



FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

1125 K STREET NW
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20543

THIS IS THE END OF MUR # 1833

Date Filmed 6/27/85 Camera No. --- 1

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SUMMARY FILE CHECK-OFF

MUR # 1833

April 29, 1985 Date of Close-out Letters (Mail...)

CONTENT CHECK-OFF

- Close-Out Letter(s)
- Final OGC Report or Memorandum or Conciliation Agreement(s)
- Respondent(s) Reply to Brief(s)
- General Counsel's Brief(s)
- Respondent's Reply to RTB Finding
- First General Counsel's Report
- Respondent's Reply to the Complaint
- Original Complaint(s) (If Any)
- Other Report or Correspondence*
- All Certifications**

Anne Weissenborn Preparer of the Summary File

Date 6/5/85

File Reviewed by [Signature]

* To be included if, in the opinion of the staff member, it is important.

** Certifications of Commission actions should be placed in the Summary File prior to the documents which formed the basis of the action and in reverse chronological order.

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RECEIVED AT THE FEC
GCC# 7376
ANDERSON & ASSOCIATES, P.C. 85 MAY 3 P 3: 24
ATTORNEYS AT LAW

ODIN P. ANDERSON
ROBERT L. ROSSI
A. DAVID DAVIS
TRACY ROACH

ONE LONGFELLOW PLACE
SUITE 216
BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS 02114
(617) 742-8200

May 1, 1985

Charles N. Steele, General Counsel
Federal Election Commission
1324 K Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20463

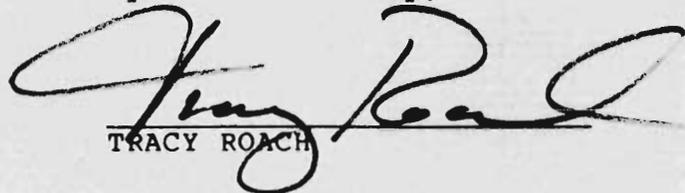
Re: MUR 1833

Dear Mr. Steele:

On November 10, 1984, The LaRouche Campaign ("TLC") and its Treasurer Edward Spannaus provided a written response to the Commission's October 25, 1984 notification that a complaint by William Flora alleged a violation of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended ("the Act"). The debt owed Mr. Flora, which was the basis of his complaint, was acknowledged and reported overdue to the Commission. It is therefore apparent that no violation of a law within the jurisdiction of the Commission has occurred.

Since there remains no actionable complaint, and no Commission action has yet been taken, Mr. Spannaus and TLC request that MUR 1833 be dismissed forthwith. A response from the Commission is requested ten (10) days from the date of this letter.

Very truly yours,
The LaRouche Campaign
Edward Spannaus, Treasurer
By Their Attorney,


TRACY ROACH

TR/jm

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FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20463

April 29, 1985

Edward Spannaus, Treasurer
The LaRouche Campaign, Inc.
P.O. Box 2150, G.P.O.
New York, New York 10116

RE: MUR 1833

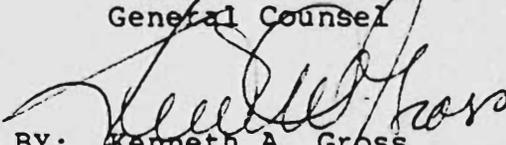
Dear Mr. Spannaus:

On October 25, 1984, the Commission notified The LaRouche Campaign, Inc., ("the Committee") and you, as treasurer, of a complaint concerning the complainant's failure to receive repayment of a loan made to the Committee.

The Commission, on April 23, 1985, determined that on the basis of the information in the complaint, and of information provided by you, there is no reason to believe that a violation of the Federal Election Campaign Act has been committed. Accordingly, the Commission has closed its files in this matter. This matter will become a part of the public record with 30 days.

Sincerely,

Charles N. Steele
General Counsel


BY: Kenneth A. Gross
Associate General Counsel

Enclosure
General Counsel's Report

85040525345



FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20463

April 29, 1985

William Flora
5942 Spicewood Drive
Goshen, Indiana 46526

RE: MUR 1833

Dear Mr. Flora:

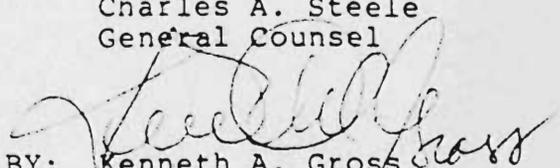
The Federal Election Commission has reviewed the allegations in your complaint which was received on October 23, 1984, and has determined that, on the basis of information provided in your complaint and information provided by the Respondent, there is no reason to believe that a violation of the Federal Election Campaign Act has been committed. Accordingly, the Commission has decided to close the file in this matter. A copy of the General Counsel's Report is attached for your information.

The Federal Election Campaign Act allows a complainant to seek judicial review of the Commission's dismissal of this action. See 2 U.S.C. § 437g(a)(8).

Should additional information come to your attention which you believe establishes a violation of the Act, you may file a complaint pursuant to the requirements set forth in 2 U.S.C. § 437g(a)(1) and 11 C.F.R. § 111.4.

Sincerely,

Charles A. Steele
General Counsel

BY: 
Kenneth A. Gross
Associate General Counsel

Enclosure
General Counsel's Report

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BEFORE THE FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

In the Matter of)
)
The LaRouche Campaign, Inc.) MUR 1833
Edward Spannaus, Treasurer)

CERTIFICATION

I, Marjorie W. Emmons, recording secretary for the Federal Election Commission executive session of April 23, 1985, do hereby certify that the Commission decided by a vote of 6-0 to take the following actions in MUR 1833:

1. Find no reason to believe that The LaRouche Committee, Inc., and Edward Spannaus, as treasurer, have violated the Federal Election Campaign Act, as amended, in this matter.
2. Approve the letters attached to the General Counsel's report dated April 9, 1985.
3. Close the file.

Commissioners Aikens, Elliott, Harris, McDonald, McGarry, and Reiche voted affirmatively for the decision.

Attest:

4-24-85

Date

Marjorie W. Emmons

Marjorie W. Emmons
Secretary of the Commission

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FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION
WASHINGTON DC 20463

MEMORANDUM TO: CHARLES STEELE, GENERAL COUNSEL
FROM: MARJORIE W. EMMONS/JODY C. RANSOM *JCR*
DATE: APRIL 16, 1985
SUBJECT: OBJECTION - MUR 1833 General Counsel's
Report signed April 9, 1985

The above-named document was circulated to the
Commission on Thursday, April 11, 1985 at 4:00.

Objections have been received from the Commissioners
as indicated by the name(s) checked:

Commissioner Aikens	<u> X </u>
Commissioner Elliott	<u> </u>
Commissioner Harris	<u> </u>
Commissioner McDonald	<u> </u>
Commissioner McGarry	<u> </u>
Commissioner Reiche	<u> </u>

This matter will be placed on the Executive Session
agenda for Tuesday, April 23, 1985.

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FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20463

MEMORANDUM

TO: Office of the Commission Secretary
 FROM: Office of General Counsel *Cat*
 DATE: April 11, 1985
 SUBJECT: MUR 1833 - General Counsel's Report

The attached is submitted as an Agenda document
 for the Commission Meeting of _____
 Open Session _____
 Closed Session _____

CIRCULATIONS

DISTRIBUTION

48 Hour Tally Vote	[X]	Compliance	[X]
Sensitive	[X]	Audit Matters	[]
Non-Sensitive	[]	Litigation	[]
24 Hour No Objection	[]	Closed MUR Letters	[]
Sensitive	[]	Status Sheets	[]
Non-Sensitive	[]	Advisory Opinions	[]
Information	[]	Other (see distribution below)	[]
Sensitive	[]		
Non-Sensitive	[]		
Other	[]		

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SENSITIVE

BEFORE THE FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

RECEIVED
THE FEC
SECRETARY

In the Matter of
The LaRouche Campaign, Inc.
Edward Spannaus, Treasurer

)
)
)
)

MUR 18 33 All : 39

GENERAL COUNSEL'S REPORT

BACKGROUND

On October 23, 1984, this Office received a complaint from William R. Flora of Goshen, Indiana, concerning the failure of The LaRouche Campaign ("the Committee") to repay a \$300 loan which he had made on April 4, 1984, and for which repayment was due on June 4, 1984. The loan was made by certified check and has been reported by the Committee as a debt owed. Mr. Flora's check was not submitted for matching. According to the Committee's reports, Mr. Flora was repaid \$150.00 on December 31, 1984, leaving an outstanding debt of \$150. No information has been received from the complainant confirming this partial repayment. The Committee's response is attached.

LEGAL ANALYSIS

Whether or not Mr. Flora has been made whole, it appears that no violation of a law within the Commission's jurisdiction has occurred as regards the Committee's failure to repay his loan. The loan involved was made by an individual, not by a bank or corporation, and constituted a contribution at the time it was made. Mr. Flora's loan therefore, does not come within the coverage of 11 C.F.R. § 114.10 which applies a "commercially reasonable" standard to the making and collection of loans obtained by political committees from corporations or banks.

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Neither the Federal Election Campaign Act nor the Commission's regulations addresses the issue of the late repayment of loans received by a political committee from an individual. It also appears that the Committee has fulfilled its reporting requirements concerning Mr. Flora's loan.

This Office recommends that the Commission find no reason to believe that The LaRouche Campaign has violated the Federal Election Campaign Act in this matter and close the file.

RECOMMENDATIONS

1. That the Commission find no reason to believe that The LaRouche Committee, Inc., and Edward Spannaus, as treasurer, have violated the Act in this matter.
2. Approve the attached letters.
3. Close the file.

Charles N. Steele
General Counsel

April 9, 1985
Date

BY: Kenneth A. Gross
Kenneth A. Gross
Associate General Counsel

Attachments

Response from Committee
Letters (2)

85040525351

GCC# 5577

Mel Klenetsky
National Campaign Director
Edward Spannaus
Treasurer



P.O. Box 2150, GPO, New York, N.Y. 10116, (212) 247-8820

November 10, 1984

Kenneth A. Gross
Associate General Counsel
Federal Election Commission
1325 K Street N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20463

NOV 13 1984
P 2:32

BY FEDERAL EXPRESS

Re: MUR 1833

Mr. Gross:

This is my response to your letter of October 25, 1984 informing me of MUR 1833, opened in response to the complaint submitted to your office by Mr. William Flora. My office received your certified letter on October 29, 1984. Although I do not believe that the Commission has any jurisdiction over this complaint, I have nonetheless reviewed the Committee's records regarding Mr. Flora's transaction history and his prior communications with The LaRouche Campaign.

We do not dispute Mr. Flora's having made a loan of \$300, deposited by the Committee April 5, 1984. That loan was duly itemized in the Committee's May 20, 1984 Report of Receipts and Expenditures covering the period April 1 - April 30, 1984 and carried as a debt in that and all subsequent reports. We are currently attempting to contact Mr. Flora to reach a mutually satisfactory payment arrangement.

I regret that Mr. Flora has been put in a difficult financial situation and as a result has felt it necessary to bring his claims to a variety of federal agencies and press. With approximately 12,000 contributors and a very small campaign staff, it has not been easy to contact all creditors with the speed we would have liked, particularly prior to the end of the campaign. It is obvious from the content of Mr. Flora's letter that his complaint simply concerns the Committee's inability to repay his loan on the date originally expected, compounded by the Committee's difficulty in responding quickly to all creditor requests, as just mentioned.

Therefore it would seem that there is in fact no basis for FEC investigation, insofar as no acts have been cited that fall under the purview of the Federal Election Campaign Act or

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(1)

attendant Regulations. According to 11 C.F.R. Sec. 111.4, a formal complaint such as has resulted in this MUR

should contain a clear and concise recitation of the facts describing the violation of a statute or law over which the Commission has jurisdiction.

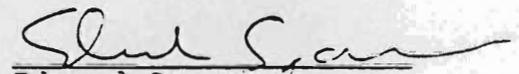
To the best of my knowledge, the only such statute or law even hinted at in the complaint (let alone "clear ... recitation of facts describing violation") are those pertaining to the matchability of contributions. Mr. Flora suggests that our fundraisers told him

that in order for the campaign to receive matching funds from the Federal Government they needed to demonstrate a certain sum of money bank account [sic].

This statement about the Committee's solicitation methods is untrue, although perhaps understandable. It goes without saying that Committee fundraisers sought the maximum number of matchable contributions, but circumstances often dictated that nonmatchable contributions and loans be obtained. As noted above, the Committee has never made any claim concerning Mr. Flora's loan other than that it was a loan; internal FEC Audit Division records at your disposal will of course confirm that it was never submitted for matching.

It is quite possible that Mr. Flora has confused in his memory our fundraisers' requests for matchable money, with their other requests for loan money, since both would naturally have been sought and discussed with him in the course of the conversation. It is also possible that Mr. Flora became disaffected due to his inability to receive repayment as rapidly as he hoped, or has acted under the influence of a third party, and has intentionally misrepresented the basis of the understanding.

If there is in fact any statute or regulation whose possible violation is specifically suggested by the complainant, I expect you will so inform me; otherwise I must assume that this letter constitutes sufficient response to MUR 1833 to mandate your closing it with no further action.


Edward Spannaus
Treasurer

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FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20463

William Flora
5942 Spicewood Drive
Goshen, Indiana 46526

RE: MUR 1833

Dear Mr. Flora:

The Federal Election Commission has reviewed the allegations in your complaint which was received on October 23, 1984, and has determined that, on the basis of information provided in your complaint and information provided by the Respondent, there is no reason to believe that a violation of the Federal Election Campaign Act has been committed. Accordingly, the Commission has decided to close the file in this matter. A copy of the General Counsel's Report is attached for your information.

The Federal Election Campaign Act allows a complainant to seek judicial review of the Commission's dismissal of this action. See 2 U.S.C. § 437g(a)(8).

Should additional information come to your attention which you believe establishes a violation of the Act, you may file a complaint pursuant to the requirements set forth in 2 U.S.C. § 437g(a)(1) and 11 C.F.R. § 111.4.

Sincerely,

Charles A. Steele
General Counsel

BY: Kenneth A. Gross
Associate General Counsel

Enclosure
General Counsel's Report

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FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20463

Edward Spannaus, Treasurer
The LaRouche Campaign, Inc.
P.O. Box 2150, G.P.O.
New York, New York 10116

RE: MUR 1833

Dear Mr. Spannaus:

On October 25, 1984, the Commission notified The LaRouche Campaign, Inc., ("the Committee") and you, as treasurer, of a complaint concerning the complainant's failure to receive repayment of a loan made to the Committee.

The Commission, on March , 1985, determined that on the basis of the information in the complaint, and of information provided by you, there is no reason to believe that a violation of the Federal Election Campaign Act has been committed. Accordingly, the Commission has closed its files in this matter. This matter will become a part of the public record with 30 days.

Sincerely,

Charles N. Steele
General Counsel

BY: Kenneth A. Gross
General Counsel

Enclosure
General Counsel's Report

85040525355

(4)



FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20463

MEMORANDUM TO: CHARLES N. STEELE
GENERAL COUNSEL *MWE*

FROM: MARJORIE W. EMMONS/JODY C. RANSOM *JCR*

DATE: JANUARY 14, 1985

SUBJECT: MURS , 1833,
First General Counsel's Report
signed January 10, 1985

The above-captioned matter was circulated to the Commission on a 24 hour no-objection basis at 4:00, January 10, 1985.

There were no objections to the First General Counsel's Report at the time of the deadline.

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FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20463

MEMORANDUM

TO: Office of the Commission Secretary

FROM: Office of General Counsel *CX*

DATE: January 10, 1985
MURs ~~1985~~

SUBJECT: First General Counsel's Report

The attached is submitted as an Agenda document
 for the Commission Meeting of _____
 Open Session _____
 Closed Session _____

CIRCULATIONS		DISTRIBUTION	
48 Hour Tally Vote	[]	Compliance	[x]
Sensitive	[]	Audit Matters	[]
Non-Sensitive	[]	Litigation	[]
24 Hour No Objection	[x]	Closed MUR Letters	[]
Sensitive	[x]	Status Sheets	[]
Non-Sensitive	[]	Advisory Opinions	[]
Information	[]	Other (see distribution below)	[]
Sensitive	[]		
Non-Sensitive	[]		
Other	[]		
_____		_____	
_____		_____	
_____		_____	

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SENSITIVE

FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION
1325 K STREET, N.W.
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20463

FIRST GENERAL COUNSEL'S REPORT

DATE AND TIME OF
TRANSMITTAL BY OGC TO
COMMISSION
1/10/85 - 12:40

MURS # _____ 1833,
DATES COMPLAINTS RECEIVED BY
COMMISSION
10/23/84,

DATES OF NOTIFICATIONS TO RESPONDENTS
10/25/85,

STAFF MEMBER Anne Weissenborn

COMPLAINANTS' NAMES:

William R. Flora

RESPONDENTS' NAMES:

The LaRouche Campaign
Edward Spannaus, as treasurer

RELEVANT STATUTES:

2 U.S.C. § 434(b)(3) and (8)
2 U.S.C. § 9042(c)

INTERNAL REPORTS CHECKED:

The LaRouche Campaign

SUMMARY OF ALLEGATIONS

FACTUAL & LEGAL ANALYSIS

An examination of reports filed by the LaRouche Campaign
indicates that monies received from

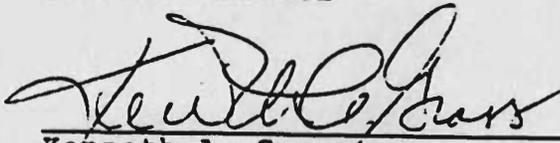
William Flora and _____ have been reported as
loans by the committee;

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85040525359

January 10, 1955
Date

Charles N. Steele
General Counsel

BY: 
Kenneth A. Gross
Associate General Counsel



P.O. Box 2150, GPO
New York, N.Y. 10116

35040525

Kenneth A. Gross
Associate General Counsel
Federal Election Commission
1325 K Street N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20463

BY FEDERAL EXPRESS

Re: MCF 1e33

GCC#5574

Mel Klenetsky
National Campaign Director
Edward Spannaus
Treasurer



P.O. Box 2150, GPO, New York, N.Y. 10116, (212) 247-8820

November 10, 1984

Kenneth A. Gross
Associate General Counsel
Federal Election Commission
1325 K Street N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20463

14 NOV 13 1984
P 2:32

GENERAL COUNSEL

BY FEDERAL EXPRESS

Re: MUR 1833

Mr. Gross:

This is my response to your letter of October 25, 1984 informing me of MUR 1833, opened in response to the complaint submitted to your office by Mr. William Flora. My office received your certified letter on October 29, 1984. Although I do not believe that the Commission has any jurisdiction over this complaint, I have nonetheless reviewed the Committee's records regarding Mr. Flora's transaction history and his prior communications with The LaRouche Campaign.

We do not dispute Mr. Flora's having made a loan of \$300, deposited by the Committee April 5, 1984. That loan was duly itemized in the Committee's May 20, 1984 Report of Receipts and Expenditures covering the period April 1 - April 30, 1984 and carried as a debt in that and all subsequent reports. We are currently attempting to contact Mr. Flora to reach a mutually satisfactory payment arrangement.

I regret that Mr. Flora has been put in a difficult financial situation and as a result has felt it necessary to bring his claims to a variety of federal agencies and press. With approximately 12,000 contributors and a very small campaign staff, it has not been easy to contact all creditors with the speed we would have liked, particularly prior to the end of the campaign. It is obvious from the content of Mr. Flora's letter that his complaint simply concerns the Committee's inability to repay his loan on the date originally expected, compounded by the Committee's difficulty in responding quickly to all creditor requests, as just mentioned.

Therefore it would seem that there is in fact no basis for FEC investigation, insofar as no acts have been cited that fall under the purview of the Federal Election Campaign Act or

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attendant Regulations. According to 11 C.F.R. Sec. 111.4, a formal complaint such as has resulted in this MUR

should contain a clear and concise recitation of the facts describing the violation of a statute or law over which the Commission has jurisdiction.

To the best of my knowledge, the only such statute or law even hinted at in the complaint (let alone "clear ... recitation of facts describing violation") are those pertaining to the matchability of contributions. Mr. Flora suggests that our fundraisers told him

that in order for the campaign to receive matching funds from the Federal Government they needed to demonstrate a certain sum of money bank account [sic].

This statement about the Committee's solicitation methods is untrue, although perhaps understandable. It goes without saying that Committee fundraisers sought the maximum number of matchable contributions, but circumstances often dictated that nonmatchable contributions and loans be obtained. As noted above, the Committee has never made any claim concerning Mr. Flora's loan other than that it was a loan; internal FEC Audit Division records at your disposal will of course confirm that it was never submitted for matching.

It is quite possible that Mr. Flora has confused in his memory our fundraisers' requests for matchable money, with their other requests for loan money, since both would naturally have been sought and discussed with him in the course of the conversation. It is also possible that Mr. Flora became disaffected due to his inability to receive repayment as rapidly as he hoped, or has acted under the influence of a third party, and has intentionally misrepresented the basis of the understanding.

If there is in fact any statute or regulation whose possible violation is specifically suggested by the complainant, I expect you will so inform me; otherwise I must assume that this letter constitutes sufficient response to MUR 1833 to mandate your closing it with no further action.


Edward Spannaus
Treasurer

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FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION
WASHINGTON DC 20463

October 25, 1984

William R. Flora
59642 Spicewood Drive
Goshen, Indiana 46526

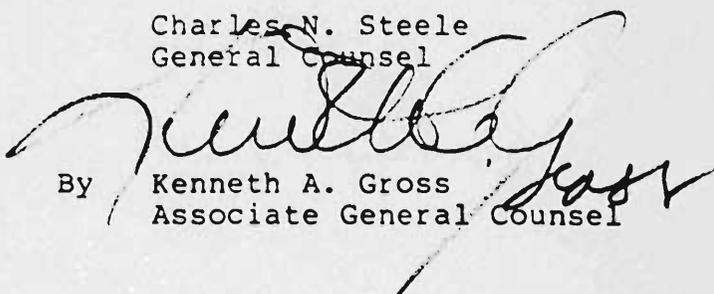
Dear Mr. Flora:

This letter is to acknowledge receipt of your complaint which we received on October 23, 1984, against Edward Spannaus and the LaRouche Campaign, Inc., which alleges violations of the Federal Election Campaign laws. A staff member has been assigned to analyze your allegations. The respondent will be notified of this complaint within five days.

You will be notified as soon as the Commission takes final action on your complaint. Should you have or receive any additional information in this matter, please forward it to this office. We suggest that this information be sworn to in the same manner as your original complaint. For your information, we have attached a brief description of the Commission's procedure for handling complaints. If you have any questions, please contact Barbara A. Johnson at (202) 523-4143.

Sincerely,

Charles N. Steele
General Counsel

By 
Kenneth A. Gross
Associate General Counsel

Enclosure

85040525363



FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20463

October 25, 1984

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Edward Spannaus
Treasurer
The LaRouche Campaign, Inc.
304 West 58th Street
New York, New York 10019

Re: MUR 1833

Dear Mr. Spannaus:

This letter is to notify you that on October 23, 1984 the Federal Election Commission received a complaint which alleges the LaRouche Campaign, Inc. and you, as treasurer may have violated certain sections of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended ("the Act"). A copy of the complaint is enclosed. We have numbered this matter MUR 1833. Please refer to this number in all future correspondence.

Under the Act, you have the opportunity to demonstrate, in writing, that no action should be taken against the LaRouche Campaign, Inc. and you, as treasurer in connection with this matter. Your response must be submitted within 15 days of receipt of this letter. If no response is received within 15 days, the Commission may take further action based on the available information.

Please submit any factual or legal materials which you believe are relevant to the Commission's analysis of this matter. Where appropriate, statements should be submitted under oath.

This matter will remain confidential in accordance with 2 U.S.C. § 437g(a)(4)(B) and § 437g(a)(12)(A) unless you notify the Commission in writing that you wish the matter to be made public.

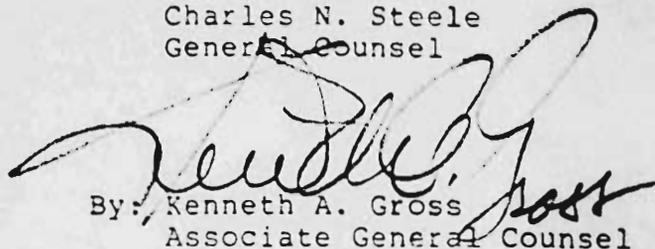
If you intend to be represented by counsel in this matter please advise the Commission by completing the enclosed form stating the name, address and telephone number of such counsel, and a statement authorizing such counsel to receive any notifications and other communications from the Commission.

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If you have any questions, please contact Anne Weissenborn, the attorney assigned to this matter at (202) 523-4000. For your information, we have attached a brief description of the Commission's procedure for handling complaints.

Sincerely,

Charles N. Steele
General Counsel



By: Kenneth A. Gross
Associate General Counsel

Enclosures

1. Complaint
2. Procedures
3. Designation of Counsel Statement

85040525365

October 18, 1984

Bill Flora
59642 Spicewood Drive
Goshen, In. 46526

RECEIVED AT THE FEC
GCC #5274
84 OCT 23 All: 46

MUR
1833

Kenneth Gross (Associate General Council)
Federal Election Commission
1325 K Street
Washington, D.C. 20463

14 OCT 23

Dear Mr. Gross:

On April 2nd, 1984, a representative of the Lyndon LaRouche Campaign, Doug Mallouk, called and asked if we would loan a sum of \$500.00 interest free to the LaRouch Campaign. I was told that in order for the campaign to receive matching funds from the Federal Government they needed to demonstrate a certain sum of money bank account. He was urgent to get the money because the government had set a deadline date for the account to reach that goal. It was our understanding that this was a legal and proper procedure. Doug pushed me to send certified funds because of the deadline date.

I agreed to lend the sum of \$300.00, interest free, to the LaRouche Campaign for a period of sixty days, at the end of which time we were supposed to be repaid. A certified check was sent to the LaRouche Campaign at the Chicago, Il. headquarters.

The LaRouche Campaign
3740 W. Irving Park Road
Chicago, Il. 60618

Enclosed is a copy of the promissory note we received from the campaign. The letter names the LaRouche Campaign in New York City; but the envelope had an Illinois post mark.

As you can see the note was due June 4th, 1984, and to this date, we have not been repaid.

On approximately June 5th, I called Doug Mallouk at the Chicago office of the LaRouche Campaign, when asked about the repayment of the loan, he asked for an extension and I refused and said I wanted immediate satisfaction on the loan. Doug Mallouk replied that they were in the midst of a "political struggle" and they had the money, but he couldn't get it right away. He wouldn't give me a time when I could have my money. Approximately one week later, I attempted to reach Doug Mallouk again. I was told that he was on another line. I then asked to speak with Paul Greenberg, (Paul is the person who signed the promissory note) I was told that he was too busy to speak with me at the moment but that they would have him call me back. My call was never returned. I called again the next day and had identical results. Approximately one month later, I called the New York City office of the LaRouche Campaign and asked for Ed Spannus, treasurer for "New Solidarity" a pamphlet published by the LaRouche Campaign. The switchboard informed me that he was out of town. I called three days later and was given an extension which no one would answer. I hadn't explained why I was calling but the switchboard operator knew without my explaining that I was calling in regard to the loan. She had obviously been getting lots of calls from others like myself because when she came back on the line she said, "are you calling about a loan?" I called again the same day and had identical results.

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No one would answer that extension. I then called the Chicago headquarters and warned them that I would fight their political philosophy, call the FBI, call the major newspapers and contact my local newspaper. Of course I didn't get any firm commitment from the young man, so I did what I said I would. The FBI recommended that I file a suit in small claims court. However; they said that even if I won I would probably never collect. The New York Times took a statement and said they would call me if they found a story in my statement. I finally found out about your office when my wife contacted John Hilers office. This was in the first week of October. Some one from his office contacted your office and discussed the matter with someone at your office. Your colleague recommended we send this letter. The Lyndon LaRouch Campaign owes my wife and I \$300.00.

Sincerely,

Bill Flora

Bill Flora

BF/rd
encl.

County of Elkhart

Date 10/18/84

State of Indiana

William R Flora

appeared before me and swore to the true statements above

Catherine Rosann Dicks
Notary Public

My commission expires 11/11/85

85040525367

AMOUNT: \$300.00

DATE: APRIL 4, 1984

PROMISSORY NOTE

THE LAROUCHE CAMPAIGN acknowledges that on April 4, 1984, WILLIAM FLORA of 59642 Spicewood Drive, Goshen, Indiana, loaned \$300.00 to THE LAROUCHE CAMPAIGN, located at 304 W. 58th Street, 5th Floor, New York, New York.

THE LAROUCHE CAMPAIGN acknowledges its indebtedness to WILLIAM FLORA only, in the amount of \$300.00, which it shall repay to WILLIAM FLORA within 60 days. This obligation of THE LAROUCHE CAMPAIGN to WILLIAM FLORA shall not be assigned, transferred, or discounted.

Paul Greenberg

PAUL GREENBERG
Authorized Representative
of THE LAROUCHE CAMPAIGN

85040525363

PARK



21746 Buckingham Road
Elkhart, Indiana 46516



HOMES

MR. KENNETH GROSS
(ASSOCIATE GENERAL COUNCIL)
1325 K STREET
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20463

04 OCT 23 AM 4:46

ELKHART, IN 46516



FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

1125 K STREET NW
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20463

THIS IS THE BEGINNING OF MUR # 1833

Date Filmed 6/27/85 Camera No. --- 1

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