



**FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION**  
Washington, DC 20463

September 24, 2021

Michael A. Columbo  
Dhillon Law Group Inc.  
177 Post Street  
Suite 700  
San Francisco, CA 94108

RE: MUR 7661  
Simon & Schuster, Inc.

Dear Mr. Columbo:

On November 13, 2019, the Federal Election Commission notified your client, Simon & Schuster, Inc., of a complaint alleging violations of certain sections of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended. On September 2, 2021, the Commission found, on the basis of the information in the complaint and information provided by you, that there is no reason to believe your client violated 52 U.S.C. § 30118(a). Accordingly, the Commission closed its file in this matter.

Documents related to the case will be placed on the public record within 30 days. *See* Disclosure of Certain Documents in Enforcement and Other Matters, 81 Fed. Reg. 50,702 (Aug. 2, 2016). The Factual and Legal Analysis, which explains the Commission's findings, is enclosed for your information.

If you have any questions, please contact Amanda Andrade, the attorney assigned to this matter, at (202) 694-1650.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Jin Lee".

Jin Lee  
Acting Assistant General Counsel

Enclosure  
Factual and Legal Analysis

**FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION****FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS**

RESPONDENTS: Matt Jones for Kentucky Exploratory Committee and Andrew Jefferson, in his official capacity as treasurer  
Matt Jones  
Kentucky Sports Radio, LLC  
iHeartMedia, Inc.  
Simon & Schuster, Inc.

MUR 7661

**I. INTRODUCTION**

The Complaint in this matter alleges that Matt Jones, a popular Kentucky radio host who once contemplated a run for the U.S. Senate, accepted corporate contributions from iHeartMedia, Inc. (“iHeart”) for carrying his radio show, as well as from publisher Simon & Schuster, Inc. (“Simon & Schuster”) in connection with an alleged book tour. The Response from iHeart provides details of its agreement with Jones and claims that its conduct is protected by the Commission’s press exemption. The Response from Simon & Schuster similarly includes details about its contract with Jones and argues that the contract was an arms-length commercial transaction not subject to regulation by the Commission.

The available information indicates that neither iHeart nor Simon & Schuster made political contributions as defined by the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended (the “Act”), because iHeart’s payments for airing Jones’s radio program satisfied the press exemption and Simon and Schuster’s payments for Jones’s book constituted *bona fide* commercial activity. Accordingly, the Commission finds no reason to believe that iHeart or Simon & Schuster made, and that Matt Jones and his exploratory committee accepted, prohibited corporate contributions in violation of 52 U.S.C. § 30118(a). Because the Commission finds no reason to believe the allegations involving prohibited corporate contributions, the Commission

MUR 7661

Matt Jones for Kentucky Exploratory Committee, *et al.*

Factual and Legal Analysis

also finds no reason to believe that the Complaint's related allegation that the exploratory committee failed to disclose those contributions. In addition, the Commission finds no reason to believe the allegations against Kentucky Sports Radio, LLC because the available information suggests that it is an entity unconnected to Jones's radio show, and therefore not implicated by the Complaint's allegations.

## II. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

Matt Jones is the host of a popular syndicated radio program called "Kentucky Sports Radio" ("KSR"), which began in 2010 and is now carried by 38 stations across the Commonwealth of Kentucky.<sup>1</sup> KSR is primarily about University of Kentucky sports, but also routinely covers a wide range of political and non-political topics.<sup>2</sup> In 2019, Jones began discussing on KSR the possibility of running for U.S. Senate against incumbent Senator Mitch McConnell. For example, he made the following statements:

- April 16, 2019: "I think [McConnell] has been in office too long . . . I mean, term limits would do so many good things for this country. . . . So that to me is the one, even if you like him, you've got to agree. Nobody should be in office for 36 years."
- May 7, 2019: "I will keep doing the show no matter what . . . this would be the daily communication, I think it would be fascinating. Right? Like as we're tracking . . . yes, we would keep doing the show, uh, all the way through the campaign."
- May 7, 2019: "So yeah, I think the chance, look, the chance of winning would not be high. But I will say this, I'm the only person I think who can win."
- July 9, 2019: "I thought my reasoning was very simple because I think Mitch McConnell does not stand up for the average Kentuckian, the kind of person that's here."<sup>3</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> Resp. of iHeart at 2 (Dec. 19, 2019).

<sup>2</sup> *See generally id.* at 2-4, Matt Jones Aff. ¶ 6 (Nov. 26, 2019).

<sup>3</sup> Compl. at n.10.

MUR 7661

Matt Jones for Kentucky Exploratory Committee, *et al.*

Factual and Legal Analysis

1 In this same time period, Jones also contracted with publishing house Simon & Schuster  
 2 to write a book critical of McConnell for release in 2020. Jones met with a publishing executive  
 3 in June 2019, and on August 15, 2019, he explained on KSR that the book would be “about the  
 4 state of Kentucky and how I think we’ve had a really powerful Senator in Mitch McConnell  
 5 who’s ignored the state of Kentucky.”<sup>4</sup> Jones further described the book as “a love letter to  
 6 Kentucky” and said the book was “really about the state.”<sup>5</sup> The idea behind the book would be:  
 7 “What if I told the story, one story in each county, all 120 [counties in Kentucky], to showcase  
 8 how I feel like Senator McConnell has kind of forgotten about his state. . . .”<sup>6</sup> Jones, clarified,  
 9 however, that the book “is not a precursor to anything. I’m doing this whether I run or not.”<sup>7</sup>  
 10 Jones signed a contract with Simon & Schuster to write “Mitch, Please!” on September 4, 2019,<sup>8</sup>  
 11 which specified that Jones would be paid an advance of \$90,000 in three installments.<sup>9</sup> Simon  
 12 & Schuster claims these payment terms are similar to the agreements it makes with other authors,  
 13 both political and non-political.<sup>10</sup>

14 On September 10, 2019, Jones filed a Statement of Candidacy and registered an  
 15 exploratory committee with the Commission for the stated purpose of “testing the waters” for a  
 16 potential Senate run.<sup>11</sup> According to the Respondents, Jones and iHeart set ground rules about

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<sup>4</sup> Resp. of Simon & Schuster at Attach. 1 (Dec. 10, 2019).

<sup>5</sup> *Id.*

<sup>6</sup> *Id.*

<sup>7</sup> *Id.*

<sup>8</sup> The book was released on March 31, 2020.

<sup>9</sup> Resp. of Simon & Schuster at Attach. 2.

<sup>10</sup> *Id.* at 11.

<sup>11</sup> Matt Jones, Statement of Candidacy (Sept. 10, 2019); Matt Jones for Kentucky Exploratory Committee, Misc. Rept. (Sept. 10, 2019) (“Today, Matt Jones filed FEC Form 2 to designate Matt Jones for Kentucky

MUR 7661

Matt Jones for Kentucky Exploratory Committee, *et al.*

Factual and Legal Analysis

1 what Jones could say about his testing-the-waters effort on KSR. On August 29, 2019, Jones  
2 told his listeners on KSR:

3 The radio station [has] asked one thing: I not use the show to promote the  
4 exploratory committee. And I think that's totally reasonable and I agree.  
5 Over the next seven or eight weeks I'm going to be on the road so I'm  
6 going to be in some of these places and I'll talk about being in those  
7 places, but I won't talk about the committee and all that because I think  
8 that's a fair request by iHeart.<sup>12</sup>  
9

10 The Complaint nonetheless alleges that Jones used KSR to promote his candidacy. For  
11 example, the Complaint points out that on October 9, 2019, Jones said on KSR: "Here's one of  
12 the things. Every place I go in this state, one of the questions I ask is when is the last time Mitch  
13 McConnell has been here? And they say never, or they say it's been ten years."<sup>13</sup> The  
14 Complaint also alleges that Jones used money from Simon & Schuster to pay for a book tour that  
15 was just an excuse to promote his candidacy, stating that "[a]fter launching his campaign,  
16 Mr. Jones began his tour across the state, which upon information and belief is being financed at  
17 least in part by Simon & Schuster."<sup>14</sup> Jones and Simon & Schuster both deny that the publisher  
18 financed any pre-publication book tour.<sup>15</sup>

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Exploratory Committee as a principal campaign committee for 'testing-the-waters' purposes only. Mr. Jones is not a candidate for federal office and is only engaging in 'testing-the-waters' activities at this time.").

<sup>12</sup> Resp. of iHeart at 5; *see also* Jones Aff. ¶ 7 ("After announcing the formation of the exploratory committee, I did not further discuss the activities of the exploratory committee, seek to raise funds for the exploratory committee, or ask anyone to support any potential candidacy on the radio show.").

<sup>13</sup> Compl. at n.10.

<sup>14</sup> *Id.* at 6 (the Complaint does not include any information to support its assertion).

<sup>15</sup> Resp. of Matt Jones at 2 (Nov. 27, 2019); Resp. of Simon & Schuster at 6.

MUR 7661

Matt Jones for Kentucky Exploratory Committee, *et al.*

Factual and Legal Analysis

Jones ultimately decided not to run for office.<sup>16</sup> On November 25, 2019, Jones announced that he had reached an agreement with iHeart to continue KSR for another five years.<sup>17</sup>

### III. LEGAL ANALYSIS

#### A. The Press Exemption Appears to Apply to KSR

The Act defines “contribution” and “expenditure” to include the gift of “anything of value” for the purpose of influencing a Federal election.<sup>18</sup> The term “anything of value” includes all in-kind contributions.<sup>19</sup> Corporations are prohibited from making contributions to a candidate for Federal office,<sup>20</sup> and committees are prohibited from knowingly accepting contributions from corporations.<sup>21</sup>

The Act however exempts from the definition of “contribution” and “expenditure” “[a]ny cost incurred in covering or carrying a news story, commentary, or editorial by any broadcasting station . . . unless the facility is owned or controlled by any political party, political committee, or candidate.”<sup>22</sup> This exclusion is generally referred to as the “press exemption” or “media

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<sup>16</sup> Resp. of iHeart at 6 (*citing* Sarah Ladd, “Matt Jones Coming Back on Kentucky Sports Radio, Re-Signs with iHeart Media,” LOUISVILLE COURIER J. (Nov. 25, 2019)); Jones Aff. ¶ 1. The Complaint and the Responses disagree about whether Jones ever triggered candidacy under the Act. There are many reasons to conclude he did not — his public statements from this time period consistently discuss merely exploring a candidacy and state that he had not made up his mind to run. Even assuming that Jones *was* a candidate, however, the Commission finds no reason to believe a violation occurred based on the reasons that follow.

<sup>17</sup> Resp. of iHeart at 6.

<sup>18</sup> 52 U.S.C. § 30101(8)(A)(i), (9)(A)(i).

<sup>19</sup> 11 C.F.R. §§ 100.52(d)(1), 100.111(e)(1).

<sup>20</sup> 52 U.S.C. § 30118(a); 11 C.F.R. § 114.2(b).

<sup>21</sup> 52 U.S.C. § 30118(a); 11 C.F.R. §§ 110.1(g), 114.2(b).

<sup>22</sup> 52 U.S.C. § 30101(9)(B)(i); 11 C.F.R. §§ 100.73, 100.132.

MUR 7661

Matt Jones for Kentucky Exploratory Committee, *et al.*

Factual and Legal Analysis

1 exemption.”<sup>23</sup> A communication subject to the press exemption is also exempt from the Act’s  
 2 disclosure, disclaimer, and reporting requirements.<sup>24</sup>

3 To determine whether the press exemption applies, the Commission uses a two-part  
 4 test.<sup>25</sup> First, it asks whether the entity that engaged in the activity is a “press entity” as described  
 5 by the Act and regulations.<sup>26</sup> Second, if the entity is a press entity, the exemption will apply so  
 6 long as it (a) is not owned or controlled by a political party, political committee, or candidate,  
 7 and (b) is acting within its “legitimate press function” in conducting the activity.<sup>27</sup>

8 First, there appears to be no dispute that iHeart is a press entity for purposes of the media  
 9 exemption. Although neither the Act nor Commission regulations define “press entity,” the  
 10 Commission has explained that “when determining whether the term applies to a particular  
 11 entity, the Commission has focused on whether the entity in question produces on a regular basis  
 12 a program that disseminates news stories, commentary, and/or editorials.”<sup>28</sup> The Response from  
 13 iHeart notes that it is “a leading global media and entertainment company” that “delivers music,  
 14 news, talk, sports and other content.”<sup>29</sup> The Complaint similarly describes iHeart as “a mass  
 15 media corporation that, among other activities, provides syndication of radio programming.”<sup>30</sup>

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<sup>23</sup> Advisory Op. 2010-08 (Citizens United) at 3 (“AO 2010-08”).

<sup>24</sup> *Id.* at 7.

<sup>25</sup> *Id.* at 4; Advisory Op. 2005-16 (Fired Up!) at 4 (“AO 2005-16”).

<sup>26</sup> AO 2010-08 at 4; AO 2005-16 at 4.

<sup>27</sup> *Reader’s Digest Ass’n, Inc. v. Fed. Election Comm’n*, 509 F. Supp. 1210, 1215 (S.D.N.Y. 1981).

<sup>28</sup> AO 2010-08 at 5.

<sup>29</sup> Resp. of iHeart at 2.

<sup>30</sup> Compl. at 2.

MUR 7661

Matt Jones for Kentucky Exploratory Committee, *et al.*

Factual and Legal Analysis

1 The Commission has previously considered iHeart, under its previous name, Clear Channel  
 2 Communications, a press entity.<sup>31</sup>

3 Second, with respect to the ownership prong of the test, the Complaint alleges that Jones  
 4 owns and controls KSR through a limited liability company, Kentucky Sports Radio LLC,  
 5 registered with the commonwealth of Kentucky.<sup>32</sup> However, the Complaint does not allege that  
 6 Jones or Kentucky Sports Radio LLC own or control iHeart, nor does it allege that iHeart is  
 7 owned or controlled by any other political party, political committee or candidate. Thus, iHeart  
 8 satisfies the ownership prong of the media exemption.

9 In looking at the next prong of the test — whether the entity is acting within its  
 10 “legitimate press function” — the Commission has examined whether the entity’s materials are  
 11 available to the general public and whether they are comparable in form to those ordinarily  
 12 issued by the entity.<sup>33</sup> The mere existence of political advocacy within a program does not  
 13 disqualify it from the media exemption.<sup>34</sup> In this case, there appears to be no question that KSR  
 14 was available to the general public; the show was publicly broadcast in Kentucky, and archives  
 15 are available in podcast form online to anyone in the world. KSR has been on the air since 2010,  
 16 and the Response from iHeart cites numerous articles describing the show as a mix of political

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<sup>31</sup> See Resp. of iHeart at 9 (citing First General Counsel’s Report at 6, MUR 6936 (Geoff Charles) (noting that the Commission had previously recognized Clear Channel as a press entity and recommending same)); see F&LA at 5-6, MUR 6242 (J.D. Hayworth 2010) (finding media exemption applied to a Clear Channel broadcast).

<sup>32</sup> Compl. at 4 (Nov. 7, 2019).

<sup>33</sup> See Factual & Legal Analysis at 5, MUR 6242 (J.D. Hayworth 2010) (“F&LA”) (citing AO 2005-16).

<sup>34</sup> See AO 2005-16 at 6 (“The Commission notes that an entity otherwise eligible for the press exception would not lose its eligibility merely because of a lack of objectivity in a news story, commentary, or editorial, even if the news story, commentary, or editorial expressly advocates the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate for Federal office.”).



MUR 7661

Matt Jones for Kentucky Exploratory Committee, *et al.*

Factual and Legal Analysis

1 and non-political coverage years before Jones considered his run.<sup>35</sup> A review of the show also  
 2 confirms that KSR occasionally ventured into political discussion prior to Jones exploring a  
 3 candidacy. And although Jones was critical of Senator McConnell, the Commission concludes  
 4 that the Complaint's handful of quotes are not representative of a shift in the program's overall  
 5 focus.

6 The Commission has also determined that a press entity is not acting within its  
 7 "legitimate press function" when a person pays it to air the communication in question and  
 8 maintains control over the content of the communication.<sup>36</sup> As discussed above, the Complaint  
 9 alleges that Jones owns and controls KSR through Kentucky Sports Radio LLC. However, the  
 10 Complaint does not allege that either Kentucky Sports Radio LLC or Jones paid iHeart to air  
 11 KSR. Moreover, Respondents state that the Complaint is mistaken and that Kentucky Sports  
 12 Radio LLC does not own or control KSR at all, and that it is instead an entity connected to  
 13 Jones's website.<sup>37</sup> Both iHeart and Kentucky Sports Radio LLC explain that iHeart owns KSR,  
 14 Jones is an employee of iHeart, and iHeart pays Jones directly for his on-air talent.<sup>38</sup> In his  
 15 affidavit, Jones also states that iHeart is his employer.<sup>39</sup> This arrangement, where an established

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<sup>35</sup> Resp. of iHeart at 2-3 (citing articles from 2015-2018).

<sup>36</sup> F&LA at 6, MUR 6089 (People with Hart Inc.) ("F&LA") ("We conclude that the radio station is a press entity but that it is not acting as a press entity when it airs the Program because another entity pays for the airtime and maintains control over the content of the show."); *id.* at 7 (stating that MUR 5297 (Wolfe) found that "the station was not acting as a press entity but as an entrepreneur when it aired a show hosted by Wolfe because Wolfe paid for the airtime and maintained complete control over the content of the show"); *see also* F&LA at 6-9, MUR 7073 (Meluskey for U.S. Senate) ("The Commission concludes that the press exemption does not apply to "The Alex Meluskey Show" because Meluskey (or organizations he owned) owned and controlled the show while he was a candidate and Meluskey (or an entity he owned) paid to air the show.").

<sup>37</sup> Resp. of Kentucky Sports Radio, LLC at 1 (Dec. 2, 2019).

<sup>38</sup> *Id.*; Resp. of iHeart at 2.

<sup>39</sup> Jones Aff. ¶ 5; Resp. of Matt Jones at 1. None of the Responses, however, include documents such as contracts or pay stubs that could verify these claims.

MUR 7661

Matt Jones for Kentucky Exploratory Committee, *et al.*

Factual and Legal Analysis

1 media company employs a radio host, is analogous to numerous instances in which the  
 2 Commission has found that the press exemption applied,<sup>40</sup> and distinguishes it from the  
 3 precedent cited in the Complaint.<sup>41</sup> Because the Complaint does not cite any evidence beyond its  
 4 “information and belief,”<sup>42</sup> which is rebutted by numerous respondents, the available information  
 5 is insufficient to establish that Jones owned or controlled KSR or paid iHeart, either directly or  
 6 through Kentucky Sports Radio LLC, to air KSR.

7 Based on the circumstances described above, the Commission finds no reason to believe  
 8 that iHeart violated 52 U.S.C. § 30118(a) by making corporate contributions, and that Matt  
 9 Jones, Matt Jones for Kentucky Exploratory Committee and Andrew Jefferson in his official  
 10 capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C. § 30118(a) by accepting corporate contributions. The  
 11 Commission therefore also finds no reason to believe that Matt Jones for Kentucky Exploratory  
 12 Committee and Andrew Jefferson in his official capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C.  
 13 § 30104(b) by failing to report corporate contributions from iHeart. Finally, because there is no  
 14 information indicating that Kentucky Sports Radio, LLC, has any connection to KSR, the  
 15 Commission finds no reason to believe that Kentucky Sports Radio, LLC, violated 52 U.S.C.  
 16 § 30118(a) by making corporate contributions.

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<sup>40</sup> See F&LA at 5, MUR 6242 (J.D. Hayworth 2010) (“Commission decisions on past MURs involving radio talk show hosts who later became candidates have never found that a host/candidate ‘owned or controlled’ the entity for purposes of the press exemption on the basis that the host/candidate had a role in determining program content.”) (citing MUR 5555 (Friends of Dave Ross) and MUR 4689 (Robert Dornan)).

<sup>41</sup> See F&LA at 6-9, MUR 7073 (Meluskey for U.S. Senate).

<sup>42</sup> Compl. at 4.

MUR 7661

Matt Jones for Kentucky Exploratory Committee, *et al.*

Factual and Legal Analysis

**B. Simon & Schuster’s Book Deal with Jones Appears to Constitute *Bona Fide* Commercial Activity**

Under the Act and Commission regulations, an individual or entity does not make a contribution if they provide goods and services at the usual and normal charge.<sup>43</sup> Thus, the Commission has concluded that a “corporation’s *bona fide* commercial activity” is not a contribution subject to regulation under the Act.<sup>44</sup> In Advisory Opinion 2014-06 (Ryan), the Commission was presented with facts similar to the ones in this case: a federal candidate published a book containing political material. According to the submission, “Representative Ryan’s agreement with the Publisher provides for the payment to Representative Ryan of royalties based on what the request describes as an industry-standard percentage of net sales revenue.”<sup>45</sup> The Commission concluded that “the Publisher’s costs and expenses for the publication and promotion of Representative Ryan’s book are not subject to the Act’s regulation because they are *bona fide* commercial activity,” further noting that the “publication, promotion, and sale [of Ryan’s book] — especially as conducted by a long established and prominent publisher that publishes a wide variety of different types of books, both political and non-political — are genuine commercial activity on their face.”<sup>46</sup>

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<sup>43</sup> 11 C.F.R. §§ 100.52(d), 100.110(e).

<sup>44</sup> Advisory Op. 2014-06 (Ryan) (“AO 2014-06”); *see also* Advisory Op. 1994-30 (Conservative Concepts).

<sup>45</sup> AO 2014-06 at 2.

<sup>46</sup> *Id.* at 9 (internal citation and quotation marks omitted). In addition, the media exemption may apply to the contract between Jones and Simon & Schuster. The Commission has applied that exemption to similar payments by publishers on behalf of candidate-authors. *See, e.g.*, F&LA at 8-12, MUR 6989 (Dr. Ben Carson) (dismissing allegations that a candidate accepted prohibited corporate contributions in connection with a book tour under the media exemption). However, because the Commission dismisses on the grounds that the contract between Simon & Schuster and Jones was a *bona fide* commercial transaction, the Commission need not determine whether these activities would also qualify for the media exemption. *See* AO 2014-06 at n.4.

MUR 7661

Matt Jones for Kentucky Exploratory Committee, *et al.*

Factual and Legal Analysis

1           The facts in this case are virtually indistinguishable. Simon & Schuster is a prominent  
 2 publisher that was founded 95 years ago; according to its Response, Simon & Schuster publishes  
 3 about 2,000 titles every year, which include a variety of non-political books as well as political  
 4 books from members of different parties.<sup>47</sup> Moreover, the contract between Jones and Simon &  
 5 Schuster appears to be a standard arrangement.<sup>48</sup> There is no indication that Simon & Schuster  
 6 funded a speaking tour, as alleged in the Complaint. Jones states in his affidavit that Simon &  
 7 Schuster funds were not used for the tour and that he personally funded it.<sup>49</sup> Similarly, Simon &  
 8 Schuster denies funding the tour.<sup>50</sup> There is also no information to suggest that Jones used his  
 9 payment from Simon & Schuster to fund the tour — though under Commission regulations,  
 10 doing so would likely be permissible.<sup>51</sup> The Commission therefore finds no reason to believe  
 11 that Simon & Schuster violated 52 U.S.C. § 30118(a) by making corporate contributions, and  
 12 that Matt Jones, Matt Jones for Kentucky Exploratory Committee and Andrew Jefferson in his  
 13 official capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C. § 30118(a) by accepting corporate contributions.  
 14 The Commission also therefore finds no reason to believe that Matt Jones for Kentucky  
 15 Exploratory Committee and Andrew Jefferson in his official capacity as treasurer violated 52  
 16 U.S.C. § 30104(b) by failing to report a corporate contribution from Simon & Schuster.

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<sup>47</sup> Resp. of Simon & Schuster at 11.

<sup>48</sup> The Complaint repeatedly attempts to frame the money paid to Jones as payment for a premature book tour. *See* Compl. at 14-15. However, the contract between Jones and Simon & Schuster makes clear that Jones was merely paid a flat fee to deliver a manuscript. *See* Resp. from Simon & Schuster at Attach. 2. Since the Complaint and Responses were filed in this matter, Simon & Schuster has published “Mitch, Please!”

<sup>49</sup> Jones Aff. ¶¶ 14-15.

<sup>50</sup> Resp. of Simon & Schuster at 6.

<sup>51</sup> *See* 11 C.F.R. § 100.33(b)(1) (a candidate’s “personal funds” include “earned income that the candidate earns from bona fide employment”).