

## FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION Washington, DC 20463

July 13, 2021

## **BY ELECTRONIC MAIL ONLY**

amattison@tristerross.com

Allen Mattison Trister, Ross, Schadler & Gold, PLLC 1666 Connecticut Ave. NW, Fifth Floor Washington DC 20009

RE: MUR 7718

Montana Conservation Voters Action Fund and Sally Ericsson as treasurer

Dear Mr. Mattison:

On March 18, 2020, the Federal Election Commission notified your clients, Montana Conservation Voters Action Fund and Sally Ericsson as treasurer, of a complaint alleging violations of certain sections of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended. On February 17, 2021, the Commission found, on the basis of the information in the complaint, and information provided by you, that there is no reason to believe your clients violated 52 U.S.C. § 30121(a). Accordingly, the Commission closed its file in this matter on that date. Through an administrative oversight, you were not timely notified of the Commission's determinations. We apologize for the error.

Documents related to the case will be placed on the public record within 30 days. *See* Disclosure of Certain Documents in Enforcement and Other Matters, 81 Fed. Reg. 50,702 (Aug. 2, 2016). The Factual and Legal Analysis, which explains the Commission's finding, is enclosed for your information.

If you have any questions, please contact me at (202) 694-1588 or email me at mallen@fec.gov.

Sincerely,

Mark Allen

Mark Allon

**Assistant General Counsel** 

Enclosure Factual and Legal Analysis

1		FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION	
2	FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS		
4 5 6 7 8	RESPONDENTS:	Montana Conservation Voters Action Fund and Sally Ericsson as treasurer (non-federal committee) League of Conservation Voters Action Fund and Patrick Collins in his official capacity as treasurer	MUR 7718
9 10	I. INTRODUCTION		
11 12	This matter was generated by a Complaint filed with the Federal Election Commission		
13	(the "Commission") by Don "K" Kaltschmidt. 1 The Complaint alleges that Montana		
14	Conservation Voters Action Fund ("MCV Action Fund"), 2 a non-federal committee registered		
15	with the Montana Commissioner of Political Practices, may have knowingly received a		
16	prohibited donation from a foreign national by accepting \$38,000 from League of Conservation		
17	Voters Action Fund ("LCVAF"), a federal political committee, and used some of it to finance		
18	activities supporting the election of local city council candidates. <sup>3</sup> The Complaint bases its		
19	allegation on a text message exchange involving a canvasser from Montana Conservation Voters		
20	the organization that operates MCV Action Fund, <sup>4</sup> about the source of MCV's funding.		
21	Specifically, when asked about the League of Conservation Voters, an apparent major donor of		
22	MCV Action Fund, the canvasser replied that the League's support "comes from big foundations		
23	and donors around the country and world." As discussed below, the \$38,000 donation to MCV		

<sup>1</sup> See 52 U.S.C. § 30109(a)(1).

The text of the Complaint mistakenly refers to the MCV Action Fund as "Montana Conservation Voters Fund" (see Compl. at 1 and 2), but the state reports attached reflect the correct name. Compl., Exs. 1 and 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Compl. at 2-4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Montana Conservation Voters website at <a href="https://mtvoters.org/tools-resources/endorsements/">https://mtvoters.org/tools-resources/endorsements/</a> (identifying MCV Action Fund as one of its PACs).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Compl. at 3, Ex. 4.

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- Action Fund was actually from LCV Victory Fund, an independent expenditure-only political
- 2 committee ("IEOPC") that is registered and files disclosure reports with the Commission. LCV
- 3 Victory Fund's relevant disclosure reports reflect no apparent receipts from a foreign national,
- 4 the Complaint has identified none, and LCV Victory Fund states that it does not solicit, accept,
- 5 or receive such funds. Accordingly, the Commission finds no reason to believe that MCV
- 6 Action Fund and LCVAF ("Respondents") violated 52 U.S.C. § 30121(a) and closes the file in
- 7 this matter.

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## II. FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS

- 9 MCV Action Fund reported receiving a \$38,000 donation from LCV Victory Fund, an
- 10 IEOPC, on September 6, 2019. In late September and October 2019, MCV Action Fund made
- disbursements in support of several city council candidates, including donations to the
- candidates; payments to MCV Action Fund's connected organization, Montana Conservation
- Voters ("MCV"), apparently to partially reimburse it for payroll expenses related to canvassing
- activities; and payments to vendors for mailers and endorsement cards.<sup>7</sup>
- In an undated exchange, a canvasser identifying himself as "Ross with Montana"
- 16 Conservation Voters" texted that MCV is supporting a specific candidate in the upcoming city
- 17 council election and asked if MCV could count on the recipient to vote for the candidate.<sup>8</sup> The
- recipient asked the canvasser whether MCV discloses its donors, and specifically asked who
- 19 funds "[L]eague of [C]onservation [V]oters" in Washington, D.C. The canvasser responded

Id. at 2, Ex.1; LCV Victory Fund, Statement of Organization (July 30, 2010) (registering as an IEPOC). See also LCV Victory Fund, 2019 September Monthly Report at 30 (Sept. 20, 2019) (disclosing a \$38,000 disbursement to MCV Action Fund on August 29, 2019).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Compl., Ex. 2.

<sup>8</sup> *Id.*, Ex. 4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> *Id*.

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- that the League works on Federal races and receives support from "big foundations and donors
- 2 from around the country and world." The canvasser added that MCV receives support grants
- from them "from time to time" and stated that "this is all legal work." 11
- Based only on the text exchange with the canvasser about the League of Conservation
- 5 Voters's stated international sources of funds, the Complaint infers that MCV Action Fund
- 6 received contributions knowing "the League," identified in the body of the Complaint as
- 7 LCVAF, received funding that "could include" funds from foreign nationals in violation of
- 8 52 U.S.C. § 30121(a). 12

9 Respondents point out that LCV Victory Fund, not LCVAF, made the donation at issue

as shown in the copy of MCV Action Fund's state disclosure report included as Exhibit 1 to the

- 11 Complaint. 13 LCVAF states that LCV Victory Fund is an IEOPC and discloses its funding
- sources to the Commission, and it asserts that the Complaint fails to identify any contribution to
- 13 LCV Victory Fund allegedly received from a foreign national. 14 It further states that LCV
- Victory Fund does not solicit, accept, or receive contributions from foreign nationals, and it
- maintains that the LCV Victory Fund follows Commission regulations, including requiring
- 16 committee treasurers to make their best efforts to determine the legality of contributions that

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> *Id*.

Id. at 2, 4. Section 30121(a) and Commission regulations at 11 C.F.R. §§ 110.20(b) and (g) prohibit any "foreign national" from "directly or indirectly" making a contribution or donation in connection with a federal, state, or local election and prohibit any person from knowingly soliciting, accepting or receiving such a contribution or donation. The term "knowingly" is defined as having "actual knowledge" that the source is a foreign national, or being aware of "facts that would lead a reasonable person to conclude that there is a substantial probability that" or "facts that would lead a reasonable person to inquire whether" the source is a foreign national. 11 C.F.R. § 110.20(a)(4).

LCVAF Resp. at 1; MCV Action Fund Resp. at 1, n.2.

LCVAF Resp. at 2.

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- present genuine questions as to whether they were made by foreign nationals. <sup>15</sup> As to the
- 2 canvasser's text message statements, Respondents state that the canvasser is associated with
- 3 MCV Action Fund and has no actual knowledge of LCV Victory Fund's funding sources. 16
- 4 LCV Victory Fund's disclosure reports confirm that it, not LCVAF, made the donation at
- 5 issue. The relevant disclosure reports do not reflect any apparent contributions from a foreign
- 6 national or any foreign source, and the Complaint fails to identify any contribution allegedly
- 7 from a foreign national.<sup>17</sup> Based on these facts, together with Respondents' statements that LCV
- 8 Victory Fund did not accept, solicit, or receive contributions from foreign nationals and follows
- 9 Commission regulations concerning possible impermissible contributions, the Commission finds
- 10 no reason to believe that Montana Conservation Voters Action Fund and League of Conservation
- 11 Voters Action Fund violated 52 U.S.C. § 30121(a).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> *Id*.

Id.; MCV Action Fund Resp. at 1. MCV Action Fund also states that, based on its knowledge of LCV Victory Fund's "sophisticated" compliance operation and the law, its leadership reasonably believed that LCV Victory Fund contained no funds from international donors and no facts were present that would lead leadership or any reasonable person to conclude that LCV Victory Fund's donation was from a foreign national. Id. at 2.

LCV Victory Fund has accepted contributions from League of Conservation Voters, Inc., a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code. To the extent the canvasser's statement and the Complaint could be read to imply that the League of Conservation Voters, Inc., accepted contributions from foreign nationals that may have flowed through LCV Victory Fund to MCV Action Fund, an examination of LCV Victory Fund's disclosure reports reveals this does not appear to be the case. Prior to LCV Victory Fund's donation to MCV Action Fund, it last received contributions from League of Conservation Voters, Inc. in October 2018. LCV Victory Fund's subsequent reports indicate it had spent those funds and other cash on hand at the time by the end of May 2019, three months before the donation at issue.