November 10, 2010

AGENDA ITEM
For Meeting of 11-10-10

MEMORANDUM

TO: The Commission

FROM: Christopher Hughey (pch)
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Subject: Draft AO 2010-26 (Baird)

       Attached is a proposed draft of the subject advisory opinion. We request that this
draft be placed on the agenda for November 18, 2010.

Attachment
Dear Representative Baird:

We are responding to your advisory opinion request concerning the application of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended (the "Act"), and Commission regulations, to the use of campaign funds from Representative Baird’s campaign committee ("Baird for Congress") to pay temporary storage costs associated with your planned move back to your home State following your retirement from Congress at the end of the current term.

The Commission concludes that under the circumstances you describe, the cost of such temporary storage is an ordinary and necessary expense incurred in connection with your duties as a holder of Federal office. Therefore, the use of campaign funds to pay this cost is not personal use of campaign funds, and is permissible under the Act and Commission regulations.

Background

The facts presented in this advisory opinion are based on your letter received on October 1, 2010.

Representative Brian Baird is a Member of the U.S. House of Representatives from Washington State’s 3rd District. Representative Baird plans to retire from Congress at the expiration of the current congressional term and is planning to move himself and
his family out of his Washington, D.C. residence and back to his home in Washington State.

As part of the preparations for the move, the Baird family moved almost one-half of its personal household items into a commercial, off-site storage facility. This was done solely to create additional space in the Washington, D.C. house to facilitate the family’s preparation for the move. It was not done to create more living space or to make a material improvement to the house. The items at the storage facility are fully packed and will remain in storage for approximately four months, from mid-August to mid-December 2010. The Baird family will not access them until the actual move to Washington State takes place.

Representative Baird states that the Baird family is paying the full and normal rental charge to store the items. Neither Representative Baird nor the members of his family have any personal, commercial, or political affiliation with the storage company.

**Question Presented**

_May a retiring Member of Congress use campaign funds to pay the cost of temporarily storing household items as part of the Member’s preparations for moving himself and his family back to the Member’s home State?

**Legal Analysis and Conclusions**

Yes, the retiring Member of Congress may use campaign funds to pay the cost of temporarily storing the household items because payments for these expenses are not personal use of campaign funds under 2 U.S.C. 439a.

The Act identifies six categories of permissible uses of contributions accepted by a Federal candidate. They are: (1) otherwise authorized expenditures in connection with
the candidate’s campaign for Federal office; (2) ordinary and necessary expenses incurred in connection with the duties of the individual as a holder of Federal office; (3) contributions to organizations described in 26 U.S.C. 170(c); (4) transfers, without limitation, to national, State, or local political party committees; (5) donations to State and local candidates subject to the provisions of State law; and (6) any other lawful purpose not prohibited by 2 U.S.C. 439a(b). 2 U.S.C. 439a(a); see also 11 CFR 113.2(a)-(e).

Under the Act, contributions accepted by a candidate may not be converted to “personal use” by any person. 2 U.S.C. 439a(b)(1); 11 CFR 113.2(e). The Act and Commission regulations define “personal use” as any use of funds “to fulfill any commitment, obligation, or expense of a person that would exist irrespective of the candidate’s election campaign or individual’s duties as a holder of Federal office.” 2 U.S.C. 439a(b)(2); see also 11 CFR 113.1(g).

The Act and Commission regulations provide that the use of campaign funds to pay for certain items enumerated in a non-exhaustive list are per se personal use. See 2 U.S.C. 439a(b)(2)(A)-(I); 11 CFR 113.1(g)(1)(i)(A)-(J). The payment involved here is not for an item on this list. For items not on the list, the Commission determines on a case-by-case basis whether an expense would fall within the definition of “personal use.” 11 CFR 113.1(g)(1)(ii).

The Commission has considered whether Members of Congress may use campaign funds to move themselves, family members, or household or office furnishings between their home States and Washington, D.C. on several previous occasions. In Advisory Opinion 1980-138 (Murkowski), the Commission concluded that a Senator-
elect could use campaign funds to pay the expense of moving himself and his family to 
Washington, D.C., because the expense was an “ordinary and necessary expense” 
incurred in connection with the duties of a Federal officeholder. In Advisory Opinion 
1987-11 (Zorinsky), the Commission treated expenses associated with closing a deceased 
Senator’s Washington, D.C. office and moving his surviving spouse back to the home 
State as “ordinary and necessary expenses in connection with the duties of a Federal 
officeholder.” Subsequently, in Advisory Opinion 1996-14 (de la Garza), the 
Commission concluded that a retiring Member of Congress could use campaign funds to 
pay for the cost of moving from his house in the Washington, D.C. area to his home State 
and to pay for the cost of transporting his personal household effects and furnishings to 
his residence in his home State. In that advisory opinion, the Commission reasoned that 
because a Member’s moving expenses from his home State to the Washington, D.C. area 
are ordinary and necessary to the Member’s assumption of office, moving expenses 
associated with the Member’s return to his home State upon retirement are also ordinary 
and necessary expenses incurred in connection with ending his duties as a Federal 
officeholder.

The request states that the sole purpose of the temporary storage is to facilitate the 
preparation of Representative Baird’s house for sale, and that the house is being sold 
solely for the purpose of moving Representative Baird and his family back to his home

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State as a consequence of his retirement from Congress. Under these circumstances, the
cost of temporarily storing the household items and effects is a part of the cost of moving
Representative Baird’s family and its household items back to the home State upon the
officeholder’s retirement from Congress. Based on the representations in the instant
advisory opinion request, the Commission concludes that Representative Baird may use
campaign funds to pay the costs of temporarily storing his household items in a
commercial storage facility.

As such, the cost is an ordinary and necessary expense incurred in connection
with Representative Baird’s duties as a Federal officeholder. 2 U.S.C. 439a(a)(2); 11
CFR 113.2(a); see also Advisory Opinions 1980-138 (Murkowski), 1987-11 (Zorinsky),
and 1996-14 (de la Garza). Accordingly, the cost is not incurred to fulfill a commitment,
obligation, or expense of a person that would exist irrespective of Representative Baird’s
duties as a holder of Federal office. 2 U.S.C. 439a(b)(2); 11 CFR 113.1(g).
Consequently, payment of this cost with campaign funds would not be a conversion of
campaign contributions to personal use, and would not be prohibited by the Act or
Commission regulations.

Baird for Congress must report all expenses that it makes consistent with this
advisory opinion. This should be done by reporting the expenses as “other
disbursements” on line 21 of FEC Form 3, “Report of Receipts and Disbursements for an
Authorized Committee,” with the specific payee(s) and purpose noted. See 2 U.S.C.
434(b)(4); 11 CFR 104.3(b)(2) and (4)(vi); Advisory Opinion 1996-14 (de la Garza). If
Representative Baird has already expended personal funds to pay for temporarily storing
his household items in preparation for the move, he may receive reimbursement from
Baird for Congress to the extent that he made such payments under the conditions set forth in this advisory opinion. See Advisory Opinion 2008-07 (Vitter).

The Commission expresses no opinion regarding the application of the rules of the U.S. House of Representatives to the proposed activities, because those rules are not within the Commission’s jurisdiction.

This response constitutes an advisory opinion concerning the application of the Act and Commission regulations to the specific transaction or activity set forth in your request. See 2 U.S.C. 437f. The Commission emphasizes that, if there is a change in any of the facts or assumptions presented, and such facts or assumptions are material to a conclusion presented in this advisory opinion, then the requestor may not rely on that conclusion as support for its proposed activity. Any person involved in any specific transaction or activity which is indistinguishable in all its material aspects from the transaction or activity with respect to which this advisory opinion is rendered may rely on this advisory opinion. See 2 U.S.C. 437f(c)(1)(B). Please note that the analysis or conclusions in this advisory opinion may be affected by subsequent developments in the law including, but not limited to, statutes, regulations, advisory opinions and case law.

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2 Baird for Congress must amend its prior reports for the reporting periods during which Representative Baird made the payments and report Representative Baird’s payments as entries on Schedule D, describing the nature of the debt and the purpose as storage expenses to be reimbursed, and including in that description the name and address of Representative Baird’s payee. When Baird for Congress reimburses Representative Baird, it must report the expenditures on line 17 of Schedule B, noting the purpose as reimbursement for storage expenses and cross-referencing the descriptions on Schedule D. See Advisory Opinion 2008-07 (Vitter).

On behalf of the Commission,

Matthew S. Petersen
Chairman