

FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION Washington, DC 20463

<u>CERTIFIED MAIL</u> RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

ILIN -5 2018

James V. Lacy

Dana Point, CA 92629

RE: MUR 7223

Dear Mr. Lacy:

This is in reference to the complaint you filed with the Federal Election Commission ("Commission") on March 16, 2017, concerning possible violations of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended ("Act"). On March 6, 2018, the Commission found that there was reason to believe Applegate for Congress and Jane Leiderman in her official capacity as treasurer (the "Committee") violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b), a provision of the Act, and found no reason to believe that Douglas L. Applegate personally violated the Act or Commission regulations as alleged. The Factual and Legal Analysis, which provides a basis for the Commission's findings, is enclosed for your information. On May 30, 2018, a conciliation agreement signed by the Committee was accepted by the Commission. Accordingly, the Commission closed the file in this matter.

Documents related to the case will be placed on the public record within 30 days. See Disclosure of Certain Documents in Enforcement and Other Matters, 81 Fed. Reg. 50,702 (Aug. 2, 2016). A copy of the conciliation agreement with the Committee is enclosed for your information.

If you have any questions, please contact me at (202) 694-1650.

Sincerely,

Saurav Ghosh Attorney

Enclosures
Factual and Legal Analysis
Conciliation Agreement

FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS

RESPONDENTS: Applegate for Congress and Jane Leiderman in her official capacity as treasurer

Douglas L. Applegate

MUR 7223 / RR 17L-23

I. GENERATION OF MATTER

Matter under review ("MUR") 7223 was generated by a complaint filed with the Federal Election Commission ("Commission") by James V. Lacy, see 52 U.S.C. § 30109(a)(1). Shortly after the Complaint was filed, AFC amended its 2016 pre- and post-general election reports to disclose an additional \$373,530 in disbursements. RAD Referral ("RR") 17L-23 was generated by information ascertained by the Commission in the normal course of carrying out its supervisory responsibilities, see 52 U.S.C. § 30109(a)(2).

The Complaint alleges that Applegate for Congress and Jane Leiderman in her official capacity as treasurer ("AFC") and Douglas Applegate, a federal candidate and AFC's original treasurer, knowingly misreported disbursement and cash-on-hand figures in disclosure reports filed with the Commission.² AFC and Applegate acknowledge filing erroneous disclosure reports but assign responsibility for the errors to their hired consultant, and assert that they remedied the problem by hiring a new consultant, filing amended disclosure reports, and adopting stronger compliance policies. Based on the available record, the Commission has determined to open a MUR in RAD Referral 17L-23, merge that matter with MUR 7223, and find reason to believe that AFC violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b). However, because there is an insufficient factual basis to infer that Applegate knowingly or recklessly filed false disclosure

See RAD Referral 17L-23 (Aug. 4, 2017) ("Referral"), incorporated herein by reference.

² Compl. at 1-2 (Mar. 13, 2017).

MUR 7223 and RR 17L-23 (Applegate for Congress) Factual and Legal Analysis Page 2 of 6

- 1 reports, the Commission finds no reason to believe that Applegate personally violated the law as
- 2 alleged.

3

II. <u>FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS</u>

A. Factual Background

- 5 Douglas Applegate was a candidate for California's 49th Congressional District during
- 6 the 2016 election cycle. Applegate for Congress, his principal campaign committee, registered
- 7 with the Commission on July 20, 2015, and Applegate served as its treasurer until December 28,
- 8 2016, when Jennifer May was appointed treasurer.³ AFC filed its 2016 12-Day Pre-General
- 9 Election Report on October 27, 2016, reporting total disbursements of \$350,241.4 AFC filed its
- 10 2016 30-Day Post-General Election Report on December 8, 2016, reporting total disbursements
- of \$660,628 and an ending cash-on-hand balance of \$434,104.5 However, in its next report, the
- 12 2016 Year-End Report, AFC disclosed a beginning cash-on-hand balance of only \$57,696.6 This
- 13 discrepancy prompted RAD to send AFC a Request for Additional Information ("RFAI") on
- 14 March 9, 2017. The Complaint in MUR 7223 was filed on March 13, 2017.

Applegate was AFC's treasurer at the time it filed the two disclosure reports at issue in this matter. See AFC Statement of Org. (July 20, 2015); AFC Amended Statement of Org. (Dec. 28, 2016). May served as treasurer from December 28, 2016, until May 30, 2017, when AFC named Jane Leiderman treasurer. See AFC Amended Statement of Org. (May 30, 2017).

⁴ AFC 2016 12-Day Pre-General Election Rpt. at 2 (Oct. 27, 2016).

⁵ AFC 2016 30-Day Post-General Election Rpt. at 2, 5 (Dec. 8, 2016).

⁶ AFC 2016 Year-End Rpt. at 4 (Jan. 31, 2017).

Although RAD sent AFC RFAIs relating to its prior disclosure reports, those inquiries were not germane to the issues raised in this matter.

MUR 7223 and RR 17L-23 (Applegate for Congress) Factual and Legal Analysis Page 3 of 6

The Complaint alleges that AFC and Applegate knowingly filed false disclosure reports 1 and failed to respond to Commission RFAIs seeking to correct the public record. 8 The 2 Complaint alleges that these errors were made knowingly — thereby subjecting Applegate to 3 personal liability as AFC's treasurer — because "Applegate cannot credibly claim that he was 4 not aware that the reports he was filing contained wrong and misleading information[,]"9 5 6 Respondents acknowledge making erroneous disclosures, but claim that Crummitt & Associates ("Crummitt"), the consulting firm that AFC hired to handle its accounting and 7 8 recordkeeping tasks, failed to enter all of AFC's disbursements into its disclosure database, and did not reconcile AFC's disbursements with its bank statements. 10 AFC claims that because it 9 was dissatisfied with Crummitt's performance, it hired a new firm, Next Level Partners, after the 10 2016 election. 11 However, according to AFC, because Crummitt did not provide access to the 11 12 disclosure database software it had used to keep track of AFC's financial information. Next Level was forced to recreate the database, and during that process, some additional 13 disbursements were omitted from the 2016 30-Day Post-General Election Report. 12 14 15 After conducting an internal audit, AFC amended its 2016 12-Day Pre-General Election Report on March 17, 2017, to disclose additional disbursements of \$95,094.32, and amended its 16 17 2016 30-Day Post-General Election Report on March 22, 2017, to disclose additional

Compl. at 1-2.

⁹ Compl. at 2; see 11 C.F.R. § 104.14(d).

Resp. to MUR 7223 at 1-2 (Apr. 13, 2017).

II Id.

¹² Id.

3

10

11

12

13.

14

15

16

MUR 7223 and RR 17L-23 (Applegate for Congress) Factual and Legal Analysis Page 4 of 6

- disbursements of \$278,435.82.13 Based on AFC's amended reports disclosing \$373,530.14 in
- 2 increased activity, RAD referred AFC to OGC for further review.14

B. Legal Analysis

- The Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended ("Act"), requires political committee treasurers to file reports of receipts and disbursements in accordance with the provisions of 52 U.S.C. § 30104.¹⁵ These reports must include the amount and nature of these receipts and disbursements.¹⁶ Here, AFC did not comply with the Act's reporting requirements when it failed to disclose disbursements of \$95,094.32 on its 2016 12-Day Pre-General Election Report and disbursements of \$278,435.82 on its 2016 30-Day Post-General Election Report
 - AFC acknowledges its reporting errors but argues for leniency because of Crummitt's negligence, which AFC claims to have promptly remedied when it hired a new consultant, filed amended disclosure reports, and "revised its internal procedures to require that its reports are reconciled by both its compliance consultant and by [AFC] staff prior to filing." However, the Act imposes responsibility on political committees and their treasurers to certify the accuracy of the disclosure information they provide to the Commission and, ultimately, the public. 18 AFC

an aggregate total of \$373,530.14 in increased activity.

¹³ Id.; see AFC Amended 2016 12-Day Pre-General Election Rpt. at 2 (Mar. 17, 2017); AFC Amended 2016 30-Day Post-General Election Rpt. at 2, 5 (Mar. 22, 2017).

¹⁴ See Referral.

¹⁵ See 52 U.S.C. § 30104(a)(1); 11 C.F.R. § 104.1(a).

See 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b)(2), (4); 11 C.F.R.§ 104.3(a), (b).

¹⁷ Resp. to MUR 7223 at 2-3.

See Factual and Legal Analysis at 5, MUR 6979 (Republican Majority Campaign) ("Ultimately, the Committee was responsible for ensuring timely and accurate filing of reports with the Commission, and [its treasurer] should have made sure the report he filed was accurate.").

MUR 7223 and RR 17L-23 (Applegate for Congress) Factual and Legal Analysis Page 5 of 6

- 1 cannot avoid that responsibility by pointing to its consultant's performance. As such, the
- 2 Commission finds reason to believe that AFC violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b).
- 3 Nevertheless, the available record does not reasonably support the conclusion that AFC's
- 4 treasurer, Applegate, knowingly or recklessly filed false disclosure reports. The Commission's
- 5 Treasurer Policy provides that a treasurer may, in some circumstances, be held personally liable
- 6 for violations of the Act or Commission regulations. 19 In prior matters, the Commission has held
- 7 treasurers personally liable for knowingly and willfully violating the law in an effort to conceal
- 8 the deliberate misappropriation of committee funds.²⁰ The Commission has also held a treasurer
- 9 personally liable for recklessly failing to fulfill his or her duties as treasurer where the available
- information indicated a systemic lack of diligence.²¹ In another case, however, the Commission
- declined to hold a treasurer personally liable for relying on more experienced professionals to
- 12 prepare disclosure information on behalf of a political committee.²²

See Statement of Policy Regarding Treasurers Subject to Enforcement Proceedings, 70 Fed. Reg. 3, 5 (Jan. 3, 2005) ("[T]he Commission intends to consider a treasurer the subject of an enforcement proceeding in his or her personal capacity only when available information (or inferences fairly derived therefrom) indicates that the treasurer had knowledge that his or her conduct violated a duty imposed by law, or where the treasurer recklessly failed to fulfill his or her duties under the act and regulations, or intentionally deprived himself or herself of facts giving rise to the violations.").

See, e.g., MUR 6867 (Robert Telthorst); MUR 6768 (Debra Doherty); MUR 6539 (Joe Green); MUR 6475 (Andrew McCrosson); MUR 6179 (Christopher Ward); MUR 5971 (Jennifer Adams). A violation is knowing and willful where the unlawful "acts were committed with full knowledge of all the relevant facts and a recognition that the action is prohibited by law." 122 Cong. Rec. 12197, 12199 (May 3, 1976); see also United States v. Danielcyzk, 917 F. Supp. 2d 573, 579 (E.D. Va. 2013).

See, e.g., Factual and Legal Analysis at 2-4, MUR 5652 (Susan Arceneaux) (finding treasurer, an employee of a professional compliance firm, personally liable for recklessly failing to fulfill her duties when the political committee she served violated the Act by accepting 65 corporate contributions totaling \$64,600, 541 excessive contributions totaling \$552,773, and \$100,000 from the proceeds of an unsecured bank loan; understating total receipts by \$693,576 and total disbursements by \$960,876; overstating cash on hand by \$281,800; failing to itemize contributions from individuals and political committees, as well as \$302,000 in joint fundraising proceeds; and failing to file 48-hour notices for 77 contributions totaling \$106,100).

See, e.g., Factual and Legal Analysis at 5, MUR 6889 (Michael Delk) (dismissing allegations against a treasurer in his personal capacity partly because the treasurer was "inexperienced" and "relied on the erroneous guidance of politically experienced, professional [political committee] staff").

MUR 7223 and RR 17L-23 (Applegate for Congress) Factual and Legal Analysis Page 6 of 6

- 1 Here, the available information does not support a reasonable inference that Applegate
- 2 knowingly and willfully filed false disclosure reports or recklessly failed to fulfill his duties as
- 3 treasurer. Therefore, the Commission finds no reason to believe that Applegate personally
- 4 violated the Act or Commission regulations.

BEFORE THE FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

In the matter of)	
Applegate for Congress and)	MUR 7223
Jane Leiderman in her official	ý	WIOR 7223
capacity as treasurer)	
)	

CONCILIATION AGREEMENT

This matter was generated by a complaint filed by James V. Lacy and also based on information ascertained by the Federal Election Commission ("Commission") in the normal course of carrying out its supervisory responsibilities, see 52 U.S.C. §§ 30109(a)(1), (a)(2). The Commission found reason to believe that Applegate for Congress and Jane Leiderman in her official capacity as treasurer ("AFC") violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b).

NOW, THEREFORE, the Commission and AFC, having participated in informal methods of conciliation, prior to a finding of probable cause to believe, do hereby agree as follows:

- I. The Commission has jurisdiction over AFC and the subject matter of this proceeding, and this agreement has the effect of an agreement entered pursuant to 52 U.S.C. § 30109(a)(4)(A)(i).
- II. AFC has had a reasonable opportunity to demonstrate that no action should be taken in this matter.
 - III. AFC enters voluntarily into this agreement with the Commission.
 - IV. The pertinent facts in this matter are as follows:
- Applegate for Congress was the principal campaign committee for Douglas L.
 Applegate, a federal candidate in California's 49th Congressional District during the 2016

MUR 7223 (Applegate for Congress) Conciliation Agreement Page 2 of 4

election cycle. Jennifer May was the Committee's treasurer of record at the time of the violations set forth herein. Jane Leiderman became the Committee's treasurer of record as of June 1, 2017, and is named in this agreement only "in her official capacity" as the current treasurer.

- 2. At the relevant times, the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended ("Act"), required political committee treasurers to file reports of receipts and disbursements in accordance with the provisions of 52 U.S.C. § 30104. These reports must include the amount and nature of these receipts and disbursements. 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b)(2), (4).
- 3. AFC filed its 2016 12-Day Pre-General Election Report on October 27, 2016, reporting total disbursements of \$350,241. AFC 2016 12-Day Pre-General Election Rpt. at 2 (Oct. 27, 2016). AFC later amended its 2016 12-Day Pre-General Election Report to disclose additional disbursements of \$95,094.32. AFC Amended 2016 12-Day Pre-General Election Rpt. at 2 (Mar. 17, 2017).
- 4. AFC filed its 2016 30-Day Post-General Election Report on December 8, 2016, reporting total disbursements of \$660,628. AFC 2016 30-Day Post-General Election Rpt. at 2 (Dec. 8, 2016). AFC later amended its 2016 30-Day Post-General Election Report to disclose additional disbursements of \$278,435.82. AFC Amended 2016 30-Day Post-General Election Rpt. at 2, 5 (Mar. 22, 2017).
- V. AFC violated 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b) by failing to disclose disbursements of \$95,094.32 on its 2016 12-Day Pre-General Election Report and disbursements of \$278,435.82 on its 2016 30-Day Post-General Election Report an aggregate total of \$373,530.14 in increased activity.

MUR 7223 (Applegate for Congress) Conciliation Agreement Page 3 of 4

- VI. 1. AFC will pay a civil penalty to the Commission in the amount of fourteen thousand five hundred dollars (\$14,500), pursuant to 52 U.S.C. § 30109(a)(5)(A).
- AFC will cease and desist from committing violations of 52 U.S.C.
 § 30104(b).
- VII. The Commission, on request of anyone filing a complaint under 52 U.S.C. § 30109(a)(1) concerning the matters at issue herein or on its own motion, may review compliance with this agreement. If the Commission believes that this agreement or any requirement thereof has been violated, it may institute a civil action for relief in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia.
- VIII. This agreement shall become effective as of the date that all parties hereto have executed the same and the Commission has approved the entire agreement.
- IX. AFC shall have no more than forty-five (45) days from the date this agreement becomes effective to comply with and implement the requirements contained in this agreement and to so notify the Commission.
- X. This Conciliation Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties on the matters raised herein, and no other statement, promise, or agreement, either written or oral, made by either party or by agents of either party, that is not contained within this written agreement shall be enforceable.

MUR 7223 (Applegate for Congress) Conciliation Agreement Page 4 of 4

FOR THE COMMISSION:

Lisa J. Stevenson Acting General Counsel

BY:

Kathleen M. Guith

Kathleen M. Guith

Associate General Counsel for Enforcement

6-5-18

Date

FOR THE RESPONDENTS:

Douglas L. Applegate

May 9, 2018