



National Republican Congressional Committee

John Linder, M.C.
Chairman

Ted Maness
Executive Director

OCT 21 11 30 AM '97

ORIGINAL

October 23, 1997

BEFORE THE FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

Friends of Eric Vitaliano
FEC ID #C00223073

} MUR 4686
}
}

The National Republican Congressional Committee ("NRCC"), by and through its Executive Director, Ted Maness, brings this complaint pursuant to 2 U.S.C. § 437g(a)(1). The NRCC is located at 320 First Street, S.E., Washington, D.C. 20003.

COMPLAINT & REQUEST FOR INVESTIGATION

Eric Vitaliano has received tens of thousands of dollars in unlawful, undisclosed soft money contributions funneled directly from the general treasury funds of a labor organization. Federal candidates are prohibited from accepting such contributions. 2 U.S.C. § 441b. General treasury funds represent money taken out of the paychecks of working men and women; in this case used for politics without the workers' permission and without their knowledge.

The undisclosed soft money contributions in question have come "in-kind," in the form of (1) Internet propaganda suspiciously similar to campaign pieces of the Vitaliano campaign and (2) scurrilous mailings that defame Vitaliano's opponent while expressly advocating the Democrat's election (*attached and hereinafter referred to as the "Vote Vitaliano" mailings*). As the Commission knows, such "express advocacy" -- including the union's exhortation to "on November 4, Make the Smart Choice: Vote Vitaliano" -- is subject to FEC reporting, disclosure and source-of-funds requirements. *See Buckley v. Valeo* 424 U.S. 1 (1976). Federal candidates, such as Mr. Vitaliano -- cannot accept this union soft money directly or in-kind.

Contributions by the New York AFL-CIO -- for advocacy pieces targeting the general public -- have come over the Internet, with the labor organization publishing endorsements of the Democrat on its Web Site (*see attached pages from Web Site*). On September 19, 1997, the Commission ruled that corporations and labor unions could not expressly advocate the election of a candidate over the Internet because "communication via a web site would be considered a form of communication to the general public." *See FEC Advisory Opinion 1997-16 (attached)*. Vitaliano's endorsements posted on-line directly violate these prohibitions and provide a clear example of union soft money being used directly for the Vitaliano campaign.

It appears that the "Vote Vitaliano" mailings have also been disseminated beyond AFL-CIO members alone. The union has failed to report these advocacy expenses to the Commission, as would have been required if the mailings were mere restricted-class communications. //

320 First Street, S.E.
Washington, D.C. 20003
(202)479-7020

C.F.R. §114.3(b). Nor has the Albany organization (or its parent groups in Washington, D.C.) reported the expenditures to the FEC as independent expenditures, which would need to be independent, disclosed and could only make use of federally permissible funds -- soft money could not have been used by a group that coordinates so intimately with the Vitaliano campaign. These communications likewise represent unlawful expenditures in connection with a federal election.

Voters in the thirteenth district of New York have a right to know how Vitaliano has financed his campaign -- information Vitaliano carefully guarded from the public. On behalf of these voters the Commission should provide complete details on Vitaliano's use and apparent coordination of unlawful and excessive soft money expenditures.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

The Commission should investigate the last-minute, undisclosed soft money contributions to the Vitaliano campaign. His campaign should refund all amounts of soft money improperly spent on its behalf. The Vitaliano campaign's role in the preparation, targeting and dissemination of this mail should be thoroughly explored, including the exact dissemination of the defamatory mail.

The foregoing is correct and accurate to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.

District of Columbia

Signed and sworn to before me this

23rd day of October, 1997

m d Qiter

NOTARY PUBLIC

My Commission expires: 7/14/99

Respectfully Submitted,



Ted Maness, Executive Director
Nat'l Republican Congr. Comm.

Notary Public, District of Columbia
My Commission Expires July 14, 1999

Who will protect our retirement?

ON NOVEMBER 4TH THERE WILL BE A SPECIAL ELECTION FOR CONGRESS WHO CAN WE COUNT ON TO PROTECT WORKING FAMILIES' RETIREMENT?

NEW AFL-CIO
200 S. SEVEN STREET
ALBANY, NY 12210

ADMINISTRATIVE CHG.
U.S. POSTAGE
PAID
PERMIT #628
ALBANY, NY

AL VITALE will fight in Congress to protect Social Security and Medicare against New York Governor's attempts to weaken or destroy them.

Vitale will protect pensions by voting against allowing corporations to borrow your pension money for risky mergers and acquisitions.

Vitale has been a leader in the fight to ensure that public employees will be able to receive with a decent pension.

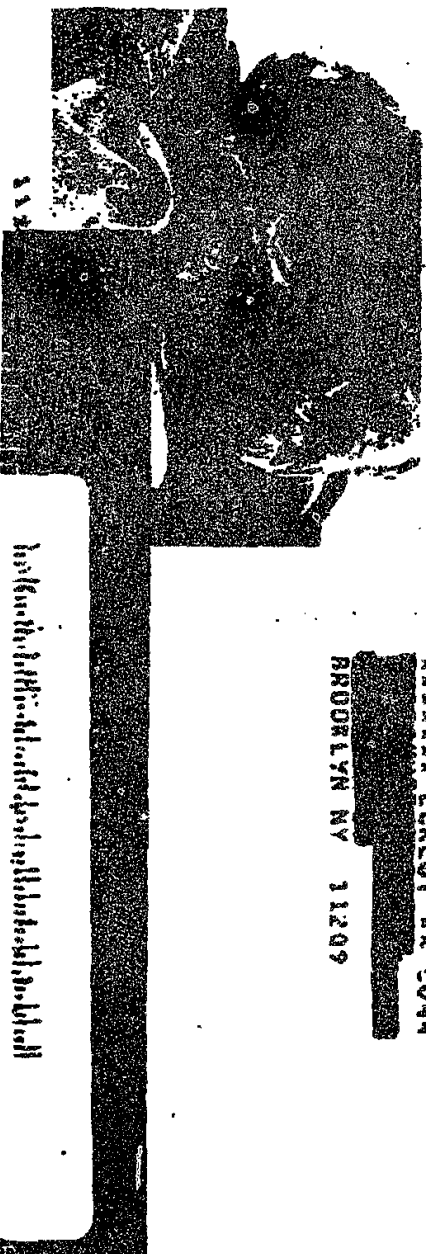
AL VITALE will be a champion of Social Security and the legions of cutting Medicare and Social Security in order to give a huge tax break to the rich.

Fossella has threatened to say whether or not he will allow corporations to raid pension funds.

Fossella has taken more action to protect public employees' pensions.

For fifteen years in the State Assembly, **AL VITALE** has stood up for working families. Now he's ready to stand up for us in Congress, fighting for good schools, a strong local economy, and safe pensions. That's why the New York State AFL-CIO has endorsed **AL VITALE** for Congress.

***** ECRLOT R R C044
[REDACTED]
ALBANY NY 11209



Indicate the type of address by the following code:

In Washington,
nothing
is

safe



Who will save our schools?

ON NOVEMBER 4TH THERE WILL BE A SPECIAL ELECTION FOR CONGRESS WHO WILL HELP OUR CHILDREN GET THE EDUCATION THEY NEED TO SUCCEED?

NYS AFL-CIO
100 S. Swan Street
Albany, NY 12210

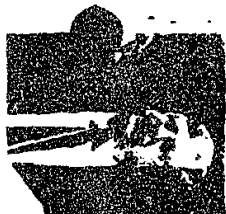
NON-PROFIT ORG.
U.S. POSTAGE
PAID
PERMIT #718
ALBANY, NY

It **Vitaliano** delivered a record-breaking amount of aid to our schools so our kids can get a good job.

Vitaliano will work to bring our kids 278 million federal dollars to relieve overcrowding in NYC schools, by supporting the Partnership for Rebuilding America's Schools Act.

It **Fossella's** pal Newt Gingrich cut education 15% in 1990. Staten Island and Brooklyn schools were hit especially hard. A Gingrich/Fossella team would be a double threat to our schools.

Fossella's pal Newt Gingrich wants to kill the school bill. That will cost our kids \$278 million that would help rebuild NYC schools. Fossella has refused to support the school bill.



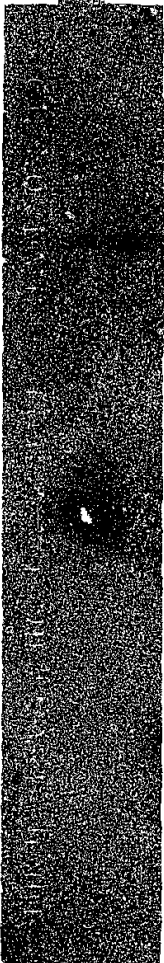
For fifteen years in the State Assembly, Euse Vitaliano has stood up for working families. Now he's ready to stand up for us in Congress, fighting for good schools, a strong local economy, and state pensions. That's why the New York State AFL-CIO has endorsed Euse Vitaliano for Congress.

5 South Street Albany, 1/20/87
100 South Street Albany, 9/4/87

1 House Dem Policy Committee report, 8/2/86
1 NY City Council School, 1987



***** SCRIPT ** C018
BROOKLYN NY 11228



SPRING

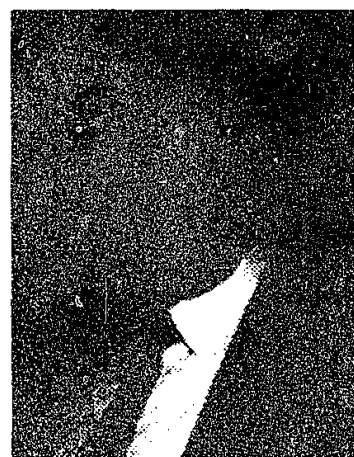
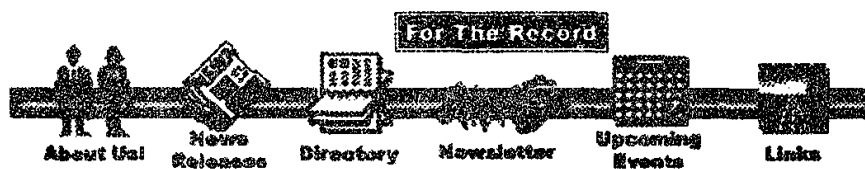




The New York State

AFL - CIO

*Helping working families achieve
a better life.*



Edward J. Cleary
President



Paul F. Cole
Secretary-Treasurer

New York State AFL-CIO Offices

48 East 21st Street - 12th Floor
New York, NY 10010
(212) 777-6040
FAX: (212) 777-8422

100 South Swan Street
Albany, NY 12210-1939
(518) 436-8516
FAX: (518) 436-8470

Please send us your comments.

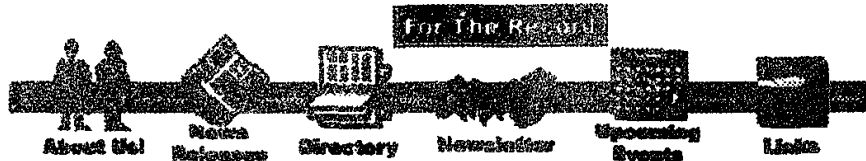
This page is best viewed with Netscape Navigator or Microsoft Explorer.
Click on the appropriate button to download the latest version of these browsers.



[News Releases](#) | [Newsletter](#) | [For The Record](#) | [About Us](#)
[Upcoming Events](#) | [Directory](#) | [Links](#)
email to: aflinfo@nysaflcio.org

All contents copyright
©New York State AFL - CIO
All rights reserved

Internet hosting & design services provided by:
[Empire Information Services, Inc.](#)
and
[Accent Design & Consulting](#)



September 1997 Unity Newsletter

- ☐ Don't Be Conned - Constitutional Convention Is A Bad Idea For Working People
- ☐ Presidents' Perspective
- ☐ Labor "Rallies" For Vitaliano For Congress
- ☐ Eric Vitaliano Will Work For Working People
- ☐ NAFTA's Damage To New York
- ☐ "Prospering America"
- ☐ Congress Battle Over ISTE A Looms
- ☐ Labor's Day In New York City
- ☐ "Taking Credit For Jobs Well Done"

**New York State AFL-CIO
13th Annual Labor Recognition
Dinner/Dance
Thursday, December 4, 1997
Sheraton New York Hotel and Towers
For further information contact Marion Nieves
at:
(212) 777-6040.**

July-August 1997 Unity

May-June 1997 Unity

April 1997 Unity

March 1997 Unity

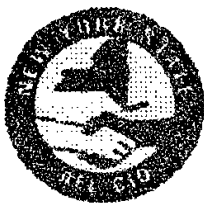
February 1997 Unity

99 "04" 391 "0873

[News Releases](#) | [Newsletter](#) | [For The Record](#) | [About Us](#)
[Upcoming Events](#) | [Directory](#) | [Links](#) | [Home](#)
aflinfo@nysaflcio.org

All contents copyright
©New York State AFL - CIO
All rights reserved

99.04.391.0874
4.80.163.40.66



57.80° 16.3' 40" 66
99° 04' 39.1" 0875

Labor "Rallies" For Vitaliano For Congress

On September 30th, hundreds of union members turned out for Labor's Kick-Off Rally in support of Eric Vitaliano's candidacy for Congress.

With 73,000 union households in the 13th Congressional District, covering Staten Island and South Brooklyn, the labor movement's voice will be heard on Election Day as voters choose between Assemblyman Eric Vitaliano (D) and Vito Fosella (R).

The rally jump-started labor's efforts in support of Assemblyman Vitaliano. In addition to attending rallies and various get-out-the-vote events, labor volunteers will participate in phone-bank operations and a "Labor-to-Neighbor" program where union members visit households of fellow union members.

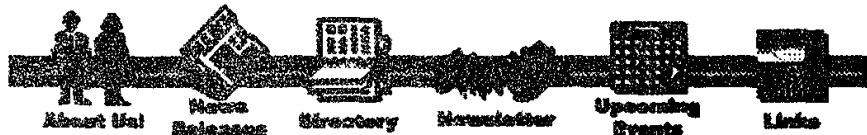
At the rally, Mr. Vitaliano stressed his opposition to legislation giving President Clinton "fast-track" authority to extend and expand free trade agreements with other countries.

The AFL-CIO strongly opposes "fast-track" legislation. Stated Vitaliano, "One way America will prosper is not sending jobs out of America to countries outside of America. It is time that we stood up for American workers and American jobs, and that means saying no to fast-tracking more jobs out of America."

For further information on the Labor-To-Neighbor program, or to become a volunteer, contact Amy Ritchie or Mike Arendt at (718) 447-4201.

[News Releases](#) | [Newsletter](#) | [For The Record](#) | [About Us](#)
[Upcoming Events](#) | [Directory](#) | [Links](#) | [Home](#)

All contents copyright
©New York State AFL - CIO
All rights reserved



Eric Vitaliano Will Work For Working People

With Susan Molinari no longer in Congress, working families will choose her replacement on November 4th. Eric Vitaliano, a 49-year old Democratic State Assemblyman with 15 years experience, has stood up for working families with rare energy and commitment. Vitaliano has a 100% pro-labor voting record. His opponent, 32-year old Republican City Councilman Vito Fossella, has three years experience in the City Council. Fossella, a political extremist, plans to vote with Newt Gingrich on major issues. After carefully examining their records, the New York State AFL-CIO believes Eric Vitaliano will serve working families the best. You decide. Then vote on November 4th.

Pension & Social Security

- ☐ Vitaliano will fight in Congress to protect Social Security and Medicare against Newt Gingrich's attempts to weaken or destroy them.
- ☐ Eric Vitaliano will protect pensions by voting against allowing corporations to borrow your pension money for risky mergers and acquisitions.
- ☐ Eric Vitaliano has been a leader in the fight to ensure that public employees be able to retire with a decent pension.[1]

[1] A.8082, 1992

Economy

- ☐ Vitaliano voted for "prevailing wage" laws that require companies doing business with the city to pay decent wages.[1]
- ☐ Eric Vitaliano fought to save jobs when IBM wanted to move hundreds of local jobs to upstate New York. He's committed to a strong local economy with good

2000-10-23 10:56:22

jobs at good wages.[2]

[1] S.1541, A.1777, Ch. 141.

[2] Gannet News Service, June 15, 1995

Education

- ☐ Vitaliano delivered a "record-breaking" amount of aid to our schools so our kids can get good jobs.[1]
- ☐ Eric Vitaliano will work to bring our kids 278 million federal dollars to relieve overcrowding in NYC schools, by supporting the Partnership for Rebuilding America's Schools Act.[2]

[1] Staten Island Advance, 7/30/97

[2] Staten Island Advance, 9/2/97

For fifteen years in the State Assembly, Eric Vitaliano has stood up for working families. Now he's ready to stand up for us in Congress, fighting for good schools, a strong local economy, and safe pensions. On November 4th, make your vote count.

[News Releases](#) | [Newsletter](#) | [For The Record](#) | [About Us](#)
[Upcoming Events](#) | [Directory](#) | [Links](#) | [Home](#)

All contents copyright
©New York State AFL - CIO
All rights reserved



Eric Vitaliano Will Work For Working People

With Susan Molinari no longer in Congress, working families will choose her replacement on November 4th. Eric Vitaliano, a 49-year old Democratic State Assemblyman with 15 years experience, has stood up for working families with rare energy and commitment. Vitaliano has a 100% pro-labor voting record. His opponent, 32-year old Republican City Councilman Vito Fossella, has three years experience in the City Council. Fossella, a political extremist, plans to vote with Newt Gingrich on major issues. After carefully examining their records, the New York State AFL-CIO believes Eric Vitaliano will serve working families the best. You decide. Then vote on November 4th.

Pension & Social Security

- ☐ Vitaliano will fight in Congress to protect Social Security and Medicare against Newt Gingrich's attempts to weaken or destroy them.
- ☐ Eric Vitaliano will protect pensions by voting against allowing corporations to borrow your pension money for risky mergers and acquisitions.
- ☐ Eric Vitaliano has been a leader in the fight to ensure that public employees be able to retire with a decent pension.[1]

[1] A.8082, 1992

Economy

- ☐ Vitaliano voted for "prevailing wage" laws that require companies doing business with the city to pay decent wages.[1]
- ☐ Eric Vitaliano fought to save jobs when IBM wanted to move hundreds of local jobs to upstate New York. He's committed to a strong local economy with good

99.04.391.0879

jobs at good wages.[2]

[1] S.1541, A.1777, Ch. 141.

[2] Gannet News Service, June 15, 1995

Education

- ☐ Vitaliano delivered a "record-breaking" amount of aid to our schools so our kids can get good jobs.[1]
- ☐ Eric Vitaliano will work to bring our kids 278 million federal dollars to relieve overcrowding in NYC schools, by supporting the Partnership for Rebuilding America's Schools Act.[2]

[1] Staten Island Advance, 7/30/97

[2] Staten Island Advance, 9/2/97

For fifteen years in the State Assembly, Eric Vitaliano has stood up for working families. Now he's ready to stand up for us in Congress, fighting for good schools, a strong local economy, and safe pensions. On November 4th, make your vote count.

[News Releases](#) | [Newsletter](#) | [For The Record](#) | [About Us](#)
[Upcoming Events](#) | [Directory](#) | [Links](#) | [Home](#)

All contents copyright
©New York State AFL - CIO
All rights reserved

A tax-exempt environmental membership organization that endorsed candidates in federal races was not permitted to post these endorsements on its internet site, in its voicemail system, or give them out to callers over the phone because such endorsements constituted "express advocacy" and, thus, would be a corporate contribution if made available to members of the public. Regulations permit only a *de minimis* distribution beyond members of a restricted class—consisting of the organization's membership. However, if the organization were to use a method to limit access to the list to members only, the endorsements could be placed in the specified media.

[illegible]

[Advisory Opinion in Full Text]

This responds to your letters dated July 24, and July 3, 1997, on behalf of the Oregon Natural Resources Council Action ("ONRC Action") and Oregon Natural Resources Council Action Federal PAC ("the Committee") regarding the application of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended ("the Act"), and Commission regulations to proposed methods of making the Committee's Federal candidate endorsements available to its restricted class.

The information provided in your request indicates that ONRC Action is a 501(c)(4) tax-exempt corporation, organized under the laws of Oregon, and is the connected organization of the Committee.¹ Your request also includes ONRC Action's By-laws, its governing document.

ONRC ACTION MEMBERSHIP STRUCTURE

The membership of ONRC Action consists only of individuals.² Your request indicates that ONRC Action has approximately 5,000 members at the present time. Membership in the organization is open to those individuals whose annual dues are paid current, and membership may be suspended or terminated by the Board of Directors for cause or for violation of the organization's ideals or purposes. ONRC Action Bylaws, Article II, Sections 1 and 6. Each member of ONRC Action is required to pay annual dues, the amount of which is determined by the Board of Directors. ONRC Action Bylaws, Article II, Section 2.³

Under its bylaws, ONRC Action's Board of Directors oversees the general management of the organization. ONRC Action Bylaws, Article III Section 5. This Board is elected at the annual meeting of the members. Each paid member is entitled to one vote. ONRC Action Bylaws, Article III, Section 3. The Board consists of a maximum of fifteen members who serve for two year terms. ONRC Action Bylaws, Article III, Section 1.

The Board selects from its membership all of the officers of the organization including its chief executive officers: the President, a Secretary and a Treasurer. ONRC Action Bylaws, Article IV, Section 1. These officers form the Executive Committee, which exercises all the powers of the Board in the management of the property and business of the organization when the Board is not in session.

ONRC ACTION'S PROPOSED COMMUNICATIONS

You state that the Committee and ONRC Action wish to modify the way in which they currently communicate the list of Federal candidates endorsed by the organization to its qualified members, the restricted class. You state that the Committee's endorsements are presently mailed to the organization's restricted class members and faxed to its usual media contacts.⁴ The release of endorsements has resulted in many requests for additional information, both from its members and the general public.⁵ You explain that your three areas of concern all have the same basic concept. You would like to make your endorsements available to ONRC Action's restricted class through inexpensive and available technology, but you understand that there is no simple or certain method to limit access to the restricted class⁶ only.⁶

Your request proposes three methods to making endorsements available.

1. ONRC Action has a web site on the Internet that members regularly access for various purposes related to its work. You propose having the Committee's endorsements made available on this web site. Printed copies of the information available on the web site have been included in your request. You

¹ The purpose of ONRC Action, according to its bylaws, is to "aggressively defend natural resources throughout the Greater Oregon Ecosystem from environmental destruction." Among the goals of the organization are "[to] establish policies that encourage environmental sustainable practices by business, governments and individuals," "[to] work to eliminate government subsidies which cause environmental degradation" and "[to] involve its members and environmentalists in advocacy, education and other activities to achieve its goals." See ONRC Action bylaws, Article I, Section 1.

² Non-profit organizations and businesses may contribute to ONRC Action and receive recognition for their support, but they are explicitly barred from actual membership in the organization. ONRC Action Bylaws Article II, Section 8.

³ The solicitation materials included with your request indicate that the minimum, annual membership dues payment is \$35.

⁴ Your request states that the Committee makes endorsements for most Federal races that meet its selection criteria

"greenness," electability, and statesmanship. The endorsement policy does not require an endorsement in every race. You state that the Committee makes endorsements in primary and general elections, and in special elections as well. You explain that there is no selection criteria difference for the primary, as opposed to general elections.

⁵ You further explain that a separate state PAC, Oregon Natural Resources Council Action State PAC, makes all the endorsements of state and local candidates. Thus, for the purposes of this advisory opinion, you are only interested in making your Federal candidate endorsements more accessible to your members and callers.

⁶ For example, you explain that should an access code be used to limit the ability to connect to a special "members only" section of the organization's Internet web site, any person from the general public who has the correct code will also be able to obtain the Committee's endorsements.

"04-30-97" 1630-3030

explain that this web site is maintained by a volunteer staff and, since it is not restricted in any manner, it is accessible to the public.

2. You explain that your press releases regarding the Committee's endorsements are distributed to your normal list of media contacts. Given the amount of public interest that these endorsements generate, you state that media reporting of the endorsements results in a large volume of phone calls asking for the complete endorsements.⁷ You wish to know if you can provide this information, if the caller is not a member. In cases where a caller responds affirmatively to your inquiry as to whether he/she is a member, you ask if relying on the caller's response would constitute sufficient identification verification before releasing the endorsement information.

3. Finally, you state that, due to the large volume of calls and because you have no permanent receptionist (phones are answered by all staff or the position is filled by volunteers), the organization would like to record a voice mail box with the complete list of endorsements. You explain that the voice mail computer system was purchased several years ago and has the capacity for approximately 1000 voice mail boxes. With less than 20 employees, there is excess capacity on the system that the organization would like to use. Any time spent setting up the box, or recording the message, would be paid by the Committee.

ACT AND COMMISSION REGULATIONS

The Act prohibits corporations from making any contribution or expenditure in connection with Federal elections. 2 U.S.C. § 441b. Contributions include direct or indirect payments or gifts of money or any services, or anything of value, to any candidate for Federal office. 2 U.S.C. § 441b(b)(2); 11 CFR 114.1(a)(1). This general prohibition also has an exception that allows a corporation, including an incorporated membership organization, to communicate with its "restricted class" (its stockholders, executive and administrative personnel, and their families), but not the general public, on any subject" including messages containing express advocacy of the election or defeat of Federal candidates. 2 U.S.C. § 441b(b)(2)(A) and 11 CFR 114.1(j), 114.3(a). See also *United States v. United Auto Workers*, 352 U.S. 567 (1957) and *United States v. Congress of Industrial Organizations et al.*, 335 U.S. 106 (1948). For purposes of these communications, the restricted class of an incorporated membership organization also includes its membership. *Id.*

Communications containing express advocacy which may be made to the restricted class include, but are not limited to, publications. For example, printed material expressly advocating the election or defeat of one or more clearly identified candidate(s) or candidates of a clearly identified political party may be distributed by a corporation or by a labor organization to its restricted class provided that: (i) the material is produced at the expense of the corporation or labor organization, and (ii) the material constitutes a communication of the views of the corporation or the labor organization, and is not the republication or reproduction, in whole or in part, of any broadcast, transcript or tape or any written, graphic, or other form of campaign materials prepared by the candidate, his or her campaign committee, or their authorized agents. A corporation or labor organization may, under this section, use brief quotations from the speeches or other materials of a candidate that demonstrate the candidate's position as part of the corporation's or labor organization's expression of its own views. 11 CFR 114.3(c)(1)(i) and (ii).

A corporation or labor organization also may endorse a candidate and communicate the endorsement to its restricted class through the publications described above or during permissible candidate appearances, as otherwise described in 11 CFR 114.3(c)(2). However, Commission regulations provide that no more than a *de minimis* number of copies of the publication, which includes the endorsement, may be circulated beyond the restricted class. 11 CFR 114.1(c)(6). The corporation or labor organization may publicly announce the endorsement through a press release or press conference, or both. Disbursements for the press release or press conference must be *de minimis*. 11 CFR 114.4(c)(6)(1). The disbursements will be considered *de minimis* if the press release and notice of the press conference are distributed only to the representatives of the news media that the corporation or labor organization customarily contacts when issuing non-political press releases or holding press conferences for other purposes. *Id.* In addition, the public announcement of the endorsement may not be coordinated with the candidate, or the candidate's authorized committee(s). 11 CFR 114.4(c)(6).

A separate segregated fund may, using voluntary contributions, communicate with the general public on any subject, including express advocacy messages supporting or opposing Federal candidates.

⁷ You assert that these calls do not originate with the organization. Instead, they are from its members and inter-

ested non-members who call its main phone number regarding the Committee's endorsements.

However, communications to the public may not solicit contributions to the separate segregated fund itself 11 CFR 114.5(I).

Under Commission regulations, a membership organization must possess certain attributes. It must (i) expressly provide for "members" in its articles and bylaws; (ii) expressly solicit members; and (iii) expressly acknowledge the acceptance of membership, such as by sending a membership card or inclusion on a membership newsletter list. 11 CFR 100.8(b)(4)(iv)(A), 114.1(e)(1).

On the question of what constitutes membership for purposes of the Act, the Supreme Court has suggested that members of non-stock corporations are to be defined, at least in part, by analogy to stock holders of business corporations and members of labor unions. See *FEC v. National Right to Work Committee* [CCH FEDERAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN FINANCING GUIDE ¶ 9183], 459 U.S. 197, 202 (1982), see also *Chamber of Commerce v. FEC*, [CCH FEDERAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN FINANCING GUIDE ¶ 9383] 69 F. 3d 600 (D.C. Cir. 1995); *petition for rehearing denied*, 76 F. 3d 1234 (1996).⁸

MEMBERSHIP STATUS OF ONRC ACTION

The facts and background to this request indicate that ONRC Action is a membership association for purposes of the Act.⁹ The Commission further concludes that ONRC Action's Board of Directors, rather than the Executive Committee, is the highest governing body of ONRC Action for purposes of the Commission regulations.¹⁰ Lastly, the Commission concludes, in the situation presented here, that the membership of ONRC Action would be considered "members" for purposes of the Act and Commission regulations.¹¹

APPLICATION TO ONRC ACTION'S COMMUNICATIONS

The Committee, as the separate segregated fund of ONRC Action, can make contributions and expenditures with regard to Federal elections, subject to the Act's limits and disclosure requirements. The cost of making public the Committee's candidate endorsements, if paid for by the PAC, and depending on whether the distribution activity was coordinated with the various candidates endorsed, would be considered either an independent expenditure on behalf of the candidates endorsed or an in-kind contribution to them. See 11 CFR 109.1 and 114.2(c). However, the facts of your request indicate that ONRC Action's funds, facilities and personnel would be used for this purpose, except for setting up voice mail messages. Therefore, the endorsement distribution proposals would be viewed as corporate, rather than PAC activity. Because of the general availability of access to the Internet, communication via a web site would be considered a form of communication to the general public. See Advisory Opinions 1996-16 [CCH FEDERAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN FINANCING GUIDE ¶ 6197] and 1995-35 [CCH FEDERAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN FINANCING GUIDE ¶ 6168]. As distinguished from its communications to

⁸ In 1993, the Commission revised its membership regulations to further define the term "members." However, the court in *Chamber* determined that portions of those regulations were invalid, concluding that they defined the term "member" in an unduly restrictive fashion. See *Chamber* at 604. (There were not four votes at the Commission to seek further judicial review of this decision.) The regulation at 11 CFR 114.1(e)(2), now invalid in the District of Columbia Circuit, had defined members to mean:

all persons who are currently satisfying the requirements for membership in a membership association, who affirmatively accept the membership association's invitation to become a member, and who:

(i) Have some significant financial attachment to the membership association, such as a significant investment or ownership stake (but not merely the payment of dues),

(ii) Are required to pay on a regular basis a specific amount of dues that is predetermined by the association and are entitled to vote directly either for at least one member who has full participatory and voting rights on the highest governing body of the membership association, or for those who select at least one member of those on the highest governing body of the membership association; or

(iii) Are entitled to vote directly for all of those on the highest governing body of the membership association.

⁹ For example, Article II of ONRC Action's Bylaws meets the requirements of the regulations at 11 CFR 100.8(b)(4)(iv)(A)(i) and 114.1(e)(1) by expressly providing for membership. Your request includes materials which illustrate the organization's solicitation of members. See 11 CFR 100.8(b)(4)(iv)(A)(ii) and 114.1(e)(1). The request materials indicate that members receive a monthly newslet-

ter and other conservation related or recreational materials. Therefore, the requirement that membership be expressly acknowledged is also met. *Id.*

¹⁰ This conclusion is based on the limitations on the power of the Executive committee and the delegated nature of the powers from the Board.

¹¹ The Commission notes that all members of ONRC Action pay dues and all have the right to vote for the highest governing body, or for those who choose the members of that body. Thus, the membership criteria of ONRC Action would have satisfied even the more restrictive standard struck down in *Chamber*. See footnote 8. For a discussion of the application of the *Chamber* decision by the Commission to one particular type of organization, a commodity trading exchange, see Advisory Opinion 1997-5 [CCH FEDERAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN FINANCING GUIDE ¶ 6235].

Following the *Chamber* decision the Commission has published an advance notice of proposed rulemaking which may lead to regulation changes concerning the definition of membership. See FEC Advanced Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, published in the *Federal Register* on July 31, 1997, at pages 40982 through 40985. The conclusion of this opinion regarding membership could be modified or superseded by the adoption of any new regulations on membership criteria, but the opinion may be relied upon until any change is made. If a change is made, it will become effective on a specific date announced in the *Federal Register*. In addition, the Commission's written explanation and justification for any new rules will identify each past advisory opinion that is modified or superseded.

its own restricted class, a corporation's endorsement communications to the general public are limited by the Act and Commission regulations. Endorsements containing express advocacy of a candidate may be incorporated into a press release distributed to the news media representatives customarily contacted for these purposes and may be announced through a press conference that complies with the *de minimus* rule. See 11 CFR 114.4(c)(6)(i). However, your first proposal, to make the Committee's Federal candidate endorsements available on ONRC Action's web site, without any limitation on access, is prohibited.

Your request emphasizes the *de minimus* cost of an expansion of the web site for this purpose. However, *de minimus* expense is only one element of an analysis under section 114.4(c)(6). The regulation also discusses *de minimus* circulation outside the restricted class of corporate or labor organization publications which include candidate endorsements. Relevant to your request is Advisory Opinion 1984-23 [CCH FEDERAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN FINANCING GUIDE ¶ 5768], which is cited in the Explanation and Justification of the current regulations on corporate and labor endorsements. See 60 Fed. Reg. 64260, 64270 (December 14, 1995). In that opinion, a membership organization (also a trade association) wished to publicize its endorsements of candidates in its newsletter and trade journal. The Commission concluded that the list of endorsements could be published in the newsletter because the number of non-members who received the association newsletter was *de minimus* (less than 1%). However, the Commission determined that use of the trade journal for the same purpose was prohibited by section 441b since the circulation beyond the membership class was over 10% and was not *de minimus*. Similarly, communication of the list of endorsed candidates in the organization's web site, without some limit on access, could not be viewed as only a *de minimus* corporate communication by electronic means outside the restricted class.

However, if ONRC Action uses a method to limit access to the list of endorsements to members only, then such endorsements could be placed on its web page. Although your request states there is no simple or certain way to completely limit access, certain methods may limit circulation of the endorsements to a *de minimus* group outside the restricted class.¹² Of course, if the Committee were to pay (and disclose) the costs of the modification and maintenance of the web site associated with releasing the candidate endorsements on the site, your proposal would be permissible under section 114.5(I).

The above discussion applies to the second and third parts of your proposal. Again, section 114.4(c)(6) delineates permissible methods for transmitting endorsement information outside the restricted class to the general public. The Commission concludes that giving such information over the phone to non-members, even if the call is not solicited, is prohibited by 11 CFR 114.4(c)(6) and 2 U.S.C. § 441b. As with its web site, ONRC Action is required to use some meaningful identification system to screen out non-members. In these circumstances, it would be sufficient if the caller gives his or her name and ONRC Action verifies that the name given is on ONRC's membership list. Your proposal to use a voice mail box system similarly may not be permissible unless non-members are screened out. However, if all the costs associated with the PAC's use of the voice mail system are assumed by the PAC, this proposal would be permissible.¹³ Otherwise, if appropriate safeguards are not taken, your proposed activity could result in an unlawful corporate expenditure, or, depending on the circumstances, a prohibited, in-kind corporate contribution to the candidates involved.

This response constitutes an advisory opinion concerning the application of the Act, or regulations prescribed by the Commission, to the specific transaction or activity set forth in your request. See 2 U.S.C. § 437f.

Dated: September 19, 1997.

¹² For example, each member could be provided with an individual, unique identification number or password to enter the portion of the web site containing the endorsements. This method is used by various web organizations and Internet services.

The Commission notes that the membership application forms included in your request ask that a member provide an e-mail address. A further option open to ONRC Action and the Committee, is to send the list of endorsements by e-mail to members only. See Advisory Opinion 1995-33 [CCH FEDERAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN FINANCING GUIDE ¶ 6167].

¹³ You state that the Committee would pay for any time spent adjusting the voice mail system and that no additional costs would be assumed by ONRC Action. However, your request is not sufficiently clear regarding any apportioning between ONRC Action and the Committee of any other costs such as, for example, usage and maintenance costs associated with the voice mail system. For this reason, the Commission cannot determine whether the third part of your proposal is permissible under the Act and Commission regulations.