when she exceeds the \$5,000 threshold and "makes a private determination that . . . she will run for federal office").

⁹⁶ AO 2015-09 at 6.

⁹⁷ 11 C.F.R. §§ 100.72(b)(3), 100.131(b)(3).

- 1 regarding his candidacy. Below is a chart detailing some of his statements since March 2021,
- 2 discussed in Part II.A, above:

Date	Speaker	Statement
Mar. 25, 2021	Joseph Biden	Regarding whether he had decided to run in 2024, "[T]he answer is 'yes.' My plan is to run for reelection. That's my expectation." 98
Nov. 22, 2021	Jen Psaki (then- Press Secretary)	Regarding whether Biden is going to run in 2024, "He is, that's his intention."
Nov. 2021 (approx.)	Joseph Biden	Regarding whether he would run for reelection in 2024, "Yes!" 100
Jan. 19, 2022	Joseph Biden	Regarding whether Vice President Kamala Harris would be his Vice President on the 2024 ticket and whether he thought she was doing a good job on voting rights policies, "Yes and yes." 101
June 13, 2022	Karine Jean- Pierre (Press	"Yes, he's running for reelection. I'm — I can't say more than that." 102
	Secretary)	To be clear, as the President has said repeatedly, he plans to run in 2024." ¹⁰³
June 27, 2022	Kamala Harris (Vice President)	"Joe Biden is running for reelection and I will be his ticket-mate. Full stop." ¹⁰⁴

⁹⁸ March 25, 2021 Biden Remarks.

Nov. 22, 2021 White House Press Gaggle.

Debenedetti, *supra* note 6.

¹⁰¹ Jan. 19, 2022 Biden Remarks.

June 13, 2022 White House Press Briefing.

Jean-Pierre, *supra* note 10.

Bash, *supra* note 12.

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Date	Speaker	Statement
June 29, 2022	Kamala Harris	"The president intends to run and if he does, I will be his ticket mate. We will run together." 105
July 2022 (approx.)	Joseph Biden	Reportedly stating to donors and others that he is "their strongest candidate to beat Donald Trump — or another GOP candidate — in 2024." 106
July 28, 2022 Karine Jean- Pierre		"I'm going to be very clear; I'm going to say this once — and the President has been very clear about this: He intends to run in 2024. And he is going to — until then, he is going to do the business of the American people as he has been doing for the past 18 months." ¹⁰⁷
		Stating twice, "The President intends to run in 2024." 108
August 1, 2022	Karine Jean- Pierre	Stating twice that Biden "intends to run" and that he has "said that multiple times." 109
Aug. 4, 2022	Pete Buttigieg (Secretary of Transportation)	"I'm looking forward to supporting the president's reelection. That is as much as I can say about these things while I'm here on an official capacity." 110
Aug. 14, 2022	Karine Jean- Pierre	"He intends to run. He intends to run." ¹¹¹
Aug. 2022 (approx.)	Cedric Richmond (former aide)	"It is clear-cut that [Biden's] our best candidate If he says he's planning on running, he's running." If he says he's
	Anita Dunn (longtime aide)	"The president has said he's planning on running again. People should take him at his word." 113

Logan & Bierman, *supra* note 13.

Dovere, *supra* note 15.

July 28, 2022 White House Press Briefing.

July 29, 2022 White House Press Briefing.

Aug. 1, 2022 White House Press Briefing.

Squawk Box, supra note 21.

Cupp, *supra* note 20.

Sink & Wingrove, *supra* note 22.

¹¹³ *Id*.

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Date	Speaker	Statement
Sept. 2, 2022	Joseph Biden	Reportedly, "I'm going to do it again. I'm going." 114
Sept. 26, 2022	Karine Jean- Pierre	"So, as you know, I'm — I'm very limited on how I can discuss any kind of elections. I will reiterate what we have said many times from here, what the President has said many times, even recently — as recently as the 60 Minutes interview — is that he intends to run. I don't have any more announcements on that."
Sept. 2022 (approx.)	Cedric Richmond	"He's running and we're building an infrastructure for him to run and win. Right now, it's all an early investment in 2024 while we're helping 2022." ¹¹⁶
Oct. 21, 2022	Joseph Biden	"The reason I'm not making a judgment about formally running or not running, once I make that judgment, a whole series of regulations kick in and I have to be — I treat myself as a candidate from that moment on. I have not made that formal decision, but it's my intention — my intention to run again. And we have time to make that decision."
Nov. 9, 2022	Joseph Biden	When asked what he would say to the Americans who do not think he should run for reelection, "Watch me." 118
Dec. 1, 2022	Dr. Jill Biden (First Lady)	When asked if she was ready for another campaign, responding, "Absolutely." 119
	Joseph Biden	Reportedly joined in a toast with French President Emmanuel Macron made to his 2024 campaign. 120

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- Though the Responses state that Biden had not, at the time of their submission,
- 4 "decided for certain" to run for reelection in 2024, ¹²¹ Biden's and his surrogates' public
- 5 statements as early as March 2021 indicate that he intended to do so. In MUR 5908, the
- 6 Commission found that a statement that the individual had "announced that I am preparing to run
- 7 for president, [but] I have not made a formal announcement of my candidacy" was sufficient

Allen, *supra* note 30.

Sept. 26, 2022 White House Press Briefing.

Gangitano, *supra* note 25.

MSNBC, *supra* note 29.

Nov. 9, 2022 Biden Remarks.

Rogers & Karni, *supra* note 32.

¹²⁰ *Id*.

MUR 7931 Biden Supp. Resp. at 2.

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- basis on which to determine the individual had decided to run for office and become a
- 2 candidate; 122 accordingly, Biden's statements that he intended to run for reelection likewise
- 3 present a sufficient basis for the Commission to conclude that Biden had decided to become a
- 4 candidate. In addition to the statements already discussed, press reports relying on unnamed
- 5 sources close to the White House indicate that Biden planned a "spring 2023 formal reelection
- 6 campaign launch,"¹²³ precisely in line with the timing of Biden's actual formal announcement on
- 7 April 25, 2023. 124
- 8 Respondents principally appear to contend that the numerous statements do not indicate
- 9 that Biden has made a private determination to run. However, while Biden's statements that he
- "intends" to run may be arguably less direct than a statement indicating that he "will" run, Biden
- said that he had made a decision that he "plan[s] to run for reelection," 125 with both the Press
- 12 Secretary stating, "Yes, he's running for reelection. I'm I can't say more than that," ¹²⁶ and
- 13 Vice President Harris stating, "Joe Biden is running for reelection and I will be his ticket-mate.
- 14 Full stop." Though Biden and his surrogates subsequently stated that he had not made a
- formal decision regarding his 2024 candidacy, the Commission has previously advised that,
- where an individual makes a statement evincing that they have decided to become a candidate,

¹²² F&LA at 4-5, MUR 5908 (Duncan Hunter).

Dovere, *supra* note 15.

Joe Biden (@JoeBiden), TWITTER (Apr. 25, 2023, 6:00 AM), https://twitter.com/JoeBiden/status/1650801827728986112.

March 25, 2021 Biden Remarks (emphasis added).

June 13, 2022 White House Press Briefing.

Bash, *supra* note 12.

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- "the statement may trigger candidacy regardless of subsequent retraction attempts." Further, 1
- in MURs 6955, 6983 (John R. Kasich, et al.), the Commission found that a "non-conditional 2
- 3 statement' by an individual . . . that he or she 'will announce his or her candidacy on a given date
- unambiguously indicates that the individual has decided to become a candidate."129 4
- 5 The Responses do not dispute the accuracy of any of the statements attributed to Biden or
- 6 his surrogates in the Complaints, and instead assert that one of the Complaints "focuses on
- 7 anonymously sourced news stories, musings by political insiders, and half-quotes from White
- House staff' and that the statements do not have "any bearing on the question at issue" 8
- 9 regarding whether Biden has raised or spent \$5,000 or more for the 2024 presidential election. ¹³¹
- 10 Here, as in the matters discussed above in which the Commission evaluated candidate statements
- 11 using objective criteria, Biden's and his surrogate's public statements have made clear that he
- 12 determined to run for reelection in 2024 as early as March 25, 2021. These statements alone
- would be sufficient to indicate that Biden has "made a decision to become a candidate." ¹³² 13
- 14 Further, one of the factors the Commission has identified as indicia that a candidate has
- 15 determined to run for office is whether the individual is "conducting activities in close proximity
- to the election or over a protracted period of time." ¹³³ As discussed above, at the time of the 16
- 17 First General Counsel's Report, Biden had made public statements indicating that he had

AO 2015-09 at 6 (citing F&LA at 4-8, MUR 5363 (Sharpton) (finding that once individual's actions trigger candidate status, "equivocal statements of intent . . . do not eradicate the [Act's candidate] registration and reporting requirements")).

F&LA at 17-18, MURs 6955, 6983 (John R. Kasich, et al.) (quoting AO 2015-09 at 6 (emphasis in original) (internal quotation marks omitted)).

MUR 8059 Joint Resp. at 2 n.4.

¹³¹ MUR 7931 Joint Supp. Resp. at 2.

¹³² F&LA at 17, MURs 6955, 6983 (John R. Kasich, et al.).

¹³³ 11 C.F.R. §§ 100.72(b), 100.131(b).

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- determined to run for president over a period spanning approximately two years. Though the
- 2 Commission has not elaborated on what constitutes a "protracted period of time," and noted in
- 3 the testing-the-waters context that "the length of time that an individual spends deliberating
- 4 whether to become a candidate is one factor and does not, in and of itself, determine whether the
- 5 individual has become a candidate," ¹³⁴ two years, or half a presidential term, appears to fall
- 6 within the scope of a "protracted period of time." 135
- 7 2. The Available Information Does Not Indicate That Biden or the Biden 8 Committee Made More Than \$5,000 in Expenditures

As discussed above, once an individual decides to run for office, the individual becomes a candidate under the Act when: (a) such individual receives contributions or makes expenditures in excess of \$5,000; or (b) such individual gives their consent to another person to receive contributions or make expenditures on behalf of such individual and if such person has received contributions or has made such expenditures in excess of \$5,000. Once the \$5,000 threshold has been met, the candidate has 15 days to designate a principal campaign committee

by filing a Statement of Candidacy with the Commission. ¹³⁷ The principal campaign committee

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¹³⁴ AO 2015-09 at 6.

Cf. F&LA at 2, 12, MUR 6776 (Niger Innis, et al.) (dismissing where candidate had tested the waters for a period of approximately six months); F&LA at 8-9, MURs 7689, 7794 (Amanda Adkins for Congress, et al.) (same). The Commission has previously advised that, if an individual engaged in testing-the-waters activities for "several months" in one year, and his activities extended into the next year, the duration of those activities "would be very significant in determining the applicability of the [testing-the-waters] exemptions" in the latter year. See Advisory Opinion 1981-32 at 5 (Reubin Askew) ("AO 1981-32"). This would appear to indicate that the Commission would consider periods of time greater than a year are generally a "protracted period of time" as contemplated by 11 C.F.R. §§ 100.72(b)(4), 100.131(b)(4).

¹³⁶ 52 U.S.C. § 30101(2); see also AO 2015-09 at 5 (reiterating the "consent" standard).

¹³⁷ 52 U.S.C. § 30102(e)(1); 11 C.F.R. § 101.1(a).

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- 1 must file a Statement of Organization within ten days of its designation, ¹³⁸ and it must file
- 2 disclosure reports with the Commission. 139
- The Commission has established "testing-the-waters" regulations excepting from the
- 4 definitions of "contribution" and "expenditure" funds received and payments made solely to
- 5 determine whether an individual should become a candidate, thereby permitting an individual to
- 6 test the feasibility of a campaign for federal office without becoming a candidate under the
- 7 Act. 140 These testing-the-waters regulations seek to draw a distinction between activities
- 8 directed to evaluating the feasibility of one's candidacy and conduct signifying that a decision to
- 9 become a candidate has been made. 141 The testing-the-waters exceptions are not available to an
- individual who has decided to become a candidate, even if the individual has made only "a
- private determination that he or she will run for federal office." ¹⁴²
- The Commission's regulations further provide that funds in a campaign account may be
- used for the "ordinary and necessary expenses incurred in connection with the recipient's duties
- as a holder of Federal office," such as "[t]he costs of winding down the office of a former
- 15 Federal officeholder for a period of [six] months after he or she leaves office." The
- 16 Commission has advised that winding-down costs include "the 'necessary administrative costs'
- of terminating a campaign or congressional office, such as office space rental, staff salaries and

¹³⁸ See 52 U.S.C. § 30103(a); 11 C.F.R. § 102.1(a).

⁵² U.S.C. § 30104(a), (b); see, e.g., F&LA at 6, MUR 6735 (Joseph A. Sestak, et al.); F&LA at 5, MUR 6449 (Jon Bruning, et al.); F&LA at 2, MUR 5363 (Alfred C. Sharpton).

See 11 C.F.R. §§ 100.72, 100.131; F&LA at 8, MUR 6776 (Niger Innis, et al.); F&LA at 7, MUR 6775 (Hillary Clinton, et al.); F&LA at 6, MUR 6735 (Joseph A. Sestak, et al.).

¹⁴¹ See AO 1981-32.

See AO 2015-09 at 5; see also Payments Received for Testing the Waters Activities, 50 Fed. Reg. 9992, 9993 (Mar. 13, 1985) (noting exemption "explicitly limited 'solely' to activities designed to evaluate a potential candidacy").

¹¹ C.F.R. § 113.2(a)(2), (e).

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- office supplies."¹⁴⁴ Although Commission regulations contemplate a time limit of six months for
- 2 when a campaign for a former officeholder may use funds to pay for winding down costs, 145 the
- 3 Commission has explained that this provision is a safe harbor that "does not preclude a former
- 4 officeholder who can demonstrate that he or she has incurred ordinary and necessary winding
- 5 down expenses more than six months after leaving office from using campaign funds to pay
- 6 those expenses."¹⁴⁶
- As discussed above, Biden appears to have made a decision to run for reelection in 2024
- 8 as early as March 2021, but he does not become a candidate under the Act unless he, or another
- 9 person to whom he has given consent to do so, raises or spends in excess of \$5,000 in support of
- 10 a 2024 candidacy. 147
- Here, the available information does not indicate that Biden passed the \$5,000 threshold
- triggering status as a candidate via funds spent by the Biden Committee in support of his 2024
- candidacy prior to his formal campaign announcement. 148

Advisory Opinion 2013-05 at 3 (Elton Gallegly); see Advisory Opinion 1993-06 at 1, 5-6 (Citizens for Congressman Panetta) (advising that committee could use campaign funds for expenses such as "telephone and clerical costs of winding down previous campaign activity" up to six months after officeholder resigned); F&LA at 8, MUR 7310 (Lanakila Strategies LLC, et al.).

¹¹ C.F.R. § 113.2(a)(2).

Expenditures; Reports by Political Committees; Personal Use of Campaign Funds, 60 Fed. Reg. 7862 at 7873 (Feb. 9, 1995).

¹⁴⁷ 52 U.S.C. § 30101(2).

Though the Biden Committee attests that Biden had not at the time of its Responses authorized the Biden Committee to solicit or spend funds on his behalf with respect to the 2024 election cycle, *see* MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶ 2, because Biden designated the Biden Committee has his principal campaign committee, Biden has given consent to the Biden Committee to "receive contributions or make expenditures" on his behalf. 52 U.S.C. § 30101(2). It is and has been his authorized campaign committee through which he received contributions and made expenditures during the 2020 election cycle and which he has maintained as his authorized campaign committee for 2024. Biden for President, Amended Statement of Organization (Apr. 25, 2023),

https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/354/202304259581294354/202304259581294354.pdf; Joseph R. Biden, Jr., Amended Statement of Candidacy at 1 (Apr. 25, 2023),

https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/792/202304259581293792/202304259581293792.pdf.

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1	As discussed in Part II.B, above, the Biden Committee disbursed nearly \$295 million
2	between November 4, 2020, and March 31, 2023. 149 Given the numerous statements made by
3	Biden and his surrogates indicating that Biden had decided to run as a presidential candidate in
4	2024 or intended to do so, the Complaints question the substantial spending by the Biden
5	Committee and whether it has made more than \$5,000 in expenditures to support his 2024
6	candidacy, especially as more than two years have passed since the 2020 general election.
7	The Biden Committee denies that it has spent any funds to "influence the 2024
8	presidential election." First, with respect to the Biden Committee's \$478,158.91 in
9	disbursements to NGP Van Inc. for "database subscription," the Biden Committee avers that
10	these disbursements were for "a compliance and accounting database necessary for operations
11	during the wind down and the Commission's reporting requirements." ¹⁵¹ There is no available
12	information to contradict those assertions. 152 Accordingly, Respondents have credibly rebutted
13	the Complaints' allegations that these expenditures were associated with Biden's 2024
14	candidacy.
15	With respect to the disbursements to Upland Software Inc. for "software," the Biden
16	Committee states in a sworn declaration that these disbursements were to "maintain ownership of

https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type=processed&committee_id=C00431445&recipient_name=NGP +Van&min date=11%2F07%2F2012&max date=12%2F31%2F2014 (last visited May 2, 2023) (showing all disbursements by Obama for America to NGP Van between November 7, 2012, and December 31, 2014).

¹⁴⁹ Supra note 46 and accompanying text.

¹⁵⁰ MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 2; see MUR 7931 Biden Supp. Resp. at 3 ("In short, [the Biden Committee] has not made any expenditures for the purpose of influencing the 2024 presidential election.").

¹⁵¹ MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 5; see MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶ 7.

These expenditures appear to be consistent with those of at least one prior successful presidential candidate with respect to the same recipient: After his reelection in 2012, for President Barack Obama's campaign committee reported total disbursements of \$315,784.60 to NGP Van Inc. for "technology consulting" and "telemarketing." FEC Disbursements: Filtered Results, FEC.GOV,

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- 1 [the Biden Committee's] SMS short code phone number, used for communications with [the
- 2 Biden Committee],"153 and which the Biden Committee describes as its "intellectual
- 3 property." 154 Although prior presidential campaign committees do not appear to have identified
- 4 expenditures for similar purposes, this is likely because of the relative newness of the technology
- 5 involved: For example, a search across all disbursements by the authorized committees of
- 6 former presidential candidates Obama, Clinton, Romney, and McCain for disbursements with
- 7 purposes containing any of "short code," "SMS," "text number," "phone number" or "text id"
- 8 revealed no results. 155
- 9 As shown in the Appendix to this Factual and Legal Analysis and the figure below, the
- amount and timing of the Biden Committee's disbursements to Upland Software Inc. varied
- widely over the period between January 13, 2021, the first disbursement following the immediate
- aftermath of the 2020 election, and September 23, 2021, the date of the Biden Committee's last
- reported disbursement to this vendor, with disbursements ranging from \$2.34 to \$261,449,
- including multiple disbursements occurring on the same day for different amounts, and each

MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶ 8; see MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 2. While the Vogel declaration refers specifically to disbursements to Upland Software Inc. "in June 2021," this is likely because the MUR 7931 Complaint specifically identifies "multiple disbursements to Upland Software Inc. on June 22, 2021 totaling \$61,692.52" when questioning whether such disbursements "should be designated for the 2020 General Election." MUR 7931 Compl. ¶ 37.

¹⁵⁴ MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 5.

FEC Disbursements: Filtered Results, FEC.GOV,

https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type=processed&committee_id=C00431171&committee_id=C00431

445&committee_id=C00453928&committee_id=C00575795&committee_id=C00580100&disbursement_description

=sms&disbursement_description=short+code&disbursement_description=text+number&disbursement_description

=phone+number&disbursement_description=text+id (last visited May 2, 2023) (showing all disbursements by

Obama for America, Hillary for America, Make America Great Again PAC f/k/a Donald J. Trump for President,

Inc., Romney for President, Inc., and McCain-Palin 2008 Inc. with purposes containing any of "short code," "sms,"

"text number," "phone number," or "text id"). Trump's authorized committee reported 34 disbursements

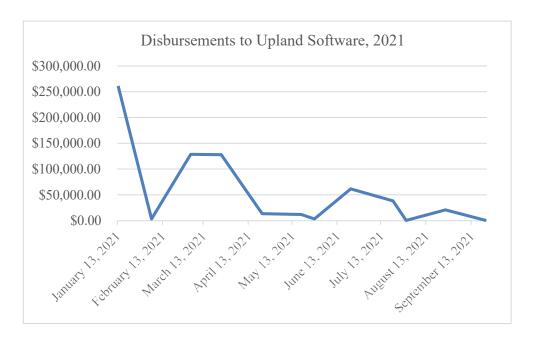
aggregating \$69.52 million during the 2020 election cycle for, inter alia, "SMS advertising," "digital SMS/online

advertising," and "online & SMS advertising," none of which appear to be for maintenance or ownership of an SMS short code. Id.

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- disbursement reported as for "software." Though the data reflects various jumps in spending
- 2 throughout 2021, the amounts disbursed decreased over time, as one might expect with a
- 3 campaign winding down its operations, and ceased on September 23, 2021, less than one year
- 4 following the general election:

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Given the context of a sophisticated presidential campaign, the declaration's statement

- 9 may accurately describe a complex maintenance arrangement that happens to be subject to
- 10 external events. 157 Moreover, given the declaration's assertion that the SMS short code was

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See App'x.

For example, Upland Software's website lists among its software services for Mobile Messaging "[i]ndustry-standard security and encryption technology" and "24/7 system and short code monitoring." Upland Security, *Why Mobile Messaging?*, https://uplandsoftware.com/mobile-messaging/ (last visited July 3, 2023). Further, an explainer published by CTIA on best practices for political text messaging includes a recommendation that "message senders should take affirmative steps and employ tools to monitor and prevent unwanted messages and content." CTIA, *Political Text Messaging: Engaging and Organization Voters While Protecting Consumers* (July 21, 2022), https://www.ctia.org/news/political-text-messaging-engaging-and-organizing-voters-while-protecting-consumers (last visited July 3, 2023). CTIA notes that part of these best practices includes "[m]aintain[ing] and updat[ing] recipient lists by processing deactivation/opt-out files regularly (e.g. daily)." *Id*.

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- 1 "used for communications with [the Biden Committee]," 158 it is reasonable that the Biden
- 2 Committee may have viewed it necessary as a communications tool to further appropriate wind-
- down activities. Though not directly supported by the declaration, the Biden Committee also
- 4 asserts that the expenditures were "to maintain records or property related to the 2020
- 5 election." These explanations are plausible, particularly given that the payments to Upland
- 6 Software Inc. ceased after September 2021. It is possible that, consistent with the Complaints'
- 7 allegations, the Biden Committee was maintaining the SMS short code as campaign
- 8 infrastructure in the event that Biden would run for reelection in 2024, thus making the
- 9 expenditures fairly linked to the 2024 presidential election. However, the Complaints do not
- provide any specific information that indicate that the payments to Upland Software Inc. were
- 11 not for the purposes stated by the Respondents. Indeed, if the Complaints are correct in asserting
- that Biden had made up his mind to run for reelection as early as March 2021 and that the
- payments to Upland Software Inc. were to maintain campaign infrastructure for a 2024 election
- campaign, then it is unclear why those payments would cease nearly three years before the
- 15 election.
- With respect to the Biden Committee's \$2.02 million in disbursements to Action Squared
- 17 Inc. for "text message/email outreach" and "text message outreach," 160 the Biden Committee
- states that the disbursements were for "ongoing communications by the President to his
- supporters who have opted-in to receive messages, encouraging them to make contributions to

¹⁵⁸ MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶ 8.

MUR 7931 Biden Committee Resp. at 2.

Biden Committee Disbursements; see MUR 7931 Compl. ¶ 37; MUR 8059 Compl. ¶ 10.

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- the [DNC] . . . in 2021 and 2022." ¹⁶¹ However, on its disclosure reports, the Biden Committee
- 2 reported each disbursement to Action Squared Inc. as being for the 2020 general election. ¹⁶²
- 3 Notwithstanding the discrepancy between which election these expenditures were associated
- 4 with -2020, as stated in the reports, versus 2021 and 2022, 163 as stated in the Responses in
- 5 neither event do they appear to be associated with Biden's 2024 candidacy.

MUR 8059 Biden Resp. at 2; see MUR 8059 Vogel Decl. ¶ 5.

See, e.g., Biden Committee, 2022 Year-End Report, Sched. B-P at 35 (reporting \$5,767.36 disbursement to Action Squared Inc. for "text message outreach" labeled "Disbursement for: 2020 General"); Biden Committee, 2022 April Quarterly Report, Sched. B-P at 57 (reporting two disbursements to Action Squared Inc. for "text message/email outreach" for \$44,905.36 and \$25,582.00, both labeled with "Disbursement for: 2020 General"); Biden Committee, 2021 October Quarterly Report, Sched. B-P at 18 (reporting a \$150,000 disbursement to Action Squared Inc. for "text message/email outreach" labeled "Disbursement for: 2020 General").

A political committee has a duty to ensure that its disclosure reports are generally accurate and correct. *See* 11 C.F.R. § 104.14(d) ("Each treasurer of a political committee . . . shall be personally responsible for the timely and complete filing of [any disclosure report] . . . and for the accuracy of any information or statement contained in it."). However, there is no statutory or regulatory requirement for committees to designate the election cycle for their disbursements.

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1 3. The Available Information Does Not Indicate That Biden or the Biden 2 Committee Accepted More than \$5,000 in Contributions 3 Regarding Biden and the Biden Committee's receipts, since November 4, 2020, the Biden Committee has reported receiving \$134,048,699.80, 164 including \$20,221,129.23 received 4 as a transfer from the Victory Fund. 165 Of the \$134 million in total receipts, the Biden 5 6 Committee reported receiving \$103,362,129.86 in contributions during the 2020 Post-General reporting period, ¹⁶⁶ with only \$482 in additional contributions disclosed on subsequent 7 Reports. 167 Although the Complaints raise questions as to the amount of contributions accepted 8 9 by the Biden Committee after the 2020 general election, the Respondents credibly rebut the 10 allegations that those post-election contributions were attributable to a 2024 Biden candidacy. 11 The Biden Committee does not appear to have solicited or accepted contributions for 12 Biden's reelection campaign prior to Biden's formal campaign announcement. First, the Biden 13 Committee states in its MUR 7931 Response that it neither solicited nor accepted contributions 14 made after Election Day 2020, and that it had not at the time of the Response accepted any 15 contributions for the 2024 election cycle; the sworn statement attached to the MUR 7931

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these assertions.

Response asserts this statement. 168 The Commission is aware of no information that contradicts

See supra note 38 and accompany text.

Supra note 39 and accompanying text.

Biden Committee, 2020 Post-General Report.

Biden Committee, 2020 Year-End Report; Biden Committee, 2021 April Quarterly Report.

MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 2; MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶¶ 3, 4 ("To the best of my knowledge, [the Biden Committee] has not solicited any funds, including through mail, online, or any other source since then. . . . [The Biden Committee] did not accept any contributions made after Election Day 2020. . . . [The Biden Committee] has not accepted any contributions for the 2024 election cycle.").

4. The Victory Fund Does Not Appear to Have Accepted Contributions or Made

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2 Expenditures in Support of Biden's 2024 Candidacy 3 Like the Biden Committee, the Victory Fund denies that it has spent any funds to "influence the 2024 presidential election." ¹⁶⁹ Since the 2020 general election, the Victory Fund 4 has reported receiving \$2,414,952.90 in contributions. 170 Although the Complaints raise 5 6 questions as to the amount of contributions accepted by the Biden Committee and the Victory 7 Fund after the 2020 general election, the Respondents credibly rebut the allegations that those post-election contributions were attributable to a 2024 Biden candidacy. ¹⁷¹ The Victory Fund 8 9 also does not appear to have solicited or accepted contributions for Biden's reelection campaign 10 prior to Biden's formal campaign announcement. As noted above, the Biden Committee avers 11 that the Victory Fund "is not authorize to, and has not," raised any funds for Biden in the 2024

contributions/?committee_id=C00494740&min_date=11%2F07%2F2012&max_date=12%2F31%2F2014 (last visited May 2, 2023) (showing all individual contributions reported by Obama Victory Fund 2012 between November 7, 2012, and December 31, 2014). Both figures exceed the \$2,414,952.90 in contributions reported by the Victory Fund.

Victory Fund Resp. at 2 ("[The Victory Fund] has not made any expenditures that advocate for President Biden's re-election in 2024 or that are otherwise in connection with that election.").

Supra note 52 and accompanying text.

Additionally, as noted by Respondents, the size of the post-election receipts reported by the Victory Fund's joint fundraising operation is consistent with, and in fact smaller than, those in prior successful presidential campaigns. See MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 5 & n.27. According to the Reports Analysis Division ("RAD"), it is not unusual for joint fundraising committees to report large post-election transfers, and RAD commonly sees this activity. While all of the transfers took place after the election, none of the itemized contributions disclosed on the report are reported as having been received after the general election, and the Biden Committee appears to have followed the correct reporting format for these transfers. For the unitemized component of the joint fundraising transfers, there is no information on the face of the report that the underlying transferred contributions were received after the election. Between the 2016 general election and the end of the 2018 election cycle, former President Donald J. Trump's joint fundraising committee, Trump Victory, reported nearly \$31.26 million in individual contributions, though Trump had declared his candidacy for 2020 on the first day of his term in office. FEC Individual Contributions: Filtered Results, FEC.GOV, https://www.fec.gov/data/individualcontributions/?committee_id=C00618389&min_date=11%2F09%2F2016&max_date=12%2F31%2F2018 (last visited May 2, 2023) (showing all individual contributions reported by Trump Victory between November 9, 2016, and December 31, 2018). In the prior election cycle, between the 2012 general election and the end of the 2014 election cycle, former President Barack Obama's joint fundraising committee, Obama Victory Fund 2012, reported \$2,890,741.23 in individual contributions. FEC Individual Contributions: Filtered Results, FEC.GOV, https://www.fec.gov/data/individualcontributions/?committee id=C00494740&min date=11%2F07%2F2012&max date=12%2F31%2F2014 (last

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- presidential election, to which the Victory Fund also attests. ¹⁷² Further, the Victory Fund has
- 2 provided a sworn statement attesting that it did not transfer any contributions to the Biden
- 3 Committee that were made after Election Day 2020. ¹⁷³ The Commission is aware of no
- 4 information that contradicts these assertions. Accordingly, the available information does not
- 5 indicate that Biden and those authorized to fundraise on his behalf have raised \$5,000 or more in
- 6 support of his 2024 candidacy for reelection prior to his formal campaign announcement.
- 7 B. The Commission Finds No Reason to Believe That the Biden Committee Failed to Accurately Report the Purpose of the Disbursements Made to Upland Software

The Act and Commission regulations require political committees to report the name and address of each person to whom they make expenditures or other disbursements aggregating more than \$200 per calendar year, or per election cycle for authorized committees, as well as the date, amount, and purpose of such payments. Commission regulations define "purpose" as a "brief statement or description of why the disbursement was made. The 'purpose of disbursement' entry, when considered along with the identity of the disbursement recipient, must be sufficiently specific to make the purpose of the disbursement clear.

MUR 7931 Biden Resp. at 5; *see* MUR 7931 Vogel Decl. ¶ 9 ("[The Biden Committee] has not given consent to [the Victory Fund] to accept contributions or make expenditures on behalf of President Biden for the 2024 election cycle."); Smolkis Decl. ¶ 11.

Victory Fund Resp. at 2; Smolkis Decl. ¶¶ 7-10. While the Victory Fund acknowledges that it received contributions after the 2020 general Election Day, it notes that those contributions resulted from pre-Election Day solicitations, and none of those contributions were transferred to the Biden Committee, and that it has transferred or will transfer all such post-election contributions to the other joint fundraising participants per its allocation formula. Victory Fund Resp. at 4.

⁵² U.S.C. § 30104(b)(5), (6); 11 C.F.R. § 104.3(b)(3)(i), (ix) (regarding political committees other than authorized committees); *id.* § 104.3(b)(4)(i), (vi) (regarding authorized committees); *id.* § 104.9(a), (b) (regarding all political committees).

¹¹ C.F.R. § 104.3(b)(3)(i)(A).

Statement of Policy: "Purpose of Disbursement" Entries for Filings with the Commission, 72 Fed. Reg. 887, 887 (Jan. 9, 2007) [hereinafter Purpose Statement of Policy] (citing 11 C.F.R. § 104.3(b)(3)(i)(B), (4)(i)(A)).

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- determined that the description of the purpose should be sufficient to allow "a person not
- 2 associated with the committee [to] easily discern why the disbursement was made when reading
- 3 the name of the recipient and the purpose."¹⁷⁷ Examples of sufficient statements of purpose
- 4 include, but are not limited to, dinner expenses, media, salary, polling, travel, party fees, phone
- 5 banks, travel expenses, travel expense reimbursement, and catering costs. ¹⁷⁸ The Commission's
- 6 website also states that "software" can be an adequate statement of the purpose of a
- 7 disbursement. 179
- 8 As discussed above, the Biden Committee states in a sworn declaration that its
- 9 disbursements to Upland Software Inc. were to "maintain ownership of [the Biden Committee's]
- SMS short code phone number, used for communications with [the Biden Committee],"180 and
- which the Biden Committee describes as its "intellectual property." 181 As shown in the
- 12 Appendix to this Analysis and the figure above, the amount and timing of the Biden Committee's
- disbursements to Upland Software Inc. varied widely over the period between January 13, 2021,
- the first disbursement following the immediate aftermath of the 2020 election, and September
- 15 23, 2021, the date of the Biden Committee's last reported disbursement to this vendor.
- Notwithstanding the variation, the amounts disbursed decreased over time and ceased
- approximately 11 months after the 2020 election, as one might expect with a campaign winding
- down its operations. 182

¹⁷⁷ *Id.* at 888.

¹⁷⁸ 11 C.F.R. § 104.3(b)(3)(i)(B).

Purposes of Disbursement, FEC.GOV, https://www.fec.gov/help-candidates-and-committees/purposes-disbursements/ (last visited May 2, 2023).

Vogel Decl. ¶ 8; see Resp. at 2.

¹⁸¹ Resp. at 5.

See supra note 164 and accompanying text.

As discussed above, there is no information in the Complaints to suggest that these

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2 disbursements were for something other than the software expenses described by the 3 Respondents. Accordingly, the Commission finds no reason to believe that the Biden Committee violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b)(5)(A) and 11 C.F.R. § 104.3(b)(4)(i) by failing to properly 4 disclose the purpose of its disbursements to Upland Software Inc.. 5 C. The Commission Finds No Reason to Believe That the Biden Committee 6 Failed to Amend Its Statement of Organization 8 The Act requires all political committees to file a Statement of Organization with the Commission no later than 10 days after they are designated or established. 183 The Statement of 9 10 Organization must include the name, address, and type of committee; the name, address, 11 relationship, and type of any connected organization or committee; the name and address of the 12 committee's custodian of books and accounts and the committee's treasurer; a listing of all depositories used by the committee; and, if an authorized committee, the name, address, office 13 sought, and party affiliation of the authorizing candidate. 184 Changes or corrections to the 14 15 information contained in a Statement of Organization must be reported no later than 10 days

With respect to the allegation that the Biden Committee failed to amend its Statement of Organization to reflect Biden's 2024 candidacy, ¹⁸⁶ the facts as presented in the Complaint and supported by the available information do not indicate any violation of the Act in this regard. As the Biden Committee notes, neither the Act nor Commission regulations require committees to

after the date of the change. 185

¹⁸³ 52 U.S.C. § 30103(a); 11 C.F.R. § 102.1.

¹⁸⁴ 52 U.S.C. § 30103(b); 11 C.F.R. § 102.2.

¹⁸⁵ 52 U.S.C. § 30103(c); 11 C.F.R. § 102.2(a)(2).

¹⁸⁶ Compl. ¶¶ 39-51, 66-82.

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- designate the election cycle in which an affiliated or authorizing candidate is running, instead
- 2 requiring only the "name, address, office sought, and party affiliation" of that individual. 187
- 3 Indeed, the form on which Statements of Organization are submitted has no line on which this
- 4 information could be provided. 188
- 5 Accordingly, the Commission finds no reason to believe that the Biden Committee
- 6 violated 52 U.S.C. § 30103(c) and 11 C.F.R. § 102.2(a)(2) by failing to amend its Statement of
- 7 Organization reflecting Biden's 2024 candidacy.

¹⁸⁷ 52 U.S.C. § 30103(b)(5); see 11 C.F.R. § 102.2(a)(v).

See, e.g., Biden for President, Amended Statement of Organization (Apr. 25, 2023), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/354/202304259581294354/202304259581294354.pdf.

AppendixDisbursements by the Biden Committee to Upland Software Following the 2020 Election ¹⁸⁹

Date	Amount	Recipient	Description
November 10, 2020	\$1,176.17	Upland Software Inc.	Software
November 16, 2020	\$138,604.11	Upland Software Inc.	Software
November 18, 2020	\$3,932,643.40	Upland Software Inc.	Software
December 17, 2020	\$336,046.40	Upland Software Inc.	Software
December 31, 2020	\$3,180.00	Upland Software Inc.	Software
January 13, 2021	\$261,449.00	Upland Software Inc.	Software
February 5, 2021	\$3,180.00	Upland Software Inc.	Software
March 4, 2021	\$128,503.00	Upland Software Inc.	Software
March 25, 2021	\$128,021.73	Upland Software Inc.	Software
April 22, 2021	\$13,595.60	Upland Software Inc.	Software
May 19, 2021	\$678.90	Upland Software Inc.	Software
May 19, 2021	\$11,315.22	Upland Software Inc.	Software
May 28, 2021	\$180.00	Upland Software Inc.	Software
May 28, 2021	\$3,000.00	Upland Software Inc.	Software
June 22, 2021	\$756.88	Upland Software Inc.	Software
June 22, 2021	\$2,735.13	Upland Software Inc.	Software
June 22, 2021	\$12,614.97	Upland Software Inc.	Software
June 22, 2021	\$45,585.54	Upland Software Inc.	Software
July 21, 2021	\$708.97	Upland Software Inc.	Software
July 21, 2021	\$1,465.25	Upland Software Inc.	Software
July 21, 2021	\$11,815.80	Upland Software Inc.	Software
July 21, 2021	\$24,420.90	Upland Software Inc.	Software
July 30, 2021	\$30.00	Upland Software Inc.	Software
July 30, 2021	\$500.00	Upland Software Inc.	Software
August 26, 2021	\$1,181.78	Upland Software Inc.	Software
August 26, 2021	\$19,696.29	Upland Software Inc.	Software
September 23, 2021	\$2.34	Upland Software Inc.	Software
September 23, 2021	\$13.31	Upland Software Inc.	Software
September 23, 2021	\$39.04	Upland Software Inc.	Software
September 23, 2021	\$221.76	Upland Software Inc.	Software
Total:	\$5,083,361.49		

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1	FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION
2	FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS
3 4	RESPONDENT: Biden Victory Fund and Monica Guardiola in her official capacity as treasurer MUR 7931
5	I. INTRODUCTION
6	This matter arises from a Complaint alleging that Biden Victory Fund and Monica
7	Guardiola in her official capacity as treasurer (the "Committee"), violated the Federal Election
8	Campaign Act of 1971, as amended (the "Act"), by failing to make necessary amendments to its
9	Statement of Organization to reflect the 2024 presidential candidacy of Joseph R. Biden, Jr. The
10	Complaint also questions whether a disbursement by the Committee to Vox Media LLC on
11	March 1, 2021, for "online fundraising" was properly reported.
12	The Committee denies the allegations, and states that it was not required to include on its
13	Statement of Organization the election cycles in which Biden was or is a candidate for office.
14	The Committee further provides the sworn declaration of its treasurer who asserts that the
15	disbursement to Vox Media LLC was for advertising in August 2020 for which it was not
16	invoiced until 2021.
17	Because the Committee had no obligation to amend its Statement of Organization to
18	reflect the election cycle relevant to Biden's candidacy, the Commission finds no reason to
19	believe that the Committee violated 52 U.S.C. § 30103(c) and 11 C.F.R. § 102.2(a)(2) by failing
20	to amend its Statement of Organization. Additionally, the Commission exercises its
21	prosecutorial discretion and dismisses the allegation that the Committee failed to report a debt of
22	\$100,000 in August 2020.

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II. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

2	The Committee is a joint fundraising representative for Biden for President, the
3	authorized campaign committee of 2020 and 2024 presidential candidate Joseph R. Biden, Jr.;
4	the Democratic National Committee; and multiple state parties' federal committees. 1 The
5	Committee was authorized by Biden in both the 2020 and 2024 election cycles. ²
6	On its 2021 April Quarterly Report, the Committee reported a disbursement of \$100,000
7	to Vox Media LLC for "Online Fundraising" on March 1, 2021. ³ The Complaint questions
8	whether this expenditure was in connection with the 2020 election cycle, given that it was
9	reported in 2021, and alleges that the expenditure indicates that Biden triggered candidacy in
10	2024.4
11	The Committee's treasurer attests that the Committee "made a disbursement of \$100,000
12	to Vox Media, LLC on March 1, 2021 for online fundraising costs related to advertising run in
13	August 2020. [The Committee] received an invoice for these costs in 2021." ⁵
14	The Complaint also alleges that the Committee has failed to amend its Statement of
15	Organization to reflect Biden's 2024 candidacy. ⁶ The Committee denies this allegation because:
16 17	There is nothing in the Act or Commission regulations requiring a joint fundraising committee to indicate on its Statement of
18	Organization that it is raising funds in connection with any particular

Biden Victory Fund, Amended Statement of Organization (July 1, 2022), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/159/ 202207019517783159/202207019517783159.pdf.

Joseph R. Biden, Jr., Amended Statement of Candidacy at 1 (Nov. 4, 2020), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/ 260/202011069336972260/202011069336972260.pdf (regarding 2020 candidacy); Joseph R. Biden, Jr., Amended Statement of Candidacy at 1 (Apr. 25, 2023), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/792/202304259581293792/20230425958 1293792.pdf (regarding 2024 candidacy).

Biden Victory Fund, Amended 2021 April Quarterly Report, sched. B at 84 (July 15, 2021), https://doc query.fec.gov/pdf/853/202107159451575853/202107159451575853.pdf

Compl. ¶¶ 34-38 (Oct. 12, 2021).

⁵ Resp., Attach. ¶ 6 (Decl. of Joseph Smolskis) [hereinafter Smolskis Decl.].

Compl. ¶¶ 39-51, 66-82.

MUR 7931 (Biden Victory Fund) Factual and Legal Analysis Page 3 of 5

1	election or to indicate on its Statement of Organization which office
2	in which election year its participating candidate committees are
3	seeking. There is simply no place to put this information on the
4	Commission's current version of [the Statement of Organization
5	form]. ⁷

- 6 The Committee further asserts that it was "not even required to disclose on its Statement of
- 7 Organization that President Biden was running in the 2020 election . . . , much less amend this
- 8 information."8

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III. LEGAL ANALYSIS

A. The Commission Finds No Reason to Believe That the Committee Failed to Amend Its Statement of Organization

The Act requires all political committees to file a Statement of Organization with the Commission no later than 10 days after they are designated or established. The Statement of Organization must include the name, address, and type of committee; the name, address, relationship, and type of any connected organization or committee; the name and address of the committee's custodian of books and accounts and the committee's treasurer; a listing of all depositories used by the committee; and, if an authorized committee, the name, address, office sought, and party affiliation of the authorizing candidate. Changes or corrections to the information contained in a Statement of Organization must be reported no later than 10 days after the date of the change.

⁷ Resp. at 2-3.

⁸ *Id.* at 3.

⁹ 52 U.S.C. § 30103(a); 11 C.F.R. § 102.1.

¹⁰ 52 U.S.C. § 30103(b); 11 C.F.R. § 102.2.

¹¹ 52 U.S.C. § 30103(c); 11 C.F.R. § 102.2(a)(2).

MUR 7931 (Biden Victory Fund) Factual and Legal Analysis Page 4 of 5

1	With respect to the allegation that the Committee failed to amend its Statement of
2	Organization to reflect Biden's 2024 candidacy, 12 the facts as presented in the Complaint and
3	supported by the available information do not indicate any violation of the Act. As the
4	Committee notes, neither the Act nor Commission regulations require committees to designate
5	the election cycle in which an affiliated or authorizing candidate is running, instead requiring
6	only the "name, address, office sought, and party affiliation" of that individual. 13 Indeed, the
7	form on which Statements of Organization are submitted has no line on which this information
8	could be provided. 14
9	Accordingly, the Commission finds no reason to believe that the Committee violated
10	52 U.S.C. § 30103(c) and 11 C.F.R. § 102.2(a)(2) by failing to amend its Statement of
11	Organization reflecting Biden's 2024 candidacy.
12 13	B. The Commission Dismisses pursuant to its Prosecutorial Discretion the Allegation That the Committee Failed to Report a Debt
14	The Act requires political committees to file reports accurately disclosing their receipts,
15	disbursements, and debts. 15 In addition, political committees must accurately itemize
16	contributions and disbursements for each election cycle and must also indicate the amount and
17	nature of outstanding debts and obligations until those debts are extinguished. 16 Under
18	Commission regulations, a debt or obligation of \$500 or less must be reported as of the time that
19	payment is made or within sixty days of the date on which the political committee incurs the

¹² Compl. ¶¶ 39-51, 66-82.

¹³ 52 U.S.C. § 30103(b)(5); see 11 C.F.R. § 102.2(a)(v).

¹⁴ See, e.g., Biden Victory Fund, Amended Statement of Organization (July 1, 2022), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/159/202207019517783159/202207019517783159.pdf.

¹⁵ 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b); 11 C.F.R. § 104.3(a).

¹⁶ 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b)(8); 11 C.F.R. §§ 104.3(d), 104.11(a).

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- debt, whichever comes first, and a debt exceeding \$500 must be disclosed in the report that
- 2 covers the date on which the debt was incurred. 17 If the exact amount of a debt or obligation is
- 3 not known, the report shall state that the amount reported is an estimate. 18 Once the exact
- 4 amount is determined, a political committee must either: (1) amend the report(s) containing the
- 5 estimate; or (2) indicate the correct amount on the report for the reporting period in which such
- 6 amount is determined. 19
- 7 The Complaint questions whether the Committee's \$100,000 disbursement to Vox
- 8 Media LLC on March 1, 2021, for "online fundraising" relates to the 2020 presidential election,
- 9 noting that such disbursements are normally made to maintain the committee's infrastructure and
- operations for ongoing and future campaign activity.²⁰ The Committee states that this
- disbursement relates to "online fundraising ads [the Committee] ran through Vox Media,
- 12 LLC . . . in August 2020."²¹ It goes on to state that it received the invoice for this expense in
- 13 2021, and "[a]s such, the payment was made and reported in 2021."²²
- To devote scarce Commission resources to higher priority matters, the Commission
- exercises its prosecutorial discretion to dismiss the allegation.²³

¹⁷ 11 C.F.R. § 104.11(b).

¹⁸ *Id*.

¹⁹ *Id*.

²⁰ Compl. ¶ 34.

Resp. at 5; Smolskis Decl. ¶ 6.

²² Resp. at 5.

²³ Heckler v. Chaney, 470 U.S. 821 (1985).