MUR #___734/

GENERAL COUNSEL 2018 MAR -6 AM II: 55

Mr. Timothy B. Belch

Greenville, NC 27858

March 1, 2018

Lisa J. Stevenson Acting General Counsel Federal Election Commission 999 E. Street, NW Washington, DC 20463

Re: Violation of Federal Law and FEC Regulations by Philip J. Law

Dear Ms. Stevenson:

Pursuant to 52 U.S.C. § 30109(a)(1) and 11 C.F.R. § 111.4, please accept this letter as a Complaint against Philip J. Law ("Candidate" or "Law") for campaigning for federal office in violation of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended (the "Act"), and Federal Election Commission ("FEC" or "Commission") regulations, and, more specifically, for payments of the candidate's personal expenses and obligations that would exist irrespective of his candidacy by members of the candidate's extended family in violation of 11 C.F.R. § 113.1. On their face, the candidate's financial disclosure documents and FEC filings warrant a thorough investigation by the Commission.

Facts Relating to 2016 Campaign Cycle

Law was a candidate for the U.S. House of Representatives in North Carolina's Third Congressional District for the 2016 election cycle.

On March 7, 2015, Law announced his candidacy at the Craven County GOP Convention at the Craven County Courthouse. On March 9, 2015, Law filed FEC Form 1, Statement of Organization, and FEC Form 2, Statement of Candidacy. Law's Form 1 designated Laurie Jean Breininger of Clover, South Carolina, as his Treasurer and Custodian of Records. It also named Beth Ann Breininger as his Assistant Treasurer. Upon information and belief, Laurie Jean Breininger is Law's maternal aunt. Upon information and belief, Beth Ann Breininger (also known as Beth Ann Garcia) is Law's mother.

On March 31, 2015, Law filed his first quarter report with the FEC, reporting \$50,660 in itemized individual contributions for the period, representing 19 processed checks, the majority

of which were in the amount of \$2700. Upon information and belief, the majority of these contributions, including those made by the Beasleys, Breiningers, and Garcias, were made by extended family members. One contribution was purportedly made by John-Michael George Allaire, a student at the time of filing. Mr. Allaire's Facebook page recently indicated that he is still a student and is still unemployed. See Exhibit 1 attached. Accordingly, it defies logic that Mr. Allaire had the personal funds available to him in 2015 to make such a contribution as required by federal law. Indeed, the number of extended family members who made the maximum individual contribution in the first few weeks of the campaign before the first filing deadline also strains credulity. On his first report, Law processed 23 different payments on 4 different days totaling \$50,660. Additionally, Law reported a personal loan to the campaign of \$8500 also on March 10, 2015.

Under the Rules set forth in the House Ethics Committee Manual, Law qualified as a candidate for the House on March 10, 2015 after having raised more than \$5,000 for his campaign. The House Ethics Committee Manual also mandates that all candidates submit a Financial Disclosure Report with the Clerk of the House of Representatives within 30 days of having qualified — in his case on April 10, 2015. However, on April 4, 2015, Law requested and received a 90 day extension and finally submitted his disclosure on August 13, 2015. See Exhibit 2 attached. On that report, Law disclosed a modest amount of unearned income for the current year up to filing as well as the preceding year. He also indicated earned income in the preceding year of \$11,648 and \$11,648 in the year 2015 current to filing. Additionally, Law indicated that no qualified blind trusts or other excepted trusts or other assets of a spouse or dependent child were excluded from his report.

Law's personal loan to the campaign in March of 2015 constituted 73% of his reported annual income current to filing of the disclosure. In addition to the personal loan to his campaign, Law made personal contributions to his campaign totaling \$35,900.08, an amount more than three times his reported annual earned income at the time. Given his financial assets at the time, it defies logic that the funds Law contributed to his campaign could have actually been his personal funds. This inconsistency demands a thorough investigation by the Commission.

Law took a leave of absence from his employer for more than a year during the campaign, beginning some time in the spring of 2015. See Exhibit 3 attached, including a variety of news reports. Indeed, his first quarter FEC report indicated that he leased office space for the campaign soon after announcing in March of 2015. Upon information and belief, during this time and throughout the primary election cycle, neither Law nor his spouse, Erin Schmid Law, earned any income. The couple have three minor children. When the primary was over in early June of 2016, his employer in Jacksonville, North Carolina was no longer operating at the same location, and upon information and belief, he began work in Raleigh.

Law indicated on his Financial Disclosure that his home in Jacksonville, North Carolina, was valued between \$100,000 and \$250,000. According to Onslow County property records, Law and his wife acquired the home on May 10, 2006, for \$239,500. See Exhibit 4 attached. They took out a mortgage on the property with Navy Federal Credit Union in the amount of \$189,500 on the same date. See Exhibit 5 attached. A lien release of the security interest held by Navy Federal Credit Union was filed with the Onslow County Register of Deeds office on October 16,

2017. See Exhibit 6 attached. Ultimately, on December 21, 2017, Law sold their Jacksonville home for \$185,000, taking a loss of \$54,500 on the home. See Exhibit 7 attached.

Given the totality of Law's personal financial situation, it is a mathematical impossibility for him to have loaned and contributed his own personal funds in the reported amounts to his campaign. In addition, it defies logic that he could have supported himself and his family and paid basic personal expenses during the pendency of the campaign out of his own personal funds, if one assumes that his Financial Disclosure was truthful. Accordingly, the facts presented warrant a thorough investigation by the Commission.

II. Facts Relating to the 2018 Campaign Cycle

On February 1, 2018, Law filed FEC Form 1 with the Commission. His Form 1 indicates that Kristin Laney of Jacksonville is currently serving as his Treasurer. He had previously filed a Form 2 Statement of Candidacy in May of 2017. However, as of today's date, he has not yet filed a new Financial Disclosure Report with the Clerk of the House of Representatives. Upon information and belief, Law has indicated to his supporters that he has more than \$50,000 available to him to assist him in this new campaign effort. It is unknown whether this is his own funds, promised funds or contributions in hand. However, there is evidence that he is expending funds in support of his campaign by renting a booth at a gun show in Jacksonville on Sunday, February 4, and in Greenville on February 10 and 11, for example, as pictured on his campaign's Facebook page. See Phil Law for Congress on Facebook. No financial reports have yet been filed by his committee during this election cycle, but one must wonder whether or not such a report should have already been filed.

Since the 2016 cycle, Law has relocated his family to Raleigh for work, registered to vote in Wake County, and has added to his personal financial obligations by purchasing two properties in Wake County. In November of 2016, he purchased a town home located

Way in Raleigh for \$182,000. See Exhibit 8 attached. He put down twenty percent of the cost of the home and took out a mortgage for the balance, \$145,600. See Exhibit 9 attached. Then, nearly a year later in November of 2017, he and his wife purchased a home in Wake County for \$630,000 with a mortgage in the amount of \$530,000. See Exhibits 10 and 11 attached.

If, as in the last election cycle, Law intends to collect campaign contributions from family members and then rely on the assistance of extended family members to pay his living expenses while he takes a leave of absence from his job, he may be about to violate the Act and applicable FEC regulations once again. Accordingly, a thorough investigation of his current circumstances by the Commission is required.

III. Legal Analysis

Assuming that the candidate's 2015 Financial Disclosure was accurate, he could not have had the personal financial wherewithal to support his family of five for more than a year during the 2016 campaign cycle. One of two scenarios seem likely. First, Law could have had members of his extended family, two of whom were successful corporate executives, make third party payments of his personal expenses. Second, Law could have received monetary gifts from his extended

family to enable him to support his wife and children while he campaigned for office. Either scenario constitutes a violation of the Act.

Under 52 U.S.C. § 30101(26), a candidate's personal funds are very specifically defined to include assets the candidate had a legal right of access to or control over at the time the individual became a candidate, the income received during the election cycle from bona fide employment, and a portion of any assets jointly owned with the candidate's spouse. If Law's family members made payments to third parties on his behalf to enable him to go without any income during the campaign, those funds were campaign funds otherwise converted to personal use. See 52 U.S.C § 30114. A third party payment of a mortgage, utility payment, automobile expense, household food, or tuition would all qualify as a campaign contribution converted to personal use under the law. Likewise, monetary transfers made directly to the candidate or his spouse for the purpose of paying personal expenses would have to be considered campaign contributions, unless the payment would have been made irrespective of the candidacy. 11 C.F.R. § 113.1(g)(6) and 113.1(g)(7).

Although it is difficult to determine exactly which of Law's past contributors are family members, it is clear that his mother, Beth Ann Garcia, and maternal aunts, Laurie Jean Breininger and Lynn Joann Breininger (also known as Lynn Joann Beasley and Lynn Joann Johnson) were instrumental in his campaign. His mother and his aunt Laurie served as his assistant treasurer and treasurer, and many members of the Breininger family were contributors. The Act specifically prohibits contributions in the name of another individual. 52 U.S.C. § 30122. Given the number of family members who are reported contributors, a thorough investigation of the source and circumstances of their contributions is warranted.

Law may be about to violate the Act in this current election cycle as well. An individual becomes a candidate and triggers registration and reporting requirements under the Act when campaign activity exceeds \$5,000 in either contributions or expenditures. 52 U.S.C. § 30101(2). Almost immediately upon filing in 2015, Law had approximately \$50,000 in contributions from extended family members in hand. The timing and sources of those contributions as well as any made in 2018 warrant a thorough investigation by the Commission.

IV. Conclusion

Upon information and belief and based upon the facts set forth herein, Law has likely violated and may be about to violate the Act and FEC regulations. Accordingly, I respectfully request that the Commission find reason to believe that a violation has occurred and conduct an immediate investigation into the violations outlined above and impose the maximum penalty under the law.

The foregoing is correct and accurate to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.

Respectfully submitted,



Timothy B. Belch

Sworn to and subscribed before me this

_day of March, 2018.

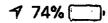
GEORGIA RIGGS NOTARY PUBLIC PHI COUNTY, NC Ny Commission Engires: 10-08-2020

My Commission Expires

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EDUCATION



Forsyth Tech

Mechanical engineering technology



Mount Tabor High School

High School Class of 2014

2014

PLACES HE'S LIVED



FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE REPORT

Filing ID #10005131

Clerk of the House of Representatives • Legislative Resource Center • 135 Cannon Building • Washington, DC 20515

FILER INFORMATION

Name:

Philip Joseph Law

Status:

Congressional Candidate

State/District:

NC₀₃

FILING INFORMATION

Filing Type:

Candidate Report

Filing Year:

2015

Filing Date:

08/13/2015

SCHEDULE A: ASSETS AND "UNEARNED" INCOME

Asset	Owner Value of Asset	Income Type(s)	Income Current Year to Filing	Income Preceding Year
Avon Products, Inc. (AVP)	\$1,001 - \$15,000	Dividends	None	\$1 - \$200 [
Box Ships Inc. Common Shares (TBU)	\$1,001 - \$15,000	None		•
Fifth Street Finance Corp. (FSC)	. \$1,001 - \$15,000	Dividends	\$1 - \$200	\$1 - \$200
Hewlett-Packard Company (HPQ)	\$15,001 - \$50,000	Dividends	\$201 - \$1,000	\$201 - \$1,000
House	\$100,001 - \$250,000	None		
LOCATION: Jacksonville / Onslow, NC, US				i
HP 401K ⇒ 401k	\$50,00ï - \$100,000	Dividends	\$201 - \$1,000	\$201 - \$1,000
DESCRIPTION: HP Employee 401k				
KBR, Inc. (KBR)	\$1,001 - \$15,000	Dividends	\$1 - \$200	\$1 - \$200 ;
Navy Federal Bank	\$1,001 - \$15,000	Interest	\$1 - \$200	\$1 - \$200

Asset	Owner	Value of Asset	Income Type(s)	Income Current Year to Filing	Income Preceding Year
PIMCO Dynamic Credit Income Fund Common Shares of Beneficial Interest (PCI)		\$1,001 - \$15,000	Dividends	\$1 - \$200	\$1 - \$200
Pimco High Income Fund Pimco High Income Fund (PHK)		\$1,001 - \$15,000	Dividends	\$1 - \$200	\$1 - \$200
PIMCO Income Strategy Fund II (PFN)		\$1,001 - \$15,000	Dividends	\$1 - \$200	\$1 - \$200
PIMCO Income Strategy Fund Shares of Beneficial Interest (PFL)		\$1,001 - \$15,000	Dividends	\$1 - \$200	\$1 - \$200
Wells Fargo Advantage Multi-Sector Income Fund Common Stock, no par value (ERC)		\$1,001 - \$15,000	Dividends	\$1 - \$200	\$1 - \$200

^{*} Asset class details available at the bottom of this form.

SCHEDULE C: EARNED INCOME

Source	 · · · -	Туре	Amount Current Year to Filing	Amount Preceding Year
, Hewlett Packard		 Self Salary	\$11,648	\$11,648

SCHEDULE D: LIABILITIES

Owne	r Creditor	Date Incurred		Amount of Liability
JT	Navy Federal Credit Union	March 2015	Personal Expense with Collateral	\$15,001 - \$50,000
JΤ	Navy Federal Credit Union	May 2006	Mortgage	\$50,001 - \$100,000

SCHEDULE E: POSITIONS

None disclosed.

SCHEDULE F: AGREEMENTS

None disclosed.

SCHEDULE J: COMPENSATION IN EXCESS OF \$5,000 PAID BY ONE SOURCE

None disclosed.

SCHEDULE A ASSET CLASS DETAILS

.o HP 401K

Exclusions of Spouse, Dependent, or Trust Information

Trusts: Details regarding "Qualified Blind Trusts" approved by the Committee on Ethics and certain other "excepted trusts" need not be disclosed. Have you excluded from this report details of such a trust benefiting you, your spouse, or dependent child?

C Yes 6 No

Exemption: Have you excluded from this report any other assets, "unearned" income, transactions, or liabilities of a spouse or dependent child because they meet all three tests for exemption?

C Yes 6 No

CERTIFICATION AND SIGNATURE

I CERTIFY that the statements I have made on the attached Financial Disclosure Report are true, complete, and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Digitally Signed: Philip Joseph Law, 08/13/2015



Challenger announces for Jones' House seat

By Wes Wolfe, Halifax Media Services

Posted Mar 23, 2015 at 12:01 AM Updated Mar 23, 2015 at 4:42 PM

The target is on U.S. Rep. Walter B. Jones' back again.

The target is on U.S. Rep. Walter B. Jones' back again.

Phil Law, a site deployment supervisor for Hewlett-Packard in Jacksonville, announced last week his intention to challenge Jones for the Republican nomination for the 3rd Congressional District.

Law grew up in Forsyth County but made Onslow County his home after serving more than four years in the Marine Corps.

He said the singular issue with Jones' performance in the House is the Farmville resident's ineffectiveness.

"Right now, in my opinion, Jones talks a good talk but he doesn't actually get anything done because he can't garner enough support," Law said. "Because, that's what you have to do in Congress. It's not one vote, it's 435 people."

Law said Jones' contrarianism becomes a problem when it's applied to national security issues like ISIS, Russia's military efforts and North Korea's missile tests, along with the United States' relationship with Israel.

Jones and the House Republican leadership haven't gotten along for years, even resulting in Jones losing key committee appointments. He's openly come out against reelecting Speaker of the House John Boehner back to that position, and recently called him out for possibly seeking budget votes from Democrats.

"If the leadership continues to reach out to Democrats and forgets that the Republican Party has certain core principles as a party," he said to The New York Times, "it will create more and more animosity."

However, after surviving a hard charge from Taylor Griffin of Fairfield Harbour in the 2014 primary, Jones told CQ Roll Call in February he's fundraising and ready for another challenge, adding, "I like to be a thorn in people's ass."

The same story quoted anonymous GOP consultants saying Griffin's mounting another effort, but Law said what handicapped Griffin's candidacy the first time was that he was more or less a hired gun.

"First of all, Taylor Griffin was the wrong candidate," Law said. "He wasn't from North Carolina — he lived in D.C., he was sent down, he was an operative, he was a registered lobbyist. And a lot of outside money, which Jones pointed out, backed him."

However, regardless of Griffin's intentions, Law said he knows he has a long road in front of him, which is why he's starting now.

"The challenger going against an incumbent that's been a politician for 30 years — and then his father before him — so together they have 50 years ... so name recognition alone is a mountain to overcome," Law said. "It's like a marathon, and he's driving a Ferrari, and I'll be driving a Toyota, so I have to start a little earlier than he does."



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Candidates participate in meet and greet

By Jannette Pippin
Daily News Staff

Posted Mar 5, 2016 at 9:00 AM

As early voting opened for the March primary election, area residents got another chance to hear from the candidates.

SWANSBORO | As early voting opened for the March primary election, area residents got another chance to hear from the candidates.

The Swansboro Area Chamber of Commerce hosted a Meet and Greet event that featured candidates for Onslow County Board of Commissioners, the challengers for the 3rd Congressional District seat held by U.S. Rep. Walter Jones and unopposed state Rep. George Cleveland, who holds N.C. House of Representatives District 14 seat.

Each candidate attending was given three minutes to introduce themselves and give an overview of their platform.

Laurie Haydel of Jacksonville arrived at the Thursday night event knowing how she plans to vote. She hadn't changed her mind as she left the event but said she was glad she attended.

"I wanted to hear from the candidates. My decision is made but it was informative; it gave me some more insight," she said but did not elaborate on her choices.

This year, 14 Republican candidates and two Democratic candidates are vying for five seats on Onslow County Board of Commissioners. The GOP candidates will be decided during the March 15 Republican primary. There is not a primary for the Democrats.

Eleven of the commissioner candidates attended the Meet and Greet, including GOP incumbent commissioners Barbara Ikner, Jack Bright and Paul Buchanan. Challengers Royce Bennett, Dwight Bletcher, Gene Ennett, Robin Knapp, Philip Morton, Mark Price and Robert H. "Bob" Warden participated. S.D. "Junior" Freeman submitted information that was read on his behalf, but he could not attend due to a death in the family.

One of the two Democratic challengers, Donald Clinger, also participated though there is not a primary election for the Democrats.

The incumbent commissioners on the ballot noted a number of projects accomplished by the board over the past two terms, including the construction underway of new schools, the opening of the new airport terminal and public safety improvements.

Bright and Buchanan said the work of the board is a big responsibility and one they take seriously.

"It's a hard job and we work hard at it," Buchanan said.

Ikner said the board has put a capital improvement plan in place but it can be hard to meet all the needs of a rapidly growing county.

"You try to anticipate all the needs and it's a task that takes much consideration," she said.

The challengers said there is time for a change in leadership.

"I think it's time to re-focus and bring our budget back to a realistic size," Bennett said.

Price also said he has a goal of fiscal responsibility.

Several of the challengers, including Freeman and Warden, want to see the Board of Commissioners expanded to seven members with staggered terms.

Bletcher said there is a need for youth programs and a YMCA in the county while Morton said there needs to be more services to assist seniors and expressed support for a hospice house in the county.

Knapp said he wants to see more industry recruitment.

Clinger, who is retired, vowed to devote all his time to serving as commissioner.

The Republican challengers for the Congressional seat, Phil Law and Taylor Griffin, were in attendance.

Law said politicians in Washington are not held accountable to anyone, and it's time for a change.

"We have to choose a new generation of leadership," Law said.

Law, who is from Winston-Salem, stayed in Onslow County after serving more than four years in the Marine Corps.

Taylor, a current Trent Woods resident and Eastern North Carolina native, is making a second bid to unseat Jones.

Taylor said Washington is no longer responsive to the people.

"I think government works best when there is government closest to the people," he said.

Cleveland, who is running unopposed, noted his opposition to putting the \$2 billion Connect NC bond referendum on the ballot. He said it's fiscally irresponsible and will only add to the state's debt service.

"I think it's a mistake," he said.



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GRANTEE		
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Enter in appropriate block for each party: name, address, and, if appropriate, character of entity, e.g., corporation or partnership.

The designation Grantor and Grantee as used herein shall include said parties, their heirs, successors, and assigns, and shall include

WITNESSETH, that the Grantor, for a valuable consideration paid by the Grantee, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, has and by these presents does grant, burgain, sell and convey unto the Grantee in fee simple, all that certain lot or parcel of land situated in the Jacksonville Township, Onslow County, North Carolina and more particularly described as follows:

Being all of Lot 35 as shown on that plat entitled "Final Plat the Park at Country Club section II-C Jacksonville, Township. Onslow County North Carolina" prepared by Parker & Associates, Consulting Engineers-Land Surveyers-Land Planners, dated 01-31-2005, recorded in Map Book 48, Page 90 Onslow County Registry.

Subject to those Restrictive Covenants of record in Book 1209 Page 871 Onslow County Registry.

singular, plural, masculine, feminine or neuter as required by context.

The property hereinabove described was acquired by Grantor by instrument recorded in Book 1771, Page 228, of the Onslow County Registry.

A map showing the above described property is recorded in Map Book 48, Page 90.

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the aforesaid lot or parcel of land and all privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging to the Grantee in fee simple.

And the Grantor covenants with the Grantee, that Grantor is seized of the premises in fee simple, has the right to convey the same in fee simple, that title is marketable and free and clear of all encumbrances, and that Grantor will warrant and defend the title against the lawful claims of all persons whomsoever except for the exceptions hereinafter stated.

Title to the property hereinabove described is subject to the following exceptions:

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Grantor has hereunto set his hand and seal, or if corporate, has caused this instrument to be signed in its corporate name by its duly authorized officers and its seal to be hereunto affixed by authority of its Board of Directors, the day and year first above written.

	Corporation Corporate Name (SEAL)
By: Martin Aragona, Sr.,	President D. (SEAL)
ATTEST:	(SEAL)
Secretary (Corporate Seal)	(SEAL)
SEAL-STAMP	STATE OF: North Carolina COUNTY OF: Onslow I, the undersigned, a Notary Public of the County and State aforesaid, certify that, Grantons, personally appeared before me this day and acknowledged the execution of the foregoing instrument. Witness my hand and official stamp or seal, thisth day of, 2006. My commission expires:
	wy conditionion expues.
	Notary Public
	STATE OF: North Cavalingounty of: Onslow
SEAL-STAMP	I. the undersigned, a Notary Public of the County and State aforesaid, certify that Martin Aragona. Sr personally came before me this day and acknowledged that he/she is President of a North Carolina corporation, and that by authority duly given and as the act of the corporation, the foregoing
MARIE R. MORLE NOTARY PUBLIC ONSLOW COUNTY E OF NORTH CAROLINA	y instrument was signed in its name by its President, sealed with its corporate seal and attested by limpher as its President. Witness my hand and official stamp or seal, this 10th day of Minu
	My commission expires: 04-23-201\
	Ohm Marie G. Marley Notary Public
The foregoing Certificate(s) of
is/are certified to be correct shown on the first page he	ct. This instrument and this certificate are duly registered at the date and time and in the Book and Page secof.
	REGISTER OF DEEDS FOR
COUNTY	·
By	Deputy/Assistant-Register of Deeds.





Doc 10: 001032480015 Type: CRP Recorded: 05/11/2008 at 03:29:08 PM Fee Amt: \$56.00 Page 1 of 15 slow County, NC Ldred M Thomas Register of Deeds

DEED OF TRUST

Return To: Navy Federal Credit Union, 820 Follin Lane, Vienna, VA 22180

Prepared By: Cherelyn Joyce, Navy Federal Credit Union, P.O. Box 918. Rocky Hill, CT 06067-0918

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

- (A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated May 10, 2006 together with all Riders to this document.
- (B) "Borrower" is PHILIP J. LAW, AND, ERIN L. LAW, HUSBAND AND WIFE

Borrower is the trustor under this Security Instrument. (C) "Lender" is Navy Federal Credit Union

Lender is a Corporation organized and existing under the laws of the U.S. Govt (12USC1751)

APPL #:8013461416 le Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT 8013461416 Form 3034 1/01 POC: #:317541 NORTH CAROLINA Single Family- Famile

6(NC) (0207) Page 1 of 15

VMP MORTGAGE FORMS - (800)521-7291

Lender's address is 820 Foldin Lane, Vienna, VA Lender is the beneficiary under this Security Instrument. (D) "Trustee" is Mary A. McDuffie (E) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated The Note states that Borrower owes Lender One Hundred Eighty Nine Thousand Five Hundred and No/100 **Dollars** (U.S. \$ 189,500.00) plus interest. Borrower has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than June 1, 2021 (F) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property." (G) "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest. (H) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are executed by Borrower. The following Riders are to be executed by Borrower [check box as applicable]: Condominium Rider Adjustable Rate Rider 👢 Second Home Rider Planued Unit Development Rider 1-4 Family Rider Balloon Rider VA Rider Biweekly Payment Rider Other(s) [specify]

- (I) "Applicable Law" means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial opinions.
- (J) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments" means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners association or similar organization.
- (K) "Electronic Funds Transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.
- (L) "Escrow Items" means those items that are described in Section 3.
- (M) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 5) for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.
- (N) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.
- (O) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security Instrument.
- (P) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. Section 2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard

#:317542

APPL #:8013461416

form +: 8013461416 Form 3034 1/01

to a "federally related mortgage loan" even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA.

(Q). "Successor in Interest of Borrower" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.

TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY

This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; and (ii) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower irrevocably grants and conveys to Trustee and Trustee's successors and assigns, in trust, with power of sale, the following described property located in the County

of ONSLOW:

[Name of Recording Jurisdiction]

BEING ALL OF LOT 35 AS SHOWN ON THAT PLAT ENTITLED "FINAL PLAT THE PARK AT COUNTRY CLUB SECTION II-C JACKSONVILLE, TOWNSHIP, ONSLOW COUNTY NORTH CAROLINA" PREPARED BY PARKER & ASSOCIATES, CONSULTING ENGINEERS-LAND SURVEYERS-LAND PLANNERS, DATED 01-31-05, RECORDED IN MAP BOOK 48, PAGE 90 ONSLOW COUNTY REGISTRY.

Parcel ID Number: 351H-244

which currently has the address of.

(Street)

JACKSONVILLE ("Property Address"):

[City], North Carolina 28546

[Zip Code]

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD this property unto Trustee and Trustee's successors and assigns, forever, together with all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seised of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges.

Borrower shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any

DOC #:317543

APPL #:8013461416

6(NC) (0207)

Page 3 of 15

Form 3034 1/01

prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note. Borrower shall also pay funds for Escrow Items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current. If Borrower has breached any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument and Lender has accelerated the obligations of Borrower hereunder pursuant to Section 22 then Lender may accept any payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payments in the future, but Lender is not obligated to apply such payments at the time such payments are accepted. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unapplied funds. Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Borrower makes payment to bring the Loan current. If Borrower does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Borrower. If not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Borrower might have now or in the future against Lender shall relieve Borrower from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payments if, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charges due. Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in the Note.

Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

3. Funds for Escrow Items. Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender in lieu of the payment of Mortgage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These items are called "Escrow Items." At origination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Borrower, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be an Escrow Item.

DOC #:317544

APPL #:8013461416

-6(NC) (0207)

Page 4 of 15

Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lender the Funds for Escrow Items unless Lender waives Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all Escrow Items. Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment of Funds has been waived by Lender and, if Lender requires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower fails to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Borrower shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any or all Escrow Items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation, Borrower shall pay to Lender all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a lender can require under RESPA. Lender shall estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender shall not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on the Funds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender can agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreement; (b) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded;

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Page 5 of 15

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Form 3034 1/01

or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Within 10 days of the date on which that notice is given, Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this Section 4.

Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.

5. Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower.

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest

DOC #:317546

APPL #:8013461416

Page 6 of 15

Form 3034 1/01

-6(NC) (0307)

or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by Borrower) under all insurance policies covering the Property, insofar as such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

- 6. Occupancy. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control.
- 7. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Borrower shall be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower is not relieved of Borrower's obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.

Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If it has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

- 8. Borrower's Loan Application. Borrower shall be in default if, during the Loan application process, Borrower or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in connection with the Loan. Material representations include, but are not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.
- 9. Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument. If (a) Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, (b) there is a legal proceeding that might significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is

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APPL #:8013461416

Form 3034 1/01



reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including protecting and/or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Lender, security instrument; (b) appearings in court and (c) paying any sums secured by adient which has priority lover this Security instrument; (b) appearings in court and (c) paying reasonable anomys. Tees to protect his interests in the Property and/or rights under this Security instrument, including his secured, position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not limited to entering the Property in make repairs, change locks, replace or board up, doors and windows; drain water from pipes, climinate building or other goods violations or dangerous conditions, and have unlines studied on to work. Although lender may take action under this Section 9 Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that Lender incurs no highlify for not taking any tor sall actions authorized under this Section 9.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Section Instrument. These amounts shall bean interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees with emerge in writing.

10. Mortgage Insurance, If Lender required Mortgage Insurance and condition of making the Loan, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage. Insurance mellect: If, for any reason, the Mortgage Insurance coverage required by Lender (ceases to be available from the intrigage insurer that previously provided such insurance and Borrower was required to make separately designated, payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance previously interfect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance previously interfect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance previously interfect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance previously interfect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance previously interfect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance coverage is not available. Borrower shall continue to pay to be interfect. Bender will, accept use and retain these payments as a non-retainable; loss reserve in permitted under Applicable Law in the Loan is ultimately and in full and bender shall no the required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such loss reserve premitted under Applicable Law. Lender required by an insurer gelected by Lender again becomes available, as obtained, and Lender requires separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance. If Lender requires separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required by surance as a condition to a condition of the premiums for Mortgage Insurance and conditions. Mortgage Insurance and Condition and Derrower, was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance and conditions. Mortgage Insurance and conditions of the premiums for Mortgage Insurance and the provide supplicable Law. Nothing in this Section 10 affects Borrower sobligatio

rate provided in the Note.

Mortgage Insurance reinhorses Lender (or any entity that purchases the Note) for certain losses it may incur-it Borrower does not repay the Loan as agreed. Borrower is not a party to the Mortgage Insurance.

Mortgage insurers evaluate their total risk on all such insurance in force from time to time, and may enter into agreements with other parties that stars or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms and conditions that are satisfactory to the mortgage insurer, and the other party (or parties) to the segreements. These agreements may require the mortgage insurer to make payments using any source of funds that the mortgage insurer to make payments using any source of funds that the mortgage insurer may have available (which may include funds to many mortgage insurer may).

As a result of these agreements, Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any reinsurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly), amounts that derive from (or night be characterized as) a portion of Borrower's nayments for Morigage his trance with exchange for sharing for modifying the morigage insurer's risk, or reducing losses: If such agreement provides that an affiliate of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "captive reinsurance." Further:

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(a) Any such agreements will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Loan. Such agreements will not increase the amount Borrower will owe for Mortgage Insurance, and they will not entitle Borrower to any refund.

(b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has - if any - with respect to the Mortgage Insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortgage Insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premiums that were unearned at the time of such cancellation or termination.

11. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and shall be paid to Lender.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or renair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking. destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking. destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

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12. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Borrower or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

13. Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers; Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower covenants and agrees that Borrower's obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note (a "co-signer"): (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey the co-signer's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the co-signer's

consent.

Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain all of Borrower's rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower shall not be released from Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 20) and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender.

14. Loan Charges. Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's default, for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this Security Instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Lender may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note). Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a waiver of any right of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

15. Notices. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing. Any notice to Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower when mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to any one Borrower shall constitute notice to all Borrower's unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Borrower shall promptly mutify Lender of Borrower's change of address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Borrower's change of address, then Borrower shall only report a change of address through that specified procedure. There may be only one designated notice address under this Security Instrument at any one time. Any notice to Lender shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein unless Lender has designated another address by notice to Borrower. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Lender until actually received by Lender. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.

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16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitatious of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a prohibition against agreement by contract. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision.

As used in this Security Instrument: (a) words of the masculine gender shall mean and include corresponding neuter words or words of the feminine gender; (b) words in the singular shall mean and include the plural and vice versa; and (c) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action.

17. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

18. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. As used in this Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser.

If all or any part of the Property or any Interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent. Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

19. Borrower's Right to Reinstate After Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument: (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to reinstate; or (c) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees, and other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument, shall continue unchanged. Lender may require that Borrower pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 18.

20. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer; Notice of Grievance. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan servicing obligations under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other information RESPA requires in connection with a notice of transfer of servicing. If the Note is sold and thereafter the Loan is serviced by a Loan Servicer other

DOC #:317551

APPL #:8013461416

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than the purchaser of the Note, the mortgage loan servicing obligations to Borrower will remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a successor Loan Servicer and are not assumed by the Note purchaser unless otherwise provided by the Note purchaser.

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument, until such Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable Law provides a time period which must elapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration and opportunity to cure given to Borrower pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 20.

21. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 21: (a) "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials; (b) "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection; (c) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law; and (d) an "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law, (b) which creates an Environmental Condition, or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge, (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, discharge, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any condition caused by the presence, use or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleanup.

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APPL #:8013461416

Page 12 of 15

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Form 3034 1/01

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NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

22. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and sale. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may invoke the power of sale and any other remedies permitted by Applicable Law. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

If Lender invokes the power of sale, and if it is determined in a bearing held in accordance with Applicable Law that Trustee can proceed to sale, Trustee shall take such action regarding notice of sale and shall give such notices to Borrower and to other persons as Applicable Law may require. After the time required by Applicable Law and after publication of the notice of sale, Trustee, without demand on Borrower, shall sell the Property at public auction to the highest bidder at the time and place and under the terms designated in the notice of sale in one or more parcels and in any order Trustee determines. Lender or its designee may purchase the Property at any sale.

Trustee shall deliver to the purchaser Trustee's deed conveying the Property without any covenant or warranty, expressed or implied. The recitals in the Trustee's deed shall be prima facic evidence of the truth of the statements made therein. Trustee shall apply the proceeds of the sale in the following order: (a) to all expenses of the sale, including, but not limited to, Trustee's fees of 5.000 % of the gross sale price; (b) to all sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) any excess to the person or persons legally entitled to it. The interest rate set forth in the Note shall apply whether before or after any judgment on the indebtedness evidenced by the Note.

- 23. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender or Trustee shall cancel this Security Instrument. If Trustee is requested to release this Security Instrument, all notes evidencing debt secured by this Security Instrument shall be surrendered to Trustee. Borrower shall pay any recordation costs. Lender may charge Borrower a fee for releasing this Security Instrument, but only if the fee is paid to a third party for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.
- 24. Substitute Trustee. Lender may from time to time remove Trustee and appoint a successor trustee to any Trustee appointed hereunder by an instrument recorded in the county in which this Security Instrument is recorded. Without conveyance of the Property, the successor trustee shall succeed to all the title, power and duties conferred upon Trustee herein and by Applicable Law.
 - 25. Attorneys' Fees. Attorneys' fees must be reasonable.

DQC #:317553

APPL #:8013461416

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BY SIGNING UNDER SEAL BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

Vitnesses:		
	PHILIP J. LAW	(Seal) -Borrower
	ERIN L. LAW	-Borrower
(Seal) -Bottower	·	(Scal -Borrowe
-Borrower	 	: (Seal
		(Seal

DOC #:317554

APPL #:8013461416

LOAN #:8013461416

-6(NC) 102071

Page 14 of 15

Form 3034 1/01

STATE OF NORTH	CAROLINA.
I. Ann Marie	R. Morley County of Ohslow
a Notary Public of the	County of Ons No
certify that PHILIP	J. LAW, ERIN L. LAW

County ss: Dnslow

, State of North Carolina, do hereby

personally appeared before me this day and acknowledged the due execution of the foregoing instrument.

Witness my hand and official seal this 10th day of May, 2006

My Commission Expires: 04.23.2011

ANN MARIE R. MORLEY
NOTARY PUBLIC
ONSLOW COUNTY
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

Notary Public Notary Public

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

The foregoing certificate of a Notary Public of the County of is certified to be correct.

This

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day of

County ss:

, State of

Registrar of Deeds

Deputy Assistant

DOC #:317555

6(NC) 102071

APPL #:8013461416

Page 15 of 15

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Form 3034 1/61

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Recording Requested By and Return To: CORELOGIC LIEN RELEASE, P.O. BOX 9232 COPPELL, TX 75019-9787

(Space Above This Line For Recording Data)

Data 1D: B01Y657 Case Nbr: 36625208

Property:

JACKSONVILLE, NC 28546

SATISFACTION OF SECURITY INSTRUMENT

(G. S. 45-36:10; G.S. 45-37(a)(7)

North Carolina, ONSLOW County

REF NUMBER: 8013461416

The undersigned is now the secured creditor in the security instrument identified as follows:

Type of security instrument: Deed of Trust

Original grantor(s): PHILIP J. LAW, AND, ERIN L. LAW, HUSBAND AND WIFE

Original secured party(ics): NAVY FEDERAL CREDIT UNION

Recording data: The security instrument is recorded in Book 2654, Page 162, Instrument Number 00.1032480015, 5/11/2006 in the office of the register of deeds For ONSLOW County, North Carolina.

(Page 1 of 2 Pages)



The underlying obligation secured by the security instrument has been extinguished and the instrument evidencing the obligation has been cancelled.

Date: 10/12/17

NAVY FEDERAL CREDIT UNION

By Bent

Its: Assistant Treasurer

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

STATE OF VA COUNTY OF FAIRFAX

I certify that Terry Bertke personally appeared before me this day, each acknowledging to me that he/she/they voluntarily signed the foregoing document for the purpose stated therein and in the capacity indicated.

Date: 10 12 17

Notary Public

Notary's Printed Name

My commission expires: 06-30-21

JOCELYN'A POTES

Rotary Public

Commission before Jure 30, 2021

Commission 10/1938320:

(Page 2 of 2 Pages)

Type: CONSOLIDATED REAL PROPERTY
Recorded: 12/21/2017 11:50:44 AM
Fee Amt: \$396.00 Page 1 of 3

Revenue Tax: \$370.00 Onslow County, NC

Rebecca L. Pollard Reg. of Deeds

BK 4717 PG 8 - 10

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL WARRANTY DEED

Excise Tax: \$370.00

Parcel Identifier No.

066208

Property Address:

Return to:

, Jacksonville, NC 28546

825 Gum Branch Rd Ste 135

Jacksonville, NC 28540

Prepared By: Sitva, Kiernan & Associates, PLLC 825 Gum Branch Rd Ste 135 Jacksonville, NC 28540

Brief Description for the Index: Lot 35, The Park at Country Club, Section II-C

THIS DEED made this 9th day of December 2017, by and between

GRANTOR

PHILIP J. LAW and wife, ERIN S. LAW A/K/A ERIN L. LAW

Jacksonville, NC 28546

Mailing Address: PO Box 12774

GRANTEE

SEAN ALLEN and NATALIE ALLEN, Husband and Wife

Mailing Address:

Jacksonville, NC 28546

The designation Grantor and Grantee as used herein shall include said parties, their heirs, successors, and assigns, and shall include singular, plural, masculine, feminine or neuter as required by context.

WITNESSETH, that the Grantor, for a valuable consideration paid by the Grantee, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, has and by these presents does grant, bargain, sell and convey unto the Grantee in fee simple, all that certain lot or parcel of land situated in the City of Jacksonville, Jacksonville Township, Onslow County, North Carolina and more particularly described as follows:

Being all of Lot 35 as shown on that plat entitled "Final Plat the Park at County Club Section II-C Jacksonville, Township, Onslow County North Carolina: prepared by Parket & Associated, Consulting Engineers-Land Surveyors-Land Planners, dated 01-31-2005, recorded Map Book 48, Page 90 Onslow County Registry.

Subject to those Restrictive Covenants of record in Book 1209 Page 871 Onslow County Registry. The property hereinabove described was acquired by Grantor(s) by instrument recorded in Book 1019, Page 24.

Submitted electronically by "Silva, Kiernan & Associates, PLLC" in compliance with North Carolina statutes governing recordable documents and the terms of the submitter agreement with the Onslow County Register of Deeds.

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the aforesaid lot or parcel of land and all privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging to the Grantee in fee simple.

And the Grantor covenants with the Grantee, that Grantor is seized of the premises in fee simple, has the right to convey the same in fee simple, that title is marketable and free and clear of all encumbrances, and that Grantor will warrant and defend the title against the lawful claims of all persons whomsoever, other than the following exceptions:

Subject to ad valorem taxes; all applicable zoning and land use ordinances, statutes and regulations; and to the provisions of all applicable restrictive covenants and utility easements of record.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Grantor has duly executed the foregoing as of the day and year first above written. (SEAL) USE BLACK OR BLUE INK (Butity Name) By: Title: (SEAL) By: Title: By: is not ____my primary residence Title: SEAL-STAMP State of County I, a Notary Public of the County and State aforesaid, certify that the following person(s) ally appeared before me this day, each acknowledging to me that he or she voluntarily signed the foregoing document for the purpose stated therein and in the capacity indicated: and ERIN S. LAW # 2017Printed Name: 💆 The foregoing Certificate(s) of is/are certified to be correct. This instrument and this certificate are duly registered at the date and time and in the Book and Page shown on the first page hereof. Register of Deeds for Deputy/Assistant - Register of Deeds By:



Tax Certification Form

(Check One Box)

		delinquent ad valorem taxes, or other y Tax Collector is charged with
	Parcel Identification Number:	
	066208 GRANTEE(S): SEAN &	NATALIE ALLEN
	taxes will be paid from closing deed.	· •
Karen [D. Lee (Digital) Signed by Maion O. Lee (Unit or Marian D. Lee, q. qu.)	12/21/2017
Tax	Collections Staff Signature	Date
		taxes which become due upon transfer of the Land Records Division at 910-989-2204 for

LAURA M RIDDICK **REGISTER OF DEEDS** PRESENTED & RECORDED ON 11-30-2016 AT 13:31:47 STATE OF NC REAL ESTATE **EXCISE TAX: \$364.00** BOOK: 016621 PAGE: 00603 - 00604

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL WARRANTY DEED

Excise Tax: \$ 364.00		
Parcel Identifier No. 0422727 Verified by	County on the day of	, 20
Mail/Box to: Grantee		
This instrument was prepared by: Jackson Law P.C., 8601 Six For	ks Road, Suite 400, Raleigh, NC 27615	
Brief description for the Index: LOT 146, PH 5. Bryson Towns		<u> </u>
THIS DEED made this 10th day of November	,.20/lo, by and between	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
GRANTOR	GRANTEE	•
Jason T. Rogers and Michelle L. Arnold, both unmarried	Philip Joseph Law, married	
Wendell, NC 27591	Raleigh, NC 27616	
		٠
Enter in appropriate block for each Grantor and Grantee: name, macorporation or partnership. The designation Grantor and Grantee as used herein shall include sai plural, masculine, feminine or neuter as required by context.		
WITNESSETH, that the Grantor, for a valuable consideration paid these presents does grant, bargain, sell and convey unto the Grantee situated in the City of Raleigh St. North Carolina and more particularly described as follows:		
BEING all of Lot 146. Bryson Townhomes. Phase 5, as shown o County Registry.	n a plat recorded in Book of Maps 2014, Pages	846-866, Wake
The property hereinahove described was acquired by Grantor by in All or a portion of the property herein conveyed X includes or A map showing the above described property is recorded in Plat Be	does not include the primary residence of a Gr	2749 antor.
Page	1 of 2	

NC Bar Association Form No. 3 @ 1976. Revised @ 1977, 2002, 2013 Printed by Agreement with the NC Bar Association - 1981

This standard form has been approved by: North Carolina Bar Association - NC Bar Form No. 3 TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the aforesaid lot or parcel of land and all privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging to the Grantee in fee simple.

And the Grantor covenants with the Grantee, that Grantor is seized of the premises in fee simple, has the right to convey the same in fee simple, that title is marketable and free and clear of all encumbrances, and that Grantor will warrant and defend the title against the lawful claims of all persons whomsoever, other than the following exceptions:

claims of all persons whomsoever, other than the following exceptions:

Restrictive covenants recorded in Book 14800, Page 1959, and Book 14904, Page 51, and Book 15586, Page 928, and Book 15640, Page 973, and Book 15744, Page 776, Wake County Registry. Easements and Restrictions of record. 2016 ad valorem taxes.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Grantor has duly execu	uted the foregoing as of the day and year first above written.
	Conon T. Rosen (SHAL)
(Entity Name)	Phint Type Name: Jason T. Rogers
Ву:	munilly Admill (SEAL)
Print/Type Name & Title:	
By:Print/Type Name & Title:	(SBAL)
Print/Type Name & Title:	Print/Type Name:
Ву:	(SEAL)
By:Print/Type Name & Title:	Print/Type Name:
State of North Pending - County or City	y of <u>Franklis</u>
	ty or City of <u>Franklin</u> and State aforesaid, certify that
Jason T. Rogers	personally appeared before me this day and acknowledged the dues therein expressed. Witness my hand and Noturial stamp or seal this day of
Novamber 2016.	a mercur expressed: As moss my ming data recommer around of sear mis To and or
	1/2 Ole Radi
NW GAPOINED 1/4 1 24 1440	Van H Olidine
NW. GARDINER Expires: Manch 24,2019	Vann W. Garding Public
(LAMING RAMATY, NC	Notary's Printed or Typed Name
State of North Conding - County or Cit	vol Franklia
	ity or City of Franklin and State aforesaid, certify that
Michelle L. Arnold	personally appeared before me this day and acknowledged the du
	s therein expressed. Witness my hand and Notarial stamp or seal this 10th day o
<u>November</u> 2016.	
NN W. GARDINER	(Man Ht Dadwa)
NOTARY PUBLIC MAINTENS: MAICH 24 2019	Vann W. Garding Notary Public
(AIR See)	Notary's Printed or Typed Name
State of County or Cit	y of
I, the undersigned Notary Public of the Cou	aty or City of and State aforesaid, certify that
he is theof	personally came before me this day and acknowledged that
	, a North Carolina or d liability company/general partnership/limited partnership (strike through the
	the act of such antity, _he signed the foregoing instrument in its name on its
	arial stamp or seal, this, day of, 20
My Commission Expires:	Notary Public
(Affix Seal)	Notary's Printed or Typed Name

LAURA M RIDDICK
REGISTER OF DEEDS
PRESENTED & RECORDED ON
11-30-2016 AT 13:31:48

BOOK: 016621 PAGE: 00605 - 00623

Deed of Trust

Return To: Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.
FINAL DOCS N0012-01B
6200 PARK AVE
DES MOINES. IA 50321
Prepared By: Vanessa Yucra
8505 IBM DR
FLOOR LI
CHARLOTTE. NC 28262-4302

Definitions. Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3. 11. 13. 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

- (A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated November 30, 2016, together with all Riders to this document.
- (B) "Borrower" is Philip Joseph Law, Borrower is the trustor under this Security Instrument.
- (C) "Izender" is Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.. Lender is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of United States of America. Lender's address is 101 North Phillips Avenue, Sioux Falls, SD 57104. Lender is the beneficiary under this Security Instrument. (C-1) The name of the Mortgage Broker is N/A:
- (D) "Trustee" is William R. Echols.
- (E) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated November 30, 2016. The Note states that Borrower owes Lender one hundred forty five thousand six hundred and 00/100 Dollars (U.S. \$145,600.00) plus interest. Borrower has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than December 1, 2031.
- (F) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."

HCFG-00359

NORTH CAROLINA-Single Family-Familie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

Wolters Kluwer Financial Services

2016112915.3.2.3509-J20160721Y

2291228316216 Form 3034 901 0416 Page 1 of 13

		nced by the Note, plus interest, any prep nder this Security Instrument, plus inter	
(H) "A	•	his Security Instrument that are execute	ed by Borrower. The following Riders are
	Adjustable Rate Rider Balloon Rider VA Rider	 □ Condominium Rider ☑ Planned Unit Development Rider □ Biweekly Payment Rider 	☐ Second Home Rider ☐ 1-4 Family Rider ☐ Other(s) [specify]
	strative rules and orders (the		ocal statutes, regulations, ordinances and applicable final, non-appealable judicial
that are		Fees, and Assessments" means all due property by a condominium association	
or simi magne include	ilar paper instrument, which tic tape so as to order, instru es, but is not limited to, poin	means any transfer of funds, other than a is initiated through an electronic terminate, or authorize a financial institution to the of-sale transfers, automated teller material electronic transfers.	nal, telephonic instrument, computer, or
(L) "E	Scrow Items " means those i	tems that are described in Section 3.	
third p destru	arty (other than insurance proction of, the Property; (ii) co	roceeds paid under the coverages descri- ordemnation or other taking of all or an	ard of damages, or proceeds paid by any bed in Section 5) for: (i) damage to, or y part of the Property: (iii) conveyance in e value and/or condition of the Property.
K" (N)	Aortgage Insurance " means	insurance protecting Lender against the	e nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.
		e regularly scheduled amount due for (in 3 of this Security Instrument.	i) principal and interest under the Note,
impler any ad liistru	nenting regulation, Regulati ditional or successor legisla uent, RESPA refers to all re	te Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.Con X (12 C.F.R. Part 1024), as they mightion or regulation that governs the same quirements and restrictions that are imposes not qualify as a "federally related in	tht be amended from time to time, or subject matter. As used in this Security cosed in regard to a "federally related
		ower" means any party that has taken ti gations under the Note and/or this Secu	
and all res agreement to Trustee in the Cou DESCRIF Parcel ID	newals, extensions and modits under this Security Instru- ts under this Security Instru- and Trustee's successors and unity (Type of Recording Juri PTION 1746/61001500 Number: 17460/61001500	isdiction) of Wake [Name of Recording which currently has the address of	rmance of Borrower's covenants and
RALEIG	H [City]. North Carolina 276	516 [Zip Code] ("Property Address"):	





TOHAVE AND TO HOLD this property unto Trustee and Trustee's successors and assigns, forever, together with all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of tlacforegoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seised of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any exacumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

Uniform Covenants. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges. Borrower shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note. Borrower shall also pay funds for Escrow Items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current. If Borrower has breached any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument and Lender has accelerated the obligations of Borrower hereunder pursuant to Section 22 then Lender may accept any payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payments in the future, but Lender is not obligated to apply such payments at the time such payments are accepted. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unapplied funds. Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Borrower makes payment to bring the Loan current. If Borrower does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Borrower. If not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Borrower might have now or in the future against Lender shall relieve Borrower from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note: (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding. Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payments if, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charges due. Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in the Note.





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Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

3. Funds for Escrow Items. Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property: (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) premiuns for any and all insurance required by Lender usuder Section 5: and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender in licu of the payment of Mortgage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These items are called "Escrow Items." At origination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community Association Dues. Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Borrower, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be an Escrow Item. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lender the Funds for Escrow Items unless Lender waives Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all Escrow Items. Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment of Funds has been waived by Lender and, if Lender requires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower fails to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Borrower shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any or all Escrow Items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation. Borrower shall pay to Lender all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a lender can require under RESPA. Lender shall estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender shall not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on the Funds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender can agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender.

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4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if army and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Bomwer shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreement; (b) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a motice identifying the lien. Within 10 days of the date on which that notice is given. Borrower shall satisfy the lien or takeone or more of the actions set forth above in this Section 4.

Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.

5. Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right shall not be exercised untreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower.

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payce. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payce.

In the event of loss. Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such

229122B316216 Form 3034 1/01 6/4/18 Page 5 of 13 repair and restoration period. Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Leuder shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or carnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of uncarned premiums paid by Borrower) under all insurance policies covering the Property, insofar as such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

- 6. Occupancy. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control.
- 7. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking of the Property. Borrower shall be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower is not relieved of Borrower's obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.

Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If it has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

- 8. Borrower's Loan Application. Borrower shall be in default if, during the Loan application process, Borrower or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in connection with the Loan. Material representations include, but are not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.
- 9. Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument. If (a) Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, (b) there is a legal proceeding that might significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien which may





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agram priority over this Security Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including protecting and/or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Lender's actions can include, but are not limited to: (a) paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument: (b) appearing in court; and (c) paying reasonable agromatic fees to protect its interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not limited to, entering the Property to maske repairs, change locks, replace or board up doors and windows, drain water from pipes, eliminate building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and have utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may take action under this Section 9. Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that Lender incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 9.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

10. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage Insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the Mortgage Insurance coverage required by Lender ceases to be available from the mortgage insurer that previously provided such insurance and Borrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer selected by Lender. If substantially equivalent Mortgage Insurance coverage is not available. Borrower shall continue to pay to Lender the amount of the separately designated payments that were due when the insurance coverage ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a non-refundable loss reserve, if permitted under Applicable Law, in licu of Mortgage Insurance. Such loss reserve shall be non-refundable, notwithstanding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or carnings on such loss reserve, if permitted under Applicable Law. Lender can no longer require loss reserve payments if Mortgage Insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer selected by Lender again becomes available, is obtained, and Lender requires separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan and Borrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance. Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain Mortgage Insurance in effect, if permitted under Applicable Law, or to provide a non-refundable loss reserve, until Lender's requirement for Mortgage Insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender providing for such termination or until termination is required by Applicable Law. Nothing in this Section 10 affects Borrower's obligation to pay interest at the rate provided in the Note.

Mortgage Insurance reimburses Lender (or any entity that purchases the Note) for certain losses it may incur if Borrower does not repay the Loan as agreed. Borrower is not a party to the Mortgage Insurance.

Mortgage insurers evaluate their total risk on all such insurance in force from time to time, and may enter into agreements with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms and conditions that are satisfactory to the mortgage insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements. These agreements may require the mortgage insurer to make payments using any source of funds that the mortgage insurer may have available (which may include funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance premiums).

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As a result of these agreements. Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any reinsurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be characterized as) a portion of Borrower's payments for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying the manage insurer's risk, or reducing losses. If such agreement provides that an affiliate of Lender takes a share of the interer's risk in exchange for a share of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "captive reinsurance." Further:

(A) Any such agreements will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, Orany other terms of the Loan. Such agreements will not increase the amount Borrower will owe for Mortgage Insurance, and they will not entitle Borrower to any refund.

(B) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has - if any - with respect to the Mortgage Insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortgage Insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premiums that were uncarned at the time of such cancellation or termination.

11. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and shall be paid to Lender.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period. Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or carnings on such Miscellancous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower, Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured irrunediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellancous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then



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d. 1.4. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

- 12. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.
- 13. Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers; Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower covenants and agrees that Borrower's obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note (a "co-signer"): (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mongage, grant and convey the co-signer's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the co-signer's consent.

Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain all of Borrower's rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower shall not be released from Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 20) and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender.

14. Loan Charges. Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's default, for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this Security Instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Lender may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note). Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made

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NORTH CARCLINA-Single Family-Fannie MaefFreddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT VMPO

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by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a waiver of any right of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

- 15. Notices. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing. Ally notice to Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower when mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to any one Borrower shall constitute notice to all Borrowers unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Borrower shall promptly notify Lender of Borrower's change of address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Borrower's change of address, then Borrower shall only report a change of address through that specified procedure. There may be only one designated notice address under this Security Instrument at any one time. Any notice to Lender shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein ustless Lender has designated another address by notice to Borrower. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Lender until actually received by Lender. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.
- 16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law neight explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a prohibition against agreement by contract. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision.

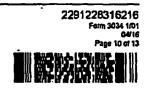
As used in this Security Instrument: (a) words of the masculine gender shall mean and include corresponding neuter words or words of the feminine gender; (b) words in the singular shall mean and include the plural and vice versa; and (c) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action.

- 17. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.
- 18. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. As used in this Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser.

If all or any part of the Property or any Interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

19. Borrower's Right to Reinstate After Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to reinstate; or (c) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including,



batted limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees, and other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument: and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Inastrument, and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument, shall continue unchanged. Lettler may require that Borrower pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality or emity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 18.

20. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer; Notice of Grievance. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note arndthis Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan servicing obligations under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other in formation RESPA requires in connection with a notice of transfer of servicing. If the Note is sold and thereafter the Loan is serviced by a Loan Servicer other than the purchaser of the Note, the mortgage loan servicing obligations to Borrower will remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a successor Loan Servicer and are not assumed by the Note purchaser unless otherwise provided by the Note purchaser.

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument, until such Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable Law provides a time period which must clapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration and opportunity to cure given to Borrower pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section

21. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 21: (a) "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline. kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volutile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldely de, and radioactive materials; (b) "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection; (c) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law; and (d) an "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances. or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow any one clse to do, anything affecting the Property (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law, (b) which creates an Environmental Condition, or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence. use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

NORTH CAROLINA-Single Family-Famile MacFreddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

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Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance of Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge, (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, discharge, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any condition caused by the presence, use or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly takeall necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleanup.

Mon-Uniform Covenants. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

22. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and sale. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may invoke the power of sale and any other remedies permitted by Applicable Law. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

If Lender invokes the power of sale, and if it is determined in a hearing held in accordance with Applicable Law that Trustee can proceed to sale, Trustee shall take such action regarding notice of sale and shall give such notices to Borrower and to other persons as Applicable Law may require. After the time required by Applicable Law and after publication of the notice of sale, Trustee, without demand on Borrower, shall sell the Property at public auction to the highest bidder at the time and place and under the terms designated in the notice of sale in one or more parcels and in any order Trustee determines. Lender or its designee may purchase the Property at any sale.

Trustee shall deliver to the purchaser Trustee's deed conveying the Property without any covenant or warranty, expressed or implied. The recitals in the Trustee's deed shall be prima facie evidence of the truth of the statements made therein. Trustee shall apply the proceeds of the sale in the following order: (a) to all reasonable costs and expenses of the sale, including, but not limited to, Trustee's fees of 0 % of the gross sale price; (b) to all sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) any excess to the person or persons legally entitled to it. The interest rate set forth in the Note shall apply whether before or after any judgment on the indebtedness evidenced by the Note.

- 23. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender or Trustee shall cancel this Security Instrument. If Trustee is requested to release this Security Instrument, all notes evidencing debt secured by this Security Instrument shall be surrendered to Trustee. Borrower shall pay any recordation costs. Lender may charge Borrower a fee for releasing this Security Instrument, but only if the fee is paid to a third party for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.
- 24. Substitute Trustee. Lender may from time to time remove Trustee and appoint a successor trustee to any Trustee appointed hereunder by an instrument recorded in the county in which this Security Instrument is recorded. Without conveyance of the Property, the successor trustee shall succeed to all the title, power and duties conferred upon Trustee herein and by Applicable Law.

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NORTH CAROLINA-Single Family-Fannie Mac/Freddle Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

Wolters Kluwer Financial Services

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25. Attorneys' Fees. Attorneys' fees must be reasonable.

BY SIGNING UNDER SEAL BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

Borrower

JUJU -	11/30/16	arm he by flethe afternoon
Philips Law	Date Seal	Erin Law By: Philip J Law, as Attorney-in-Fact for Erin Law
A cknowledgment		•
State of North Carolina		
County of Wake		
1. Nilian I Pankh,	I a notar	y public, do hereby certify that
		J. as attorner
	CWW	
personally appeared before me this day Witness my hand and official statement		the duc execution of the foregoing instrument.
W. J.	<u>var</u>	
Notary Public My commission expires: 2-822001		WILLIAM I RANKIN II NOTARY PUBLIC WAKE COUNTY, N.C. My Completion Expires 92-08-2021.

Loan Origination Organization: Wells Fargo

Bank N.A.

NMLSR ID: 399801

Loan Originator: Tammy C Palmer

NMLSR ID: 455606

HCPG-00359

NORTH CAROLINA-Single Family-Famile Mae/Freddio Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT VMPO

Wolters Knier Financial Services

2016112915.3.2.3509-J20180721Y

2291228316216 Form 3034 1/0 04/10 Page 13 of 13



ACKNOWLEDGEMENT
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA COUNTY OF Wame
I. William T. Remuse and certify that PHILIP J. LAW personally appeared before me this day and acknowledged the due execution of the foregoing instrument.
Witness my hand and notarial seal, this the 30th day of November, 2016. Notary Public
My commission expires:
WILLIAM I RANKIN II NOTARY PUBLIC WAKE COUNTY, N.C. My Commission Expires 02-08-2021.
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA COUNTY OF
PHILIP J. LAW personally appeared before me this day and being by me duly sworn, says that he executed the foregoing instrument for and on behalf of ERIN LAW and that his authority to execute said instrument is contained in an instrument duly executed, acknowledged and recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds of Werke County on the 30th day of November, 20th, in Book 1661, Page 239, and that this instrument was executed under and by virtue of the authority given by said instrument granting him power of attorney, that the said PHILIP J. LAW, acknowledged the due execution of the foregoing instrument for the purposes therein expressed for and on behalf of the said ERIN LAW.
Witness my hand and notarial seal, this the 30 day of November 2016. Notary Public
My commission expires:

STAMP/SEAL

WILLIAM I RANKIN II
NOTARY PUBLIC
WAKE COUNTY, N.C.
My Commission Expires 02-08-2021.

ATTACHMENT

BEING all of Lot 146, Bryson Townhomes, Phase 5, as shown on a plat recorded in Book of Maps 2014, Pages 846-866, Wake County Registry.

Planned Unit Development Rider

THIS PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT RIDER is made this 30th day of November. 2016, and is incorporated into and shall be decined to amend and supplement the Mortgage, Deed of Trust, or Security Deed (the "Security Instrument") of the same date, given by the undersigned (the "Borrower") to secure Borrower's Note to Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (the "Lender") of the same date and covering the Property described in the Security Instrument and located at:

RALEIGH, NC 27616

[Property Address]

The Property includes, but is not limited to, a parcel of land improved with a dwelling, together with other such parcels and certain common areas and facilities, as described in COVENANTS, CONDITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS (the "Declaration"). The Property is a part of a planned unit development known as

Bryson Village

[Name of Planned Unit Development]

("the PUD"). The Property also includes Borrower's interest in the homeowners association or equivalent entity owning or managing the common areas and facilities of the PUD (the "Owners Association") and the uses, benefits and proceeds of Borrower's interest.

PUD Covenant. In addition to the covenants and agreements made in the Security Instrument, Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

- A. PUD Obligations. Borrower shall perform all of Borrower's obligations under the PUD's Constituent Documents. The "Constituent Documents" are the (i) Declaration; (ii) articles of incorporation, trust instrument or any equivalent document which creates the Owners Association; and (iii) any by-laws or other rules or regulations of the Owners Association. Borrower shall promptly pay, when due, all dues and assessments imposed pursuant to the Constituent Documents.
- B. Property Insurance. So long as the Owners Association maintains, with a generally accepted insurance carrier, a "Master" or "Blanket" policy insuring the Property which is satisfactory to Lender and which provides insurance coverage in the amounts (including deductible levels), for the periods, and against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "Extended Coverage", and any other hazards, including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance, then: (i) Lender waives the provision in Section 3 for the Periodic Payment to Lender of the yearly premium installments for property insurance on the Property; and (ii) Borrower's obligation under Section 5 to maintain property insurance coverage on the Property is deemed satisfied to the extent that the required coverage is provided by the Owners Association policy.

What Lender requires as a condition of this waiver can change during the term of the loan.

Borrower shall give Lender prompt notice of any lapse in required property insurance coverage provided by the master or blanket policy.

In the event of a distribution of property insurance proceeds in lieu of restoration or repair following a loss to the Property, or to common areas and facilities of the PUD, any proceeds payable to Borrower are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender shall apply the proceeds to the sums secured by the Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

C. Public Liability Insurance. Borrower shall take such actions as may be reasonable to insure that the Owners Association maintains a public liability insurance policy acceptable in form, amount, and extent of coverage to Lender.

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D. Condemnation. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, payable to Borrower in connection with any condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property or the common areas and facilities of the PUD, or for any conveyance in lieu of condemnation, are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender. Such proceeds shall be applied by Lender to the sums secured by the Security Instrument as provided in Section 11.

E. Lender's Prior Consent. Borrower shall not, except after notice to Lender and with Lender's prior written consent, either partition or subdivide the Property or consent to: (i) the abandonment or termination of the PUD, except for abandonment or termination required by law in the case of substantial destruction by fire or other casualty or in flucture of a taking by condemnation or eminent domain; (ii) any amendment to any provision of the "Constituent Documents" if the provision is for the express benefit of Lender, (iii) termination of professional management and assumption of self-management of the Owners Association; or (iv) any action which would have the effect of residering the public liability insurance coverage maintained by the Owners Association unacceptable to Lender.

F. Remedies. If Borrower does not pay PUD dues and assessments when due, then Lender may pay them. Any arrounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph F shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by the Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

BY SIGNING BELOW. Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this PUD Rider.

Borrower

By: Philip J Law, as Attorney-in-Fact

for Erin Law

Seal

HCFG-00008

MULTISTATE PUD RIDER - Single Family - Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac Uniform INSTRUMENT

Walters Kluwer Financial Services

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VA Guaranteed Loan And Assumption Policy Rider

NOTICE: THIS LOAN IS NOT ASSUMABLE WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS OR ITS AUTHORIZED AGENT.

THIS VA GUARANTEED LOAN AND ASSUMPTION POLICY RIDER is made on November 30, 2016, and is incorporated into and shall be deemed to amend and supplement the Mortgage, Deed of Trust or Deed to Secure Debt (herein "Security Instrument") dated of even date herewith, given by the undersigned (herein "Borrower") to secure Borrower's Note to Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (herein "Lender") and covering the Property described in the Security Instrument and located at

WAY, RALEIGH, NC 27616 [Property Address]

VA Guaranteed Loan Covenant. In addition to the covenants and agreements made in the Security Instrument, Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

If the indebtedness secured hereby be guaranteed or insured under Title 38. United States Code, such Title and Regulations issued thereunder and in effect on the date hereof shall govern the rights, duties and liabilities of Borrower and Lender. Any provisions of the Security Instrument or other instruments executed in connection with said indebtedness which are inconsistent with said Title or Regulations, including, but not limited to, the provision for payment of any sum in connection with prepayment of the secured indebtedness and the provision that the Lender may accelerate payment of the secured indebtedness pursuant to Covenant 18 of the Security Instrument, are hereby aniended or negated to the extent necessary to conform such instruments to said Title or Regulations.

Late Charge. At Lender's option, Borrower will pay a "Late Charge" not exceeding four per centum (4%) of the overdue payment when paid more than fifteen (15) days after the due date thereof to cover the extra expense involved in handling delinquent payments, but such "Late Charge" shall not be payable out of the proceeds of any sale made to satisfy the indebtedness secured hereby, unless such proceeds are sufficient to discharge the entire indebtedness and all proper costs and expenses secured hereby.

Guaranty. Should the Department of Veterans Affairs fail or refuse to issue its guaranty in full amount within 60 days from the date that this ionn would normally become eligible for such guaranty committed upon by the Department of Veterans Affairs under the provisions of Title 38 of the U.S. Code "Veterans Benefits", the Mortgagee may declare the

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in the tedness hereby secured at once due and payable and may foreclose immediately or may exercise any other rights hereunder or take any other proper action as by law provided.

Transfer of the Property. This loan may be declared immediately due and payable upon transfer of the property securing such loan to any transferce, unless the acceptability of the assumption of the loan is established pursuant to Section 3714 of Chapter 37. Title 38, United States Code.

Anauthorized transfer ("Assumption") of the property shall also be subject to additional covenants and agreements as set forth below:

- (a) ASSUMPTION FUNDING FEE: A fee equal to zero and one-half (0.500%) of the balance of this loan as of the date of transfer of the property shall be payable at the time of transfer to the loan holder or its authorized agent. as trustee for the Department of Veterans Affairs. If the assumer fails to pay this fee at the time of transfer, the fee shall constitute an additional debt to that already secured by this instrument, shall bear interest at the rate herein provided, and, at the option of the payer of the indebtedness hereby secured or any transferee thereof, shall be immediately due and payable. This fee is automatically waived if the assumer is exempt under the provisions of 38 U.S.C. 3729 (c).
- (b) ASSUMITION PROCESSING CHARGE: Upon application for approval to allow assumption of this loan, a processing fee may be charged by the loan holder or its authorized agent for determining the creditworthiness of the assumer and subsequently revising the holder's ownership records when an approved transfer is completed. The amount of this charge shall not exceed the maximum established by the Department of Veterans Affairs for a loan to which Section 3714 of Chapter 37, Title 38, United States Code applies.
- (c) ASSUMPTION INDEMNITY LIABILITY. If this obligation is assumed, then the assumer hereby agrees to assume all of the obligations of the veteran under the terms of the instruments creating and securing the loan. The assumer further agrees to indemnify the Department of Veterans Affairs to the extent of any claim payment arising from the guaranty or insurance of the indebtedness created by this instrument.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF. Borrower(s) has executed this VA Guaranteed Loan and Assumption Policy Rider.

Borrower

Seal

By: Philip J Law, as Attorney-in-Fact

Seal

for Erin Law



CHARLES P. GILLIAM REGISTER OF DEEDS PRESENTED & RECORDED ON 11-21-2017 AT 12:05:30 STATE OF NC REAL ESTATE **EXCISE TAX: \$1,260.00** BOOK: 016974 PAGE: 02047 - 02048

NORTH CAROLINA CENERAL WARRANTY DEED

Parcel Identifier No. 274330 By:	Verified by	County on the day of	, 20
Mail/Box to: GRANTEE			
This instrument was prepared by: C. Mitc	hell Hatchett III. Attorney	at Law	
Brief description for the Index: LOT 60	56, PH I, Savannah Villag	e at Wakefield Plantation	
THIS DEED made this 8th day or	November November	, 20 <u>17</u> , by and between	
GRANTOR Builders Group Custom Homes, Inc. 3204 Heritage Trade Drive, Ste 108 Wake Forest, NC 27587		GRANTEE Philip J. Law and wife, Erin Law Raleigh, NC 27614	
Enter in communicate block for each Grant			•
corporation or partnership.	sed herein shall include said	ling address, and, if appropriate, character of parties, their heirs, successors, and assigns, and	
Corporation or partnership. The designation Grantor and Grantee as us plural, masculine, feminine or neuter as re WITNESSETH, that the Grantor, for a valthese presents does grant, bargain, sell and	ed herein shall include said equired by context. uable consideration paid by d convey unto the Grantee i	parties, their heirs, successors, and assigns, and the Grantee, the receipt of which is hereby ack n fee simple, all that certain lot, parcel of land	I shall include singula
corporation or partnership. The designation Grantor and Grantee as use plural, masculine, feminine or neuter as re WITNESSETH, that the Grantor, for a valthese presents does grant, bargain, sell ansituated in the City of Raleigh North Carolina and more particularly designated in the City of Raleigh North Carolina and more particularly designated in the City of Raleigh North Carolina and more particularly designated in the City of Raleigh North Carolina and more particularly designated in the City of Raleigh North Carolina and more particularly designation of the City of Raleigh North Carolina and more particularly designation of the City of Raleigh North Carolina and More particularly designation of the City of Raleigh North Carolina and More particularly designation of the City of Raleigh North Carolina and More particularly designation of the City of Raleigh North Carolina and More particularly designation of the City of Raleigh North Carolina and More particularly designation of the City of Raleigh North Carolina and More particularly designation of the City of Raleigh North Carolina and More particularly designation of the City of Raleigh North Carolina and More particularly designation of the City of Raleigh North Carolina and More particularly designation of the City of Raleigh North Carolina and More particularly designation of the City of Raleigh North Carolina and More particularly designation of the City of Raleigh North Carolina and More particularly designation of the City of Raleigh North Carolina and More particularly designation of the City of Raleigh North Carolina and More particularly designation of the City of Raleigh North Carolina and More particularly designation of the City of Raleigh North Carolina and More particularly designation of the City of Raleigh North Carolina and More particularly designation of the City of Raleigh North Carolina and More particularly designation of the City of Raleigh North Carolina and More particularly designation of the City of Raleigh North Carolina and M	ted herein shall include said equired by context. The consideration paid by deconvey unto the Grantee in	parties, their heirs, successors, and assigns, and the Grantee, the receipt of which is hereby ack in fee simple, all that certain lot, parcel of land	I shall include singula nowledged, has and b I or condominium un eCounty
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NC Bar Association Form No. 3 @ 1976, Revised @ 1977, 2002, 2013 Printed by Agreement with the NC Bar Association - 1981

This standard form has been approved by: North Carolina Bar Association - NC Bar Form No. 3 TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the aforesaid lot or parcel of land and all privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging to the Grantee in fee simple.

And the Grantor covenants with the Grantee, that Grantor is seized of the premises in fee simple, has the right to convey the same in fee simple, that title is marketable and free and clear of all encumbrances, and that Grantor will warrant and defend the title against the lawful claims of all persons whomsoever, other than the following exceptions:

Restrictive covenants recorded in Book 8099, Page 180, and Book 8190, Page 2007, and Book 8190, Page 2009, and Book 8203, Page 881, and Book 8418, Page 1565, Wake County Registry. Easements and Restrictions of record. 2017 ad valorem taxes:

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Grantor has duly executed the foregoing as of the day and year first above written.

Builders Group Custom Homes, Inc.	(SEAL)
By Jessi P Douseman, President	Print/Type Name:
Print/Type Name & Title: Jonsie P. Houseman, President	Print/Type Name: (SEAL)
and The Lime of Mile. Assessment and transfer	Fino Type Name
Ву:	(SEAL)
By:Print/Type Name & Title:	Print/Type Name:
Bv.	(SEAT)
By:Print/Type Name & Title:	(SEAL) Print/Type Name:
State of County or City of I, the undersigned Notary Public of the County or City of	
I, the undersigned Notary Public of the County or City of	of and State aforesaid, certify that
	personally appeared before me this day and acknowledged the cha pressed. Witness my hand and Notarial stamp or seal this day or
	bessen. As thess my hand and souther stamp of seat mis day o
My Commission Expires:	Notary Public
	Notary's Printed or Typed Name
(Affix Seal)	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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CHARLES P. GILLIAM
REGISTER OF DEEDS
PRESENTED & RECORDED ON
11-21-2017 AT 12:05:31

BOOK: 016974 PAGE: 02049 - 02069

After Recording Return To: USAA Federal Savings Bank 10750 McDermott Freeway San Antonio, TX 78288 This Instrument Prepared By: Kate A Wideman USAA Federal Savings Bank 10750 McDermott Freeway San Antonio, TX 78288

[Space Above This Line For Recording Data].

The name of the Mortgage Broker Is:

DEED OF TRUST

VA Case Number: 18-18-6-1154928 MIN: 1001056-3001148706-9 Loan #: 3001148706 Parcel ID Number: 274330

THIS LOAN IS NOT ASSUMABLE WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS OR ITS AUTHORIZED AGENT.

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 10, 12, 19 and 20. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 15.

- (A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated November 21, 2017, together with all Riders to this document.
- (B) "Borrower" is Philip J. Law and Erin Law. Borrower is the trustor under this Security Instrument.



NORTH CAROLINA—Single Family—UNIFORM INSTRUMENT



Page 1 of 15

- (C) "Lender" is USAA Federal Savings Bank. Lender is a Federally Chartered Savings Association organized and existing under the laws of The United States of America. Lender's address is 10750 McDermott Freeway, San Antonio, TX 78288-0544.
- (D) "Trustee" is Tom Wood, USAA Federal Savings Bank, 10750 McDermott Freeway, San Antonio, TX 78288.
- (E) "MERS" is Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. MERS is a separate corporation that is acting solely as a nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns. MERS is the beneficiary under this Security Instrument. MERS is organized and existing under the laws of Delaware, and has an address and telephone number of P.O. Box 2026, Flint, MI 48501-2026, tel. (888) 679-MERS.
- (F) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated November 21, 2017. The Note states that Borrower owes Lender FIVE HUNDRED THIRTY THOUSAND AND NO/100 Dollars (U.S. \$530,000.00) plus interest. Borrower has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than December 01, 2047.
- **(G)** "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."
- (H) "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.
- (I) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are executed by Borrower. The following Riders are to be executed by Borrower [check box as applicable]:

[] Condominium Rider
[X] Planned Unit Development Rider

[] Graduated Payment Rider

[X] Other(s) [specify]
Assumption Rider

- (J) "Applicable Law" means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial opinions. If the indebtedness secured hereby is guaranteed or insured under Title 38, United States Code, such Title and Regulations issued thereunder and in effect on the date hereof shall govern the rights, duties and liabilities of the parties hereto, and any provisions of this or other instruments executed in connection with said indebtedness which are inconsistent with said Title or Regulations are hereby amended to conform thereto.
- (K) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments" means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners association or similar organization.
- (L) "Electronic Funds Transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller



NORTH CAROLINA—Single Family—UNIFORM INSTRUMENT



MERS

machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.

- (M) "Escrow Items" means those items that are described in Section 3.
- (N) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 5) for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.
- (O) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security Instrument.
- (P) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (12 C.F.R. Part 1024), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan" even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA.
- (Q) "Successor in Interest of Borrower" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.

TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY

The beneficiary of this Security Instrument is MERS (solely as nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns) and the successors and assigns of MERS. This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note, and (ii) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower irrevocably grants and conveys to Trustee and Trustee's successors and assigns, in trust, with power of sale, the following described property located in the COUNTY of WAKE:

SEE LEGAL DESCRIPTION ATTACHED HERETO AND MADE A PART HEREOF.

which currently has the address of Address"):

RALEIGH, North Carolina 27614 ("Property

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD this property unto Trustee and Trustee's successors and assigns, forever, together with all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property." Borrower understands and agrees that MERS holds only legal title to the interests granted by Borrower in this Security Instrument, but, if necessary to comply with law or custom, MERS (as nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns) has the right to exercise any or all of those interests, including, but not limited to, the right to foreclose and sell the Property; and to take any action required of Lender including, but not limited to, releasing and canceling this Security Instrument.

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BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seised of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges. Borrower shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note. Borrower shall also pay funds for Escrow Items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 14. Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current. If Borrower has breached any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument and Lender has accelerated the obligations of Borrower hereunder pursuant to Section 22 then Lender may accept any payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payments in the future, but Lender is not obligated to apply such payments at the time such payments are accepted. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unapplied funds. Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Borrower makes payment to bring the Loan current. If Borrower does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Borrower. If not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Borrower might have now or in the future against Lender shall relieve Borrower from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges; second to any other amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payments if, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charges due.



NORTH CAROLINA—Single Family—UNIFORM INSTRUMENT
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Page 4 of 15

Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in the Note.

Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

3. Funds for Escrow Items. Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for; (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, and (c) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5. These items are called "Escrow Items." At origination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Borrower, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be an Escrow Item. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lender the Funds for Escrow Items unless Lender waives Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all Escrow Items. Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment of Funds has been waived by Lender and, if Lender requires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower fails to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Borrower shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any or all Escrow Items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 14 and, upon such revocation, Borrower shall pay to Lender all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a lender can require under RESPA. Lender shall estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender shall not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on the Funds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender can agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments.



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Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreement; (b) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Within 10 days of the date on which that notice is given, Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this Section 4.

Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.

5. Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower.

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard

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mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties. retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened. the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 24 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by Borrower) under all insurance policies covering the Property, insofar as such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

- 6. Occupancy. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control.
- 7. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Borrower shall be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower is not relieved of Borrower's obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.

Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If it has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

8. Borrower's Loan Application. Borrower shall be in default if, during the Loan application



NORTH CAROLINA—Single Family—UNIFORM INSTRUMENT



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process, Borrower or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or falled to provide Lender with material information) in connection with the Loan. Material representations include, but are not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.

9. Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument. If (a) Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, (b) there is a legal proceeding that might significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including protecting and/or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Lender's actions can include, but are not limited to: (a) paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument; (b) appearing in court; and (c) paying reasonable attorneys' fees to protect its interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not limited to, entering the Property to make repairs, change locks, replace or board up doors and windows, drain water from pipes, eliminate building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and have utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may take action under this Section 9, Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that Lender incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 9.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

10. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and shall be paid to Lender.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or



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greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

- 11. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Borrower or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.
- 12. Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers; Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower covenants and agrees that Borrower's obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note (a "co-signer"): (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey the co-signer's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the co-signer's consent.

Subject to the provisions of Section 17, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain



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all of Borrower's rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower shall not be released from Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 19) and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender.

13. Loan Charges. Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's default, for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this Security instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Lender may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note). Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a waiver of any right of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

- 14. Notices. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing. Any notice to Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower when mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to any one Borrower shall constitute notice to all Borrowers unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Borrower shall promptly notify Lender of Borrower's change of address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Borrower's change of address, then Borrower shall only report a change of address through that specified procedure. There may be only one designated notice address under this Security Instrument at any one time. Any notice to Lender shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein unless Lender has designated another address by notice to Borrower. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Lender until actually received by Lender. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security
- 15. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a prohibition against agreement by contract. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision.

As used in this Security Instrument: (a) words of the masculine gender shall mean and include corresponding neuter words or words of the feminine gender; (b) words in the singular shall mean and include the plural and vice versa; and (c) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to

16. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security





Instrument.

17. Transfer of the Property. This loan may be declared immediately due and payable upon transfer of the Property securing such loan to any transferee, unless the acceptability of the assumption of the loan is established pursuant to Section 3714 of Chapter 37, Title 38, United States Code.

if Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 14 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

- 18. Borrower's Right to Reinstate After Acceleration, If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to reinstate; or (c) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees, and other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument, shall continue unchanged. Lender may require that Borrower pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 17.
- 19. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer; Notice of Grievance. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan servicing obligations under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other information RESPA requires in connection with a notice of transfer of servicing. If the Note is sold and thereafter the Loan is serviced by a Loan Servicer other than the purchaser of the Note, the mortgage loan servicing obligations to Borrower will remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a successor Loan Servicer and are not assumed by the Note purchaser unless otherwise provided by the Note purchaser.

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument, until such Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 14) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable Law provides a time period which must elapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration and



NORTH CAROLINA—Single Family—UNIFORM INSTRUMENT



Page 11 of 15

opportunity to cure given to Borrower pursuant to Section 24 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 17 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 19.

20. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 20: (a) "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials; (b) "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection; (c) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law; and (d) an "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law, (b) which creates an Environmental Condition, or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge, (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, discharge, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any condition caused by the presence, use or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, or any private party; that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleanup.

- 21. Funding Fee. A fee equal to one-half of one percent of the balance of this loan as of the date of transfer of the Property shall be payable at the time of transfer to the loan holder or its authorized agent, as trustee for the Department of Veterans Affairs. If the assumer fails to pay this fee at the time of transfer, the fee shall constitute an additional debt to that already secured by this instrument, shall bear interest at the rate herein provided, and, at the option of the payee of the indebtedness hereby secured or any transferee thereof, shall be immediately due and payable. This fee is automatically waived if the assumer is exempt under the provisions of 38 U.S.C. 3729(c). (Note: The funding fee for loans assumed between 12/13/02 and 9/30/03 will be 1 percent.)
- 22. Processing Charge. Upon application for approval to allow assumption of this loan, a processing fee may be charged by the loan holder or its authorized agent for determining the creditworthiness of the assumer and subsequently revising the holder's ownership records when an approved transfer is completed. The amount of this charge shall not exceed the maximum established by the Department of Veterans Affairs for a loan to which Section 3714 of Chapter 37, Title 38, United States Code applies.
- 23. Indemnity Liability. If this obligation is assumed, then the assumer hereby agrees to assume all of the obligations of the veteran under the terms of the instruments creating and securing the loan. The assumer further agrees to indemnify the Department of Veterans Affairs to the extent of any claim



NORTH CAROLINA—Single Family—UNIFORM INSTRUMENT
Mortgage Cadance Document Center & 3781 01/14



Page 12 of 15

payment arising from the guaranty or insurance of the indebtedness created by this instrument.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

24. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 17 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and sale. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may invoke the power of sale and any other remedies permitted by Applicable Law. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 24, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

If Lender invokes the power of sale, and If it is determined in a hearing held in accordance with Applicable Law that Trustee can proceed to sale, Trustee shall take such action regarding notice of sale and shall give such notices to Borrower and to other persons as Applicable Law may require. After the time required by Applicable Law and after publication of the notice of sale. Trustee, without demand on Borrower, shall sell the Property at public auction to the highest bidder at the time and place and under the terms designated in the notice of sale in one or more parcels and in any order Trustee determines. Lender or its designee may purchase the Property at any sale.

Trustee shall deliver to the purchaser Trustee's deed conveying the Property without any covenant or warranty, expressed or implied. The recitals in the Trustee's deed shall be prima facie evidence of the truth of the statements made therein. Trustee shall apply the proceeds of the sale in the following order: (a) to all expenses of the sale, including, but not limited to, Trustee's fees of 5.000% of the gross sale price; (b) to all sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) any excess to the person or persons legally entitled to it. The interest rate set forth in the Note shall apply whether before or after any judgment on the indebtedness evidenced by the Note.

25. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender or Trustee shall cancel this Security Instrument. If Trustee is requested to release this Security Instrument, all notes evidencing debt secured by this Security Instrument shall be surrendered to Trustee. Borrower shall pay any recordation costs. Lender may charge Borrower a fee for releasing this Security Instrument, but only if the fee is paid to a third party for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.

26. Substitute Trustee. Lender may from time to time remove Trustee and appoint a successor trustee to any Trustee appointed hereunder by an instrument recorded in the county in which this Security Instrument is recorded. Without conveyance of the Property, the successor trustee shall succeed to all the title, power and duties conferred upon Trustee herein and by Applicable Law.

27. Attorneys' Fees. Attorneys' fees must be reasonable.

NORTH CAROLINA -Single Family -UNIFORM INSTRUMENT



Page 13 of 15

BY SIGNING UNDER SEAL BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

(Seal)

ERIN LAW, Non-Borrower, is

joining in the execution of this Security Instrument solely for the purpose of consenting to the encumbrance of the described Property and is not assuming any personal liability for payment of the debt secured hereby.

[Space Below This Line For Acknowledgment]				

_(name/title of official) do hereby certify that

personally appeared before me on this day and acknowledged the due execution of the foregoing instrument.

Witness my hand and (where an official seal is required by law)

Origination Company: USAA Federal Savings Bank

NMLSR ID: 401058 Originator: Richard A Reisinger NMLSR ID: 1280514

State of North Carolina

C. MITCHELL HATCHETT, III NOTARY PUBLIC WAKE COUNTY, NO My Commission Expires 5-20-202



Page 14 of 15

(Seal)



NORTH CAROLINA—Single Family—UNIFORM INSTRUMENT



age 15 of 15

MIN: 1001056-3001148706-9

Loan #: 3001148706 VA Case #: 18-18-6-1154928

ASSUMPTION RIDER

THIS LOAN IS NOT ASSUMABLE WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS OR ITS AUTHORIZED AGENT.

THIS ASSUMPTION RIDER is made this 21st day of November, 2017, and is incorporated into and shall be deemed to amend and supplement the Mortgage, Deed of Trust, or Security Deed (the "Security Instrument") of the same date given by the undersigned (the "Borrower") to secure Borrower's Note to USAA Federal Savings Bank (the "Lender") of the same date and covering the Property described in the Security Instrument and located at:

RALEIGH, NC 27614

[Property Address]

ASSUMPTION COVENANTS. In addition to the covenants and agreements made in the Security Instrument, Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

- A. Acceleration Clause. This toan may be declared immediately due and payable upon transfer of the property securing such loan to any transferee, unless the acceptability of the assumption of the loan is established pursuant to Section 3714 of Chapter 37, Title 38, United States Code.
- B. Funding Fee Clause. A fee equal to one-half of 1 percent of the balance of this loan as of the date of transfer of the property shall be payable at the time of transfer to the loan holder or its authorized agent, as trustee for the Department of Veterans Affairs. If the assumer fails to pay this fee at the time of transfer, the fee shall constitute an additional debt to that already secured by this instrument, shall bear interest at the rate herein

MULTISTATE VA ASSUMPTION RIDER Single Family UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

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provided, and at the option of the payee of the indebtedness hereby secured or any transferee thereof, shall be immediately due and payable. This fee is automatically waived if the assumer is exempt under the provisions of 38 U.S.C. 3729(c).

- C. Processing Charge Clause. Upon application for approval to allow assumption of this loan, a processing fee may be charged by the loan holder or its authorized agent for determining the creditworthiness of the assumer and subsequently revising the holders ownership records when an approved transfer is completed. The amount of this charge shall not exceed the maximum established by the Department of Veterans Affairs for a loan to which Section 3714 of Chapter 37, Title 38, United States Code applies.
- D. Indemnity Liability Assumption Clause. If this obligation is assumed, then the assumer hereby agrees to assume all of the obligations of the veteran under the terms of the instruments creating and securing the loan. The assumer further agrees to indemnify the Department of Veterans Affairs to the extent of any claim payment arising from the guaranty or insurance of the indebtedness created by this instrument.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and provisions contained in pages 1 and 2 of this Assumption Rider.

ower - Philip J Law

*ERIN LAW, Non-Borrower, is joining in the execution of this Security Instrument solely for the purpose of consenting to the encumbrance of the described Property and is not assuming any personal liability for payment of the debt secured hereby.

Origination Company: USAA Federal Savings Bank

NMLSR ID: 401058
Originator: Richard A Reisinger
NMLSR ID: 1280514

MULTISTATE VA ASSUMPTION RIDER Single Family UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

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(Seal)

MIN: 1001056-3001148706-9

Loan #: 3001148706 VA Case #: 18-18-6-1154928

PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT RIDER

THIS LOAN IS NOT ASSUMABLE WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS OR ITS AUTHORIZED AGENT.

THIS PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT RIDER is made this 21st day of November, 2017, and is incorporated into and shall be deemed to amend and supplement the Mortgage, Deed of Trust, or Security Deed (the "Security Instrument") of the same date, given by the undersigned (the "Borrower") to secure Borrower's Note to USAA Federal Savings Bank (the "Lender") of the same date and covering the Property described in the Security Instrument and located at:

, RALEIGH, NC 27614

[Property Address]

The Property includes, but is not limited to, a parcel of land improved with a dwelling, together with other such parcels and certain common areas and facilities, as described in SEE LEGAL DESCRIPTION ATTACHED HERETO AND MADE A PART HEREOF. (the "Declaration"). The Property is a part of a planned unit development known as

Savannah Village at Wakefield Plantation Subdivision, Phase 1 [Name of Planned Unit Development]

(the "PUD"). The Property also includes Borrower's interest in the homeowners association or equivalent entity owning or managing the common areas and facilities of the PUD (the "Owners Association") and

MULTISTATE PUD RIDER—Single Family—UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Mortgage Cadence Document Center © 3845 04/10



Page 1 of 3

the uses, benefits and proceeds of Borrower's interest.

PUD COVENANTS. In addition to the covenants and agreements made in the Security Instrument, Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

- A. PUD Obligations. Borrower shall perform all of Borrower's obligations under the PUD's Constituent Documents. The "Constituent Documents" are the (i) Declaration; (ii) articles of incorporation, trust instrument or any equivalent document which creates the Owners Association; and (iii) any by-laws or other rules or regulations of the Owners Association. Borrower shall promptly pay, when due, all dues and assessments imposed pursuant to the Constituent Documents.
- B. Property Insurance. So long as the Owners Association maintains, with a generally accepted insurance carrier, a "master" or "blanket" policy insuring the Property which is satisfactory to Lender and which provides insurance coverage in the amounts (including deductible levels), for the periods, and against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards, including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance, then: (i) Lender waives the provision in Section 3 for the Periodic Payment to Lender of the yearly premium installments for property insurance on the Property; and (ii) Borrower's obligation under Section 5 to maintain property insurance coverage on the Property is deemed satisfied to the extent that the required coverage is provided by the Owners Association policy.

What Lender requires as a condition of this waiver can change during the term of the loan. Borrower shall give Lender prompt notice of any lapse in required property insurance coverage provided by the master or blanket policy.

In the event of a distribution of property insurance proceeds in lieu of restoration or repair following a loss to the Property, or to common areas and facilities of the PUD, any proceeds payable to Borrower are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender. Lender shall apply the proceeds to the sums secured by the Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

- C. Public Liability Insurance. Borrower shall take such actions as may be reasonable to insure that the Owners Association maintains a public liability insurance policy acceptable in form, amount, and extent of coverage to Lender.
- D. Condemnation. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages, direct or consequential, payable to Borrower in connection with any condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property or the common areas and facilities of the PUD, or for any conveyance in lieu of condemnation, are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender. Such proceeds shall be applied by Lender to the sums secured by the Security Instrument as provided in Section 10.
- E. Lender's Prior Consent. Borrower shall not, except after notice to Lender and with Lender's prior written consent, either partition or subdivide the Property or consent to: (i) the abandonment or termination of the PUD, except for abandonment or termination required by law in the case of substantial destruction by fire or other casualty or in the case of a taking by condemnation or eminent domain; (ii) any amendment to any provision of the "Constituent Documents" if the provision is for the express benefit of Lender; (iii) termination of professional management and assumption of self-management of the Owners Association; or (iv) any action which would have the effect of rendering the public liability insurance coverage maintained by the Owners Association unacceptable to Lender.
 - F. Remedies. If Borrower does not pay PUD dues and assessments when due, then



MULTISTATE PUD RIDER—Single Family—UNIFORM INSTRUMEN Mortgage Cadence Document Cepter @ 3645 04/10



Lender may pay them. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this paragraph F shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by the Security Instrument. Unless Borrower and Lender agree to other terms of payment, these amounts shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the Note rate and shall be payable, with interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in

pages 1 through 3 of this PUD Rider.

7 20 3

(Seal)

(Seal)

ERIN LAW, Non-Borrower, is joining in the execution of this Security Instrument solely for the purpose of consenting to the encumbrance of the described Property and is not assuming any personal liability for payment of the debt secured hereby.

Origination Company: USAA Federal Savings Bank

NMLSR ID: 401058

Originator: Richard A Reisinger NMLSR ID: 1280514



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Page 3 of 3

EXHIBIT A

BEING all of Lot 6056, Savannah Village at Wakefield Plantation, Phase 1, as recorded in Book of Maps 2000, Pages 808 - 809, Wake County Registry.



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ORIGIN IO:PGVA (252) 339-0620 SHIP DATE: CZHRIB ACTHOTHY B. BELCH CASS 339-0620 CAD: COGSS4787/SSFE1822 CAD: STATES US STATES US STATES US CAD: CREDIT CARD

TO LISA J. STEVENSON
FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION
999 E ST NW

WASHINGTON DC 20463

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