

MAY 1 5 2018

Dana Wefer, Esq. Law Offices of Dana Wefer LLC 375 Sylvan Avenue, Suite 32 Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632

RE: MUR 7252

Dear Ms. Wefer:

On June 2, 2017, the Federal Election Commission notified your client of a complaint alleging that she may have violated certain sections of the Federal Campaign Act of 1971, as amended (the "Act"). On April 16, 2018, the Commission decided to exercise its prosecutorial discretion to dismiss the allegations that Debra Cundiff Lonsdale and Fire MacArthur Campaign violated the Act or Commission regulations. Accordingly, the Commission closed the file in this matter.

Documents related to the case will be placed on the public record within 30 days. See Disclosure of Certain Documents in Enforcement and Other Matters, 81 Fed. Reg. 50,702 (Aug. 2, 2016), effective September 1, 2016. The Factual and Legal Analysis, which more fully explains the Commission's findings, is enclosed.

If you have any questions, please contact Anne Robinson, the attorney assigned to this matter, at (202) 694-1650.

Sincerely,

Lisa J. Stevenson

Acting General Counsel

BY: Jeff S. Jordan

Assistant General Counsel Complaints Examination &

Legal Administration

Enclosure
Factual and Legal Analysis

1	FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION  FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS			
2 3				
4 5 6 7		ire MacArthur Campaign Debra Cundiff Lonsdale	MUR 7252	
8	This matter was generated by a complaint filed with the Federal Election Commission.			
9	The Complaint alleges that the Fire MacArthur Campaign ("FMC") and Debra Cundiff Lonsdale			
10	violated the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended (the "Act") and Commission			
11	regulations by failing to file public disclosure reports, failing to include proper disclaimers on a			
12	billboard, and failing to register and report FMC as a political committee.1 For the reasons			
13	discussed below, the Commission exercises its prosecutorial discretion and dismisses this matter			
14	pursuant to Heckler v. Chaney. <sup>2</sup>			
15	On May 4, 2017, Lonsdale created a GoFundMe webpage entitled "Let's Fire Tom			
16	Macarthur's [sic] Billboard" through which Lonsdale raised \$5,236 from 159 contributions.4			s. <sup>4</sup>
17	Lonsdale appears to have used at least some of these funds to post a billboard in MacArthur's			.'s
18	Congressional district. <sup>5</sup> The Complaint attached <sup>6</sup> a picture of the billboard, which appears			
19	below:			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Compl. at 1 (May 30, 2017).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 470 U.S. 821 (1985).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Let's Fire Tom MacArthur's Billboard, Story, GoFundMe, https://www.gofundme.com/3qnxu2g (last visited Nov. 8, 2017) ("FMC GoFundMe Webpage").

See FMC GoFundMe Webpage. Almost all contributions ranged from \$5 to \$200.

See Resp. at 1 (Aug. 22, 2017); FMC GoFundMe Webpage. It appears that all of the contributions were received in May or June 2017. See FMC GoFundMe Webpage.

See Compl., Ex. A.

1

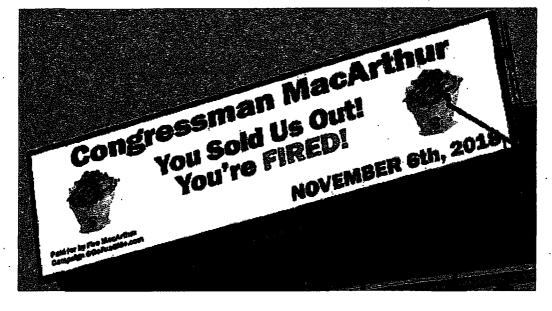
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2 Lonsdale admits that she raised funds through a "crowdfunding" website to pay for the

billboard.<sup>7</sup> She states, however, that she did not know that Commission regulations might apply

to her actions because she is a private citizen and was not working as part of a formal campaign.8

5 The Act provides that "every person (other than a political committee) who makes

independent expenditures in an aggregate amount or value in excess of \$250 during a calendar

year" must file a report disclosing information about the expenditures. The Act also requires

that whenever any person makes a disbursement for the purpose of financing communications

Resp. at 1.

Id. As to the billboard's disclaimer, Lonsdale states that she sent the graphic for the billboard to the vendor, who told her that "an address and paid-for information" should be included, and she agreed. Id. After receiving the Complaint, Lonsdale realized that the vendor had not included an address on the billboard. Id. Lonsdale states that the billboard was taken down and that she has no plans to post it or related billboards again. Id.

<sup>52</sup> U.S.C. § 30104(c)(1); see 11 C.F.R. § 109.10(b). The term "independent expenditure" means an expenditure by a person expressly advocating the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate that is not made in concert or cooperation with or at the request or suggestion of such candidate, the candidate's authorized committee, or their agents. 52 U.S.C. § 30101(17). The Commission's regulations define "Expressly Advocating" at 11 C.F.R. § 100.22.

- 1 expressly advocating the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate, such communication
- 2 must include a disclaimer. 10
- The Commission exercises its prosecutorial discretion and dismisses the allegations. The
- 4 amount Respondents raised, and the amount likely spent on the billboard were somewhat
- 5 modest, and Lonsdale represents she has no plans to post related billboards again. 11 Further, the
- 6 disclaimer on the billboard provided at least some information identifying the party responsible
- 7 for the billboard and includes the entity's web address. In similar circumstances, the
- 8 Commission has dismissed the disclaimer violation, and it does so here. 12
- 9 In summary, the Commission exercises its prosecutorial discretion and dismisses this
- 10 matter pursuant to Heckler v. Chaney. 13

<sup>52</sup> U.S.C. § 30120; 11 C.F.R. § 110.11. The communication must disclose, *inter alia*, the fact that it was not authorized by any candidate or authorized committee of a candidate. 52 U.S.C. § 30120(a)(1)-(3); 11 C.F.R. § 110.11(b)(1)-(3). For printed communications, the disclaimer must be clearly readable, be contained in a printed box, and displayed with a reasonable degree of color contrast. 52 U.S.C. § 30120(c); 11 C.F.R. § 110.11(c)(2).

See MUR 6404 (Stutzman) (dismissal where amount in violation was likely less than \$2,000 and billboard was likely displayed for less than one month); Gen. Counsel's Rpt. at 3-4, MUR 6205 (Fort Bend Democrats) (EPS dismissal where the federal portion of the expenses for door hangers was "modest" and may have exceeded the \$1,000 political committee threshold for expenditures by approximately \$500); see also MUR 6642 (Unknown Respondents) (taking no further action after investigation indicated that local politician spent \$3,000 on one billboard reading "FIRE KLOBUCHAR!" and failed to report independent expenditure).

See, e.g., MUR 6428 (Bill Marcy for Congress) (EPS dismissal where two billboard disclaimers lacked a printed box); MUR 6397 (Chris Gibson for Congress) (EPS dismissal where incomplete billboard disclaimer included reference to website and committee appeared to take remedial action); MUR 6378 (Conservatives for Congress) (EPS dismissal where respondent added disclaimers to three billboards after being notified of Complaint).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> 470 U.S. 821 (1985).